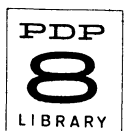


1. IDENTIFICATION
- 1.1 Digital-8-24-U-Sym
- 1.2 Unsigned Decimal Print, Double Precision
- 1.3 January 19, 1966





## 2. ABSTRACT

This subroutine permits the typeout of a double-precision integer stored in the usual convention for double-precision numbers, (see Digital-8-13-F-Sym). The one exception is that all 24 bits are interpreted as magnitude bits (i.e. the bit "0" of the high-order word is not a sign bit). The typeout is in the form of a seven-digit, positive, decimal integer.

## 3. REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 Storage

This subroutine requires (73) locations.

### 3.2 Subprograms and/or Subroutines (none)

### 3.3 Equipment

Basic PDP-8 with ASR-33

## 4. USAGE

### 4.1 Loading

The symbolic tape provided is assembled with either PAL III or MACRO-8. It may be assembled with the user program or separately with the proper origin setting. Neither origin setting nor "\$" terminating character exists on the tape, but the tape does have a PAUSE on the end.

### 4.2 Calling Sequence

This subroutine is called by an effective JMS UDPRNT. The location immediately following the calling JMS contains the address of the high-order portion of the double-precision integer stored in the usual double-precision format.

## 5. RESTRICTIONS (none)

## 6. DESCRIPTION

### 6.1 Discussion

This is basic double-precision subroutine used to obtain decimal output corresponding to double-precision, binary words. First, the binary equivalent of 10,000,000 is subtracted from the original number until under-flow occurs. A count is kept of the number of subtractions necessary to accomplish this, thus yielding the most significant decimal digit. Then this digit is added to 2608 and printed on the ASR-33 through the AC. This process is repeated using the proper power of ten to give the seven remaining digits.

### 6.2 Examples and/or Applications (none)

### 6.3 Scaling

The numbers are interpreted and typed out as integers.

## 7. METHOD (See Digital-8-22-U-Sym)

8. FORMAT

8.1 Input Data (Not Applicable)

8.2 Core Data

The double-precision integers are stored in the usual double-precision format, (see Digital-8-13-F-Sym), with the exception that bit "0" of the high-order word is interpreted as part of the number not a sign bit.

8.3 Output Data

Output is in the form of eight consecutive decimal digits. No sign is printed. Spacing, tabulation, carriage return, etc., are not provided for in this subroutine. See Digital-8-19-U-Sym which contains short subroutines for those purposes.

9. EXECUTION TIME

9.1 Minimum (Not Applicable)

9.2 Maximum (Not Applicable)

9.3 Average

This subroutine is output limited at 10 cps by the ASR-33

10. PROGRAM

10.1 Core Map (none)

10.2 Dimension List(s) (none)

10.3 Macro, Parameter, and Variable Lists (none)

10.4 Program Listing

```
      /CHECK OUTB PROGRAM FOR UNSIGNED , DOUBLE-PRECISION PRINT
      *200
      RETURN=JMS TYCR
      PRINT=JMS UDPRNT
      SPACE=JMS TYSP
      DEFINE DBLADD A B
      <CLA CLL; TAD A+1; TAD B+1; DCA A+1; RAL; TAD A ;TAD B; DCA A
      DEFINE DSHFT C D
      <CLA CLL; TAD C; RAL; DCA C ;TAD D; RAL; DCA D>
      DEFINE DMOVE E F
      <CLA; TAD E; DCA F; TAD E+1; DCA F+1>
0200  4777  INITL,      RETURN
0201  7300          CLA CLL
0202  3305          DCA TEMP
0203  3306          DCA TEMP+1
0204  1374          TAD (-5)
0205  3313          DCA COUNT1
0206  1373          TAD (-2)
```

## 2. ABSTRACT

This subroutine permits the typeout of a double-precision integer stored in the usual convention for double-precision numbers, (see Digital-8-13-F-Sym). The one exception is that all 24 bits are interpreted as magnitude bits (i.e. the bit "0" of the high-order word is not a sign bit). The typeout is in the form of a seven-digit, positive, decimal integer.

## 3. REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 Storage

This subroutine requires (73) locations.

### 3.2 Subprograms and/or Subroutines (none)

### 3.3 Equipment

Basic PDP-8 with ASR-33

## 4. USAGE

### 4.1 Loading

The symbolic tape provided is assembled with either PAL III or MACRO-8. It may be assembled with the user program or separately with the proper origin setting. Neither origin setting nor "\$" terminating character exists on the tape, but the tape does have a PAUSE on the end.

### 4.2 Calling Sequence

This subroutine is called by an effective JMS UDPRNT. The location immediately following the calling JMS contains the address of the high-order portion of the double-precision integer stored in the usual double-precision format.

## 5. RESTRICTIONS (none)

## 6. DESCRIPTION

### 6.1 Discussion

This is basic double-precision subroutine used to obtain decimal output corresponding to double-precision, binary words. First, the binary equivalent of 10,000,000 is subtracted from the original number until under-flow occurs. A count is kept of the number of subtractions necessary to accomplish this, thus yielding the most significant decimal digit. Then this digit is added to 2608 and printed on the ASR-33 through the AC. This process is repeated using the proper power of ten to give the seven remaining digits.

### 6.2 Examples and/or Applications (none)

### 6.3 Scaling

The numbers are interpreted and typed out as integers.

## 7. METHOD (See Digital-8-22-U-Sym)

8. FORMAT

8.1 Input Data (Not Applicable)

8.2 Core Data

The double-precision integers are stored in the usual double-precision format, (see Digital-8-13-F-Sym), with the exception that bit "0" of the high-order word is interpreted as part of the number not a sign bit.

8.3 Output Data

Output is in the form of eight consecutive decimal digits. No sign is printed. Spacing, tabulation, carriage return, etc., are not provided for in this subroutine. See Digital-8-19-U-Sym which contains short subroutines for those purposes.

9. EXECUTION TIME

9.1 Minimum (Not Applicable)

9.2 Maximum (Not Applicable)

9.3 Average

This subroutine is output limited at 10 cps by the ASR-33

10. PROGRAM

10.1 Core Map (none)

10.2 Dimension List(s) (none)

10.3 Macro, Parameter, and Variable Lists (none)

10.4 Program Listing

```
      /CHECK OUTB PROGRAM FOR UNSIGNED , DOUBLE-PRECISION PRINT
      *200
      RETURN=JMS TYCR
      PRINT=JMS UDPRNT
      SPACE=JMS TYSP
      DEFINE DBLADD A B
      <CLA CLL; TAD A+1; TAD B+1; DCA A+1; RAL; TAD A ;TAD B; DCA A
      DEFINE DSHFT C D
      <CLA CLL; TAD C; RAL; DCA C ;TAD D; RAL; DCA D>
      DEFINE DMOVE E F
      <CLA; TAD E; DCA F; TAD E+1; DCA F+1>
0200  4777  INITL,      RETURN
0201  7300          CLA CLL
0202  3305          DCA TEMP
0203  3306          DCA TEMP+1
0204  1374          TAD (-5)
0205  3313          DCA COUNT1
0206  1373          TAD (-2)
```

0207	3314		DCA COUNT2
0210	4777		RETURN
0211	4776	TOP,	PRINT;
0212	0307	DNUMB	
0213	4775		SPACE
0214	7300		DBLADD DNUMB,VARCON
0215	1310		
0216	1312		
0217	3310		
0220	7004		
0221	1307		
0222	1311		
0223	3307		
0224	2313		ISZ COUNT1
0225	5211		JMP TOP
0226	4777	FIVE,	RETURN
0227	1374		TAD (-5)
0230	3313		DCA COUNT1
0231	2314		ISZ COUNT2
0232	5211		JMP TOP
0233	1373		TAD (-2)
0234	3314		DCA COUNT2
0235	7200		DMOVE VARCON, TEMP
0236	1311		
0237	3305		
0240	1312		
0241	3306		
0242	7300		DSHFT VARCON+1,VARCON
0243	1312		
0244	7004		
0245	3312		
0246	1311		
0247	7004		
0250	3311		
0251	7300		DSHFT VARCON+1,VARCON
0252	1312		
0253	7004		
0254	3312		
0255	1311		
0256	7004		
0257	3311		
0260	7300		DBLADD VARCON,TEMP
0261	1312		
0262	1306		
0263	3312		
0264	7004		
0265	1311		
0266	1305		
0267	3311		
0270	7300		DSHFT VARCON+1,VARCON
0271	1312		
0272	7004		
0273	3312		
0274	1311		
0275	7004		
0276	3311		
0277	7200		DMOVE VARCON,DNUMB
0300	1311		

```

0301 3307
0302 1312
0303 3310
0304 5211          JMP TOP
0305 0000  TEMP, DUBL 0
0306 0000
0307 0000  DNUMB, DUBL 0
0310 0000
0311 0000  VARCON, DUBL 1
0312 0001
0313 0000  COUNT1, 0
0314 0000  COUNT2, 0
0373 7776  PAGE
0374 7773
0375 0627
0376 0400
0377 0617

      PAUSE

      /UNSIGNED DECIMAL PRINT, DOUBLE PRECISION
      /CALLING SEQUENCE:  JMS UDPRNT /SUBROUTINE CALLED
      /                   HI ADDR   /ADDRESS OF HIGH ORDER WORD
      /                   RETURN   /RETURN WITH AC AND L CLEAR

0200 0000  UDPRNT, 0
0201 7300          CLA CLL
0202 1600          TAD I UDPRNT      /PICK UP ADDRESS OF HIGH-ORDER WORD
0203 3267          DCA UDGET
0204 1667          TAD I UDGET      /PICK UP BOTH WORDS FOR USE IN SUBROUTINE
0205 3261          DCA UDHIGH
0206 2267          ISZ UDGET
0207 1667          TAD I UDGET
0210 3262          DCA UDLOW
0211 1255          TAD UDLOOP      /INITIALIZE DIGIT COUNTER FOR "8"
0212 3260          DCA UDCNT
0213 1256          TAD UDADDR      /INITIALIZE TO TABLE OF POWERS OF TEN
0214 3270          DCA UDPTR
0215 2200          ISZ UDPRNT      /INDEX LINKAGE FOR CORRECT RETURN
0216 1670  UDARND, TAD I UDPTR      /PICK UP CURRENT POWER OF TEN FOR
0217 2270          ISZ UDPTR      /USE IN SUBTRACTION
0220 3263          DCA UDHSUB
0221 1670          TAD I UDPTR
0222 2270          ISZ UDPTR
0223 3264          DCA UDLSUB
0224 7100  UDDO,  CLL              /DOUBLE PRECISION SUBTRACTION
0225 1264          TAD UDLSUB
0226 1262          TAD UDLOW
0227 3266          DCA UDTEML
0230 7004          RAL
0231 1263          TAD UDHSUB
0232 1261          TAD UDHIGH
0233 7420          SNL              /DID IT UNDERFLOW?
0234 5242          JMP UDOUT      /NO, COUNT IS DONE
0235 2265          ISZ UDBOX      /YES, COUNT NOT DONE YET. INDEX DIGIT
0236 3261          DCA UDHIGH      /DEPOSIT REMAINING PORTIONS OF WORD
0237 1266          TAD UDTEML
0240 3262          DCA UDLOW

```



0241	5224		JMP UDDO		/GO BACK AND SUBTRACT AGAIN
0242	7200	UDOUT,	CLA		
0243	1265		TAD UDBOX		/PICK UP RESULTING DIGIT
0244	1257		TAD UDTWO		/ADD "260" TO IT
0245	6046		TLS		/TYPE IT OUT
0246	6041		TSF		
0247	5246		JMP .-1		
0250	7300		CLA CLL		
0251	3265		DCA UDBOX		/INITIALIZE DIGIT TO "0"
0252	2260		ISZ UDCNT		/HAVE WE TYPED "8" DIGITS
0253	5216		JMP UDARND		/NO, DETERMINE NEXT DIGIT
0254	5600		JMP I UDPRNT		/YES, SUBROUTINE DONE. RETURN
0255	7770	UDLOOP,	-10		/COUNT OF "8" DIGITS
0256	0271	UDADDR,	UDCON1		/INITIAL ADDRESS OF POWERS OF TEN
0257	0260	UDTWO,	260		/ICODE FOR DIGITS
0260	0000	UDCNT,	0		/STORAGE LOCATIONS
0261	0000	UDHIGH,	0		
0262	0000	UDLOW,	0		
0263	0000	UDHSUB,	0		
0264	0000	UDLSUB,	0		
0265	0000	UDBOX,	0		
0266	0000	UDTEML,	0		
0267	0000	UDGET,	0		
0270	0000	UDPTR,	0		
0271	3166	UDCON1,	3166		/POWERS OF TEN
0272	4600		4600		/-10,000,000
0273	7413		7413		/-1,000,000
0274	6700		6700		
0275	7747		7747		/-100,000
0276	4540		4540		
0277	7775		7775		/-10,000
0300	4360		4360		
0301	7777		7777		/-1,000
0302	6030		6030		
0303	7777		7777		/-100
0304	7634		7634		
0305	7777		7777		/-10
0306	7766		7766		
0307	7777		7777		/-1
0310	7777		7777		
		PAUSE			

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UDADDR 0256  
UDARND 0216  
UDBOX 0265  
UDCNT 0260  
UDCON1 0271  
UDDO 0224  
UDGET 0267  
UDHIGH 0261  
UDHSUB 0263  
UDLOOP 0255  
UDLOW 0262  
UDLSUB 0264  
UDOUT 0242  
UDPRNT 0200  
UDPTR 0270  
UDTEML 0266  
UDTWO 0257

00000000 00000001 00000002 00000003 00000004  
00000005 00000006 00000007 00000008 00000009  
00000010 00000020 00000030 00000040 00000050  
00000060 00000070 00000080 00000090 00000100  
00000100 00000200 00000300 00000400 00000500  
00000600 00000700 00000800 00000900 00001000  
00001000 00002000 00003000 00004000 00005000  
00006000 00007000 00008000 00009000 00010000  
00010000 00020000 00030000 00040000 00050000  
00060000 00070000 00080000 00090000 00100000  
00100000 00200000 00300000 00400000 00500000  
00600000 00700000 00800000 00900000 01000000  
01000000 02000000 03000000 04000000 05000000  
06000000 07000000 08000000 09000000 10000000  
10000000 03222784 13222784 06445568 1

11 DIAGRAMS

11.1 Flow Charts

