



IBM Worklight

IBM Worklight V5.0.6

Objective-C client-side API for native iOS apps

17 January 2014

Copyright Notice

© Copyright IBM Corp. 2011, 2014

US Government Users Restricted Rights - Use, duplication or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

Trademarks

IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation, registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Worklight is a trademark or registered trademark of Worklight, an IBM Company. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at "[Copyright and trademark information](#)" at www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml.

Other company products or service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

This document may not be reproduced in whole or in part without the prior written permission of IBM.

About IBM®

See <http://www.ibm.com/ibm/us/en/>.

Contents

1	API overview	1
2	API reference	3
2.1	Example Code	3
2.1.1	Example 1: calling a back-end service that does not require authentication.	3
2.1.2	Example 2: calling a back-end service that requires authentication.....	4
2.2	Class WLClient	5
2.2.1	Method wlConnectWithDelegate:	5
2.2.2	Method wlConnectWithDelegate:cookieExtractor:	6
2.2.3	Method invokeProcedure:withDelegate:	7
2.2.4	Method invokeProcedure:withDelegate:options:	8
2.2.5	Method subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource: eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:	9
2.2.6	Method subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource: eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:options:	9
2.2.7	Method unsubscribeAdapter:eventSource:delegate:.....	11
2.2.8	Method isSubscribedToAdapter:eventSource:	11
2.2.9	Method updateDeviceToken:delegate:	12
2.2.10	Method getEventSourceIDFromUserInfo:.....	13
2.2.11	Method logActivity	13
2.2.12	Method registerChallengeHandler	14
2.2.13	Method addGlobalHeader	17
2.2.14	Method removeGlobalHeader.....	18
2.3	Class WLProcedureInvocationData	18
2.3.1	Method initWithAdapter:procedure:	18
2.3.2	Method setParameters.....	19
2.4	Protocol WLDelegate	20
2.4.1	Method onSuccess:	20
2.4.2	Method onFailure:	20
2.5	Class WLResponse	20
2.5.1	Property status	20
2.5.2	Property invocationResult	21
2.5.3	Property invocationContext.....	21
2.5.4	Property responseText.....	21
2.5.5	Method getResponseJson	22
2.6	Class WLFailResponse	22
2.6.1	Property errorMsg	22
2.6.2	Property errorCode	22
2.6.3	Property invocationResult	22
2.6.4	Property invocationContext.....	23
2.6.5	Property responseText.....	23
2.6.6	Method getErrorMessageFromCode	24
2.6.7	Method getErrorMessageFromJSON	24
2.6.8	Method getWLErrorCodeFromJSON.....	24

2.7	Class WLPcedureInvocationResult	24
2.7.1	Method isSuccessful	24
2.7.2	Method procedureInvocationErrors	25
2.7.3	Property response.....	25
2.8	Class WLCookieExtractor	25
2.8.1	Class constructor WLCookieExtractor	25
2.9	Class ChallengeHandler	26
2.9.1	Method isCustomResponse.....	26
2.9.2	Method handleChallenge	26
2.9.3	Method submitSuccess.....	27
2.9.4	Method submitFailure	27
2.9.5	Method submitLoginForm	28
2.9.6	Method submitAdapterAuthentication.....	29
2.9.7	Method onSuccess	30
2.9.8	Method onFailure	30
2.10	Enum WLErrorCode	31
2.11	Class OCLogger	31
2.11.1	Method getInstanceWithPackage	31
2.11.2	Method setLevel.....	32
2.11.3	Method getLevel	33
2.11.4	Method send	33
2.11.5	Method setCapture	33
2.11.6	Method getCapture	34
2.11.7	Method setMaxFileSize.....	34
2.11.8	Method getMaxFileSize	34
2.11.9	Method info	34
2.11.10	Method debug.....	35
2.11.11	Method error	35
2.11.12	Method log.....	36
2.11.13	Method warn	36
2.12	TypeDef OCLogType.....	37
3	Push Notifications	38
3.1	Class WLPush	38
3.1.1	Method setOnReadyToSubscribeListener.....	38
3.1.2	Method registerEventSourceCallback	39
3.1.3	Method tokenFromClient.....	40
3.1.4	Method subscribe.....	40
3.1.5	Method isSubscribed	40
3.1.6	Method isPushSupported.....	41
3.1.7	Method unsubscribe.....	41
3.2	Class WLPushOptions.....	42
3.2.1	Method addSubscriptionParameter	42
3.2.2	Method addSubscriptionParameters	42
3.2.3	Method getSubscriptionParameter	42
3.2.4	Method getSubscriptionParameters	44
3.3	Interface OnReadyToSubscribeListener.....	44
3.3.1	Method onReadyToSubscribe	44

3.4	Receiving notifications	44
3.4.1	Method didReceiveRemoteNotification.....	44
3.5	Getting the token from APNs	44
3.5.1	Method didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken.....	44
Appendix A – Notices		46
Appendix B - Support and comments.....		50

Tables

Table 1-1: IBM Worklight Objective C API for iOS classes, protocols, and files.....	2
Table 2-1: Method wlConnectWithDelegate: parameters.....	6
Table 2-2: Method wlConnectWithDelegate:cookieExtractor: parameters.....	6
Table 2-3: Method invokeProcedure:withDelegate: parameters	7
Table 2-4: Method invokeProcedure:withDelegate:options: parameters	8
Table 2-5: Method subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource: eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:options: parameters.....	10
Table 2-6: Method unsubscribeAdapter:eventSource:delegate: parameters.....	11
Table 2-7: Method isSubscribedToAdapter:eventSource: parameters	12
Table 2-8: Method updateDeviceToken:delegate: parameters	12
Table 2-9: Method getEventSourceIDFromUserInfo: parameters.....	13
Table 2-10: Method logActivity parameters	13
Table 2-11: Method registerChallengeHandler parameters	14
Table 2-12: Method addGlobalHeader parameters	18
Table 2-13: Method removeGlobalHeader parameters.....	18
Table 2-14: Method initWithAdapter:procedure: parameters	19
Table 2-15: Method setParameters parameters.....	19
Table 2-16: Property status parameters	21
Table 2-17: Property invocationResult parameters	21
Table 2-18: Property invocationContext parameters.....	21
Table 2-19: Property responseText parameters.....	21
Table 2-20: Property errorMsg parameters	22
Table 2-21: Property errorCode parameters	22
Table 2-22: Property invocationResult parameters	23
Table 2-23: Property invocationContext parameters.....	23
Table 2-24: Property responseText parameters.....	23
Table 2-25: Property response parameters.....	25
Table 2-26: Class constructor WLCookieExtractor parameters.....	25
Table 2-27: Method isCustomResponse parameters.....	26
Table 2-28: Method handleChallenge parameters	26
Table 2-29: Method submitSuccess parameters.....	27
Table 2-30: Method submitFailure parameters	27
Table 2-31: Method submitLoginForm parameters	28
Table 2-32: Method submitAdapterAuthentication parameters.....	29
Table 2-33: Method onSuccess parameters	30
Table 2-34: Method onFailure parameters	30
Table 2-36: Method getInstanceWithPackage parameters	31
Table 2-37: Method setLevel parameters.....	32
Table 2-38: Method setCapture parameters	33
Table 2-39: Method setMaxFileSize parameters.....	34
Table 2-40: Method info parameters	35
Table 2-41: Method debug parameters	35
Table 2-42: Method error parameters	36
Table 2-43: Method log parameters	36

Table 2-44: Method warn parameters	36
Table 3-1: Method setOnReadyToSubscribeListener parameters	39
Table 3-2: Method registerEventSourceCallback parameters	39
Table 3-3: Method subscribe parameters.....	40
Table 3-4: Method isSubscribed parameters	41
Table 3-5: Method unsubscribe parameters.....	41
Table 3-6: Method addSubscriptionParameter parameters	42
Table 3-7: Method addSubscriptionParameters parameters	42
Table 3-8: Method getSubscriptionParameter parameters	43

About this document

This document is intended for iPhone and iPad developers who want to access IBM® Worklight® services from native iOS applications written in Objective-C. The document guides you through the classes and methods available.

1 API overview

The IBM Worklight Objective-C client-side API for native iOS apps exposes four main capabilities:

- Calling back-end services to retrieve data and perform back-end transactions.
- Writing custom log lines for reporting and auditing purposes.
- Writing custom Challenge Handlers to create user authentication.
- Subscribing and unsubscribing to push notifications.

Type	Name	Description	Implemented By
File	<code>worklight.plist</code>	Property list file that contains the necessary information to initialize <code>WLClient</code> .	Application developer
Class	<code>WLClient</code>	Singleton class that exposes methods to communicate with the Worklight Server, in particular <code>invokeProcedure</code> for calling a back-end service and push notification subscription services.	IBM
Class	<code>WLProcedureInvocationData</code>	Class that contains all the necessary data to call a procedure.	IBM
Protocol	<code>WLDelegate</code>	Protocol that defines methods that a delegate for the <code>WLClient</code> <code>invokeProcedure</code> method implements to receive notifications about the success or failure of the method call.	Application developer
Class	<code>WLResponse</code>	Class that contains the result of a procedure call.	IBM
Class	<code>WLFailResponse</code>	Class that is derived from <code>WLResponse</code> and contains the status in <code>WLResponse</code> , error codes, and messages. This class also contains the original response <code>DataObject</code> from the server.	IBM
Class	<code>WLProcedureInvocationResult</code>	Class that contains the result of calling a back-end service, including statuses and data items that the adapter function retrieves from the server.	IBM
Class	<code>WLCookieExtractor</code>	Class constructor that you use to share cookies between the web code and native code in the application.	IBM

Type	Name	Description	Implemented By
Class	WLPush	Class that exposes methods to subscribe and unsubscribe to push notifications.	IBM
Class	WLPushOptions	Class that contains the subscription parameters.	IBM
Class	ChallengeHandler	Base class that must be overridden to define custom challenge handling for user custom authentication.	Application developer

Table 1-1: IBM Worklight Objective C API for iOS classes, protocols, and files

2 API reference

2.1 Example Code

The following code samples show how to use the IBM Worklight Objective-C client-side API. All API classes, methods, and enums are described after these examples.

2.1.1 Example 1: calling a back-end service that does not require authentication

MyClass.m

```
-(void) someMethod{
    ...
    WLDelegate *connectDelegate = [MyConnectDelegate new];
    [[WLClient sharedInstance]
    wlConnectWithDelegate:connectDelegate];
}
```

MyConnectDelegate.m <WLDelegate>

```
/**
 * called if connectDelegate succeeded
 */
-(void) onSuccess(WLResponse *)response {
    // initialize a procedureInvocationData object
    WLProcedureInvocationData *invocationData =
        [[WLProcedureInvocationData alloc]
        initWithAdapter:@"demoAdapter"
        procedure:@"getDemoAccount"];
    [invocationData setParameters:
        [NSArray arrayWithObjects:@"123-456-789", @"california",
        nil]];

    // invoke the procedure
    WLDelegate *invokeProcedureDelegate =
        [MyInvokeProcedureDelegate new];
    [[WLClient sharedInstance] invokeProcedure:invocationData
    withDelegate:invokeProcedureDelegate];
}
```

```
}
```

MyInvokeProcedureDelegate <WLDelegate>

```
/**
 * called if invokeProcedure succeeded
 */
-(void)onSuccess:(WLResponse *)response{
    // status
    NSLog(@"Response status is %@", [response status]);

    // print the response data
    NSLog(@"Invocation response success status: %d. Invocation
result data is %@",
        [[response invocationResult] isSuccessful],
        [[response invocationResult] getResponse]);
}

/**
 * called if invokeProcedure failed
 */
-(void)onFailure:(WLFailResponse *)failResponse{
    // status
    NSLog(@"Response status is %@". Error code %@ (%@)., [response
status],
        failResponse errorCode],
        [failResponse errorMsg]);
}
```

2.1.2 Example 2: calling a back-end service that requires authentication

```
-(void) someMethod{
    ...

    [[WLClient sharedInstance]
        wlConnectWithDelegate:connectDelegate];
}
```

```
/**
 * called if invokeProcedure succeeded
 */
-(void)onSuccess:(WLResponse *)response{
    // status
    NSLog(@"Response status is %@", [response status]);

    // print the response data
    NSLog(@"Invocation response success status: %d. Invocation result
        data is %@",
        [[response invocationResult] isSuccessfull],
        [[response invocationResult] getResponse]);
}

/**
 * called if invokeProcedure failed
 */
-(void)onFailure:(WLFailResponse *)failResponse{
    // status
    NSLog(@"Response status is %@. Error code %@ (%@)., [response
        status], [failResponse errorCode], [failResponse errorMsg]);
}
```

2.2 Class WLClient

This singleton class exposes methods that you use to communicate with the Worklight Server.

2.2.1 Method wlConnectWithDelegate:

Syntax

```
-(void)wlConnectWithDelegate:(WLDelegate *)delegate;
```

Description

This method uses the connection properties and the application ID from the `worklight.plist` file to initialize communication with the Worklight Server. The server checks the validity of the application version.

Note: This method must be called before any other `WLClient` method that calls the server, such as `logActivity` and `invokeProcedure`.

If the server returns a successful response, the `onSuccess` method is called. If an error occurs, the `onFailure` method is called.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>delegate</code>	<code>WLDelegate</code>	A class that conforms to the <code>WLDelegate</code> protocol.

Table 2-1: Method `wlConnectWithDelegate:` parameters

2.2.2 Method `wlConnectWithDelegate:cookieExtractor:`

Syntax

```
-(void) wlConnectWithDelegate:(id <WLDelegate>)delegate
      cookieExtractor:(WLCookieExtractor *) cookieExtractor;
```

Description

This method uses the connection properties and the application ID from the `worklight.plist` file to initialize communication with the Worklight Server. The server checks the validity of the application version.

Note: This method must be called before any other `WLClient` method that calls the server such as `logActivity` and `invokeProcedure`.

If the server returns a successful response, the `onSuccess` method is called. If an error occurs, the `onFailure` method is called.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>delegate</code>	<code>WLDelegate</code>	A class that conforms to the <code>WLDelegate</code> protocol.
<code>cookieExtractor</code>	<code>WLCookieExtractor</code>	Optional. It can be <code>nil</code> . This parameter is used to share the cookies between the native code and the web code in the application.

Table 2-2: Method `wlConnectWithDelegate:cookieExtractor:` parameters

Example

```

-(void) someMethod{
    ...
    WLDelegate *connectDelegate = [MyConnectDelegate new];
    [[WLClient sharedInstance] wlConnectWithDelegate:connectDelegate
        cookieExtractor:[WLCookieExtractor new]];
}

```

2.2.3 Method `invokeProcedure:withDelegate:`

Syntax

```

-(void)invokeProcedure:(WLProcedureInvocationData
    *)procedureInvocationData
withDelegate:(id <WLDelegate>)delegate;

```

Description

This method calls an adapter procedure. This method is asynchronous. The response is returned to the callback functions of the provided delegate.

If the call succeeds, `onSuccess` is called. If it fails, `onFailure` is called.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>procedureInvocationData</code>	<code>WLProcedureInvocationData</code>	The invocation data for the procedure call.
<code>delegate</code>	<code>WLDelegate</code>	The delegate object that is used for the <code>onSuccess</code> and <code>onFailure</code> callback methods.

Table 2-3: Method `invokeProcedure:withDelegate:` parameters

2.2.4 Method `invokeProcedure:withDelegate:options:`

Syntax

```
-(void)invokeProcedure:(WLProcedureInvocationData
    *)procedureInvocationData    withDelegate:(id
    <WLDelegate>)delegate    options:(NSDictionary *) options;
```

Description

This method is similar to `invokeProcedure:options`, with an additional `options` parameter to provide more data for this procedure call.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>options</code>	<code>NSDictionary</code>	<p>A map with the following keys and values:</p> <p><code>timeout</code> – <code>NSNumber</code>:</p> <p>The time, in milliseconds, for this <code>invokeProcedure</code> to wait before the request fails with <code>WLErrorCodeRequestTimeout</code>. The default timeout is 10 seconds. To disable the timeout, set this parameter to 0.</p> <p><code>invocationContext</code>:</p> <p>An object that is returned with <code>WLResponse</code> to the delegate methods. You can use this object to distinguish different <code>invokeProcedure</code> calls.</p>

Table 2-4: Method `invokeProcedure:withDelegate:options:` parameters

Example

```

NSNumber *invocationContextCounter = [NSNumber numberWithInt:1];
NSNumber *timeout = [NSNumber numberWithInt:3000];
NSDictionary *options = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObjectsAndKeys:
    invocationContextCounter, @"invocationContext", timeout,
    @"timeout", nil];

```

2.2.5 Method subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource: eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:

Syntax

```

-(void) subscribeWithToken:(NSData *)deviceToken adapter:(NSString *)adapter eventSource: (NSString *)eventSource eventSourceID: (int)id notificationType:(UIRemoteNotificationType) types delegate:(id <WLDelegate>)delegate

```

Description

Calling this method is the same as calling the method [subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource:eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:options:](#) with the option `nil`.

2.2.6 Method subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource: eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:options:

Syntax

```

-(void) subscribeWithToken:(NSData *)deviceToken adapter:(NSString *)adapter eventSource: (NSString *)eventSource eventSourceID: (int)id notificationType:(UIRemoteNotificationType) types delegate:(id <WLDelegate>)delegate options: (NSDictionary *)options

```

Description

This method subscribes the application to receive push notifications from the specified event source and adapter.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
<code>deviceToken</code>	NSData	The token received from the method <code>application:didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken:</code> . Save the device token in case <code>unsubscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource:delegate:</code> is called.
<code>adapter</code>	NSString	The name of the adapter.
<code>eventSource</code>	NSString	The name of the event source.
<code>eventSourceID</code>	int	An ID that you assign to the event source that is returned by the Worklight Server with each notification from this event source. You can use the ID in your notification callback function to identify the notification event source. The ID is passed on the notification payload. To save space in the notification payload, pass a short integer, otherwise it is used to pass the adapter and event source names.
<code>notificationType</code>	UIRemoteNotificationType	Constants that indicate the types of notifications that the application accepts. For more information, see the Apple documentation .
<code>delegate</code>	id <WLDelegate>	A standard IBM Worklight delegate with <code>onSuccess</code> and <code>onFailure</code> methods to indicate success or failure of the subscription to the Worklight Server.
<code>options</code>	NSDictionary	Optional. This parameter contains data that is passed to the Worklight Server, which is used by the adapter.

Table 2-5: Method `subscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource:eventSourceID:notificationTypes:delegate:options:` parameters

2.2.7 Method unsubscribeAdapter:eventSource:delegate:

Syntax

```

-(void) unsubscribeAdapter:(NSString *)adapter
    eventSource:(NSString *)eventSource delegate: (id
    <WLDelegate>)delegate

```

Description

This method unsubscribes to notifications from the specified event source in the specified adapter.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>adapter</code>	NSString	The name of the adapter.
<code>eventSource</code>	NSString	The name of the event source.
<code>delegate</code>	id <WLDelegate>	A standard IBM Worklight delegate with the <code>onSuccess</code> and <code>onFailure</code> methods to indicate success or failure of the unsubscription to the Worklight Server.

Table 2-6: Method unsubscribeAdapter:eventSource:delegate: parameters

2.2.8 Method isSubscribedToAdapter:eventSource:

Syntax

```

-(BOOL) isSubscribedToAdapter:(NSString *)adapter
    eventSource:(NSString *)eventSource;

```

Description

This method returns **true** if the current logged-in user on the current device is already subscribed to the adapter and event source. The method checks the information received from the server in the success response for the login request. If the information that is sent from the server is not received, or if there is no subscription, this method returns **false**.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>adapter</code>	NSString	The name of the adapter.
<code>eventSource</code>	NSString	The name of the event source.

Table 2-7: Method `isSubscribedToAdapter:eventSource:` parameters2.2.9 Method `updateDeviceToken:delegate:`

Syntax

```
-(void) updateDeviceToken:(NSData *)deviceToken delegate:(id
    <WLDelegate>)delegate;
```

Description

This method compares the device token to the one registered in the Worklight Server with the current logged-in user and current device. If the device token is different, the method sends the updated token to the server.

The registered device token from the server is received in the success response for the login request. It is available without the need for an additional server call to retrieve. If a registered device token from the server is not available in the application, this method sends an update to the server with the device token.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>deviceToken</code>	<code>NSData</code>	The token received from the method <code>application:didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken</code> . Save the device token in case <code>unsubscribeWithToken:adapter:eventSource:delegate</code> is called.
<code>delegate</code>	<code>id <WLDelegate></code>	A standard IBM Worklight delegate with <code>onSuccess</code> and <code>onFailure</code> methods to indicate successful or failure of the device token update with the Worklight Server.

Table 2-8: Method `updateDeviceToken:delegate:` parameters

2.2.10 Method `getSourceIDFromUserInfo`:

Syntax

```
-(int)getSourceIDFromUserInfo: (NSDictionary *)userInfo
```

Description

This method returns the `eventSourceID` that the Worklight Server sends in the push notification.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>userInfo</code>	<code>NSDictionary*</code>	The <code>NSDictionary</code> received in the <code>application:didReceiveRemoteNotification</code> method.

Table 2-9: Method `getSourceIDFromUserInfo`: parameters

2.2.11 Method `logActivity`

Syntax

```
-(void)logActivity:(NSString *)activityType;
```

Description

This method reports a user activity for auditing or reporting purposes. The activity is stored in the application statistics tables (the `GADGET_STAT_N` tables).

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>activityType</code>	<code>NSString</code>	A string that identifies the activity.

Table 2-10: Method `logActivity` parameters

2.2.12 Method registerChallengeHandler

Syntax

```
-(void) registerChallengeHandler:(BaseChallengerHandler *)
    challengeHandler;
```

Description

You can use this method to register a custom Challenge Handler, which is a class that inherits from `ChallengeHandler`. See [example 1: Adding a custom Challenge Handler](#).

You can also use this method to override the default Remote Disable / Notify Challenge Handler, by registering a class that inherits from `WLChallengeHandler`. See [example 2: Customizing the Remote Disable / Notify](#).

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>challengeHandler</code>	<code>BaseChallengeHandler</code>	The Challenge Handler to register.

Table 2-11: Method `registerChallengeHandler` parameters

Example 1: Adding a custom Challenge Handler

To add a custom Challenge Handler, you must create it, then register it on the start point of the application.

```
FormChallengeHandler *formChallengeHandler = [[FormChallengeHandler
alloc] initWithRealm:@"myCustomRealm"];
[[WLClient sharedInstance]
registerChallengeHandler:formChallengeHandler];

//
// FormChallengeHandler.m

#import "FormChallengeHandler.h"

@implementation FormChallengeHandler

-(void) handleChallenge: (WLResponse *)response {
    NSLog(@"FormChallengeHandler :: handleChallenge");
    // Here you can show login form for example

    // Here is code snippet to handle post submit of the login form:
    NSString *username = @"username";
    NSString *password = @"password";

    NSDictionary *headers = [NSDictionary
dictionaryWithObjectsAndKeys:@"aaa", @"customHeader1", @"bbb", @"customHeader2",
nil];
    NSDictionary *params = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObjectsAndKeys:username,
@"j_username", password, @"j_password", nil];

    // User can use the the api submitLoginForm or his custom function.
    [self submitLoginForm:@"j_security_check" requestParameters:params
requestHeaders:headers requestTimeoutInMilliseconds:30000
requestMethod:@"POST"];
}

//Failure delegate for submitLoginForm
-(void) onFailure:(WLFailResponse *)response {
```



```

    [self submitFailure:response];
    NSLog(@"FormChallengeHandler :: onFailureWithResponse");
}

//Success delegate for submitLoginForm
-(void)onSuccess:(WLResponse *)response{
    [self submitSuccess:response];
    NSLog(@"FormChallengeHandler :: onSuccessWithResponse");
}

-(BOOL) isCustomResponse:(WLResponse *) response {
    NSRange authRange = [response.responseText rangeOfString:@"my unique
    identifier in the response"];
    if (authRange.length > 0) {
        NSLog(@"FormChallengeHandler :: isCustomResponse");
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
@end

```

Example 2: Customizing the Remote Disable / Notify

To customize the Remote Disable / Notify, you must create an instance of type `WLChallengeHandler`, and then register it in the start point of the application with the specific realm name `wl_remoteDisableRealm`.

```

// Register on application start point
[[WLClient sharedInstance]
registerChallengeHandler:[CustomRemoteChallengeHandler alloc]
initWithRealm:@"wl_remoteDisableRealm"];

//
// CustomRemoteChallengeHandler.m

#import "CustomRemoteChallengeHandler.h"

@implementation CustomRemoteChallengeHandler
-(void) handleFailure: (NSDictionary *)failure {
    // here you get the remote disable data

```

```

//message
NSString * msg = [failure valueForKey:@"message"];
//downloadLink to market
NSString * downloadLink = [failure valueForKey:@"downloadLink"];

// show your block message and exit application
...
}

//Notifying an application
-(void) handleChallenge: (NSDictionary *)challenge{
    // here you get the notification data
    NSString * msg = [challenge valueForKey:@"message"];
    NSString * msgId = [failure valueForKey:@"messageId"];

    //Needs to call setMessageId
    [self setMessageId:msgId]

    // show your message
    ...
    //In the end call to submitAnswer
    [self submitAnswer]
}

@end

```

2.2.13 Method addGlobalHeader

Syntax

```

-(void) addGlobalHeader: (NSString *) headerName
    headerValue:(NSString *)value;

```

Description

You use this method to add a global header, which is sent on each request.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
<code>headerName</code>	NSString	The header name/key.
<code>headerValue</code>	NSString	The header value.

Table 2-12: Method `addGlobalHeader` parameters

2.2.14 Method `removeGlobalHeader`

Syntax

```
-(void) removeGlobalHeader: (NSString *) headerName;
```

Description

You use this method to remove a global header, which is no longer sent with each request.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>headerName</code>	NSString	The header name to be removed.

Table 2-13: Method `removeGlobalHeader` parameters

2.3 Class `WLProcedureInvocationData`

This class contains all necessary data to call a procedure, including:

- The name of the adapter and procedure to call.
- The parameters that the procedure requires.

2.3.1 Method `initWithAdapter:procedure:`

Syntax

```
-(id) initWithAdapter: (NSString *) adapter procedure: (NSString *) procedure
```

Description

This method initializes with the adapter name and the procedure name.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
adapter	NSString	The name of the adapter.
procedure	NSString	The name of the adapter procedure.

Table 2-14: Method `initWithAdapter:procedure:` parameters

2.3.2 Method `setParameters`

Syntax

```
-(void)setParameters:(NSArray *) parameters;
```

Description

This method sets the procedure parameters.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
parameters	NSArray	The Array contains Objects that can be parsed with JSON, such as <code>NSString</code> and <code>NSNumber</code> . For Boolean values, use <code>[NSNumber numberWithInt:]</code>

Table 2-15: Method `setParameters` parameters

Example

```
NSArray *params = [NSArray arrayWithObjects:@"string",
    [NSNumber numberWithInt:7],
    [NSNumber numberWithFloat:65.878],
    [NSNumber numberWithBool: YES]];
```

2.4 Protocol WLDelegate

Description

This protocol defines methods that a delegate for the `WLClient` `invokeProcedure/wlConnectWithDelegate` method implements to receive notifications about the success or failure of the method call.

2.4.1 Method `onSuccess`:

Syntax

```
-(void)onSuccess:(WLResponse *)response;
```

Description

This method is called after a successful call to the `WLClient` `invokeProcedure` method. `WLResponse` contains the results from the server, along with any context object and status.

2.4.2 Method `onFailure`:

Syntax

```
-(void)onFailure:(WLFailResponse *)response;
```

Description

This method is called if any failure occurred during the execution of the `WLClient` `invokeProcedure`. The `WLFailResponse` instance contains the error code and error message. Optionally, it can also contain the results from the server and any context object and status.

2.5 Class `WLResponse`

This class contains the result of a procedure call. IBM Worklight passes this class as an argument to the delegate methods of `WLClient` `invokeProcedure`.

2.5.1 Property `status`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
status	NSString	This property retrieves the HTTP status from the response.

Table 2-16: Property status parameters

2.5.2 Property invocationResult

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
invocationResult	WLProcedureInvocationResult	This property is the response data from the server.

Table 2-17: Property invocationResult parameters

2.5.3 Property invocationContext

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
invocationContext	NSObject	This property is the context object that is passed when the <code>invokeProcedure</code> method is called.

Table 2-18: Property invocationContext parameters

2.5.4 Property responseText

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
responseText	NSString	This property is the original response text from the server.

Table 2-19: Property responseText parameters

2.5.5 Method `getResponseJson`

Syntax

```
-(NSDictionary *)getResponseJson;
```

Description

This method returns the value `NSDictionary` in case the response is a JSON response, otherwise it returns the value `nil`. `NSDictionary` represents the root of the JSON object.

2.6 Class `WLFailResponse`

This class is derived from `WLResponse` and contains the status in `WLResponse`, error codes, and messages. It also contains the original response `DataObject` from the server.

2.6.1 Property `errorMsg`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>errorMsg</code>	<code>NSString</code>	This property is the error message for the developer, which is not necessarily suitable for the user.

Table 2-20: Property `errorMsg` parameters

2.6.2 Property `errorCode`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>errorCode</code>	<code>WLErrorCode</code>	This property is the error code. The <code>WLErrorCode</code> section contains a description of possible error codes.

Table 2-21: Property `errorCode` parameters

2.6.3 Property `invocationResult`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
<code>invocationResult</code>	NSObject	This property represents the call results from the server. It can contain a different object for each callback of <code>WLClient</code> , as described in the tables of the <code>WLResponse</code> class.

Table 2-22: Property `invocationResult` parameters

2.6.4 Property `invocationContext`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>invocationContext</code>	NSObject	This property is the context object that is passed when the <code>invokeProcedure</code> method is called.

Table 2-23: Property `invocationContext` parameters

2.6.5 Property `responseText`

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>responseText</code>	NSString	This property is the message, which is the original response text from the server.

Table 2-24: Property `responseText` parameters

2.6.6 Method `getErrorMessageFromCode`

Syntax

```
+(NSString *) getErrorMessageFromCode: (WLErrorCode) code;
```

Description

This method returns a string message from a `WLErrorCode`.

2.6.7 Method `getErrorMessageFromJSON`

Syntax

```
+(NSString *) getErrorMessageFromJSON: (NSDictionary *)  
    jsonResponse;
```

Description

This method returns an error message from the JSON response.

2.6.8 Method `getWLErrorCodeFromJSON`

Syntax

```
+(WLErrorCode) getWLErrorCodeFromJSON: (NSDictionary *)  
    jsonResponse;
```

Description

This method returns the `WLErrorCode` from the JSON response.

2.7 Class `WLProcedureInvocationResult`

This class contains the result of calling a back-end service, including statuses and data items that the adapter function retrieves from the server.

2.7.1 Method `isSuccessful`

Syntax

```
-(BOOL)isSuccessful;
```

Description

This method returns `YES` if the call was successful, and `NO` otherwise.

2.7.2 Method procedureInvocationErrors

Syntax

```
-(NSArray *) procedureInvocationErrors;
```

Description

This method returns an `NSArray` of applicative error messages that the server collects during the procedure call.

2.7.3 Property response

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>response</code>	<code>NSDictionary</code>	This property is an <code>NSDictionary</code> , which represents the JSON response that the Worklight Server returns.

Table 2-25: Property response parameters

2.8 Class WLCookieExtractor

This class provides access to external cookies that `WLClient` can use when it issues requests to the Worklight Server. You use this class to share session cookies between a web view and a natively implemented page.

This class has no API methods. An object of this class must be passed as a parameter to `wlConnectWithDelegate:cookieExtractor`.

2.8.1 Class constructor WLCookieExtractor

Syntax

```
public WLCookieExtractor(Application app)
```

Parameters

Type	Name	Description
<code>Application</code>	<code>app</code>	An Android application instance.

Table 2-26: Class constructor `WLCookieExtractor` parameters

2.9 Class ChallengeHandler

You use this base class to create custom Challenge Handlers. You must extend this class to implement your own Challenge Handler logics. You use this class to create custom user authentication.

2.9.1 Method isCustomResponse

Syntax

```
-(BOOL)_isCustomResponse:(WLResponse *)response;
```

Description

This method must be overridden by extending the ChallengeHandler class. In most cases, you call this method to test whether there is a custom challenge to be handled in the response. Default Challenge Handlers might handle some responses. If this method returns YES, the Worklight SDK calls the handleChallenge method.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The WLResponse to be tested

Table 2-27: Method isCustomResponse parameters

2.9.2 Method handleChallenge

Syntax

```
-(void) handleChallenge:(WLResponse *)response;
```

Description

The Worklight SDK must call this method whenever isCustomResponse returns a YES value. You must implement this method. This method must handle the challenge, for example to show the login screen.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The WLResponse to be handled.

Table 2-28: Method handleChallenge parameters

2.9.3 Method submitSuccess

Syntax

```
-(void) submitSuccess:(WLResponse *) response;
```

Description

You must call this method when the challenge is answered successfully, for example after the user successfully submits the login form. Then, this method sends the original request.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The received WLResponse.

Table 2-29: Method submitSuccess parameters

2.9.4 Method submitFailure

Syntax

```
-(void) submitFailure:(WLResponse *) response;
```

Description

You must call this method whenever the challenge is answered with an error. This method is inherited from BaseChallengeHandler.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The received WLResponse.

Table 2-30: Method submitFailure parameters

2.9.5 Method submitLoginForm

Syntax

```

-(void) submitLoginForm:
    (NSString *)requestUrl
    requestParameters:(NSDictionary *) parameters
    requestHeaders:(NSDictionary *) headers
    requestTimeoutInMilliseconds:(int) timeout
    requestMethod:(NSString *) method;

```

Description

You use this method to send collected credentials to a specific URL. You can also specify request parameters, headers, and timeout.

The success/failure delegate for this method is the instance itself, which is why you must override the `onSuccess` / `onFailure` methods.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>requestUrl</code>	NSString	Absolute URL if the user sends an absolute url that starts with <code>http://</code> or <code>https://</code> . Otherwise, URL relative to the Worklight Server
<code>parameters</code>	NSDictionary	The request parameters
<code>headers</code>	NSDictionary	The request headers
<code>timeout</code>	int	To supply custom timeout, use a number over 0. If the number is under 0, the Worklight SDK uses the default timeout, which is 10,000 milliseconds.
<code>method</code>	NSString	The HTTP method that you must use. Acceptable values are <code>GET</code> , <code>POST</code> . The default value is <code>POST</code> .

Table 2-31: Method `submitLoginForm` parameters

2.9.6 Method submitAdapterAuthentication

Syntax

```
-(void) submitAdapterAuthentication: (WLProcedureInvocationData *)
    wlInvocationData: options:(NSDictionary *)requestOptions;
```

Description

You use this method to invoke a procedure from the Challenge Handler.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>wlInvocationData</code>	<code>WLProcedureInvocationData</code>	The invocation data, for example the name of the procedure, or the name of the method.
<code>requestOptions</code>	<code>NSDictionary</code>	<p>A map with the following keys and values:</p> <p><code>timeout</code> – <code>NSNumber</code>:</p> <p>The time, in milliseconds, for this <code>invokeProcedure</code> to wait before the request fails with <code>WLErrorCodeRequestTimeout</code>. The default timeout is 10,000 milliseconds. To disable the timeout, set this parameter to 0.</p> <p><code>invocationContext</code>:</p> <p>An object that is returned with <code>WLResponse</code> to the delegate methods. You can use this object to distinguish different <code>invokeProcedure</code> calls.</p>

Table 2-32: Method `submitAdapterAuthentication` parameters

2.9.7 Method onSuccess

Syntax

```
-(void) onSuccess:(WLResponse *)response;
```

Description

This method is the success delegate for `submitLoginForm` or `submitAdapterAuthentication`.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The received response.

Table 2-33: Method onSuccess parameters

2.9.8 Method onFailure

Syntax

```
-(BOOL) isCustomResponse:(WLFailResponse *)response;
```

Description

This method is the failure delegate for `submitLoginForm` or `submitAdapterAuthentication`.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
response	WLResponse	The received fail response.

Table 2-34: Method onFailure parameters

2.10 Enum WLErrorCode

Definition

```
typedef NSUInteger WLErrorCode;
enum {
    WLErrorCodeUnexpectedError,
    WLErrorCodeUnresponsiveHost,
    WLErrorCodeRequestTimeout,
    WLErrorCodeProcedureError,
    WLErrorCodeApplicationVersionDenied};
```

Description

The following list shows the various error codes that you can find and their description:

- UNEXPECTED_ERROR: unexpected error
- REQUEST_TIMEOUT: request timed out
- UNRESPONSIVE_HOST: service currently unavailable
- PROCEDURE_ERROR: procedure invocation error
- APP_VERSION_ACCESS_DENIAL: application version denied

2.11 Class OCLogger

2.11.1 Method getInstanceWithPackage

Syntax

```
+(OCLogger*) getInstanceWithPackage: (NSString*)
package;
```

Description

This method gets or creates an instance of this logger. If an instance already exists for the package parameter, that instance is returned.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
package	NSString	The package or tag that must be printed with log messages. The value is passed through to NSLog and recorded when log capture is enabled.

Table 2-35: Method getInstanceWithPackage parameters

2.11.2 Method `setLevel`

Syntax

```
+(void) setLevel: (OCLogType) level;
```

Description

This method sets the level from which log messages must be saved and printed. For example, passing `OCLogger_INFO` logs `INFO`, `WARN`, and `ERROR`.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>level</code>	<code>OCLogType</code>	The valid values of this input parameter are <code>OCLogger_DEBUG</code> , <code>OCLogger_ERROR</code> , <code>OCLogger_INFO</code> , <code>OCLogger_LOG</code> , and <code>OCLogger_WARN</code> .

Table 2-36: Method `setLevel` parameters

2.11.3 Method `getLevel`

Syntax

```
+(OCLogType) getLevel;
```

Description

This method gets the current `OCLogger_LEVEL` and returns `OCLogger_LEVEL`.

2.11.4 Method `send`

Syntax

```
+(void) send;
```

Description

This method sends the log file when the log buffer exists and is not empty.

2.11.5 Method `setCapture`

Syntax

```
+(void) setCapture: (BOOL) flag;
```

Description

Global setting: turn persisting of the log data passed to the log methods of this class, on or off.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
flag	BOOL	Flag to indicate if the log data must be saved persistently.

Table 2-37: Method `setCapture` parameters

2.11.6 Method `getCapture`

Syntax

```
+(BOOL) getCapture;
```

Description

This method gets the current value of the capture flag, indicating that the `OCLogger` is recording log calls persistently. This method returns the current value of the capture flag.

2.11.7 Method `setMaxFileSize`

Syntax

```
+(void) setMaxFileSize: (int) bytes;
```

Description

This method sets the maximum size of the local log file. When the maximum file size is reached, no more data is appended. This file is sent to a server.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>bytes</code>	<code>int</code>	The maximum size of the file in bytes, the minimum is 10,000 bytes.

Table 2-38: Method `setMaxFileSize` parameters

2.11.8 Method `getMaxFileSize`

Syntax

```
+(int) getMaxFileSize;
```

Description

This method gets the current setting for the maximum file size threshold.

2.11.9 Method `info`

Syntax

```
-(void) info: (NSString*) message;  
-(void) metadata:(NSDictionary*) metadata info:  
(NSString*) text, ...;
```

Description

This method logs at INFO level.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>message</code>	NSString	The message to log.
<code>metadata</code>	NSDictionary	The metadata to append to the log output.

Table 2-39: Method info parameters

2.11.10 Method debug

Syntax

```
-(void) debug: (NSString*) message;
-(void) metadata:(NSDictionary*) metadata debug:
(NSString*) text, ...;
```

Description

This method logs at DEBUG level.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>message</code>	NSString	The message to log.
<code>metadata</code>	NSDictionary	The metadata to append to the log output.

Table 2-40: Method debug parameters

2.11.11 Method error

Syntax

```
-(void) error: (NSString*) message;
-(void) metadata:(NSDictionary*) metadata error:
(NSString*) text, ...;
```

Description

This method logs at ERROR level.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>message</code>	String	The message to log.
<code>metadata</code>	NSDictionary	The metadata to append to the log output.

Table 2-41: Method `error` parameters2.11.12 Method `log`

Syntax

```

-(void) log: (NSString*) message;
-(void) metadata:(NSDictionary*) metadata log:
(NSString*) text, ...;

```

Description

This method logs at LOG level.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>message</code>	String	The message to log.
<code>metadata</code>	NSDictionary	The metadata to append to the log output.

Table 2-42: Method `log` parameters2.11.13 Method `warn`

Syntax

```

-(void) warn: (NSString*) message;
-(void) metadata:(NSDictionary*) metadata warn:
(NSString*) text, ...;

```

Description

This method logs at WARN level.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>message</code>	String	The message to log.
<code>metadata</code>	NSDictionary	The metadata to append to the log output.

Table 2-43: Method `warn` parameters

2.12 TypeDef OCLogType

Definition

```
public static final OCLogger_DEBUG
public static final OCLogger_ERROR
public static final OCLogger_INFO
public static final OCLogger_LOG
public static final OCLogger_WARN
```

Description

The following list shows the various levels of logging that are supported in the `OCLogger` class:

- DEBUG
- ERROR
- INFO
- LOG
- WARN

3 Push Notifications

The Worklight Server sends notifications to the Apple Push Notification service (APNs). The APNs then sends the notifications to the relevant phones.

To enable push notifications in your application, follow these steps.

1. Add the `<pushSender>` element to the application descriptor of the Native API application.

```
<nativeIOSApp>
  ..
  <pushSender password=" " />
  ..
</nativeIOSApp>
```

2. Copy the `worklightAPI` folder from the Native API application, and paste it into your native iOS application in Xcode.
3. Copy the `worklight.plist` file into the Xcode project.
4. Copy the `apns-sandbox-certificate.p12` or `apns-production.p12` keys into the application root folder of your IBM Worklight application.
5. Deploy your IBM Worklight application.

3.1 Class WLPush

This class exposes all the methods that are required for push notifications.

3.1.1 Method `setOnReadyToSubscribeListener`

Syntax

```
- (void)
setOnReadyToSubscribeListener (OnReadyToSubscribeListener listener)
```

Description

This method sets the `OnReadyToSubscribeListener` callback to be notified when the device is ready to subscribe to push notifications.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
OnReadyToSubscribeListener	WLOnReadyToSubscribeListener	Mandatory. When the device is ready to subscribe to push notifications, the <code>onReadyToSubscribe</code> method is called.

Table 3-1: Method `setOnReadyToSubscribeListener` parameters

3.1.2 Method `registerEventSourceCallback`

Syntax

```
-(void) registerEventSourceCallback:(NSString *)alias : (NSString *)adapter : (NSString *)eventsource : (id <EventListener>) eventSourceListener
```

Description

This method registers an `EventListener` that is called whenever a notification arrives from the specified event source.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
alias	NSString	Mandatory string. A short ID that you use to identify the event source when the push notification arrives. You can provide a short alias, rather than the full names of the adapter and event source. This action frees space in the notification text, which is usually limited in length.
adapter	NSString	Mandatory string. The name of the adapter that contains the event source.
eventSource	NSString	Mandatory string. The name of the event source.
eventSourceListener	EventListener	Mandatory listener class. When a notification arrives, the <code>EventListener.receive</code> method is called.

Table 3-2: Method `registerEventSourceCallback` parameters

3.1.3 Method tokenFromClient

Syntax

```
-(void) setTokenFromClient : (NSString *) token
```

Description

This method sends the token from the client application to the Worklight Server.

3.1.4 Method subscribe

Syntax

```
-(void) subscribe :(NSString *)alias  
:(WLPushOptions *)options : (id  
<WLDelegate>) responseListener
```

Description

This method subscribes the user to the event source with the specified alias.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
alias	NSString	Mandatory string. The event source alias, as defined in registerEventSourceCallback.
options	WLPushOptions	Optional. This instance contains the custom subscription parameters that the event source in the adapter supports.
responseListener	WLDelegate	Optional. The listener object, whose callback methods, onSuccess and onFailure, are called.

Table 3-3: Method subscribe parameters

3.1.5 Method isSubscribed

Syntax

```
-(BOOL) isSubscribed :(NSString *)alias
```

Description

This method returns whether the currently logged-in user is subscribed to the specified event source alias.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
------	------	-------------

Name	Type	Description
alias	NSString	Mandatory string. The event source alias.

Table 3-4: Method `isSubscribed` parameters

3.1.6 Method `isPushSupported`

Syntax

- (BOOL) `isPushSupported`

Description

This method checks whether push notification is supported.

3.1.7 Method `unsubscribe`

Syntax

```
-(void) unsubscribe :(NSString *)alias :(id
<WLDelegate>) responseListener
```

Description

This method unsubscribes the user from the event source with the specified alias.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
alias	NSString	Mandatory string. The event source alias, as defined in <code>registerEventSourceCallback</code> .
responseListener	WLDelegate	Optional. The listener object whose callback methods, <code>onSuccess</code> and <code>onFailure</code> , are called.

Table 3-5: Method `unsubscribe` parameters

3.2 Class WLPushOptions

This class contains the subscription parameters.

3.2.1 Method addSubscriptionParameter

Syntax

```
-(void) addSubscriptionParameter :(NSString *)name
:(NSString *)value
```

Description

You use this method to add a subscription parameter.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>name</code>	NSString	Mandatory. The name of the subscription parameter.
<code>value</code>	NSString	Mandatory. The value of the subscription parameter.

Table 3-6: Method addSubscriptionParameter parameters

3.2.2 Method addSubscriptionParameters

Syntax

```
-(void) addSubscriptionParameters :(NSDictionary *)parameters
```

Description

You use this method to add subscription parameters.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>parameters</code>	NSDictionary	Mandatory. The NSDictionary that contains the list of subscription parameters.

Table 3-7: Method addSubscriptionParameters parameters

3.2.3 Method getSubscriptionParameter

Syntax

```
-(NSString *) getSubscriptionParameter :(NSString *)name
```

Description

This method returns the value of the given subscription parameter.

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
name	NSString	Mandatory. The name of the subscription parameter.

Table 3-8: Method `getSubscriptionParameter` parameters

3.2.4 Method `getSubscriptionParameters`

Syntax

```
- (NSDictionary *) getSubscriptionParameters
```

Description

This method returns the map that contains the subscription parameters.

3.3 Interface `OnReadyToSubscribeListener`

This interface defines the method that is notified when a device is ready to subscribe.

3.3.1 Method `onReadyToSubscribe`

Syntax

```
- (void) setOnReadyToSubscribeListener:(id  
<WLOnReadyToSubscribeListener>) listener
```

Description

This method is called when the device is ready to subscribe to push notifications.

3.4 Receiving notifications

3.4.1 Method `didReceiveRemoteNotification`

Syntax

```
- (void) application:(UIApplication*) application  
didReceiveRemoteNotification:(NSDictionary*) userInfo
```

Description

To receive notifications, you must implement the `didReceiveRemoteNotification` method in the `AppDelegate` of the client application. `userInfo` contains the notification message.

3.5 Getting the token from APNs

3.5.1 Method `didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken`

Syntax

```
- (void) application:(UIApplication*) application  
didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken:(NSData*) deviceToken
```

Description

The client application must get the token from APNs and pass it to the Worklight Server. To get the token, you must implement the `didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken` method in the `AppDelegate` of the client application. The client application must then pass the device token to the Worklight Server.

Appendix A – Notices

This information was developed for products and services offered in the U.S.A.

IBM may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this document in other countries. Consult your local IBM representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area. Any reference to an IBM product, program, or service is not intended to state or imply that only that IBM product, program, or service may be used. Any functionally equivalent product, program, or service that does not infringe any IBM intellectual property right may be used instead. However, it is the user's responsibility to evaluate and verify the operation of any non-IBM product, program, or service.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter described in this document. The furnishing of this document does not grant you any license to these patents. You can send license inquiries, in writing, to:

IBM Director of Licensing
IBM Corporation
North Castle Drive
Armonk, NY 10504-1785
U.S.A.

For license inquiries regarding double-byte character set (DBCS) information, contact the IBM Intellectual Property Department in your country or send inquiries, in writing, to:

Intellectual Property Licensing
Legal and Intellectual Property Law
IBM Japan Ltd.
1623-14, Shimotsuruma, Yamato-shi
Kanagawa 242-8502 Japan

The following paragraph does not apply to the United Kingdom or any other country where such provisions are inconsistent with local law: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION PROVIDES THIS PUBLICATION "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some states do not allow disclaimer of express or implied warranties in certain transactions, therefore, this statement may not apply to you.

This information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein; these changes will be incorporated in new editions of the publication. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described in this publication at any time without notice.

Any references in this information to non-IBM Web sites are provided for convenience only and do not in any manner serve as an endorsement of those Web sites. The materials at those Web sites are not part of the materials for this IBM product and use of those Web sites is at your own risk.

IBM may use or distribute any of the information you supply in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

Licensees of this program who wish to have information about it for the purpose of enabling: (i) the exchange of information between independently created programs and other programs (including this one) and (ii) the mutual use of the information which has been exchanged, should contact:

IBM Corporation
Dept F6, Bldg 1
294 Route 100
Somers NY 10589-3216
USA

Such information may be available, subject to appropriate terms and conditions, including in some cases, payment of a fee.

The licensed program described in this document and all licensed material available for it are provided by IBM under terms of the IBM Customer Agreement, IBM International Program License Agreement or any equivalent agreement between us.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

COPYRIGHT LICENSE:

This information contains sample application programs in source language, which illustrate programming techniques on various operating platforms. You may copy, modify, and distribute these sample programs in any form without payment to IBM, for the purposes of developing, using, marketing or distributing application programs conforming to the application programming interface for the operating platform for which the sample programs are written. These examples have not been thoroughly tested under all conditions. IBM, therefore, cannot guarantee or imply reliability, serviceability, or function of these programs.

Each copy or any portion of these sample programs or any derivative work, must include a copyright notice as follows:

© (your company name) (year). Portions of this code are derived from IBM Corp. Sample Programs. © Copyright IBM Corp. _enter the year or years_. All rights reserved.

Privacy Policy Considerations

IBM Software products, including software as a service solutions, ("Software Offerings") may use cookies or other technologies to collect product usage information, to help improve the end user experience, to tailor interactions with the end user or for other purposes. In many cases no personally identifiable information is collected by the Software Offerings. Some of our Software Offerings can help enable you to collect personally identifiable information. If this Software Offering uses cookies to collect personally identifiable information, specific information about this offering's use of cookies is set forth below.

Depending upon the configurations deployed, this Software Offering may use session cookies that collect session information (generated by the application server). These cookies contain no personally identifiable information and are required for session management. Additionally, persistent cookies may be randomly generated to recognize and manage anonymous users. These cookies also contain no personally identifiable information and are required.

If the configurations deployed for this Software Offering provide you as customer the ability to collect personally identifiable information from end users via cookies and other technologies, you should seek your own legal advice about any laws applicable to such data collection, including any requirements for notice and consent. For more information about the use of various technologies, including cookies, for these purposes, see IBM's Privacy Policy at <http://www.ibm.com/privacy> and IBM's Online Privacy Statement at <http://www.ibm.com/privacy/details/en/us> sections entitled "Cookies, Web Beacons and Other Technologies" and "Software Products and Software-as-a-Service".

Appendix B - Support and comments

For the entire IBM Worklight documentation set, training material and online forums where you can post questions, see the IBM website at:

<http://www.ibm.com/mobile-docs>

Support

Software Subscription and Support (also referred to as Software Maintenance) is included with licenses purchased through Passport Advantage and Passport Advantage Express. For additional information about the International Passport Advantage Agreement and the IBM International Passport Advantage Express Agreement, visit the Passport Advantage website at:

<http://www.ibm.com/software/passportadvantage>

If you have a Software Subscription and Support in effect, IBM provides you assistance for your routine, short duration installation and usage (how-to) questions, and code-related questions. For additional details, consult your IBM Software Support Handbook at:

<http://www.ibm.com/support/handbook>

Comments

We appreciate your comments about this publication. Please comment on specific errors or omissions, accuracy, organization, subject matter, or completeness of this document. The comments you send should pertain to only the information in this manual or product and the way in which the information is presented.

For technical questions and information about products and prices, please contact your IBM branch office, your IBM business partner, or your authorized remarketer.

When you send comments to IBM, you grant IBM a nonexclusive right to use or distribute your comments in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you. IBM or any other organizations will only use the personal information that you supply to contact you about the issues that you state.

Thank you for your support.

- Submit your comments in the IBM Worklight forums at:
- <https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/mobile/mobileforum.html>

If you would like a response from IBM, please provide the following information:

- Name
- Address
- Company or Organization
- Phone No.
- Email address

