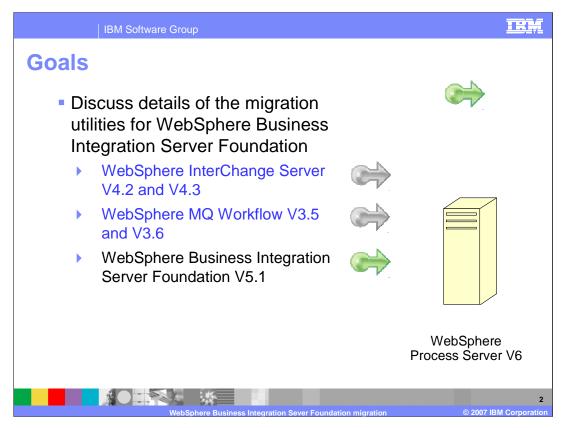
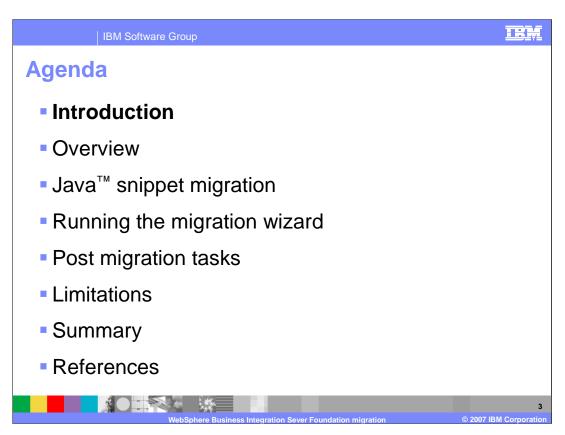


This presentation will cover migrating to WebSphere Process Server V6.0 from previous releases of WebSphere products.



WebSphere Process Server is the merger of three existing product lines: WebSphere InterChange Server, WebSphere MQ Workflow, and WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation.

This presentation will discuss the details of the WebSphere Business Integration – Server Foundation migration



The agenda for this presentation is to focus on the steps involved in migrating from WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation to WebSphere Process Server V6.

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Introduction – Before you begin

- This discussion will address source artifact migration.
- Migration from WebSphere Business Integration Server
 Foundation V5.1.1 to WebSphere Process Server V6 uses a utility to convert V5.1.1 BPEL artifacts to V6 artifacts.
- A WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1
 EAR with BPEL <u>cannot</u> be deployed to WebSphere Process Server V6
- A WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1 EAR that uses Business Rule Beans or Extended Messaging can be deployed to WebSphere Process Server V6.
 - ▶ The components must be installed with the "custom install" option when installing WebSphere Process Server V6 for distributed platforms



Of the three migration paths to WebSphere Process Server V6, WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation is the most similar to WebSphere Process Server V6. Although it is similar, there are significant differences which make it difficult to provide binary compatibility between the two. The EAR file created by WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1 cannot be deployed and run in the WebSphere Process Server V6 runtime if the application uses BPEL. The application source artifacts must be converted to the new programming model.

The migration utility is invoked from WebSphere Integration Developer using the import function when importing a WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition Service Project.

If the WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation 5.1.1 EAR has no BPEL then it can run in WebSphere Process Server V6.

If the WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation 5.1.1 application uses Business Rules Beans or Extended Messaging then you must install these components using the "custom install" option when installing WebSphere Process Server V6 on distributed platforms. On the z/OS platform, they are installed automatically.

TRM IBM Software Group Introduction - Before you begin There are manual steps which will require additional work after the import in order to complete the source artifact migration process. Read the Migration Guide that is available in the WebSphere Business **Process Integration Information Center** Review the "Migrating source artifacts to WebSphere Integration Developer from WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition" in the WebSphere Integration Developer6.0.1 Information Center. ▶ "Best Practices for Source Artifact Migration" Upgrade to WebSphere Integration Developer and WebSphere Process Server 6.0.1 Become familiar with the new WebSphere Process Server SCA programming model by doing tutorials and exercises.

Before you begin you should become familiar with the known limitations, which are listed at the end of this presentation.

You should also:

Read the Migration Guide.

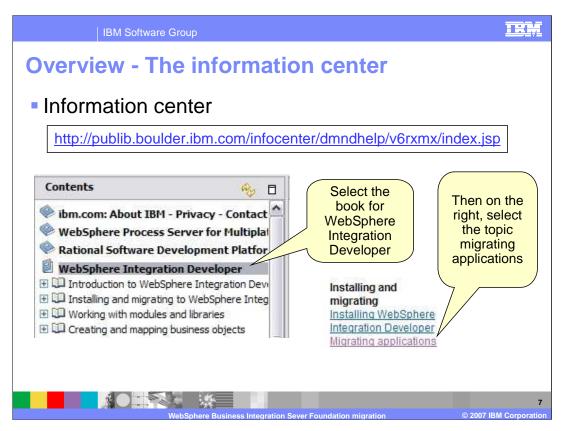
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Review the Best Practices in the WebSphere Integration Developer V6.0.1 Information Center

Upgrade to WebSphere Integration Developer / WebSphere Process Server V6.0.1 Become familiar with the SCA programming model

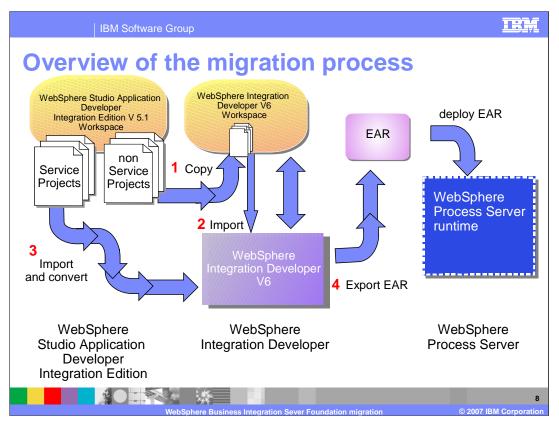


The Overview section provides a high level perspective, the "Big Picture" of the migration process from WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation, to WebSphere Integration Developer V6, using the Migration Wizard.



The Information Center is an excellent place to get additional details about the migration process.

A PDF version of the migration guide is also available from the Welcome Page of WebSphere Integration Developer V6.

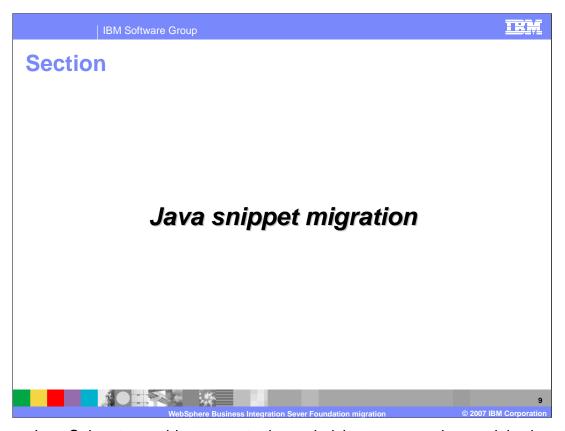


From a high level perspective, the migration process consists of four steps:

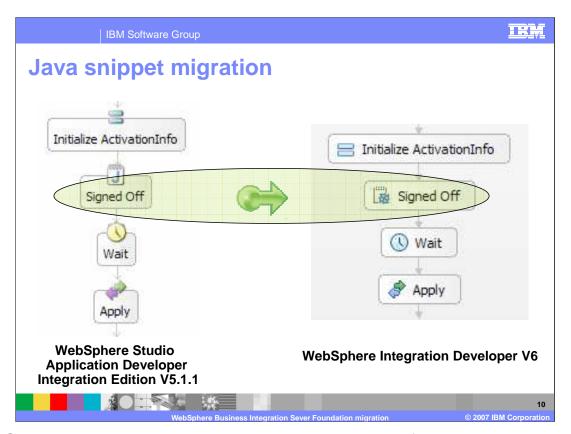
- 1) Copy the WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition non-Service projects to a WebSphere Integration Server V6 Workspace
- 2) Import the non-Service projects into WebSphere Integration Developer V6
- 3) Import and convert the BPEL artifacts in the WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition Service projects into WebSphere Integration Developer V6 artifacts

Resolve the errors, wire up the module assembly and tune the migrated artifacts for BPEL / SCA, and then

4) deploy the application to the WebSphere Process Server V6 runtime.



Because Java Snippets provide access to the underlying programming model, when the programming model changes, the Java Snippets may also be affected. This next section will focus on the Java Snippets and things to watch for, and things to change before you run the Migration Wizard.



Java Snippets were introduced into the programming model to facilitate data management. With Java Snippets the Business Process Developer could use the Java programming language and the WSIF APIs to access and manipulate the data associated with the business process.

With WebSphere Process Server V6, the APIs used to interact with the data have changed, and as a result the Java Snippets will be affected. The automatic migration tool will convert the WSIF API calls to the DataObject API calls where possible and if specified, the original Java code will be preserved in comments.

This next section will discuss a few of the details related to Java Snippet Migration.

Java snippet migration

A new data model with WebSphere Integration Developer and WebSphere Process Server V6

Not all supported WSIF APIs can be directly migrated to WebSphere Integration Developer.

Not all Java snippets will be completely migrated.

Most of the standard snippet APIs will be converted.

Use the option to preserve the Java original Java snippet.

WSIF API calls are migrated to DataObject API calls where possible.

Custom Java classes that accept WSIFMessage objects will need to be manually migrated to...

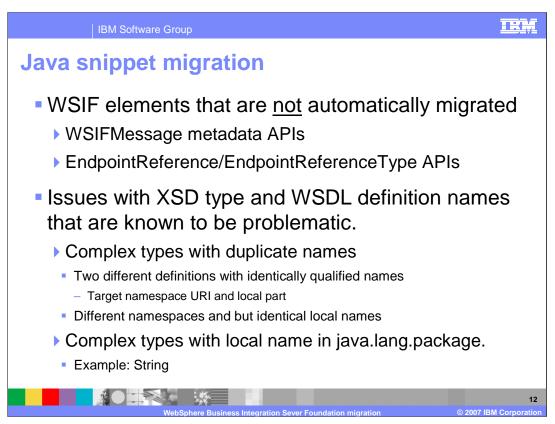
accept and return commonj.sdo.DataObjects

The new data model in WebSphere Integration Developer V6 is significantly different from WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1.1. Because of this difference, Java Snippets will require attention both before and after you run the migration wizard.

The Migration Wizard converts the WSIF API calls to the DataObject APIs where possible. Not all of the Java snippets will be completely converted.

A feature to *preserve the original BPEL Java snippets in the comments* is provided. Using this feature, the logic of the Java snippet can be maintained, providing a guide for the post migration activities.

When developing Java Snippets it is often convenient to create additional Java utility classes that accept and return WSIFMessage objects as parameters. The Migration Wizard does not automatically convert these classes; you must update them manually after you run the Migration Wizard.



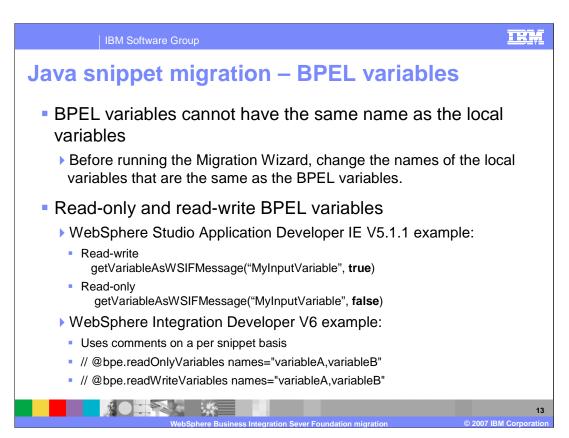
When you migrate the Java Snippets, there are known limitations that you should address before you run the Migration Wizard.

Java statements that use the WSIFMessage metadata APIs and the EndpointReferences are not automatically converted. You must convert them manually after you run the Migration Wizard.

When dealing with the local variable names in the Java Snippets, there is the potential for conflicting XSD/WSDL definitions. WebSphere Integration Developer allows **at most one** unique definition of a type (as identified by its qualified name) in the classpath, whereas WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition was not as strict.

If there are conflicts, the Java Snippet may not be converted correctly. Also, if the name of the local variable is the same as the name of a class defined in the java.lang.package, such as **String**, the type may not be converted correctly.

When migrating business processes with Java snippets, review the names of the local variables used in the Java Snippets and identify whether any of these problematic conditions exist. If possible, make the modifications in WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition, altering the V5.1 source artifacts, before you run the Migration Wizard.



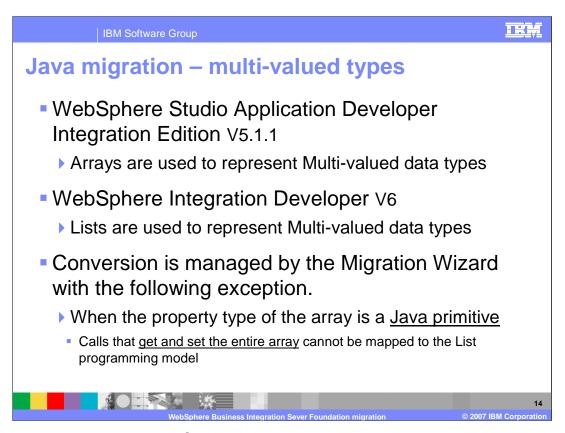
In WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1 the BPEL variables were accessed indirectly with the APIs. In WebSphere Process Server V6 it is now possible to access the BPEL variables by name from the Java Snippet, introducing the possibility of a naming conflict. You should change the names of the local variables in the Java Snippets before you run the Migration Wizard.

With WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1 and WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation 5.1.1 there is the capability of defining how the BPEL variable is to be accessed on each access. This is signified by the value of the Boolean flag in the parameter list for the get methods.

With WebSphere Integration Developer V6 and WebSphere Process Server V6 the access pattern for the BPEL variables is determined once for the entire Java Snippet. The access pattern is declared in a comment as shown in the slide.

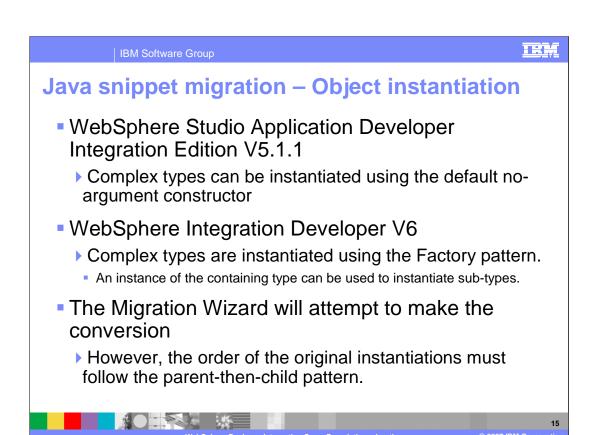
During the migration process, when the Boolean access qualifiers are encountered a comment is generated in the Java Snippet. If conflicting patterns are encountered, for example, read-write and read-only within the same Java Snippet, then a warning message is issued and the access is set to read-write.

After you run the Migration Wizard, check for this kind of warning message and ensure that the access method is correct for the application being migrated.

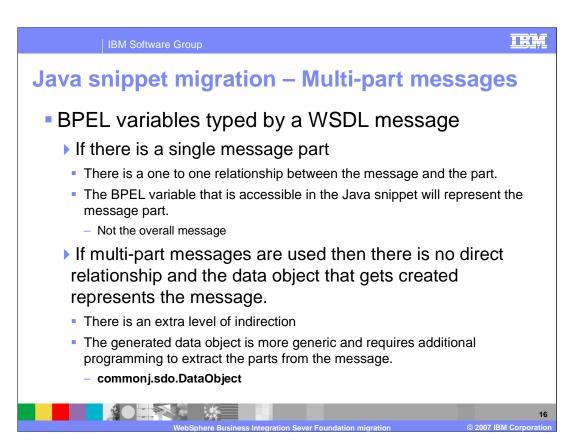


Multi-valued data types in WebSphere Integration Developer V6 are now implemented as Lists rather than Arrays. The Migration Wizard will manage the conversion of the Java Snippet code to the List implementation except where the values in the array are Java primitives. (int, long, short, byte, char, float, double and boolean)

In this case, manual migration will be required, adding a loop to wrap or unwrap the primitives to or from their corresponding Java wrapper class. (Integer, Long, Short, Byte, Character, Float, Double and Boolean).



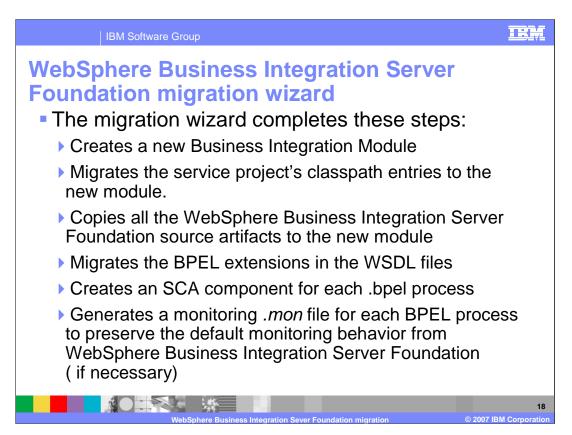
The mechanism for instantiating complex types has changed with the introduction of the new data model. When instantiating and initializing complex nested types in a Java Snippet the Migration Wizard will be able to make the conversion correctly if the original instantiations follow the parent-then-child pattern.



In WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1.1 the BPEL variables are typed using WSDL messages and it is possible to use multi-part messages when defining these variables. Be aware that when multi-part messages are used for the BPEL variables in Java Snippets that the data type that the message gets converted to will be a representation of the message. It is not a direct representation of the data that is associated with the variable. There is an additional level of indirection that must be navigated by the programmer to get to the data values, using the SDO APIs. The WSDL message is converted to a generic SDO DataObject, of type **commonj.sdo.DataObject**.



Now that the "Big Picture" has been presented and nuances of Java Snippet migration have been covered, the next section will discuss the details of running the migration wizard.

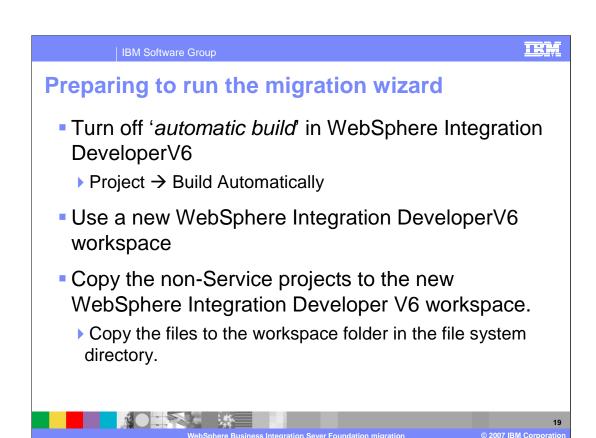


This slide outlines the steps performed by the WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation migration wizard.

The Migration Wizard will...

- 1. Create a new business integration module based on the name provided.
- 2. Migrate the classpath entries
- 3. Copy all the WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation artifacts and convert the BPEL artifacts.
- 4. Create an SCA component for each business process.
- 5. Generate the monitoring files (.mon) based on the state of the 'business relevant' property in WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1.1.

If the 'business relevant' property is set to a non-default value, then the monitoring file is generated with a record indicating that the non-default behavior is being used and needs to be preserved.



Before importing any artifacts, turn off the autobuild feature.

The migration process creates many new artifacts and if the autobuild feature is on, a build will be started before all the artifacts have been created. As new artifacts are created, new builds are also started. The result is a degradation in the overall build performance.

Disabling the "Build Automatically" option in WebSphere Integration Developer will speed up the migration process.

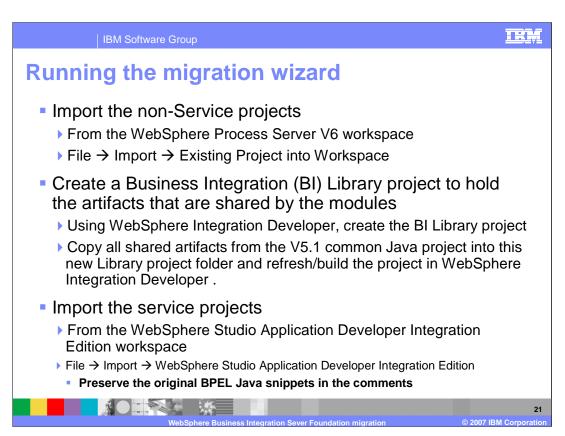
Do not open your existing WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1 workspace with WebSphere Integration Developer V6. This is not supported. Open a new WebSphere Integration Developer V6 workspace and follow the procedures described in this presentation.

When importing existing files and projects into WebSphere Integration Developer, the location of the files remain unchanged. Therefore it is necessary to copy the non-Service projects to the directory comprising the new WebSphere Process Server V6 workspace before doing the import. This is not necessary for the Service projects because they will be converted to new artifacts when they are imported.

Preparing to run the migration wizard (cont.) Shared WSDL and XSD WebSphere Process Server V6 has the concept of a shared library which can be used for the common WSDL and XSD definitions. In WebSphere Studio Application Developer IE the common WSDL and XSD may or may not have been factored out to a shared project. If this has not been done, do this before attempting the migration Create the Library module in WebSphere Integration Developer and then copy these files to the Library project folder.

With the advent of the Shared Library in WebSphere Integration Developer, there is a special case that needs to be considered. When there are common WSDL and XSD files that are to be shared across one or more Service projects, a Shared Library needs to be used. In this case the folder in the directory structure must be created first by creating the shared library in the Business Perspective of WebSphere Integration Developer. Once the folder has been created then the common WSDL and XSD files from the WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition workspace can be copied to this folder and imported into the Shared Library from that location.

If there are WSDL and XSD files that are common to one or more Service projects, you should factor and test before doing the migration. This can be done using a shared Java project in WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition.



These steps are necessary and the order is important because the migration wizard only converts the BPEL artifacts in the Service projects and all the dependent projects and classes need to be in place before the conversions are done.

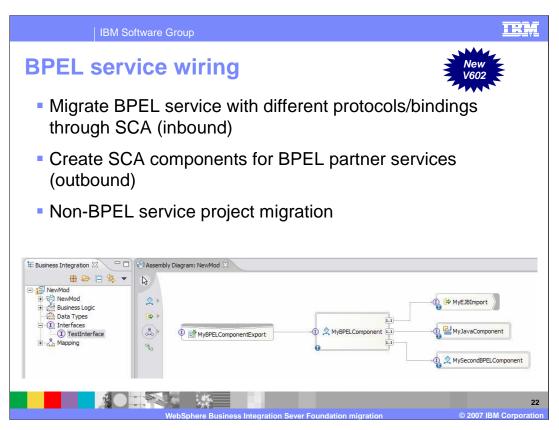
The Shared Library is a new construct that is available for managing the inter-service-project build path dependencies. The common files can be placed in a Shared Library Module and then the module dependency editor is used to define the dependency with the service projects.

Note that the files in the Shared Library are copied into the EAR of the dependent module when the J2EE EARs are created. The files are "shared by copy" at runtime.

After all the dependent projects and files have been loaded into the workspace, the service projects can then be imported, converting the BPEL artifacts along the way, using the Migration Wizard.

The Migration Wizard is invoked by using the **WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition** import type.

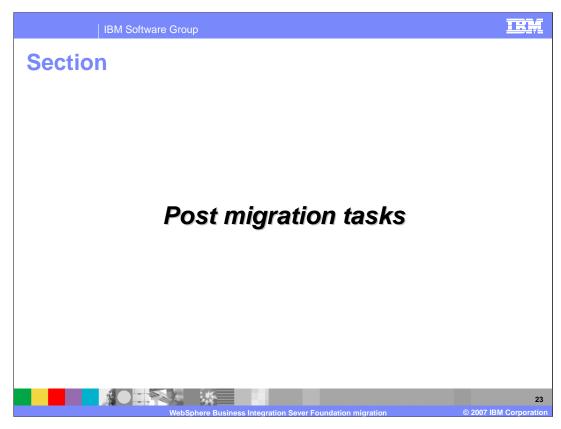
On the second panel of the Migration Wizard there is an option to *preserve the original BPEL Java snippets in the comments*. It is selected by default.



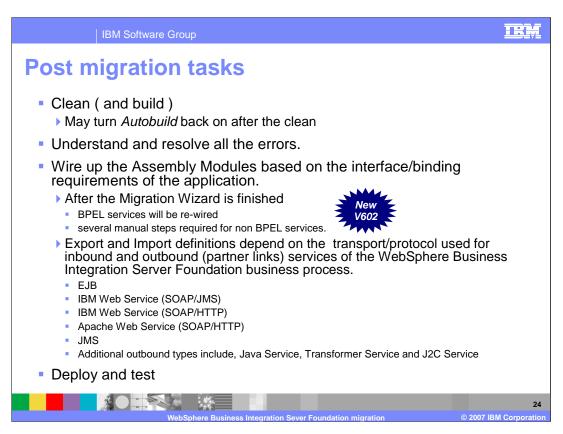
After running the V6.0 migration utilities, the BPEL service is not fully re-wired and the assembly diagram will have an unwired BPEL component for each migrated BPEL process. After running the enhanced migration utilities in WebSphere Integration Developer V6.0.2, the BPEL service is fully re-wired. The inbound SCA protocols and bindings and the SCA component for BPEL partner services for outbound are wired correctly.

The WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1 non-BPEL services that can be invoked externally still require manual migration. The migration tool is unable to automatically migrate & re-wire those services because WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition did not store .component or .wiring files for such services.

All version 602 enhancements are made to the migration utilities only. There are no UI changes needed to the existing wizard.



Running the Migration Wizard is not the end. You still have work to do, errors to resolve, and wiring to complete.



Understanding and resolving all the errors can be a big task. It will depend on the application being migrated and the degree to which the known limitations can be addressed before beginning the migration process. Refer to the section on Java Snippet migration and the section on Limitations for guidance when performing this task.

With WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1.1 there are five different ways to define the inbound and outbound partner links. The bindings are specified at the time the deployment code is generated. In the new SCA programming model the association with the partner references and the kind of binding to use, is managed in the Assembly Module with the Imports and Exports. The migration tool will re-wire services and protocols for BPEL service types only.



The limitations are discussed in this next section as a guide for resolving the errors and developing any workarounds that may be necessary.

Limitations - General The Migration Wizard works with Service projects Don't attempt to migrate an entire workspace at once. The Migration Wizard migrates BPEL source artifacts, not application binaries. SCA JMS Data Binding There is no access to the custom JMS header properties with the standard JMS data binding. A custom data binding is required for the SCA services to get access to the JMS header properties.

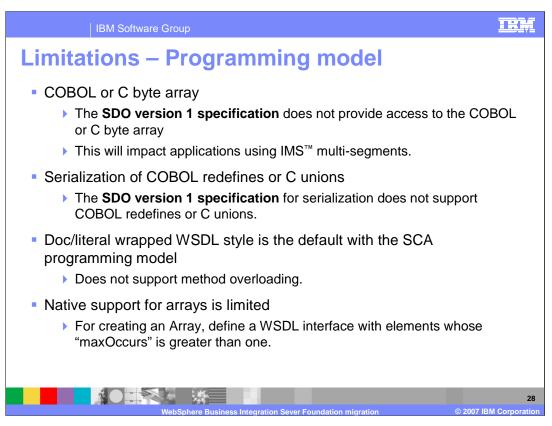
The migration wizard operates on the BPEL artifacts in the service project and is not designed to migrate the entire workspace, nor does it migrate the application binaries, the EAR files. When planning for migrating from WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition and WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V 5.1.1 to WebSphere Integration Developer and WebSphere Process Server V6, keep this in mind.

The extended messaging support has also been deprecated and the standard JMS data binding does not provide access to custom JMS header properties. For the SCA services to use the JMS header properties, a custom data binding must be written.



There is an option during WebSphere Process Server V6 installation to install support for the deprecated business rule beans. If you select that option, the business rule beans will run "as-is" in WebSphere Process Server V6.0.

There is no authoring support for the old business rule beans. However, to compile the old business rule bean artifacts in WebSphere Integration Developer V6, follow the WebSphere Integration Developer documentation to install the deprecated features on top of the embedded WebSphere Process Server 6.0 test server. Then manually add the deprecated jar files to the project classpath as external jars.

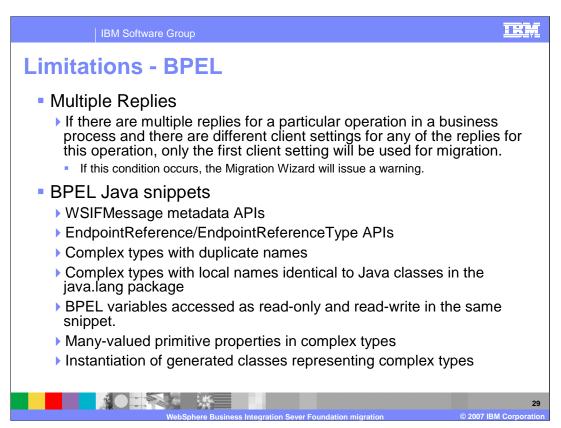


Note the limitations with the SDO V1 specification in the area of COBOL and C.

When you redesign your source artifacts according to the SCA programming model, note that the document/literal wrapped WSDL style does not support method overloading.

This is the default style for new artifacts created using the WebSphere Integration Developer tools. The other WSDL styles are still supported, so you should use a WSDL style/encoding other than "document/literal wrapped" for these cases.

Native support for arrays is limited. In order to invoke an external service that exposes a WSDL interface with soapenc:Array types, you will need to create a WSDL interface that defines an element whose "maxOccurs" attribute is greater than one. This is the recommended approach for designing an array type.

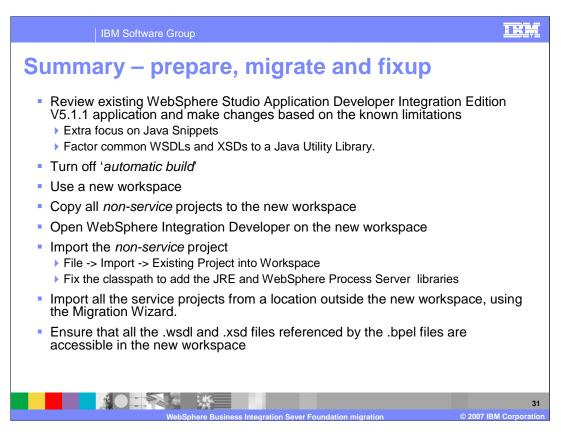


Note that multiple replies for a given operation is a BPEL feature that is no longer supported in WebSphere Integration Developer and WebSphere Process Server V6. If you are migrating an application that makes use of this feature, then you will need to re-write the application.

The list of limitations related to Java Snippet migration is included here for reference. Each item has already been covered in detail, in the section on Java Snippet migration.



The next section summarizes this presentation.



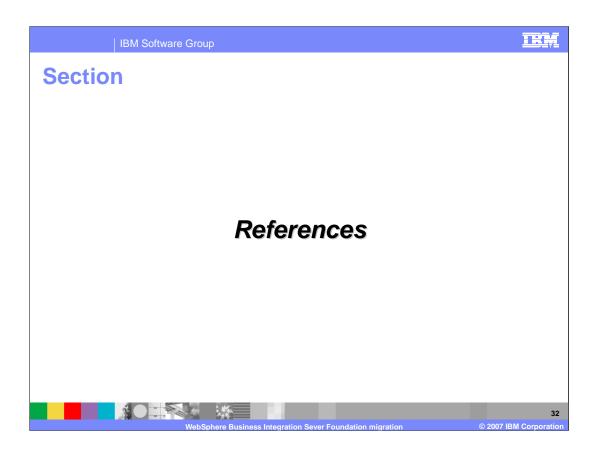
Review the existing application and make whatever changes are necessary based on the known limitations. Pay particular attention to the Java Snippets and the common WSDL and XSD files. If there are common definitions used by several different service projects, then factor them out and place them in a Java Utility project that will map to a WebSphere Process Server V6 library module.

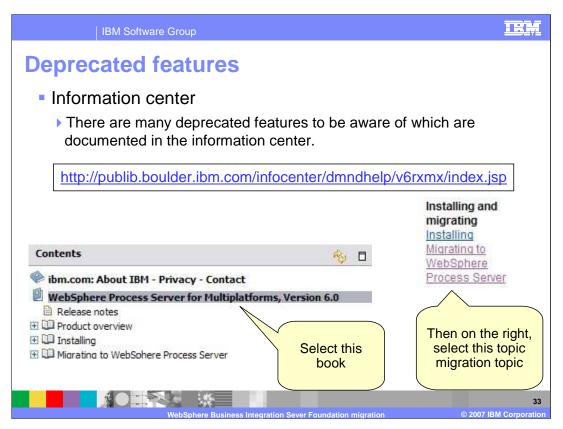
Start WebSphere Integration Developer in a new workspace and turn off the autobuild feature.

Copy the non-service projects to the new workspace and import them to the new workspace.

Use the migration wizard to import the service projects with the BPEL artifacts to be migrated.

And finally, address any errors and test.





Deprecated features can be found in the Information Center.

Resources

Source artifact migration tutorial — DeveloperWorks
http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/websphere/library/techarticles/0509_iyengar.html

WebSphere Process Server/ WebSphere Integration
Developer 6.0.0 Info Center — WebSphere Business
Integration Server Foundation Migration section
http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/dmndhelpv6rxmv/topic/com.ibm.wbit.heb.migration.ul.doc/topics/tsrcartifacts.html

WebSphere Business Integration Server
Foundation/WebSphere Studio Application Developer IE
5.1 Information Center
http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/adiehelp/index.jsp

WebSphere Process Server V6.0
http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wps/

Resources (cont.)

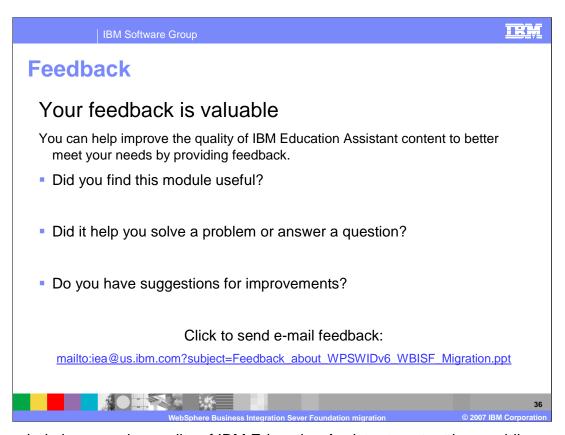
WebSphere Integration Developer V6.0 http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wid/

WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation V5.1 http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wbisf/

WebSphere Studio Application Developer Integration Edition V5.1 http://www.ibm.com/software/integration/wsadie/

BPEL4WS 1.1 Specification (WebSphere Business Integration Server Foundation supported BPEL spec) http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/webservices/library/specification/ws-bpel/

WS-BPEL 2.0 Specification Draft (WebSphere Process Server supports a subset) http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/10347/wsbpel-specification-draft-120204.htm



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3

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