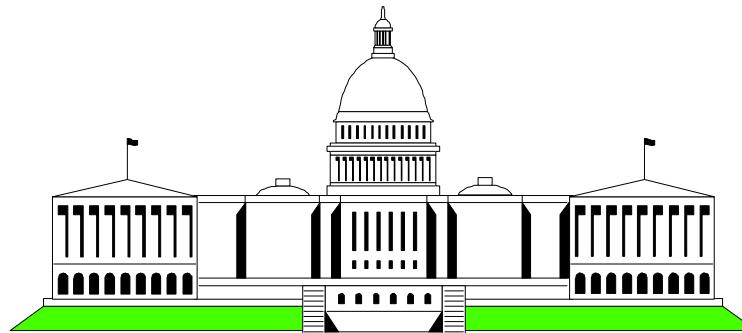


# **Installing OS/390 Firewall Technologies**



## **Washington System Center**

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# Agenda

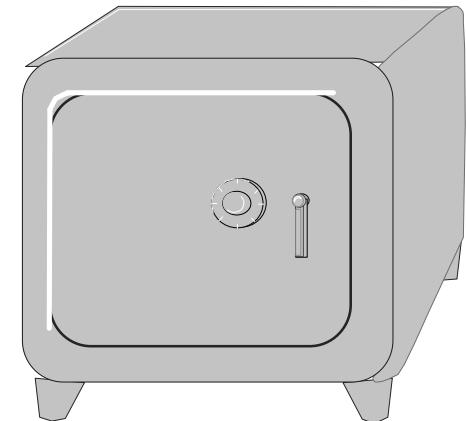
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- Guidelines for firewalls
- Security Considerations
- Firewall Configuration
- IP Filters
- Virtual Private Networks

- Define a policy of how your firewall will function
  - ◆ what type of traffic is allowed through the firewall and under what conditions
  - ◆ what functions will run under the firewall
    - ▶ what users/groups will be allowed access
- Disable everything when configuring the firewall
  - ◆ enable only those services defined in the security policy
  - ◆ everything not explicitly allowed is disabled
- Implement the same level of security for ALL gateways between the internal system and the Internet
- Log both successful and rejected access events
  - ◆ use daily admin procedures to analyze and react to the information from these logs

# Security Considerations

- Isolate the firewall on its own system or logical partition
  - ▶ remove any services that are not required by the firewall
- Direct all incoming traffic (from the Internet) through the firewall stacks
  - ▶ allows Telnet or FTP applications to be active
  - ▶ subject applications to filtering rules defined in the firewall
- Ensure default passwords associated with program products are changed to non-trivial passwords
- Limit or disallow, when possible, amount of access from the Internet to the secure network
- Monitor log records stored in HFS, and ensure the HFS does not become full
  - ▶ records could be lost



# Firewall Requirements for Implementation

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- SYS1.PARMLIB updates
- SYS1.PROCLIB updates
- Security Requirements
- Hardware Cryptography
- TCP/IP Updates
- Logging
- Firewall stacks
- Configuration Files
- Adapters
- GUI Configuration

# SYS1.PARMLIB Updates

## ■ BPXPRMxx

- ▶ MAXPROCSYS
- ▶ MAXPROCUSER
- ▶ MAXFILEPROC
- ▶ MAXTHREADTASKS
- ▶ MAXTHREADS
- ▶ MAXSOCKETS

### ◆ Define AF\_UNIX and AF\_INET file systems

NETWORK DOMAINNAME(AF\_UNIX)

DOMAINNUMBER(1)  
MAXSOCKETS(100)  
TYPE(UDS)

NETWORK DOMAINNAME(AF\_INET)

DOMAINNUMBER(2)  
MAXSOCKETS(n)  
TYPE(CINET)

## ■ PROGxx - add SYS1.SICALMOD (APF authorizations)

## ■ LNKLSTxx - add SYS1.SICALMOD

## ■ IKJTSOxx - add AUTHPGMs (authorized commands and programs)

# SYS1.PROCLIB

---

- Add the JCL for the FW daemons or concatenate the FW procedure library (SYS1.SICAPROC)
  - ▶ FWKERN
  - ▶ ICAPCFGS
  - ▶ ICAPKERN
  - ▶ ICAPPFTP
  - ▶ ICAPSLOG
  - ▶ ICAPSOCK
  - ▶ ICAPSTAK

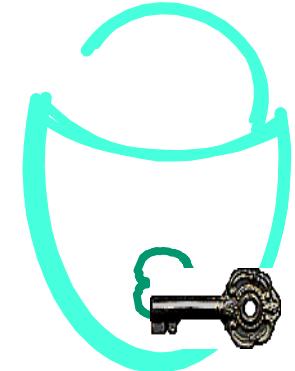
# Security Requirements

- Groups and User ID
  - ◆ add Firewall group
    - ▶ Example: **au fwgrp SUP(SYS1) OW(SYS1) OMVS(GID(100))**
  - ◆ add user FWKERN
    - ▶ Example: **mkdir' /u/fw kern' mode(7,5,5)**  
**au fw kern DFLTGRP(fwgrp) auth(create) uacc(alter)**  
**password(xxxx) ow(sys1) omvs(home(/u/fw kern/)**  
**uid(0))**
  - ◆ add firewall start up program as a started task
    - ▶ Example: **setr raclist(started) refresh**  
**rdef started fw kern std data(user(fw kern))**
- Control the start of the firewall
  - ▶ Example: **setr classact(facility)**  
**def facility fw kern.start.request uacc(none)**  
**pe fw kern.start.request cl(facility) id(fw kern) ac(update)**



# Grant Authority to Firewall Objects

- Define all FW daemons to the STARTED class and grant access to the FW user ID
  - ▶ Example: `rdef started fwkern.** stdata(user(fwkern) group(fwgrp))  
                   icapslog.**  
                   icapsock.**  
                   icappftp.**  
                   icapcfgs.**  
                   icapstak.**  
                   setr raclist(started) refresh`
- Grant Firewall kernel access to TCP datasets
  - ▶ Example: `pe tcPIP.** id(fwkern) ac(read)`
- Allow Firewall logging to SMF access is needed to BPX.SMF
  - ▶ Example: `rdef facility bpx.smf uacc(none)  
                   pe bpx.smf cl(facility) id(fwkern) ac(read)`
- Allow FTP daemon to change identity to another UID
  - ▶ Example: `rl facility bpx.daemon all  
                   rdef facility bpx.daemon uacc(none)  
                   pe bpx.daemon cl(facility) id(fwkern) ac(read)`



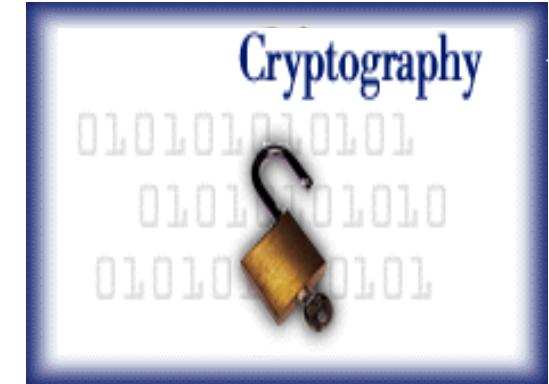
# Configuration Server Access

- Control access to the configuration server
  - ▶ Example: **rdef facility ica.cfgsrv uacc(none)  
pe ica.cfgsrv cl(facility) id(userid) ac(update)  
setr raclist(facility) refresh**



# Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility/MVS

- Encryption hardware service firewall can use:
  - ◆ CSFCKI - clear key import callable service
  - ◆ CSFDEC1 - decipher (with ALET) callable service
  - ◆ CSFENC1 - encipher (with ALET) callable service
  - ◆ CSFRNG - random number generate callable service
  - ◆ CSFCKM - clear key multiple import callable service
  - ◆ CSFOWH1 - one way hash (with ALET) callable service



- ▶ Examples;

ACTIVATE CLASS: setr cl(CSFSERV)

DEFINE SERVICES; rdef CSFSERV service-name uacc(none)

PERMIT USER ACCESS: pe service-name cl(CSFSERV) id(yourid) ac(read)

REFRESH IN STORAGE PROFILES: setr raclist(CSFSERV) refresh

# TCP/IP Firewall Updates

- Define Firewall adapters in TCP/IP profile
  - ◆ add DEVICE and LINK statements for the system adapters

- ▶ Example:
 

```
DEVICE OSA5510 LCS 5510
LINK OSTR5510 IBMTR 0 OSA5510
;
DEVICE CTC1 CTC 5530
LINK LINKMVS CTC 1 CTC1
```

- Internet (IP) addresses of each link in the host

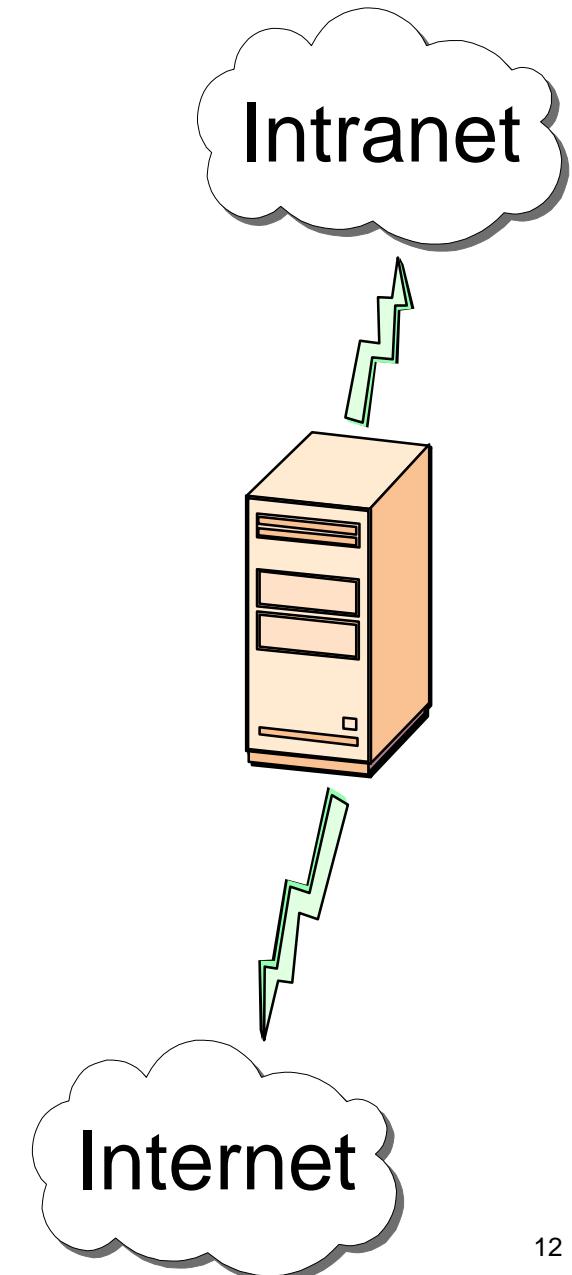
- ▶ Example:
 

HOME	
9.81.10.5	OSTR5510
192.168.16.5	LINKMVS

- Start all the defined devices

- ▶ Example: START---device\_name

```
START OSA5510
START LINKMVS
```





- Add AUTOLOG statements for the firewall kernel

- ▶ Example: **AUTOLOG  
FWKERN ; OS/390 Firewall Kernel  
ENDAUTOLOG**

- Define port reserves for Firewall Technologies daemons

- ▶ Example: **PORT**

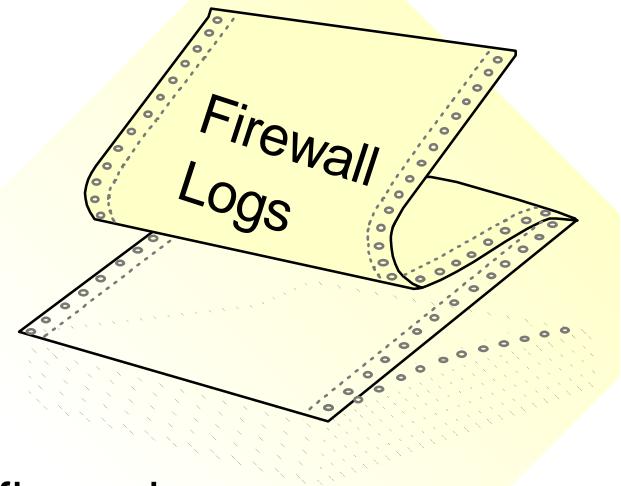
```
20 TCP OMVS NOAUTOLOG ; Firewall FTP Proxy server
21 TCP OMVS           ; Firewall FTP Proxy server
53 TCP OMVS           ; OS/390 Firewall Domain Name Server
53 UDP OMVS           ; OS/390 Firewall Domain Name Server
514 UDP OMVS          ; OS/390 Firewall SYSLOGD
1080 TCP OMVS         ; Firewall Socks Server
1014 TCP OMVS          ; Config Server
```

- Identify TCP/IP stack as a firewall and enable transfer of data between networks

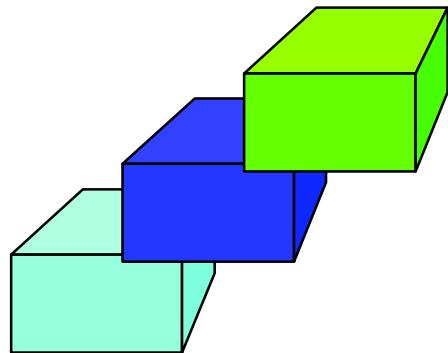
- ▶ **IPCONFIG FIREWALL DATAGRAMFWD**

# SYSLOG & Firewall Stack

- Create /etc/services under Unix Services
  - ◆ add definition for the SYSLOG server
    - /etc/services -----
    - syslog 514/udp



- Firewall stack
  - ◆ FWSTACK - define firewall stacks for each one configured
    - ▶ Example: **fwstack cmd=add stack=stackname force=yes**



# Configuration Files

## ■ **/usr/lpp/fw/etc =====> /etc**

- ▶ syslog.conf - logging server configuration
- ▶ fwftp.data - FTP proxy configuration
- ▶ fwftp.deniedusers - FTP proxy configuration which list users that are denied access to the FTP proxy

## ■ **/usr/lpp/fw/etc/security =====> /etc/security**

- ▶ fwaudio.cfg - real audio
- ▶ fwdaemon.cfg - firewall daemons
- ▶ fwobjects.cfg - object definitions
- ▶ fwservices.cfg - services
- ▶ fwsocks.cfg - socks rules
- ▶ fwrules.cfg - default filter rules
- ▶ logmgmt.cfg - log management
- ▶ fwguicmds.En\_US or fwguicmds.Ja\_JP (if Japanese version is installed)

# Identification of Secure Adapters

- To list the adapters attached to the Firewall machine

- ◆ **fwadapter cmd=list [addr=x.x.x.x]**

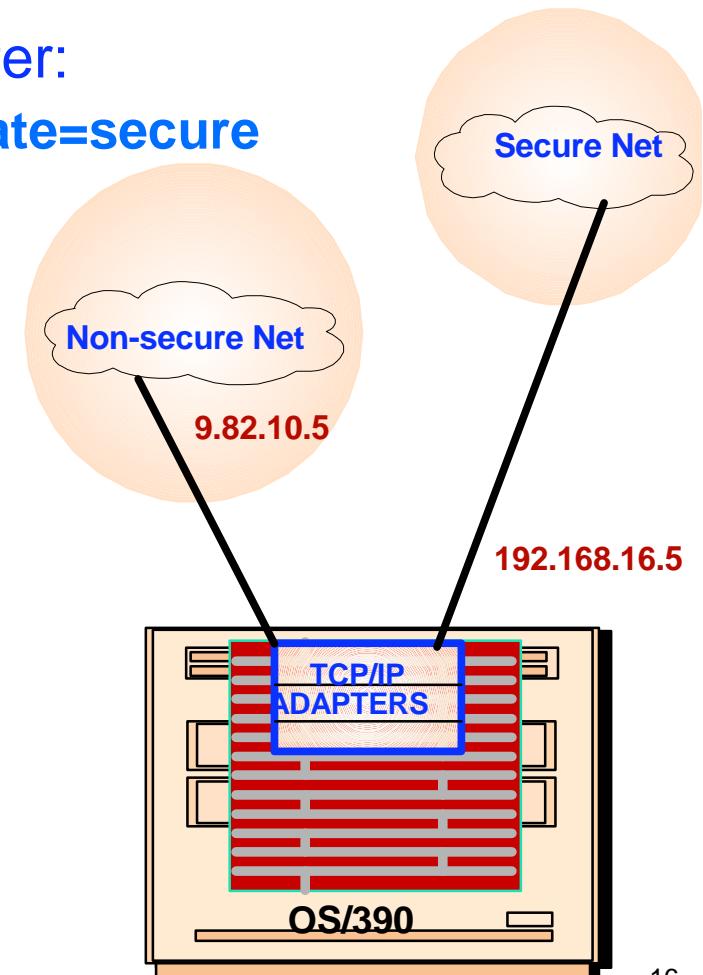
9.82.10.5	Non-Secure Interface	OSTR5510
192.168.16.5	Non-Secure Interface	LINKMVS

- To set the secure/nonsecure state of the adapter:

- ◆ **fwadapter cmd=change addr=192.168.16.5 state=secure**

- ◆ **fwadapter cmd=list**

9.82.10.5	Non-Secure Interface	OSTR5510
192.168.16.5	Secure Interface	LINKMVS



# Server Configuration File

## ■ fwdaemon cmd=list

- ◆ used to list and change server configuration attributes

```
SYSLOGD Yes 300 300 1
SOCKD No 300 300 300
PFTPD No 300 300 300
CFGSRV No 300 300 1

FWSTACKD Yes 300 300 1
```

- ◆ query server status
- ◆ start and stop individual servers

## ■ S FWKERN - start Firewall

- ◆ View started servers

**f fwkern,query all**

```
FIR1 STC00298 ICAM1001i Firewall daemon SYSLOGD status is READY and process id is 50331659
FIR1 STC00298 ICAM1001i Firewall daemon FWSTACKD status is READY and process id is 6710887
```

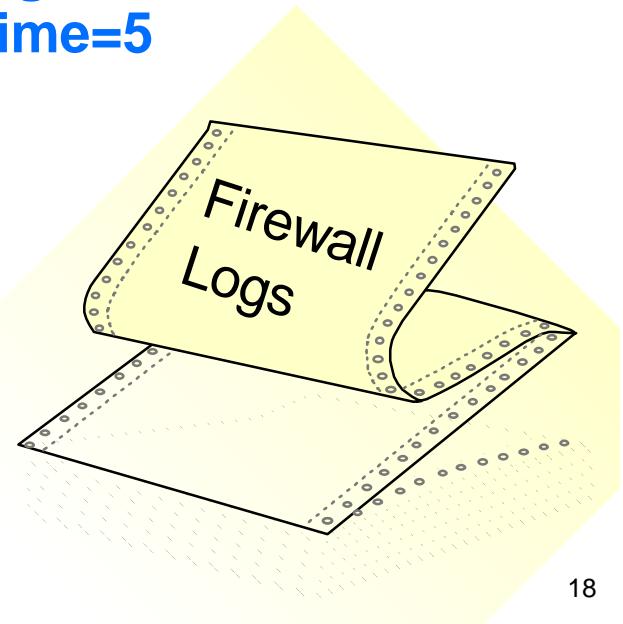
# Syslog.conf Default Log

## ■ SYSLOG.CONF

- ◆ specifies logging defaults
- ◆ located in /usr/lpp/fw/etc.syslog.conf
- ◆ messages of all priorities from all facilities are logged in;
  - ▶ /var/fw/fwdata/syslogd.local0
  - ▶ /var/fw/fwdata/syslogd.local4
  - ▶ /var/fw/fwdata/\*

## ■ Define a log

- ▶ Example: **fwlog cmd=add facility=firewall priority=info logfile=/var/fw/fwdata/admin.info logtime=3 arcfile=/var/fw/fwdata/arcfile.a arctime=5 workspace=/tmp**



# GUI Configuration

■ Configuration server uses Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol for communication

- ◆ Configure SSL

- ▶ run gskkyman SSL command
  - ▶ use option Create a self-signed certificate
  - ▶ use option Store encrypted database password

- ◆ Configure Configuration Server (CFGSV)

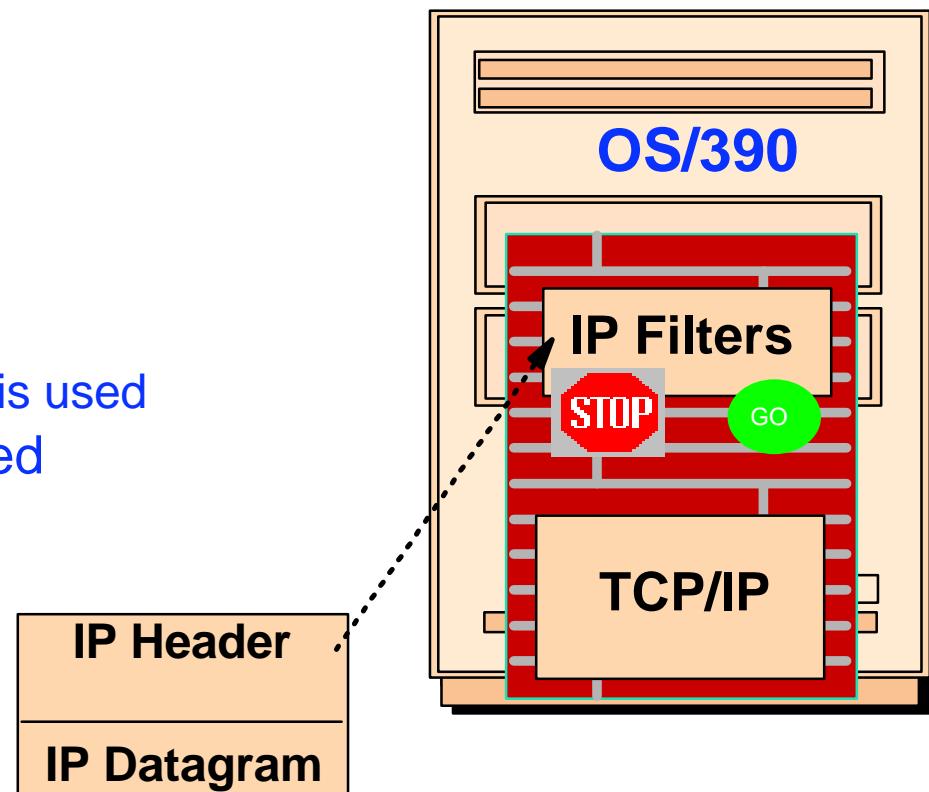
- ▶ define name of encrypted password file to CFGRSV
    - Example: **fwdaemon cmd=change daemon=CFSSRV daemonopts="-f /dir/key.kdp -p 1014"**
  - ▶ allow Firewall user ID to start the server
    - Example: **fwdaemon cmd=change started=yes daemon=CFGSRV**

- ◆ Setup up the Configuration Client code on AIX or Windows



# IP Packet Filtering

- IP level technology for controlling access through the firewall
  - ◆ allows or stops packets based on information in IP header
- Each packet is filtered separately
  - ◆ packets are either passed or ignored
- Filters Internet packets
  - ◆ controlled by filter rules
    - ▶ allow/deny packets
    - ▶ searched from top down
    - ▶ last rule should deny everything
    - ▶ first rule that matches a packet is used
  - ◆ unwanted packets are discarded



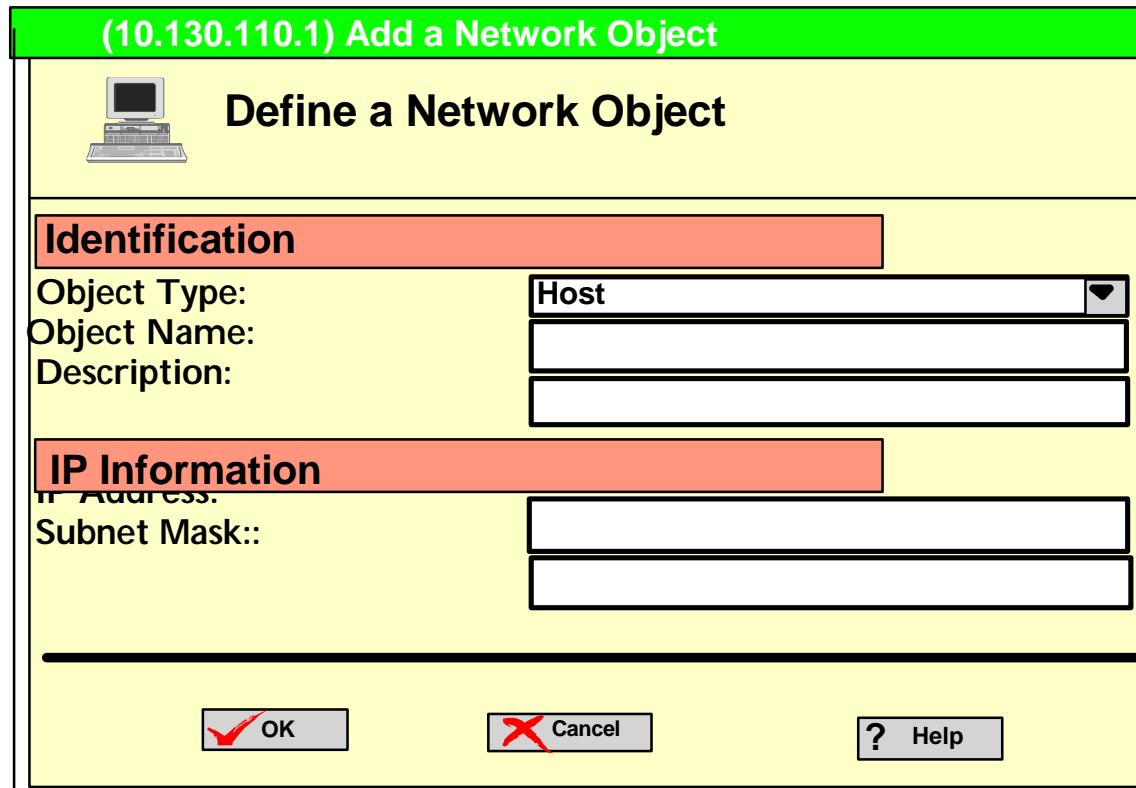
# Components of Filtering

- Network Objects
- Network Object Groups
- Rules
- Services
- Connections

# Network Objects

- Represent various hosts and entities
- Defined with "fwnwobj" command

```
fwnwobj cmd=add name=LAN_1A type= Network  
desc="1 LAN" addr=10.130.10.0 mask=255.255.255.0
```



# Rules

- Instructions to permit or deny packets
- Defined with "**fwrule**" command or via the GUI

```
fwrule cmd=add name="Ping"
desc="ICMP port 8"
type=permit protocol=icmp
srcopcode=eq srcport=8
destopcode=eq destport=0
interface=both routing=both
direction=both log=no
```

```
fwrule cmd=add name="Ping Response"
desc="ICMP port 0"
type=permit protocol=icmp
srcopcode=eq srcport=0
destopcode=eq destport=0
interface=both routing=both
direction=both log=no
```

(10.130.110.1) Add IP Rule

Add a Rule Template

**Identification**

Rule Name:   
 Description:   
 Action:  Permit  Deny  
 Protocol:  all  ICMP  
 Operation:  Any  Port #  
 Type: 0

**Source Port/ICMP Type**

Operation:  Any  Port #  
 Type: 0

**Destination Port/ICMP Code**

Any  Port #  
 Type: 0

**Interfaces Settings**

Interface:  Both  In  Out

**Direction/Control**

Routing:     
 Direction:     
 Log Control:     
 Frag. Control:

Yes

**Tunnel Information**

Tunnel ID:  Select..

**Buttons**

OK  Cancel  Help

- Groups of rules which instruct the firewall to permit or deny access
  - ◆ Defined with "fwservice" command or GUI
    - ▶ **fwservice cmd=create name=Ping desc="Allow outbound Ping to anywhere" rulelist=13/f,12/b**

(10.130.110.1) Add Service

### Add Service

**Identification**

Rule Name:

Description:

Action: Permit

Protocol: all

**Source Port/ICMP Type**

Operation: Any  Port #Type: 0

**Destination Port/ICMP Code**

Operation: Any  Port #Type: 0

**Interfaces Settings**

Interface: Both

**Direction/Control**

Routing:

Direction:

Log Control:

Frag. Control: Yes

**Tunnel Information**

Tunnel ID:  Select..

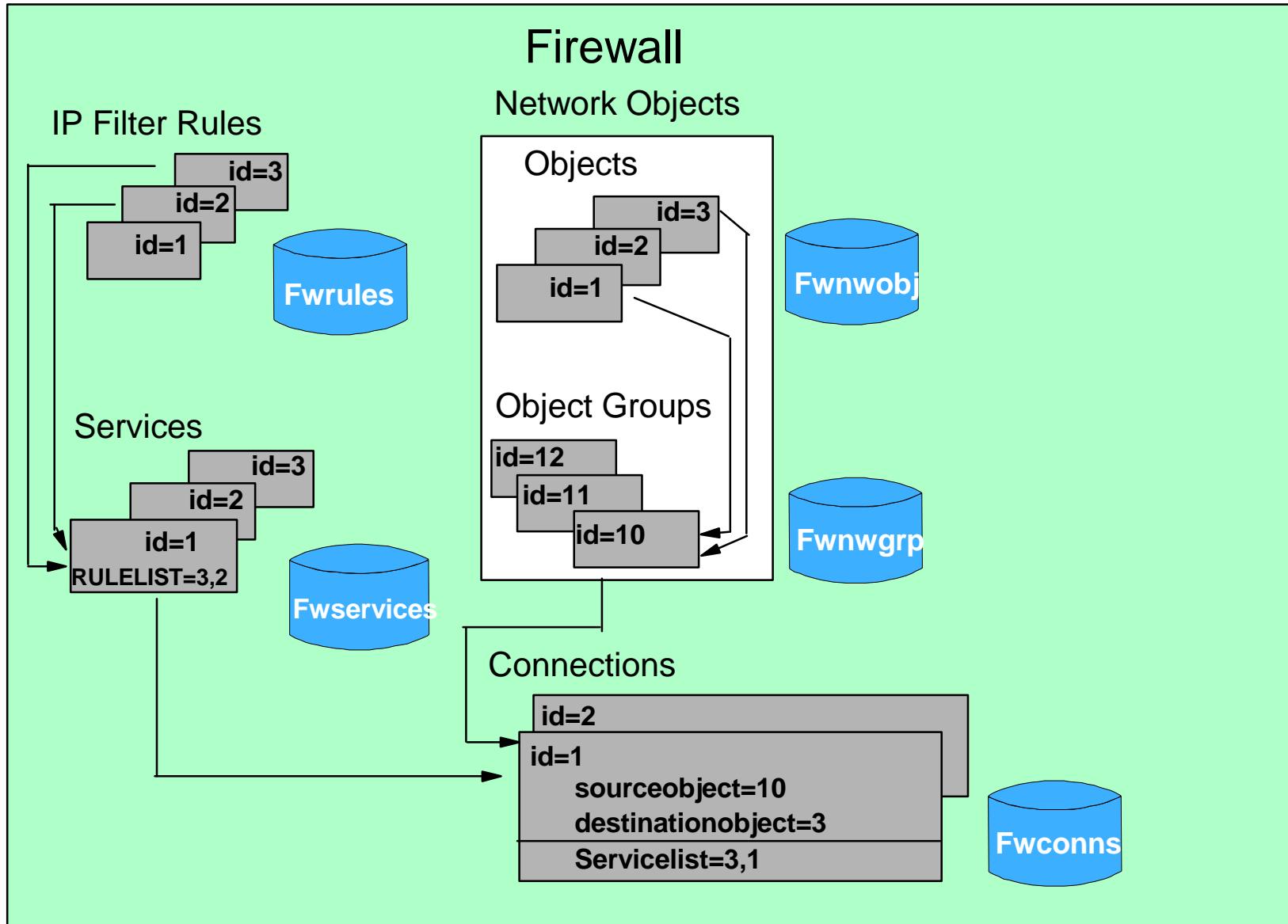
# Connections

---

- Associate network objects with services to define types of communications allowed between endpoints
  - ◆ defined with "fwconns" command
    - ▶ **fwconns cmd=create name="Allow Internet Ping"  
desc="Allow Pings from Lan\_1A to Internet"  
source=Lan\_1A destination="The World"  
servicelist=18**

name	name you assign to this connection
desc	description that you give to this connection
source	ID of source network object
destination	ID of destination network object
servicelist	ID's of service rules that apply to this connection

# Configuration Overview



# Refresh

- **fwfrule cmd=add name="Ping Response" desc="ICMP port 8" type=permit protocol=icmp sropcode=eq srcport=8 destopcode=eq destport=0 interface=both routing=both direction=both log=no**
- **fwnwobj cmd=add name=LAN\_1A type= Network type=network addr=10.130.10.0 mask=255.255.255.0**
- **fwconns cmd=create name="Allow Internet desc=" Pings from LAN\_1A to Internet" source=Lan\_1A destination="The World" servicelist=18**
- **fwfrule cmd=add name="Ping" desc="ICMP port 0 type=permit protocol=icmp sropcode=eq srcport=0 destopcode=eq destport=0 interface=both routing=both direction=both log=no**
- **fwnwobj cmd=add name=the world type= Network desc="1 LAN' addr=0.0.0.0 mask=0.0.0.0**
- **fwservice cmd=create name=Ping desc="Permit Ping outbound" rulelist=13/f,12/b**

## FWFILTER cmd=update

**RESULTS:** **fwfilter cmd=list**

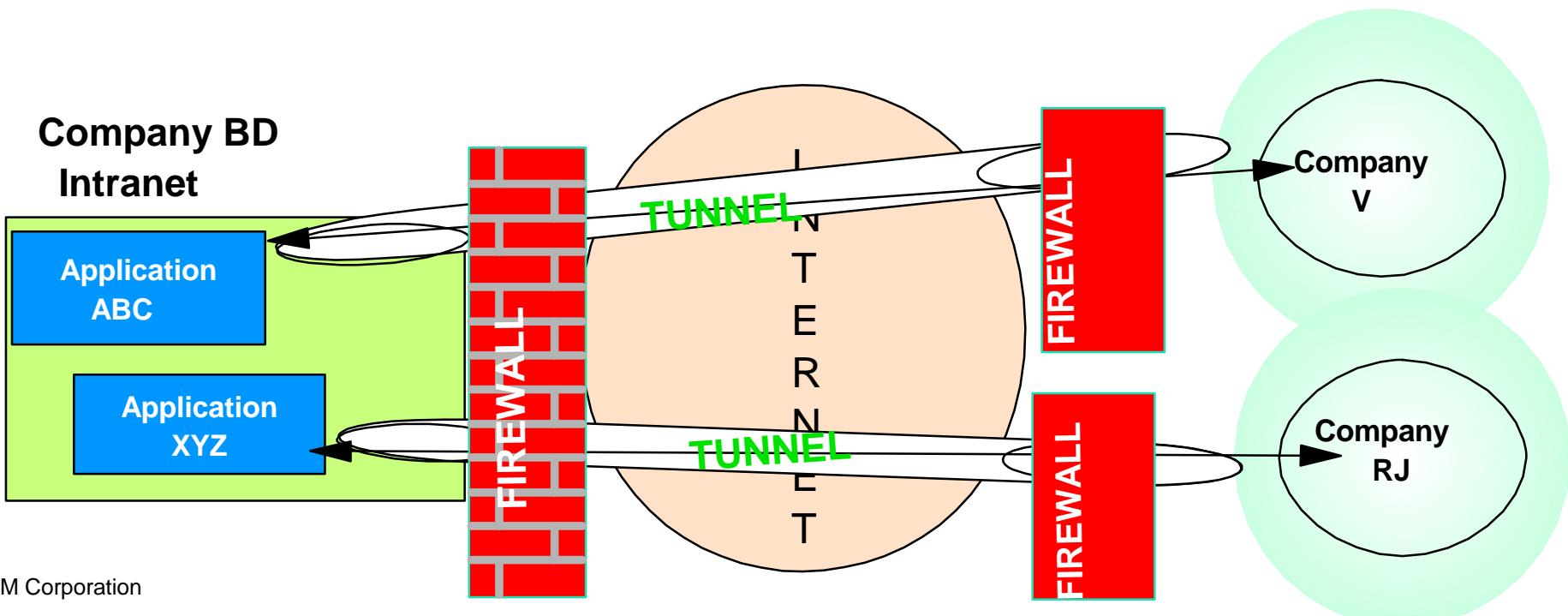
#Service: Ping

#Description: Permit Ping Outbound

```
permit 10.130.10.0 255.255.255.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 icmp eq 8 eq 0 both both l=n f=y
permit 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.130.10.0 255.255.255.0 icmp eq 0 eq 0 both both l=n f=y
```

# Virtual Private Networks

- Virtual Private Networking allows secure communications between remote sites over a public network like the Internet
  - ▶ Communications over VPN can be authenticated and encrypted
  - ▶ Virtual Private Network is comprised of one or more IP tunnels between two networks
  - ▶ VPN is included with OS/390 Firewall Technologies
  - ▶ Packets sent through a tunnel can be;
    - encrypted and/or authenticated
    - sent in a new IP packet to the destination firewall
    - sent using IPSec protocol, not TCP or UDP



# VPN Configuration

---

- To configure tunnels:
  - ◆ Local Host
    1. create firewall network objects
    2. add tunnel definition
    3. export the tunnel definition to a set of files
    4. transfer the tunnel definition files to the partner tunnel
    5. define filter rules and services for VPN
    6. add connection definitions
  - ◆ Remote Host
    7. import the tunnel definition in the remote firewall
    8. repeat 1,5,6 at remote firewall
  - ◆ Both Hosts
    9. activate rulesets at both ends
    10. activate tunnel at both ends
    11. refresh the tunnel when session key has expired

# Tunnel Setup

## ■ Network Objects

- ◆ fwnwobj c

WTSC5

- ◆ fwnv

tyr

Host "

255

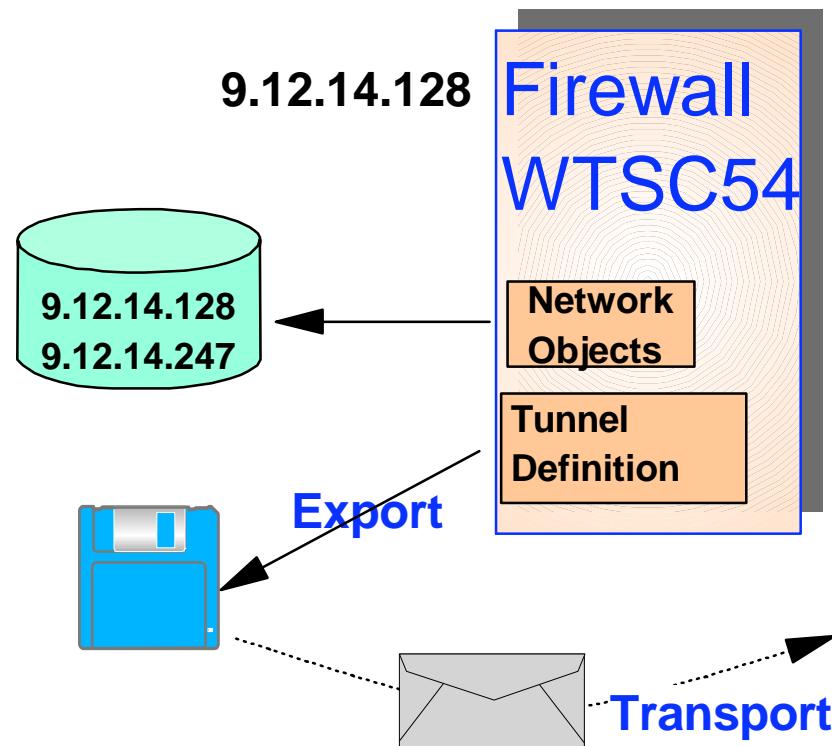
WTSC57"

## ■ Tunnel Configuration

```
fwtunl cmd=add tunnel=391 type=manual addr=9.12.14.128  
remaddr=9.12.14.247 policy=auth algorithm=KEYED_MD5  
spi=500 timeout=480
```

# Tunnel Setup (Export)

- Tunnel definition must be exported to a format that may be transported to the remote site for importing into the partner firewall
  - ◆ **fwtunnl cmd=export directory /anyexportdirectoryname tunnel=391**
- Command creates two files in /anyexportdirectoryname called **fwexpolicy** and **fwexpmctx.manual**
- Transport files to remote host

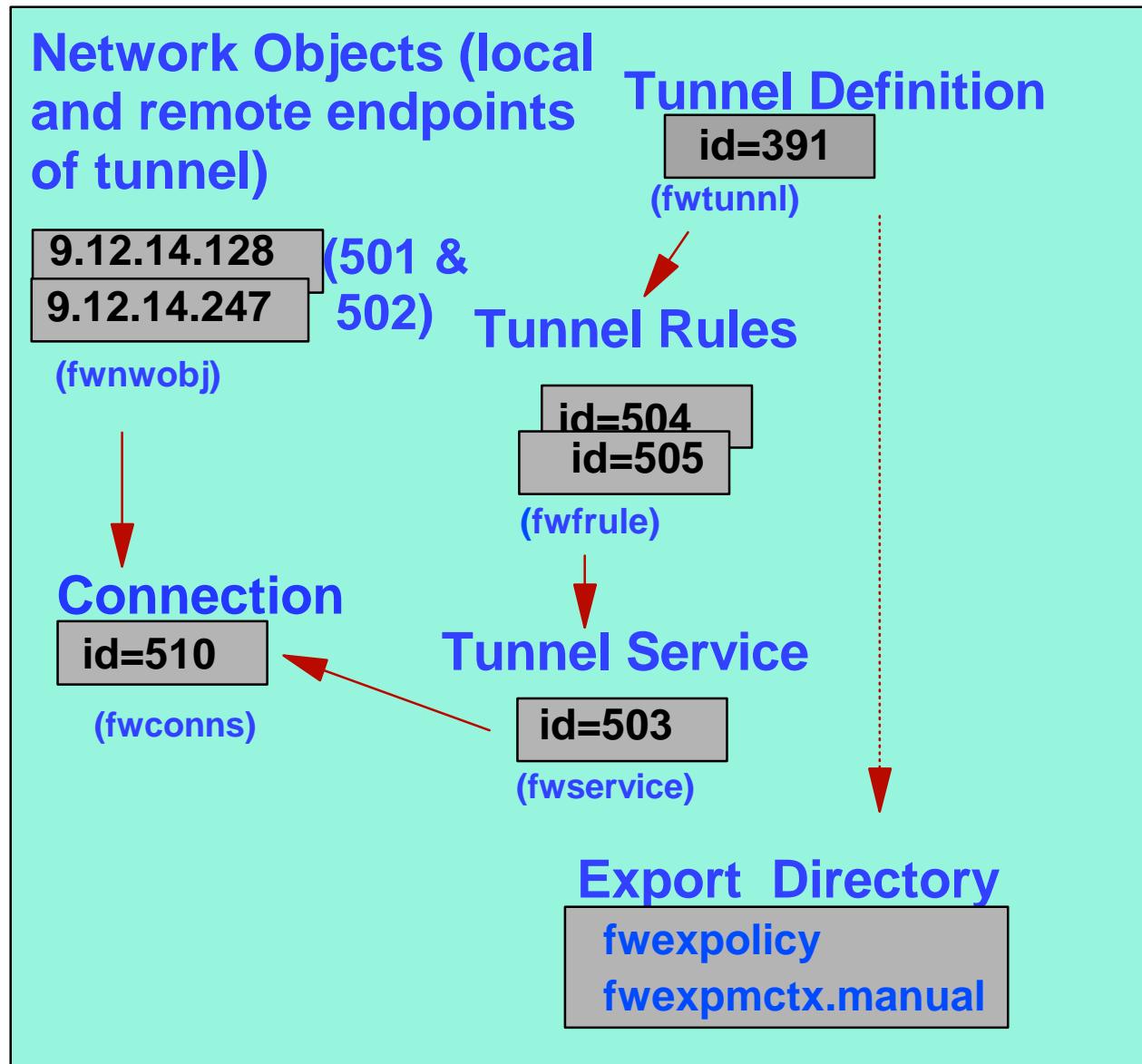


# Tunnel Setup (rule, service & connection)

- Rule (WTSC54, 9.12.14.128)
  - ◆ **fwrule cmd=add type=permit name=tunneltraffic desc="route all traffic" protocol=all srcopcode=any srcport=0 destopcode=any destport=0 interface=nonsecure routing=local direction=both log=no tunnel=391**
  - ◆ **fwrule cmd=add type=permit name=ahtraffic desc="authenticated traffic" protocol=ah srcopcode=any srcport=0 destopcode=any destport=0 interface=nonsecure routing=local direction=both log=yes**
- Service (WTSC54, 9.12.14.128)
  - ◆ **fbservice cmd=create name=alltrafficservice desc="all traffic" rulelist=505/f,505/b,504/f,504/b**
- Connection
  - ◆ **fwconns cmd=create name=alltrafficconnection source=501 destination=502 servicelist=503**

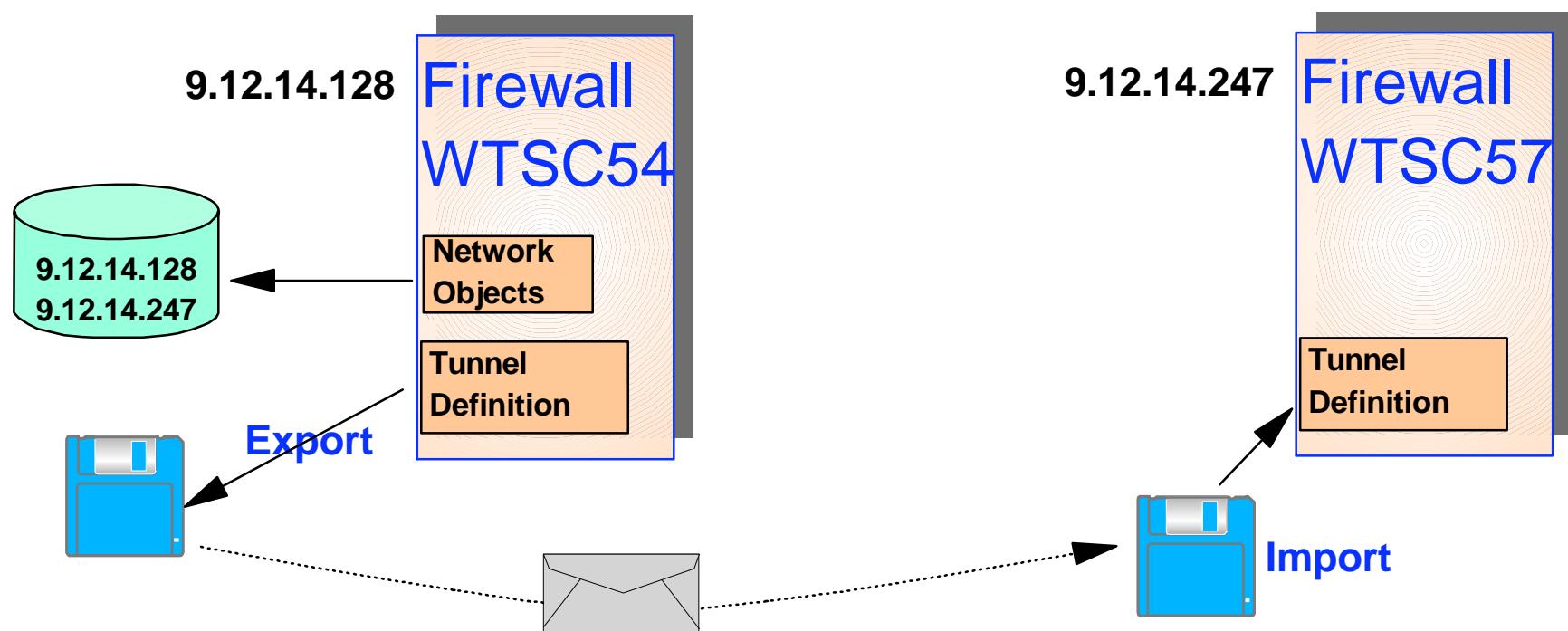
# Tunnel Review

G'Burg Firewall WTSC54 9.12.14.128



# Receive and Import

- Receive files sent from tunnel partner
- After tunnel partner receives the exported files, place them in a directory and import the definitions;
  - ◆ **fwtunnl cmd=import directory=/importdirectoryname tunnel=391**



# Tunnel Setup (Objects, & Rules)

## ■ Network Objects (WTSC57, remote host)

- ▶ **fwnwobj cmd=add name=wtsc57 desc="wtsc57 system"**  
**type=host addr=9.12.14.247 mask=255.255.255.255**
- ▶ **fwnwobj cmd=add name=wtsc54 desc="wtsc54 host"**  
**type=host addr=9.12.14.128 mask=255.255.255.255**

## ■ Filter Rule (WTSC57 9.12.14.247)

- ▶ **fwfrule cmd=add type=permit name=tunneltraffic desc="route all"**  
**protocol=all srcopcode=any srcport=0 destopcode=any**  
**destport=0 interface=nonsecure routing=local direction=both**  
**log=yes tunnel=391**
- ▶ **fwfrule cmd=add type=permit name=vpn desc="authenticated traffic"**  
**protocol=ah srcopcode=any srcport=0 destopcode=any**  
**destport=0 interface=nonsecure routing=local direction=both**

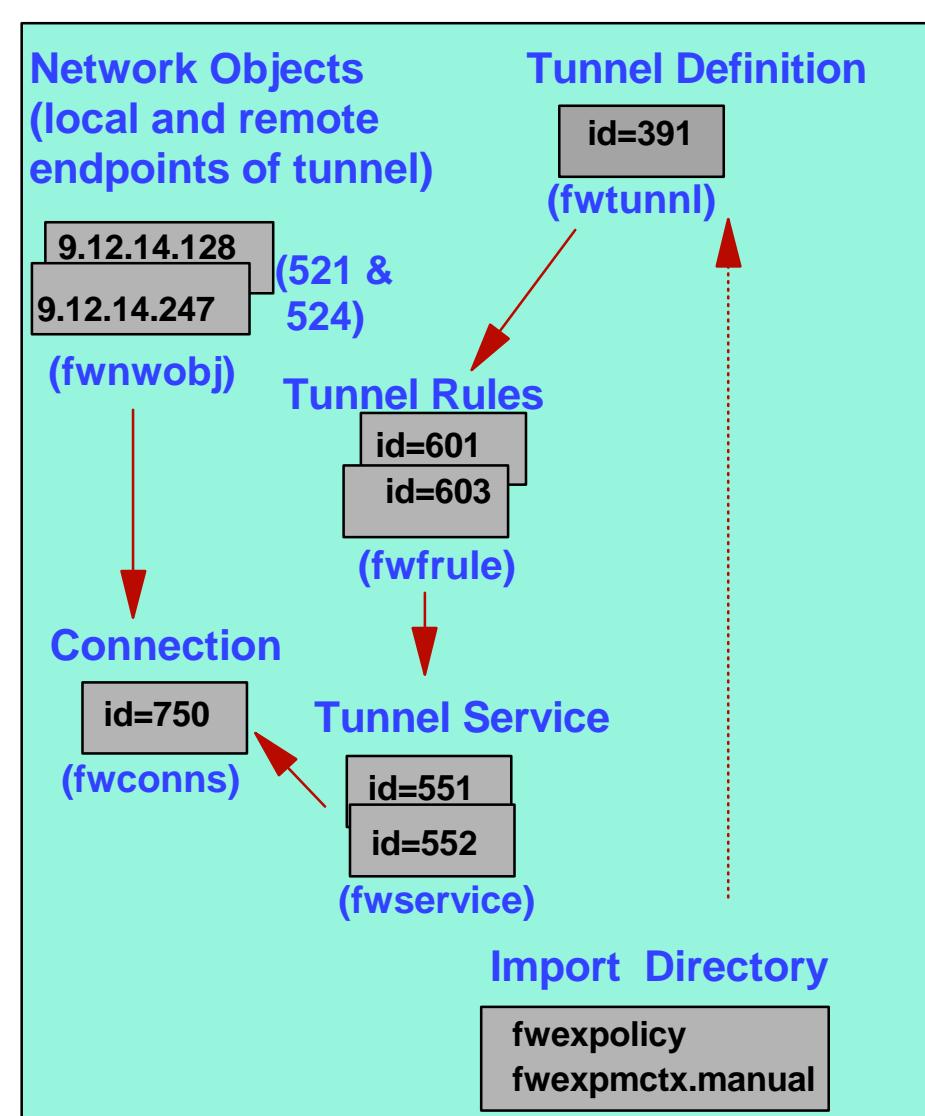
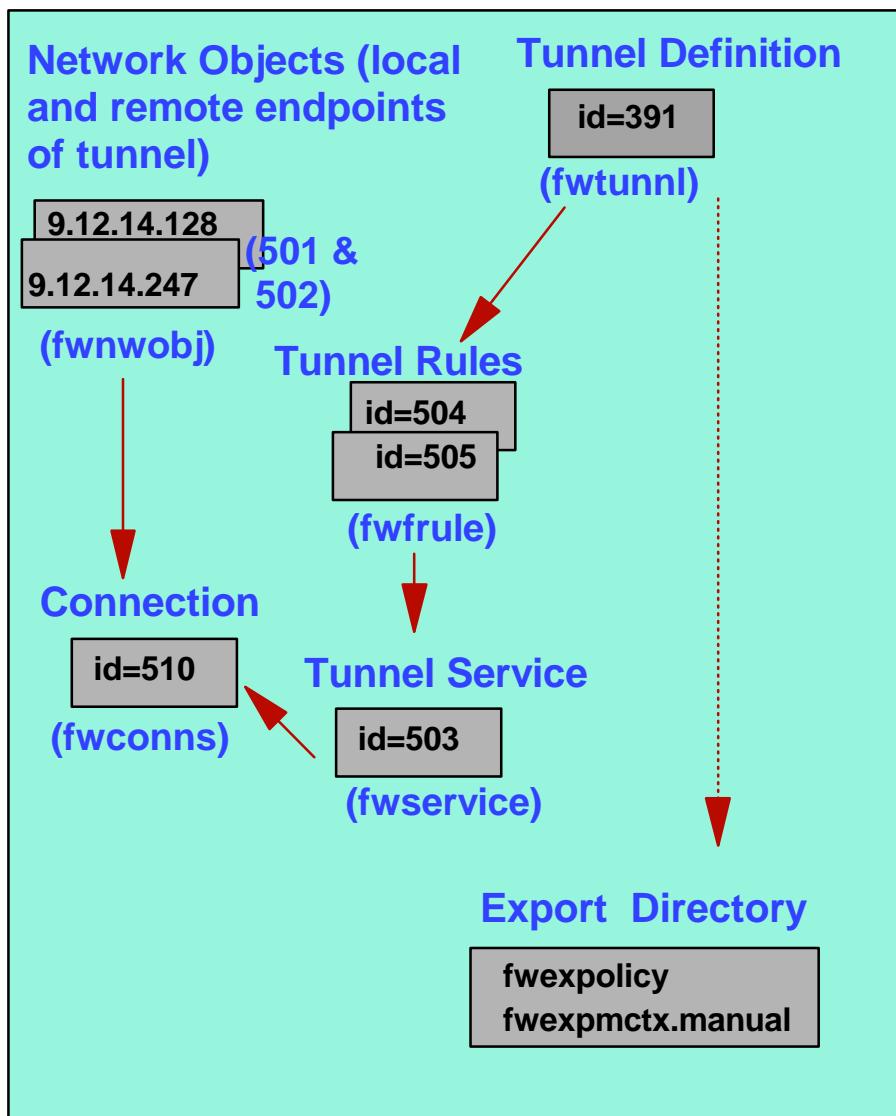
# Tunnel Setup (Service & Connections)

- Service (WTSC57, 9.12.14.247)
  - ▶ **fwservice cmd=create name=alltrafficservice desc="all traffic" rulelist=501/f,501/b**
  - ▶ **fwservice cmd=create name=vpnauth desc="authenticate traffic" rulelist=503/f,503/b**
- Connections
  - ▶ **fwconns cmd=create name=alltrafficconnection desc="connect all traffic" source=521 destination=524 servicelist=551,552**

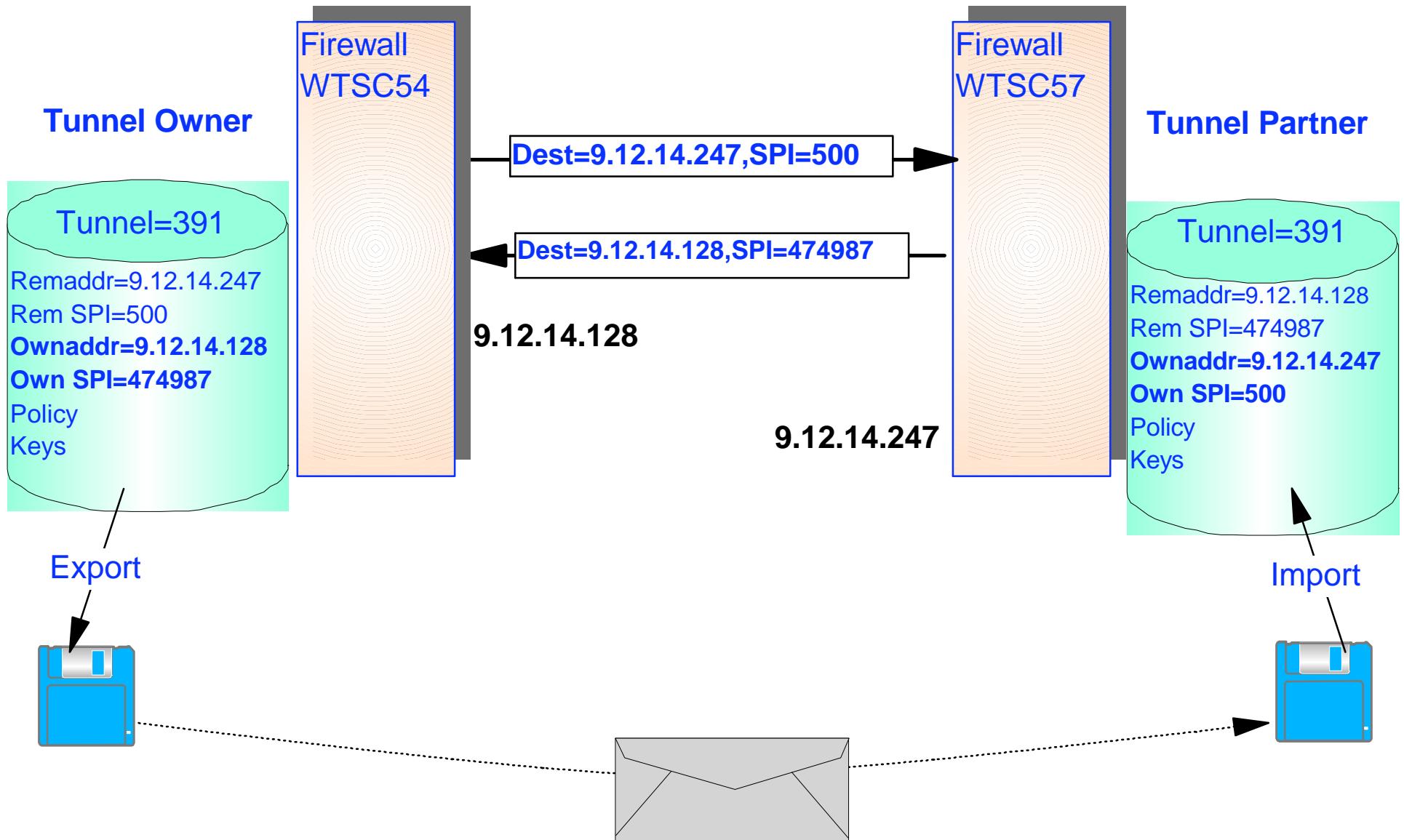
# Tunnel Review

**G'Burg Firewall**    **WTSC54**  
**9.12.14.128**

**N. Y. Firewall**    **WTSC57**  
**9.12.14.247**



# Tunnel Security Association



# Activate Rulelist and Tunnels

---

## ■ **fwfilter cmd=update**

- When both tunnel partners have the correct definitions, activate the tunnel
  - ▶ **fwtunnl cmd=activate tunnel=391**

Tunnel activation enables the code and will be marked active even if the other end is not running or connected