White Paper

IBM® Sterling Gentran IFS Gateway (GIFSGATE) Command

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What is GIFSGATE?

Overview

GIFSGATE is an interface between Sterling Gentran:Server for iSeries and the Integrated File System (IFS). The IFS gateway is installed as a standard part of Sterling Gentran:Server for iSeries and no additional installation procedures are required.

The IFS gateway is logically positioned between the Sterling Gentran:Server communications queues and the IFS files that serve as the hand-off point between Sterling Gentran:Server and an external software product.



Figure 12-1 IFS Gateway

Two functions are performed by the gateway: inbound data transfer and outbound data transfer. You may configure the gateway to perform either function or both functions. The gateway can be configured many ways depending on your needs; however the two major ways are periodic polling and normal scheduled batch jobs.

Periodic Polling

Periodic polling simply means checking periodically for data in a specified location and taking some action if data is present. This method is used by many PC and UNIX products. Using the IFS gateway in this way extends that concept to take the data as far as the Sterling Gentran:Server communications queues.

Scheduled Batch Jobs

If you prefer, you can run the gateway without polling, as a single-pass process. Using it this way, it can be an extension of your existing batch processes. Jobs may be scheduled and executed using your existing operations facilities. Each time the job is run, inbound and/or outbound data will be transferred between the Sterling Gentran:Server communications queues and the external application input and output directories.

Sterling Gentran: Server Communications Profiles

Although the traditional Sterling Gentran:Server communication subsystem is not used for communication via the IFS gateway, a communication profile is used to identify data moving through the Sterling Gentran:Server inbound and outbound communications queues. A communication profile named IDXGATE is included with Sterling Gentran:Server for this purpose. If you wish, you may use this profile or create one of your own. If you create a profile, you may use any protocol. Because the profile is only used to identify data on the queues and not for actual communications, the protocol and other protocol-specific fields are not important.

How to Use the GIFSGATE Command

This procedure includes the steps necessary to use the GIFSGATE command that starts the IFS Gateway. A table of field definitions for the GIFSGATE command follows the procedure. Type the command GIFSGATE at the command line and press **F4** (Prompt).

GENMAIN	IBM® Sterling Gentran:Se	rver® for iSeries® 3.6	
		System:	ISDDEV01
Select one of the	following:		
Work with	Partners		
Work with	Application Definition		
3. Mapping M	enu	(GENMAP)	
4.Communica Work with	tions Menu Standards	(GENCOM)	
Work with	Environment Control		
8. Audit Men	u	(GENAUD)	
9. Message C	enter Menu	(GENMSG)	
10. Processin	g Menu	(GENPRC)	
11. System Ad	ministration Menu	(GENSYS)	
12. Viewpoint	Menu	(GENVPT)	
13. File Trac	king Menu	(GENFILETRK)	
14. Sterling	Gentran:Server Search Index		
Soloction or comm	and		More
Selection of comm	and		

Figure 12-2 The Sterling Gentran: Server GENMAIN Menu

System Response: the GIFSGATE command displays.

(Gentran IFS Gateway (GIFSGATE)	
	Type choices, press Enter.	
	Communication profile id Name + for more values	
	Data direction	
	Bottom	
	F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F10=Additional parameters F12=Cancel F13=How to use this display F24=More keys	
	Parameter COMPRF required. +	Ϊ

Figure 12-3 The IFS Gateway (GIFSGATE) command panel

Prompt	Response
Communications profile ID	In this instance, use the sample ID provided with the Sterling Gentran:Server IDXGATE
Data direction	Enter the direction that the gateway will send the data: *IN (data coming in from the integrated file system) *OUT (data going from Sterling Gentran:Server to integrated file system) *BOTH (in and out)

Type the following responses to the prompts and press Enter.

How to Use the GIFSGATE Command

System Response: The system displays additional fields.

<pre>communication profile id></pre>	IDXGATE	Name
	*BOTH	*IN, *OUT, *BOTH
Inbound IFS directory		
Inbound IFS file		
Batchid to Queue		
Inbound End of Line	*FIXED	*CRLF, *CR, *LF, *LFCR
Remove Hex Characters? OutboundIFSdirectory	*NO	*YES, *NO
Outbound IFS file		

Figure 12-4 The GIFSGATE command panel with additional fields displayed

Type a value in each field, using the Field Definition descriptions that follow this procedure for reference.

(Sterling Gentran IFS Gateway (GIFSGATE)	
	Type choices, press Enter.	
	Communication profile id > <u>IDXGATE</u> Name + for more values Datadirection <u>*BOTH</u> *IN, *OUT, *BOTH Inbound IFS directory /HOME/ECENGINE/DATA/MYCO/EDIIN	
	Inbound IFS file	
	Batchid to Queue	
	Inbound End of Line <u>*FIXED</u> *CRLF, *CR, *LF, *LFCR Remove Hex Characters? <u>*NO</u> *YES, *NO Outbound IFS directory /HOME/ECENGINE/DATA/MYCO/EDIOUT	
	Outbound IFS file MYFILE1	
	More F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F12=Cancel F13=How to use this display F24=More keys)

Figure 12-5 The GIFSGATE command panel with field values entered

Once you have entered the appropriate field values, press **Page Down** to display Additional Parameters.

ype choices, press miter.		
Batchid to Dequeue \ldots \ldots $>$	• 3 <u>.</u>	
Outbound End of Line	*FIXED	*CRLF, *CR, *LF, *LFCR
Append Data?	*NO	*YES, *NO
Include SA Status?	*NO	*YES, *NO
Periodic polling		*NO, *YES
Pollinginterval		SECONDS
1stHexCharacter		Character value
		Character value
Additic	nal Paramet	ers
Process Name	GIFSGATE	
Start Profile Sequence Number .	0	Number
EndProfileSequenceNumber	999999	Number
Record Entries in Comm Hist?	*YES	*YES, *NO
		More
	F12=Cancel	F13=How to use this display
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh		

Figure 12-6 The GIFSGATE command panel with additional parameters displayed

Type a value in each field, using the Field Definition table that follows this procedure for reference. When complete, press **Enter**.

System Response: The job will be submitted. If you chose to run the job interactively, gateway processing begins immediately in your interactive session and the screen displays status messages.

Field Descriptions for the GIFSGATE Command

Communication profile id (COMPRF)

The name of the Sterling Gentran:Server communication profile that is to be accessed through the IFS gateway. For outbound processing, the data will be extracted from the communication profile entered and placed in the IFS file system. For inbound processing, the data coming from the IFS file system will be placed on the queue entered.

A communication profile named IDXGATE is included with the Sterling Gentran:Server for this purpose. If you wish, you may use this profile or create one of your own. If you create a profile, you may use any protocol. This profile is only used to identify data on the queues and not for actual communications. The protocol and other protocol specific fields are not important.

+ for more values

Used to enter either additional communication profile IDs or the '+' symbol to access the Specify More Values for Parameter COMPRF panel where you may enter up to 25 (total) communication profile IDs.

Data direction (DIRECTION)

You can control whether this invocation of the gateway will process inbound data, outbound data, or both. You may also run multiple invocations of the gateway, giving you flexibility.

Inbound IFS directory (INDIR)

This is the directory where the IFS gateway will look for files. If it finds the files, it copies them to the inbound queue under the specified profile ID.

When you have multiple data directories to pull, you can use the %PROFILE% variable, along with the multiple communication profiles parameter. To use this feature, the profile ID to transfer must exist in the communication profile parameter and it must be part of the directory path. The program will replace %PROFILE% with each communication profile entered and the IFS Gateway.

Example

Two directories contain data:

/home/inbound/partner1

/home/inbound/partner2

You must create two communication profiles, called PARTNER1 and PARTNER2. On the GIFSGATE command, enter PARTNER1 and PARTNER2 in the COMPRF parameter. For the Inbound IFS directory (INDIR) parameter, enter /home/inbound/%PROFILE% and an '*' for the Inbound IFS file (INFILE) . When the GIFSGATE job executes, it will place all of the files in directory /home/inbound/partner1 in the inbound communication queue for profile PARTNER1. It will then continue and place all files found in /home/inbound/partner2 into the inbound communication queue for profile PARTNER2.

Inbound IFS file (INFILE)

Specify a single asterisk (*) to check for any and all files in the Inbound IFS Directory. Specify a fully qualified filename (path and file) if you only want to check for one specific file. You can also use the * as a wildcard. It can be used a a prefix or suffix wildcard.

Example: *.text will pick up all files in the directory specified that end with ".txt".

Example: EDI* will pick up all files in the directory specified that begin with "EDI".

Batchid to Queue (BATCHIDI)

Enter a batch ID if you want the inbound batches to be marked with the given batch ID. Leave black if you do not want a batch ID.

Inbound End of Line (INEOL)

Specify the end-of-line characters which are recognized in the stream file during copying of records.

All records are transformed to a fixed-length format as they are copied to the database file. The fixed -length is equal to the length of the database file records to which they are copied. If one of the end-of-line character options is selected (ENDLINFMT(*FIXED) is

not specified) the stream file is read up to the first occurrence of that character. The endof-line character is stripped from the record. The remainder of the record is padded with blanks. The data is converted to the destination data format (if specified) and copied to the database file member. If a record is too long to fit in the fixed-length format, it is truncated, then copied.

The possible values are:

*ALL	Any single or double character combination of carriage-return and line-feed is appended to the end of each line.
*CRLF	Carriage-return followed by line-feed is appended to the end of each line.
*LF	Line-feed is appended to the end of each line
*CR	Carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
*LFCR	Line-feed followed by carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
*FIXED	Text lines in the stream file are considered fixed-length records of the same length as the database file records to which they are being copied. Any encountered CR, LF, or EOF characters are not stripped from the stream file. Tab expansion is not allowed and the TABEXPN parameter is not valid. If the last record in the stream file does not fill the database file record, that record is padded with blanks.
	Only stream files and database files with compatible encoding schemes, which do not result in the expansion of data record lengths, are valid with this option. If an incompatible encoding scheme combination is detected, the operation will fail. The following encoding scheme combinations are supported:
	Single-byte to single-byte
	Double-byte to double-byte
	Mixed ASCII to mixed ASCII
	Mixed EBCDIC to mixed EBCDIC
*ALL	Any single or double character combination of carriage-return and line-feed is appended to the end of each line.

Remove Hex Characters (RMCHAR)

This parameter is only valid when *IN or *BOTH is specified on the Data Direction (DIRECTION). It allows the user to specify up to 2 hex characters to be removed from the data before adding to the queue. *FIXED should be specified on the Inbound End of Line (OUTEOL) parmameter.

If you enter *YES for the Remove Hex Characters field, 1st Hex Character and 2nd Hex Character fields are displayed for you to enter in hex to be removed from the data.

Outbound IFS directory (OUTDIR)

This is the directory where data from the outbound queue will be placed.

When you have multiple communication profiles to send, you can use the %PROFILE% variable, along with the multiple communication profiles parameter. To use this feature, the profile ID to transfer must exist in the communication profile parameter and it must be part of the directory path. The program will replace %PROFILE% with each communication profile entered and the IFS Gateway.

Example

Two communication profiles have data to send to the IFS file system:

PARTNER1

PARTNER2

You must create two like directories with the profile name as part of the directory path: /home/outbound/partner1 and /home/outbound/partner2. On the GIFSGATE command, enter PARTNER1 and PARTNER2 in the COMPRF parameter. For the Outbound IFS directory (OUTDIR) parameter, enter /home/outbound/% PROFILE%. When the GIFSGATE job executes, it will place all batches with a 'Q' status found in communication profile PARTNER1 into directory /home/outbound/partner1. It will then continue and place all batches with a 'Q' status found in communication profile PARTNER2 into directory /home/inbound/partner2.

Outbound IFS file (OUTFILE)

This controls the file name to be used when files are created in the Outbound IFS Directory. Specify any name you want. You can also use the special character sequences %PROFILE%, %BATSEQ%, and %DATETIME% to include the communication profile ID, profile batch sequence number, and/or date and time stamp, in the file name.

Batchid to Dequeue (BATCHIDO)

Enter a batch ID when you want only those batches of data to be pulled that have the batch ID entered and the correct status. When this parameter is left black, all batches will be pulled that have the appropriate status, whether they have a batch ID or not.

Outbound End of Line (OUTEOL)

Specifies the end-of-line characters which are recognized in the steam file during copying of records.

If one of the end-of-line character options is selected (ENDLINFMT(*FIXED) is not specified) the database file records are transformed to variable- length stream file text lines as they are copied. Each database file record is trimmed of any trailing blanks. The data is converted to the destination data format (if specified) and the end -of-line character is appended to the end of the text line. The text line is copied to the stream file.

The possible values are:

*ALL	Any single or double character combination of carriage-return and line-feed
	is appended to the end of each line.

- *CRLF Carriage-return followed by line-feed is appended to the end of each line.
- *LF Line-feed is appended to the end of each line
- *CR Carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
- *LFCR Line-feed followed by carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
- *FIXED Text lines in the stream file are considered fixed-length records. CR and LF characters are not added at the end of each line, trailing blanks are not removed from the end of each record. The length of the stream file records equals the length of the database file records.

Only stream files and database files with compatible encoding schemes, which do not result in the expansion of data record lengths, are valid with this option. If an incompatible encoding scheme combination is detected, the operation will fail. The following encoding scheme combinations are supported:

Single-byte to single-byte

Double-byte to double-byte

Mixed ASCII to mixed ASCII

Mixed EBCDIC to mixed EBCDIC

Append Data? (APPEND)

If *YES, data extracted is appended to the existing data within the file.

If *NO, existing data with the file is overwritten.

Include SA Status? (SA)

If *YES, batches that have SA or Q status are picked up for file transfer.

If *NO, only batches with a Q status are picked up for file transfer.

Periodic polling (POLL)

This field enables you to continuously run the command or execute it only once. Type *YES if the command is to run on a periodic basis. Type *NO if it is to run only once.

Polling interval (INTERVAL)

If polling, how many seconds to wait before the next check.

Process Name (PRCNAM)

This area is used to label the command for the Message Center. The default for this prompt is the command name, but can be changed to any 15-byte field to help further identify this process. The process name displays on the first panel of the Work with Message Center screen (EDIX600) and will always track under this name.

Start Profile Sequence Number (STRSEQ)

This field is used to type the profile sequence number that extract processing will begin with. The parameter is valid only if option '32' (GIFSGATE) is entered on the Work with Outbound Queue Control panel (EDIX-CTL01). Otherwise, the system ignores it.

End Profile Sequence Number (ENDSEQ)

This field is used to type the profile sequence number that extract processing will end with. The parameter is valid only if option '32' (GIFSGATE) is entered on the Work with Outbound Queue Control panel (EDIX404-CTL01). Otherwise, the system ignores it.

Record entries in Comm Hist? (COMMLOG)

Enter *YES to record the information in the Communications History File and to assign a Comm stamp number to the batch of data and in the Communication file. Enter *NO to not record information in the Communications History file.

Run interactively (INT)

This parameter allows you to perform the process interactively (immediately). If you select to run the command in an interactive mode (*YES), you can monitor system messages that occur during processing. However, you are locked out of the system from the terminal the job was submitted on until the process is complete.

Schedule job (SCHED)

This alphanumeric field is used to designate if you want to run this option by scheduling it as a job. Use *NO as the default for this field.

You can also access the IFS Gateway from the Work with Outbound Queue Control panel (EDIX404-CTL01). (SEE the topic "Operations and Management of Communications" in Chapter 1 of this guide for more information.)

How to Use the GENIBQIFS Command

This command enables you to copy batches from the inbound communication queue to the IFS file system. The following procedure includes the steps necessary to use the GENIBQIFS command. A table of field definitions for the GENIBQIFS command follows the procedure.

Type the command GENIBQIFS at the command line and press F4 (Prompt).

<u> </u>		System: ISDDEVUI
Select	one of the following:	
	Work with Dartnorg	
	work with Partners	
	Work with Application Definitio	
	3. Mapping Menu	(GENMAP)
	4. Communications Menu	(GENCOM)
	Work with Standards	
	Work with Environment Control	
8	. Audit Menu	(GENAUD)
9	. Message Center Menu	(GENMSG)
10	. Processing Menu	(GENPRC)
11	. System Administration Menu	(GENSYS)
12	. Viewpoint Menu	(GENVPT)
13	. File Tracking Menu	(GENFILETRK)
14	. Sterling Gentran:Server Search	Index
	ion on commond	More
Select		
===>GE	NIBQIFS	



System Response: The GENIBQIFS command displays.

Gentran IBQ to	D IFS Gateway (GENIBQIFS)
Type choices, press Enter.	
Communication profile id OutboundIFSdirectory	Name
OutboundIFSfile	
Outbound End of Line Periodic polling	<u>*FIXED</u> *CRLF, *CR, *LF, *LFCR *NO, *YES
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F13=How to use this display	Bottom F10=Additional parameters F12=Cancel F24=More keys

Figure 12-8 The Gentran IBQ to IFS Gateway (GENIBQIFS) command panel

Type a value in each field, using the Field Definition table that follows this procedure for reference. Press **F10** to display additional parameters. When complete, press **Enter**.

System Response: The job will be submitted. If you chose to run the job interactively, gateway processing begins immediately in your interactive session and the screen displays status messages.

ype choices, press Enter.	
ommunication profile id utbound IFS directory	IDXGATE Name '/HOME/ECENGINE/DATA/MYCO/EDIOUT'
utbound IFS file	MYFILE1
utbound End of Line	<u>*FIXED</u> *CRLF, *CR, *LF, *LFCR *NO, *YES
Additio	onal Parameters
rocess Name	GENIBQIFS *NO *YES, *NO 0 Number 999999 Number *YES *YES, NO *NO *NO, *YES *NO *YES, *NO model F13=How to use this display F24=More keys

Figure 12-9 The Gentran IBQ to IFS Gateway (GENIBQIFS) command panel with additional parameters displayed

Field Descriptions for the GENIBQIFS Command

Communication Profile ID (COMPRF)

The name of the Sterling Gentran:Server communication profile that contains the data that you want to extract the data from and that is placed in the integrated file system (IFS).

Outbound IFS Directory (OUTDIR)

This is the directory where data from the inbound queue will be placed.

Outbound IFS File (OUTFILE)

This controls the file name to be used when files are created in the Outbound IFS Directory. Specify any name you want. You can also use the special character sequences %PROFILE%, %BATSEQ%, and %DATETIME% to include the communication profile ID, profile batch sequence number, and/or date/time stamp in the file name.

Outbound End of Line (OUTEOL)

Specifies the end-of-line characters recognized in the steam file during copying of records.

If one of the end-of-line character options is selected (ENDLINFMT(*FIXED) is not specified), the database file records are transformed to variable-length stream file text lines as they are copied. Each database file record is trimmed of any trailing blanks. The data is converted to the destination data format (if specified) and the end-of-line character is appended to the end of the text line. The text line is copied to the stream file.

The possible values are:

- *ALL Any single or double character combination of carriage-return and line-feed is appended to the end of each line.
- *CRLF Carriage-return followed by line-feed is appended to the end of each line.
- *LF Line-feed is appended to the end of each line
- *CR Carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
- *LFCR Line-feed followed by carriage-return is appended to the end of each line.
- *FIXED Text lines in the stream file are considered fixed-length records. CR and LF characters are not added at the end of each line, trailing blanks are not removed from the end of each record. The length of the stream file records equals the length of the database file records.

Only stream files and database files with compatible encoding schemes, which do not result in the expansion of data record lengths, are valid with this option. If an incompatible encoding scheme combination is detected, the operation will fail. The following encoding scheme combinations are supported:

Single-byte to single-byte

Double-byte to double-byte

Mixed ASCII to mixed ASCII

Mixed EBCDIC to mixed EBCDIC

Periodic polling (POLL)

This field enables you to continuously run the command or execute it only once. Type *YES if the command is to run on a periodic basis. Type *NO if it is to run only once.

Process Name (PRCNAM)

This area is used to label the command for the Message Center. The default for this prompt is the command name, but can be changed to any 15-byte field to help further identify this process. The process name displays on the first panel of the Work with Message Center screen (EDIX600) and will always track under this name.

Append (APPEND)

This field lets you specify whether the records in the files being copied are to be appended (*YES) to the target file, or are to create a file for each batch copied.

Start Profile Sequence Number (STRSEQ)

This field is used to type the profile sequence number that extract processing will begin with. The parameter is valid only if you enter option '32' (GENIBQIFS) on the Work with Inbound Queue Control panel (EDIX407-CTL01). Otherwise, the system ignores it.

End Profile Sequence Number (ENDSEQ)

This field is used to type the profile sequence number that extract processing will end with. The parameter is valid only if you enter option '32' (GENIBQIFS) on the Work with Inbound Queue Control panel (EDIX-407-CTL01). Otherwise, the system ignores it.

Record entries in Comm Hist? (COMMLOG)

Enter *YES to record the information in the Communications History File and to assign a Comm stamp number to the batch of data and in the Communication file. Enter *NO to not record information in the Communications History file.

Include RA Status? (RA)

If *YES, batches that have RA or RN status are picked up for file transfer.

If *NO, only batches with an RN status are picked up for file transfer.

Run Interactively (INT)

This parameter enables you to perform the process interactively (immediately). If you select to run the command in an interactive mode (*YES), you can monitor system messages that occur during processing. However, you are locked out of the system from the terminal the job was submitted on until the process is complete.

Schedule Job (SCHED)

This alphanumeric field is used to designate if you want to run this option by scheduling it as a job. Use *NO as the default for this field.

You can also access the Gentran IBQ to IFS Gateway from the Work with Inbound Queue Control panel (EDIX407-CTL01). (SEE the topic "Operations and Management of Communications" in Chapter 1 of this guide for more information.)

Stopping the IFS Gateway

If you are running the IFS gateway in polling mode, stop the gateway by cancelling the gateway jobs using the *IMMED option. If you are not using polling, the gateway will end on its own after making one check of the inbound and/or outbound data source.