

Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name
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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

AGRICULTURE **0600/02**

Paper 2 October/November 2005

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
No additional materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper.
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.
The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
Total	

- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows the expected population for a developing country where shifting cultivation is the main system of agriculture. Dates when vital resources are expected to run out are given.

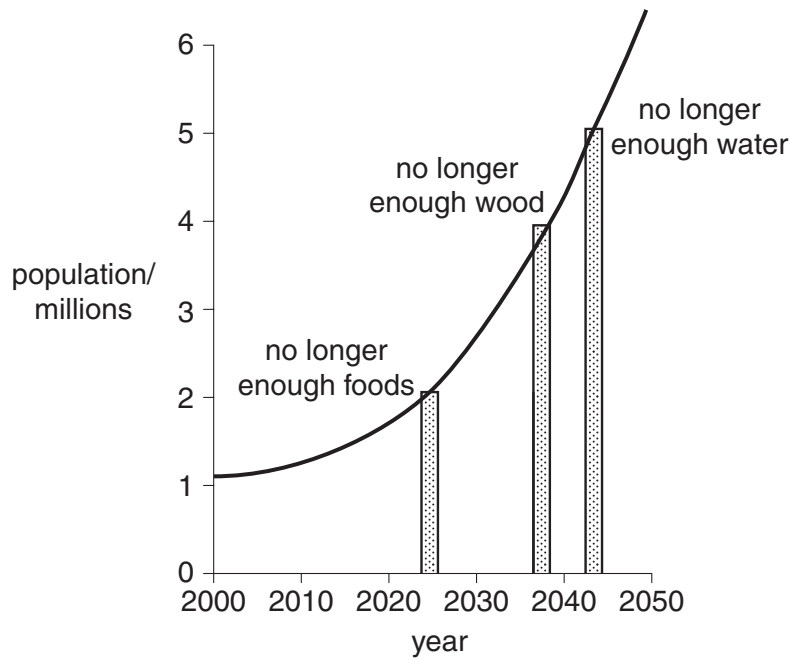


Fig. 1.1

- (a) What is the population when there is no longer enough wood?

.....[1]

- (b) State **one** alternative to wood for either enclosing homesteads or for fencing paddocks.

.....[1]

- (c) State **two** ways water may be stored on a farm.

1.

2.[2]

Different systems of farming would allow the country to produce more food.

- (d) Choose **two** different systems of farming that would result in improved production and explain why they are more efficient than shifting cultivation.

farming system

explanation

.....

.....

farming system

explanation

.....

.....[4]

- (e) Suggest **one** reason why the projected population growth might not occur.

.....[1]

[Total : 9]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows the water cycle in an area.

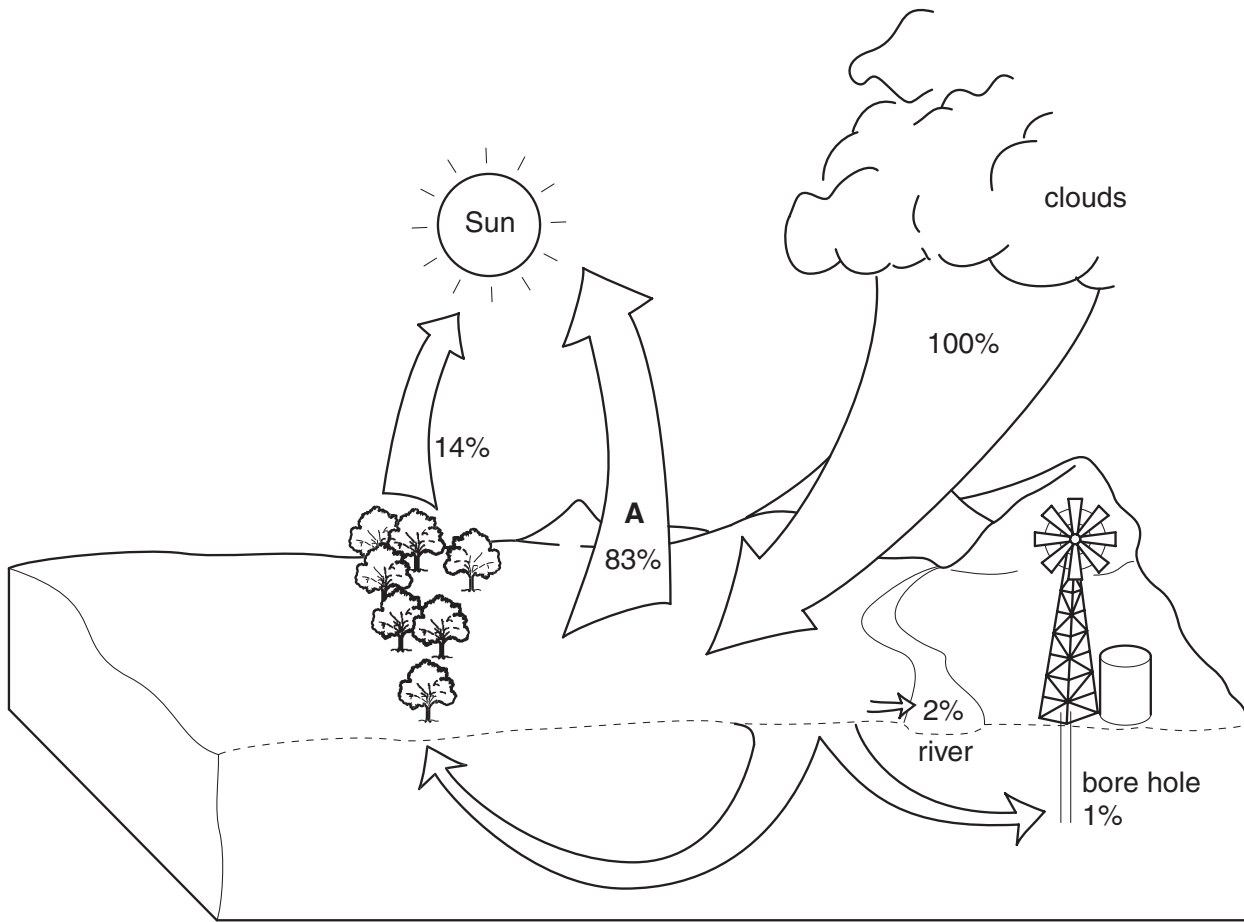


Fig. 2.1

(a) Name process **A**.[1]

(b) List **two** types of soil erosion caused by rain.

1.

2.[2]

(c) Name **two** farming practices that are carried out to prevent soil erosion.

1.

2.[2]

(d) Describe how rivers cause the physical weathering of rocks.

.....
.....
.....
.....[2]

(e) Explain how rain causes the chemical weathering of rocks.

.....
.....
.....
.....[2]

(f) In choosing a suitable crop to grow in the area shown in Fig.2.1, a farmer needs to consider the climatic requirements of the crop.

Suggest, with a reason, the climatic conditions in this area.

.....
.....[1]

[Total : 10]

3 (a) For a **named** cereal crop state the following requirements.

crop

(i) soil type.....

(ii) soil pH.....

(iii) fertiliser[3]

(b) Describe how to create a seed bed in a garden plot that has been cleared of vegetation.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

(c) Fig. 3.1 shows the tubers of the Irish and sweet potato.

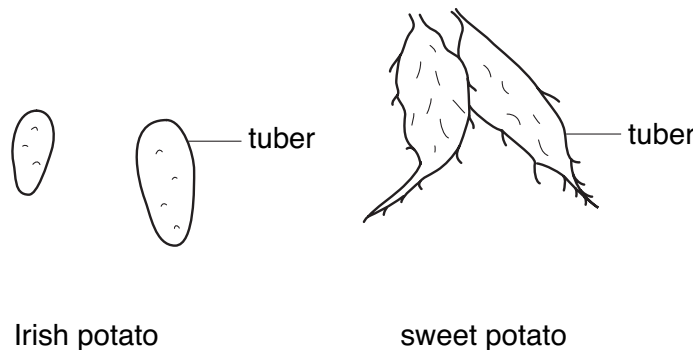


Fig. 3.1

Suggest **two** ways the bed for planting these tubers would differ from that needed for planting cereals.

.....
.....
.....[2]

[Total : 8]

Turn to page 8 for Question 4.

4 Fig. 4.1 shows the digestive system of a non-ruminant.

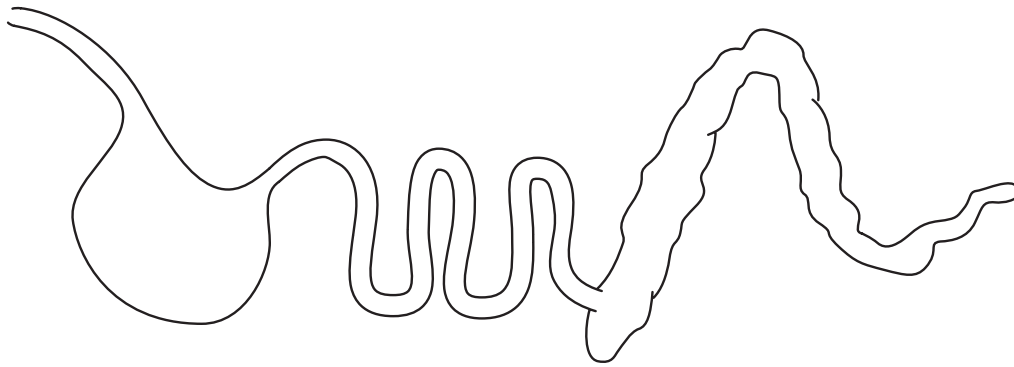


Fig. 4.1

(a) Label on the diagram
the duodenum with **D**,
the rectum with **R**,
and the area where most digested food is absorbed with **F**. [3]

(b) State **two** ways in which the nutrient content of a production ration may differ from a maintenance ration.

1.
2.[2]

Table 4.1 shows the amounts of calcium and phosphorus needed by chicks, growers and laying hens.

Table 4.1

recommended % levels of calcium and phosphorus (minerals) for poultry feeds			
minerals	chicks' feed	growers' feed	layers' feed
calcium	0.8	1.1	4.0
phosphorus	0.45	0.4	0.32

(c) What does the information in Table 4.1 tell you about the needs of the poultry for
1 calcium,
.....
2 phosphorus?
.....[2]

(d) Poor diet in poultry and ruminants can result in ill health.

(i) Name **one** such condition.

.....[1]

(ii) State its symptoms.

.....
.....[1]

(iii) Suggest **two** observations that would point to ill health being the result of infection rather than a poor diet.

.....
.....
.....
.....[2]

[Total : 11]

5 (a) Grass is a crop.

(i) Where does the energy come from to make grass grow?

.....[1]

(ii) Name the raw materials grass use to make carbohydrates.

.....[2]

(iii) What else is needed for grass to make proteins?

.....[1]

(b) (i) Name a grass planted for grazing.

.....

(ii) Name a legume planted for grazing.

.....[2]

(c) As the grass grows, its dry matter (fibre) increases.

Fig. 5.1 compares the food value of grass with its age and stage of development.

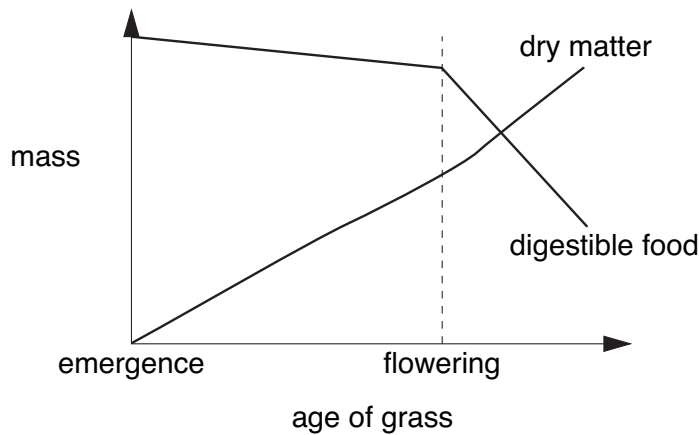


Fig. 5.1

Place an **H** on the graph when it would be best to harvest the grass for a zero grazing system. [1]

(d) Suggest **two** actions that should be done to a paddock to enable several cuts of grass to be taken in a season.

.....
.....
.....[2]

[Total : 9]

6 (a) (i) Name a local weed.

.....[1]

(ii) State **two** ways this weed could affect the growth of a crop.

1.

2.[2]

Chemicals can be used to control weeds.

(b) (i) Name **one** item of protective clothing that should be worn when spraying.

.....[1]

(ii) Describe a precaution that should be taken when applying the chemical spray.

.....

.....[1]

Fig. 6.1 shows part of a leaf attacked by a pest.

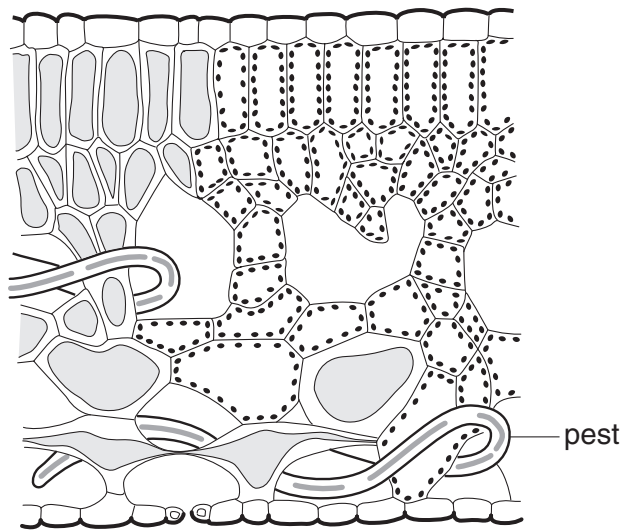


Fig. 6.1

(c) (i) What kind of pest is shown in Fig. 6.1?

.....[1]

(ii) Explain why crop rotation would help control pests like the one in Fig. 6.1.

.....

.....

.....[2]

[Total : 8]

7 (a) Name the process taking place in Fig. 7.1.

.....[1]

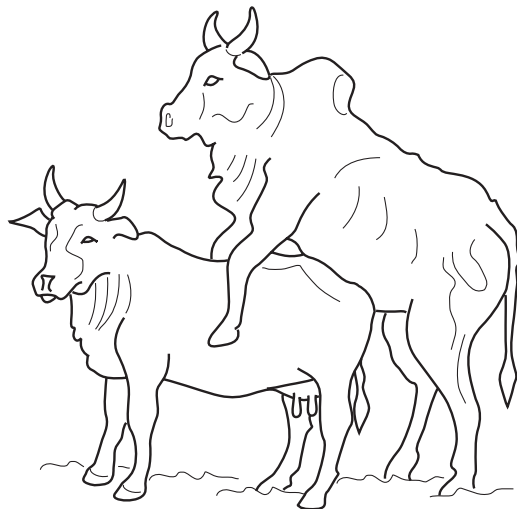


Fig. 7.1

(b) (i) Describe the process of birth in a farm animal.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

(ii) State **two** tasks a farmer might carry out immediately after the birth to ensure the survival of the young.

- 1.
- 2.[2]

- (c) In rabbits the allele for black hair (**B**) is dominant to the allele for white hair (**b**).
Two heterozygous (**Bb**) rabbits are crossed.

Complete the following genetic diagram to represent this cross.



[3]

[Total : 9]

8 (a) Fig. 8.1 shows a post and wire fence with a space for a gate.



Fig. 8.1

(i) List **three** tools needed for the building of this fence and state their use.

- 1 tool use.....
.....
- 2 tool use.....
.....
- 3 tool use.....
.....[3]

(ii) Draw in the space on Fig. 8.1 a gate suitable for containing livestock. [2]

(iii) State how the gate would be hung (attached).

-
.....[1]

(iv) State how the gate would be fastened.

-
.....[1]

Table 8.1 describes three types of fence, stating **one** advantage for each and describing **one** way that they should be maintained.

(b) Complete Table 8.1.

Table 8.1

fence type	advantage	maintenance of fence
hedge	locally available	
post and wire		creosote the posts
electric wire	animals do not touch the fence	

[3]

[Total : 10]

9 Fig. 9.1 shows the breeding record for a dairy cow.

sire no.	dam no.	sire breed	date of service	expected date of calving	date calved	no. of gestations	sex of calf	birth weight	calf no.	next heat	remarks
14	29	Friesian	5/12/03	5/9/04	6/9/04	2	Female	35 kg	61	26/9/04	

Fig. 9.1

(a) State **two** other records that could be kept for this cow.

1.

2.[2]

(b) State **two** reasons for keeping farm records.

1.

2.[2]

Fig. 9.2 shows some financial records for a mixed farm.

Purchases and expenditure		Sales and receipts	
\$		\$	
cattle	210,0	cattle	175,0
fertilisers	25,0	milk	350,0
feeds	75,0	cabbages	112,0
wages	197,0	beans	100,0
rent	10,0	eggs	171,0
drugs	96,0		
poultry	87,0		
seeds	50,0		
total	750,0	total	908,0
profit			
	<u>158,0</u>		<u> </u>

Fig. 9.2

It is forecast that over the next five years the demand for meat will decrease while the demand for vegetables and eggs will increase.

The cost of fertiliser and feed is set to rise.

- (c) Suggest **one** change in production you would make on this farm to stay in profit over the next five years.

Give a reason for your answer.

.....

.....

.....[2]

[Total : 6]

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Copyright Acknowledgements:

- Question 1 and 2 Fig. 1.1 and 2.1 © C Ashley and S Bethune; Ministry of Environment and Tourism for Namibia from '*Namibia Environment*' 1996 vol. 11.
Question 7 Fig. 7.1 © D Ssenyandwa '*Primary Agriculture Pupil's Book 4*'. Published by MK Publishers 2002.
Question 8 Fig. 8.1 from '*Agriculture for Southern Africa*'; Elliot, Stout and Dejardin, p.174; Bell & Hyman 1987.

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