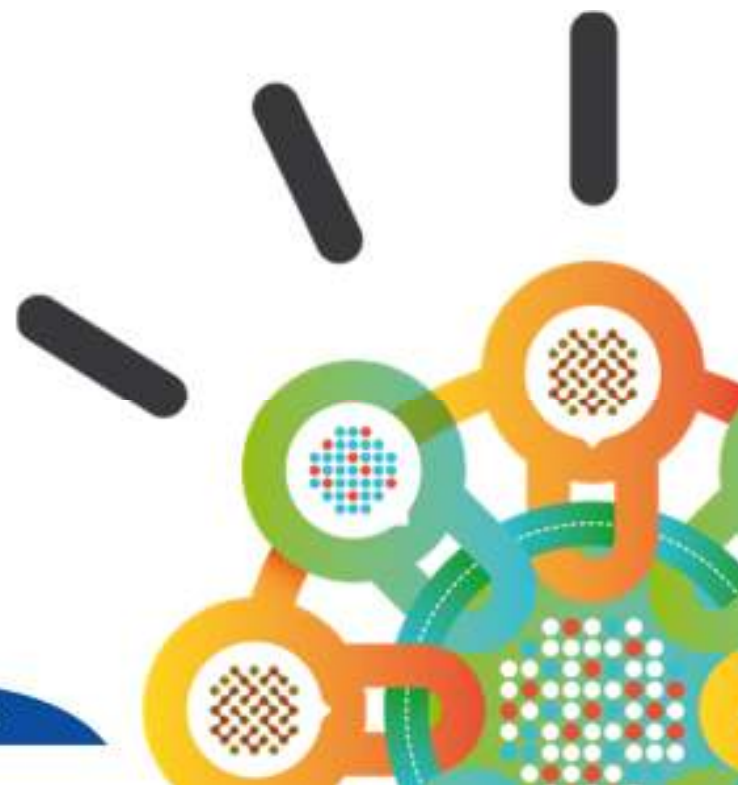


Key findings from the 2014 Cost of Data Breach Study: Global Analysis

May 2014

Melbourne X Force Roadshow
29 July
Glen Gooding

Benchmark research sponsored by IBM
Independently conducted by
Ponemon Institute



IBM's investment in Security Research – Technical, IBM Enterprise, External



Influencers

Confident and prepared, influence the business strategically

Protectors

Less confident, prioritize security strategically but lack necessary structural elements

Responders

Least confident, focus largely on protection and compliance





We are in an era of continuous breaches

Attackers are relentless, victims are targeted, and the damage toll is rising

2011

Operational Sophistication

IBM X-Force® declared **Year of the Security Breach**

2012

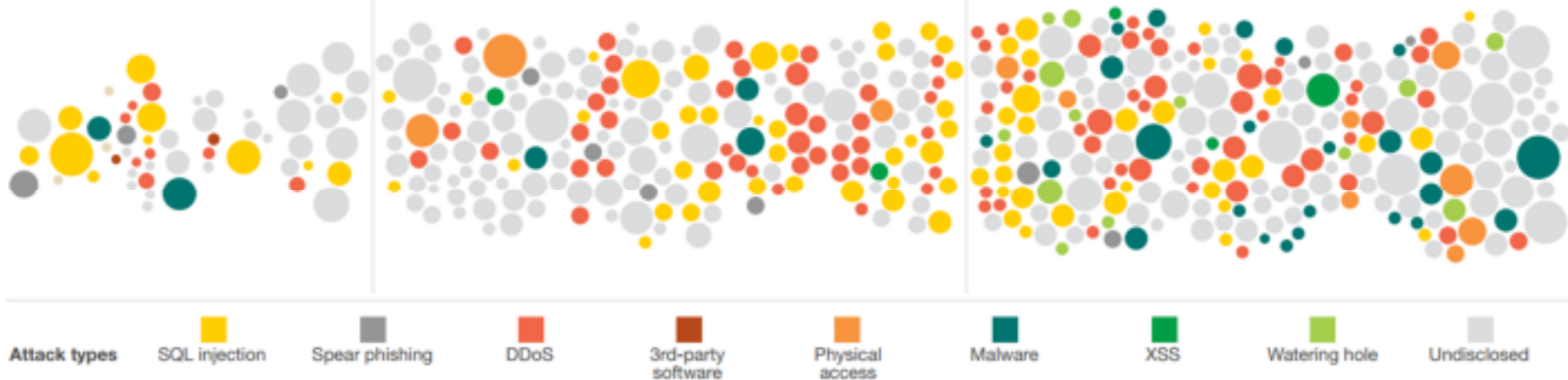
Near Daily Leaks of Sensitive Data

40% increase in reported data breaches and incidents

2013

Relentless Use of Multiple Methods

500,000,000+ records were leaked, while the future shows no sign of change



Source: [IBM X-Force Threat Intelligence Quarterly – 1Q 2014](#)

Note: Size of circle estimates relative impact of incident in terms of cost to business.

The 2014 Cost of Data Breach Study: Global Analysis—definitions and key facts

- **Data breach:** An event in which an individual's name plus a medical record or financial record or debit card is potentially at risk
- **Data record:** Information that identifies the natural person (individual) whose information has been lost or stolen in a data breach
- **Incident:** For this study, an incident is a data breach involving between 2,415 to slightly more than 102,000 compromised records
- **Benchmark research:** For this benchmark study, the unit of analysis is the organization; in survey research, the unit of analysis is the individual

11
countries

16
industries

314
organizations



A mega-breach of more than 100,000 records is not considered typical. The cost data in this study cannot be used to calculate the financial impact of a mega-breach.

Global and country-level averages show that the cost of a data breach is on the rise.

Cost per record* in 2013

Global average

\$145

9%
year-to-year increase

\$201 
in the U.S.

\$195 
in Germany

Highest countries

\$70 
in Brazil

\$51 
in India

Lowest countries

Cost per incident* in 2013

Global average

\$3.5M

15%
year-to-year increase

\$5.9M 
in the U.S.

\$4.7M 
in Germany

Highest countries

\$1.6M 
in Brazil

\$1.4M 
in India

Lowest countries

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year-to-year increase

\$2.6M

In Australia



Highly regulated industries have the highest per-record data breach costs.



\$359
Healthcare



\$294
Education



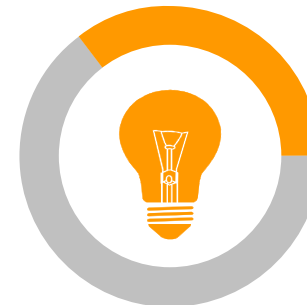
\$227
Pharmaceutical



\$206
Financial



\$155
Consumer



\$141
Energy

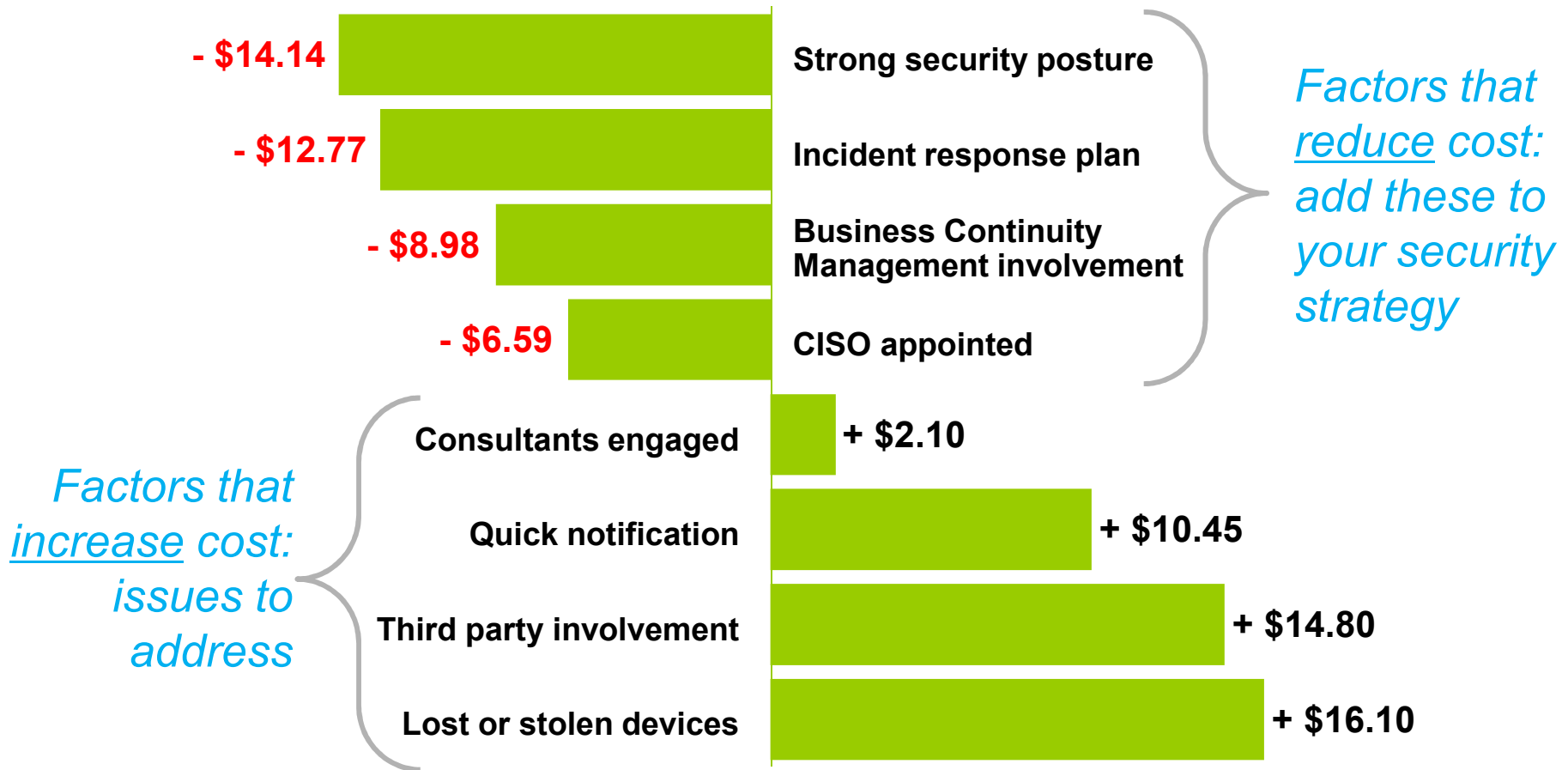


\$122
Hospitality



\$105
Retail

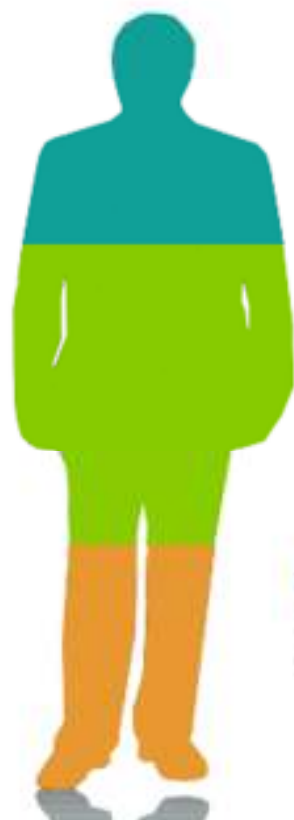
You can raise or lower your per-record cost of a data breach by addressing these eight influencing factors.



Finding a Strategic Voice (2012) – IBM’s findings in alignment with Ponemon Institute



And their roles are evolving with growing authority, accountability and impact across the enterprise.



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How they differ

have a dedicated CISO



have a security/risk committee



have information security as a board topic



use a standard set of security metrics to track their progress



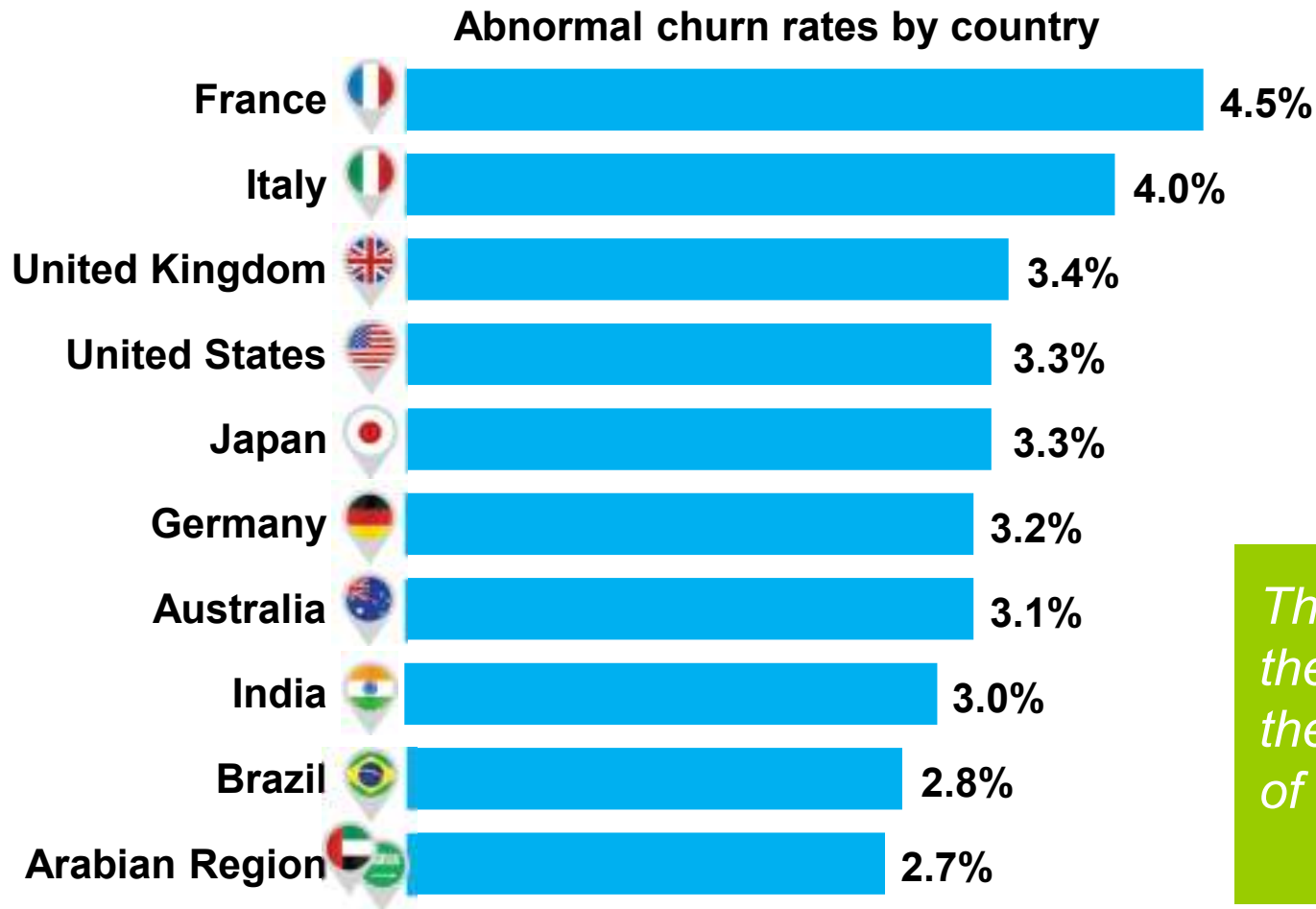
focused on improving enterprise communication/collaboration



focused on providing education and awareness

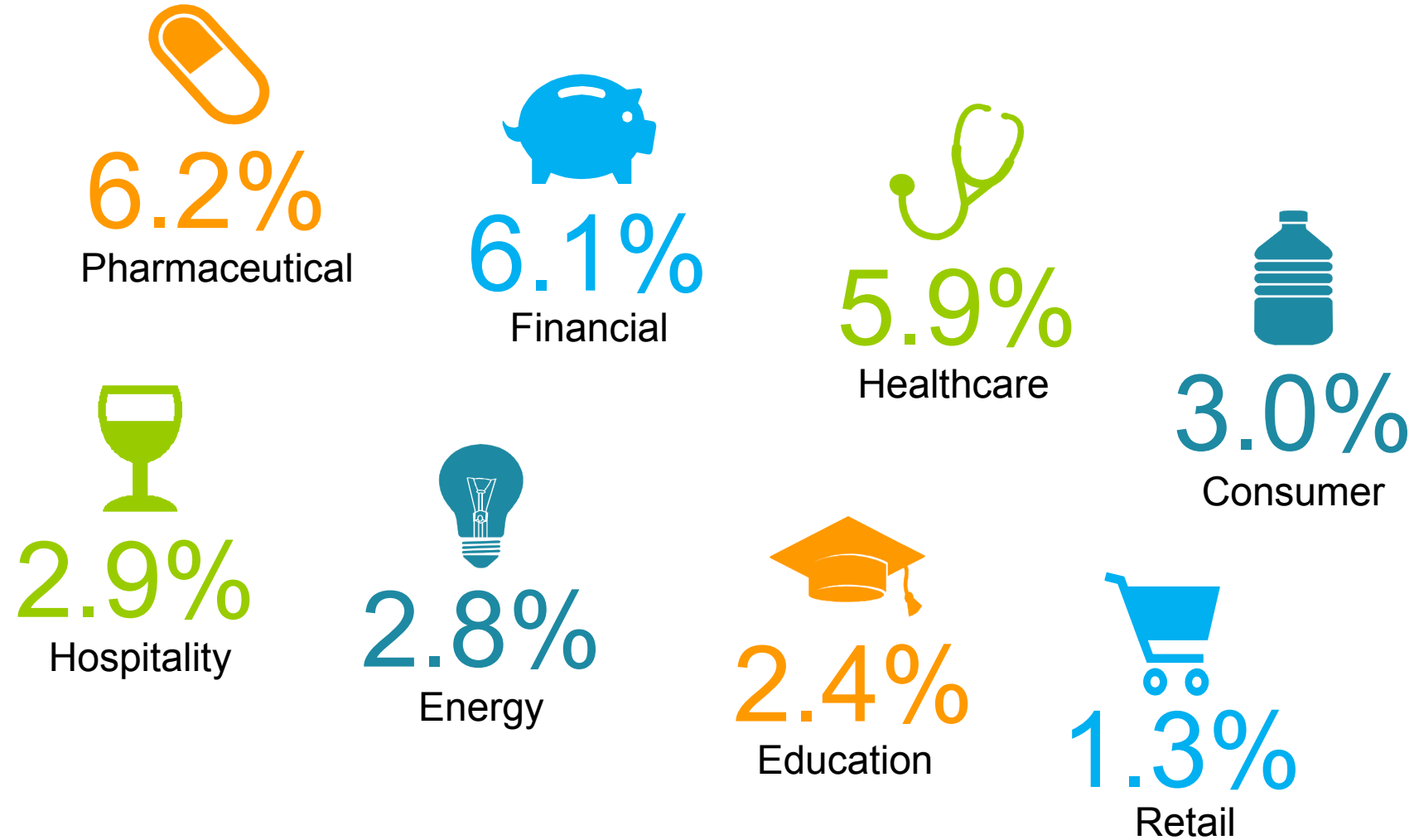


Customer churn following a data breach—and the related impact on the organization’s reputation—is a key contributor to increased cost.



The more churn there is, the higher the per-record cost of a data breach

Abnormal churn rate also varies widely by industry.



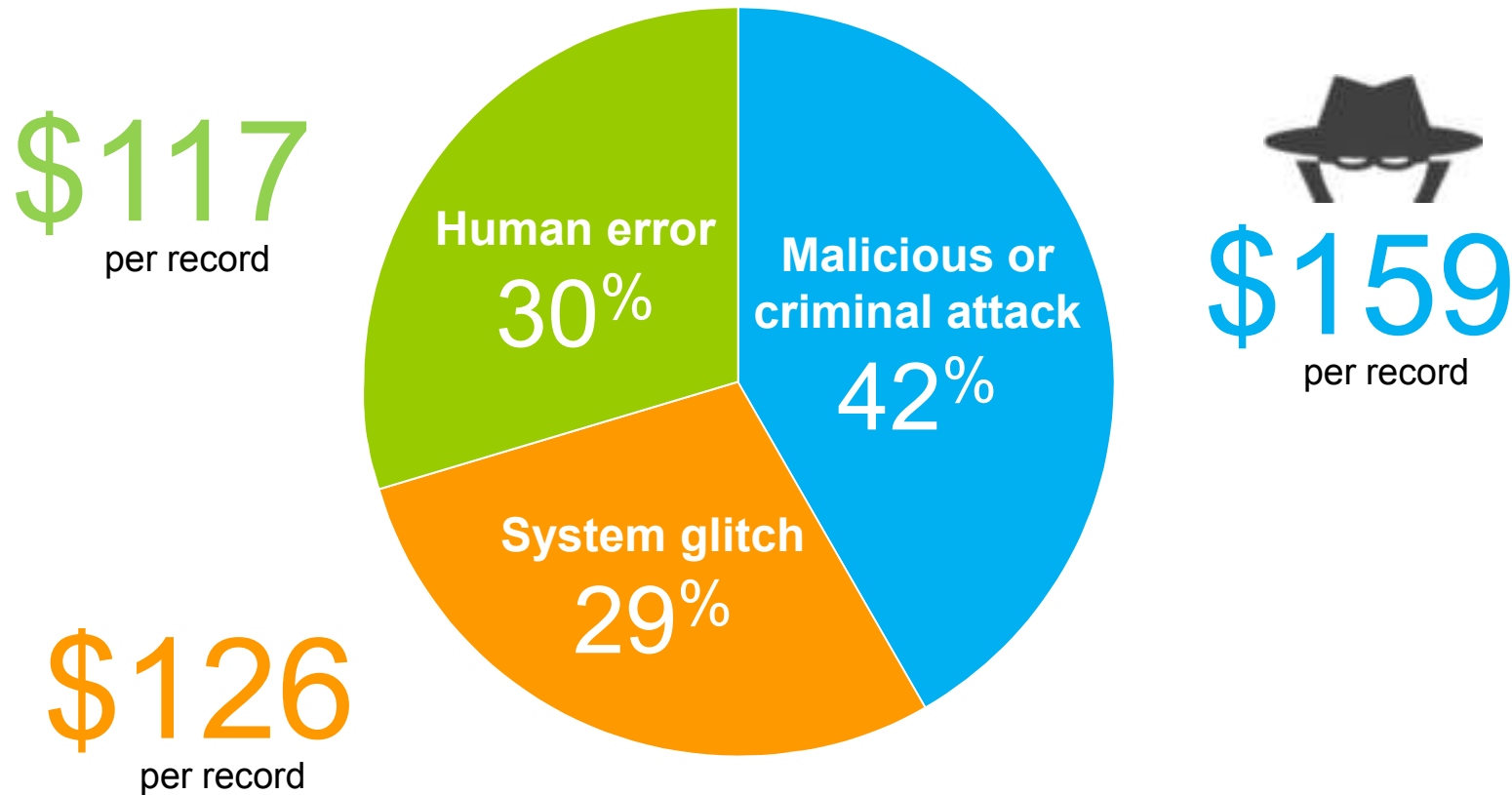
Other components of the cost of a data breach include detection, notification, post-event costs and lost business.

Cost category	Highest country (average cost per incident)	Typical components
Detection and escalation	\$1.3M Germany	Forensics, assessment, audit services, crisis team management, internal communications
Notification	\$509K United States	Contact databases, regulatory requirement research, outside experts, postal expenditures, inbound communications setup
Post-data breach costs	\$1.6M United States	Help desk, inbound communications, investigations, remediation, legal costs, product discounts and other special offers
Lost business	\$3.3M United States	Abnormal turnover, increased customer acquisition costs, reputation losses, diminished goodwill

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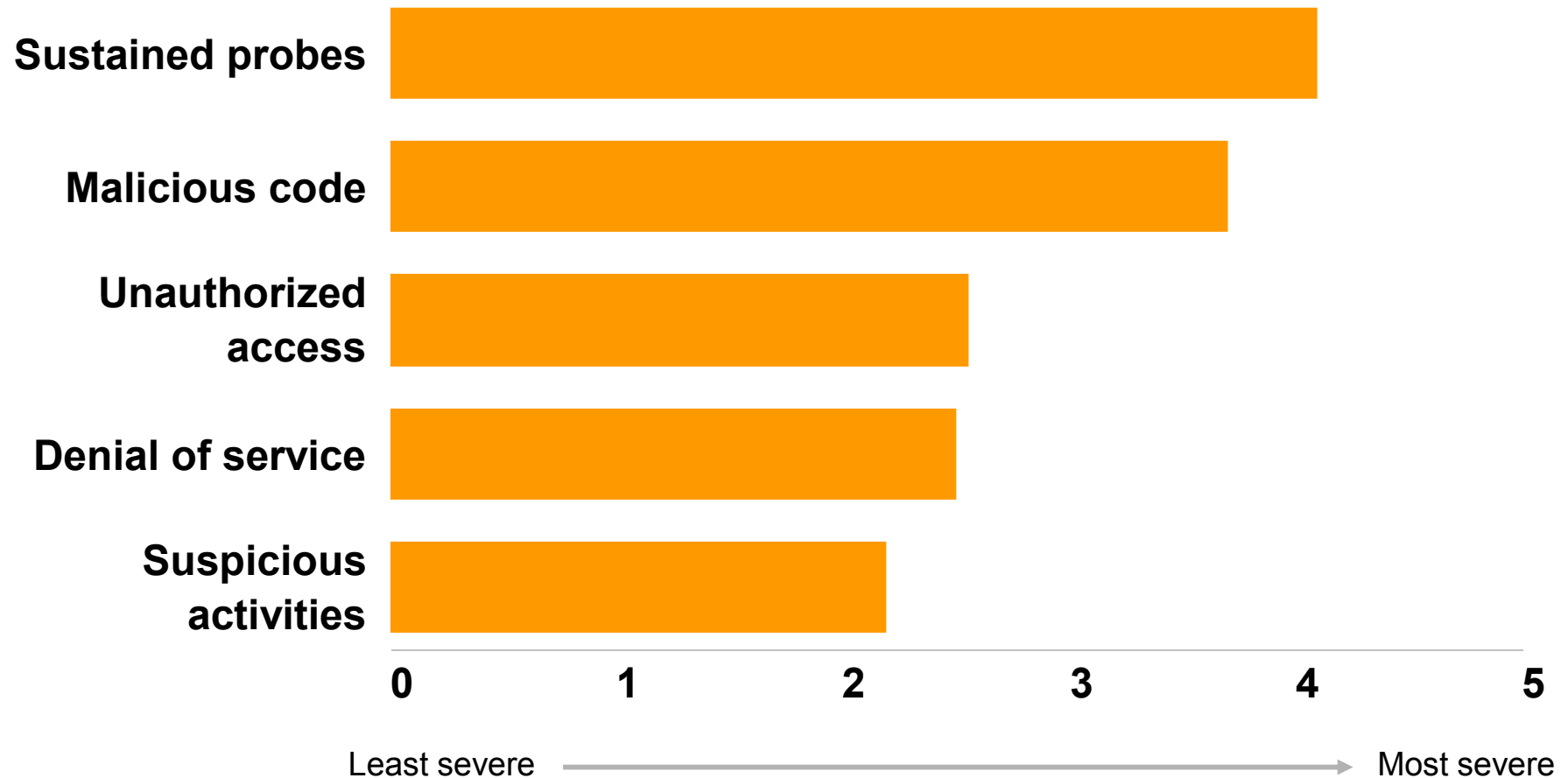
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Malicious or criminal attacks are the leading root cause of a data breach...and result in the highest cost per record.



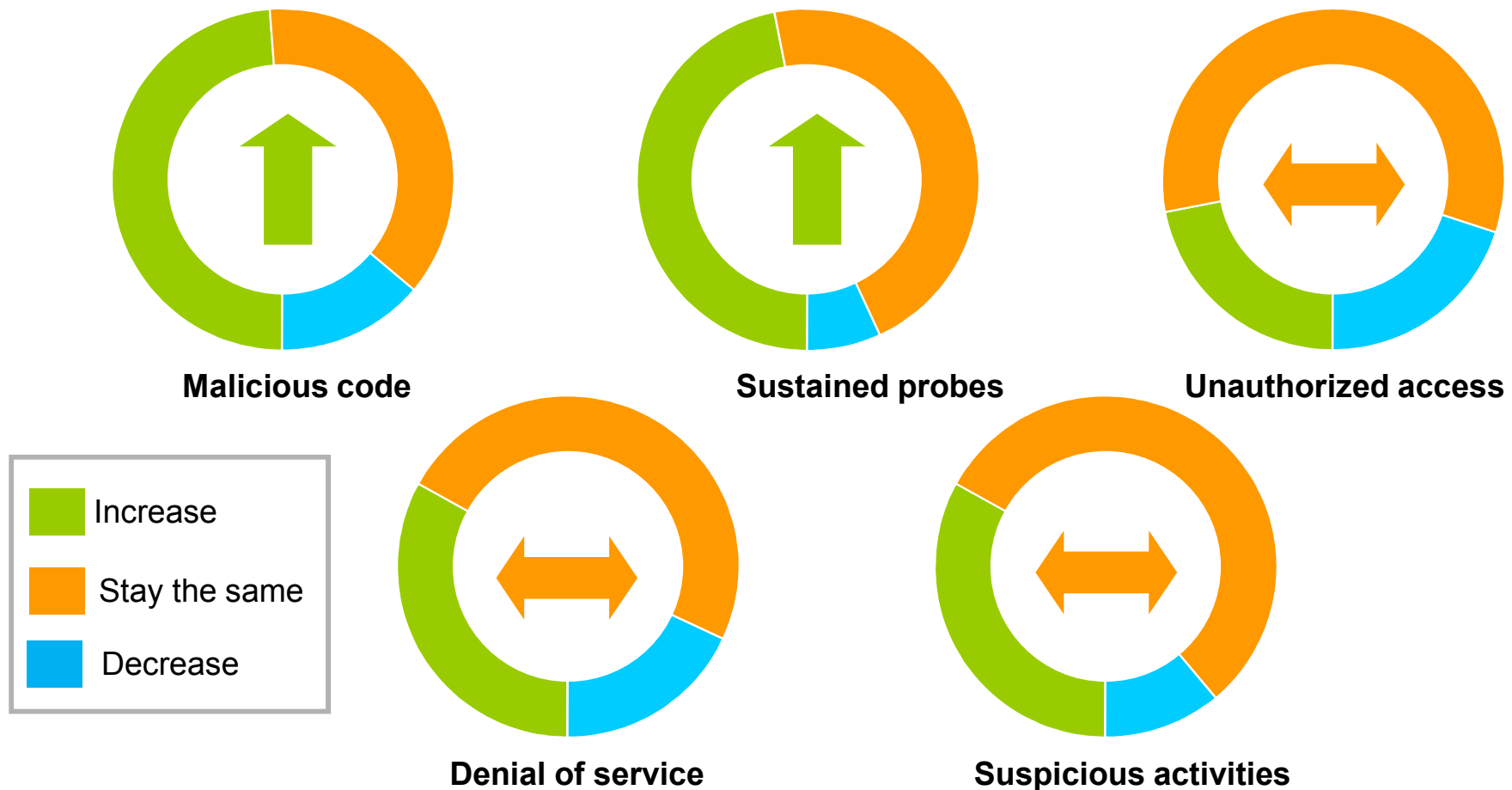
Five types of malicious attack are most likely to keep IT security executives and managers awake at night.

Types of security incidents based on severity of threat



Malicious code and sustained probes are projected to increase significantly over the course of 2014.

Changes in security threats over the forthcoming year



Organizations studied believe there is much room for improvement in their current security postures.

Do you have a security strategy to protect your:

Information assets?

55% Said
NO

Online presence?

58% Said
NO

IT infrastructure?

62% Said
NO

What is the ideal amount to invest in security strategies over the next 12 months?

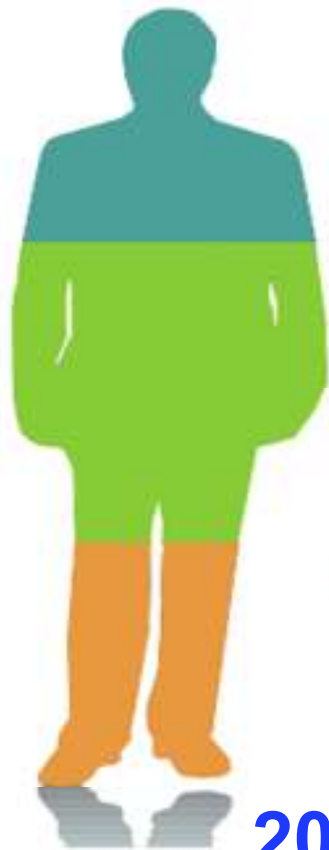
\$14M

What do you anticipate your budget for security will be over the next 12 months?

\$7M

50% funding gap

2014 CISO Assessment - Participation



2012

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2013



2014 ??
Your view

Next steps



Visit ibm.com/services/costofbreach

and register to receive the global study or a country-specific study

Visit ibm.com/services/security

to learn how IBM Security Services can help protect your organization

Visit www.ponemon.org

to learn more about Ponemon Institute research programs