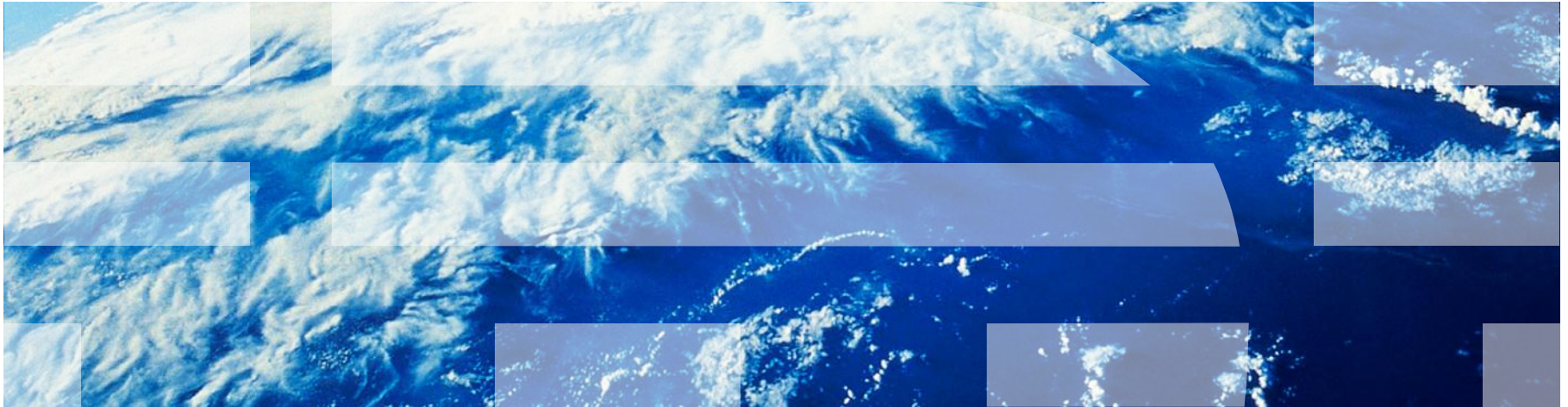


IBM Worklight Foundation V6.2.0 Getting Started

Form-based authentication in hybrid applications



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Agenda

- Introduction to form-based authentication
- Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml file
- Creating the server-side authentication components
- Creating the client-side authentication components
- Examining the result
- Exercise

Introduction to form-based authentication

- In form-based authentication, the HTML code of a login form is returned in the server response when the application tries to access a protected resource.
- Although form-based authentication is best suited for desktop and web environments, where you actually display and use the returned login form, you can also use this authentication mode in mobile applications.
- To use form-based authentication, you must use a login module to validate the received credentials.
- In this module, you implement a simple form-based authentication mechanism that is based on a user name and a password.

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Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml file (1 of 2)

- The default **authenticationConfig.xml** file already contains a sample realm that is configured to use a form-based authenticator.

```
<realm loginModule="StrongDummy" name="SampleAppRealm">  
  <className>com.worklight.core.auth.ext.FormBasedAuthenticator</className>  
</realm>
```

- Notice the **StrongDummy** login module that is used for this realm.

```
<loginModule name="StrongDummy">  
  <className>com.worklight.core.auth.ext.NonValidatingLoginModule</className>  
</loginModule>
```

- **NonValidatingLoginModule** means that the user credentials are not validated. In other words: any combination of user name and password is valid.

Configuring the authenticationConfig.xml file (2 of 2)

- Define a security test that uses the **SampleAppRealm**.
- You must use this security test to protect the adapter procedure, so make it a **<customSecurityTest>**.

```
<customSecurityTest name="DummyAdapter-securityTest">  
  <test isInternalUserID="true" realm="SampleAppRealm"/>  
</customSecurityTest>
```

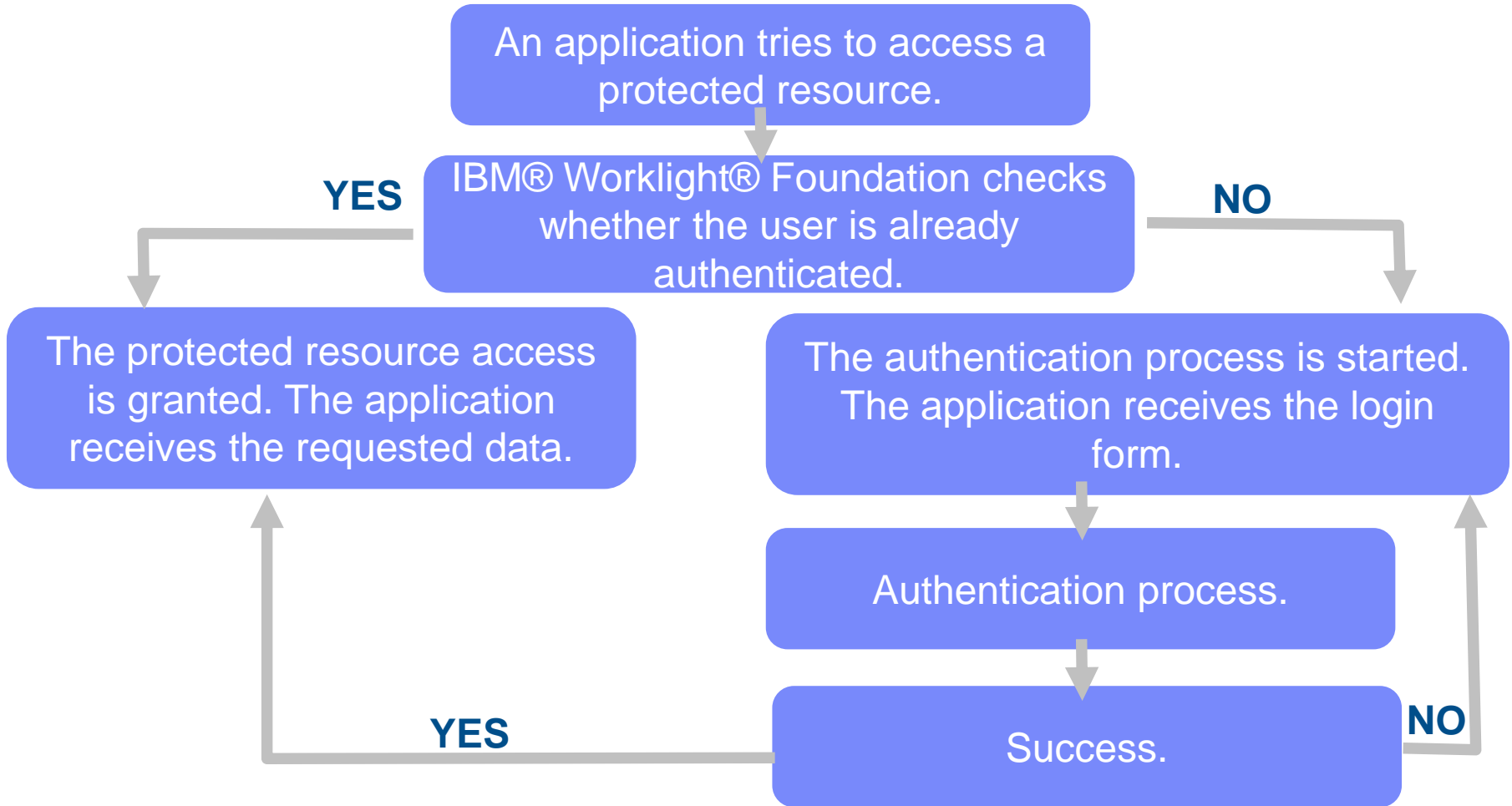
- Remember the security test name, to use it in the subsequent steps.

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Creating the server-side authentication components (1 of 2)

- The following diagram illustrates the form-based authentication process.



Creating the server-side authentication components (2 of 2)

- Create an adapter and name it **DummyAdapter**.
- Add a **getSecretData** procedure and protect it with the security test that you created in previous slides.

```
<procedure name="getSecretData" securityTest="DummyAdapter-securityTest"/>
```

- In this module, the **getSecretData** procedure returns some hardcoded value:

```
function getSecretData(){  
    return {  
        secretData: '123456'  
    };  
}
```

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Creating the client-side authentication components (1 of 14)

- Create a Worklight application.
- The application consists of two main `<div>` elements:
 - The `<div id="AppBody">` element is used to display the application content.
 - The `<div id="AuthBody">` element is used for authentication form purposes.
- When authentication is required, the application hides `AppBody` and shows `AuthBody`.
- When authentication is complete, it does the opposite.

Creating the client-side authentication components (2 of 14)

1. Start by creating a `<div id="AppBody">` element.
 - This element has a basic structure and functions.

```
<div id="AppBody">
  <input type="button" class="appButton" value="Call protected adapter proc"
    onclick="getSecretData()" />
  <input type="button" class="appButton" value="Logout"
    onclick="WL.Client.logout('SampleAppRealm', {onSuccess: WL.Client.reloadApp});" />
</div>
```

- The buttons are used to call the **getSecretData** procedure and to log-out.

Creating the client-side authentication components (3 of 14)

2. Then create an `<div id="AuthBody">` element.

This element contains the following subelements:

```
<div id="AuthBody" style="display: none">
  <div id="LoginForm">
    Username:<br/>
    <input type="text" id="usernameInputField" /><br />
    Password:<br/>
    <input type="password" id="passwordInputField" /><br/>
    <input type="button" id="LoginButton" value="Login" />
    <input type="button" id="cancelButton" value="Cancel" />
  </div>
</div>
```

- Username and a Password input fields
- Login and a Cancel buttons
- The `AuthBody` element is styled as **display:none** because it must not be displayed before authentication is requested by the server.

Creating the client-side authentication components (4 of 14)

3. Finally, create a challenge handler (1 of 3).

Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("SampleAppRealm");  
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {  
    return false;  
};  
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response) {  
};
```

Use the
`WL.Client.createChallengeHandler()`
method to create a challenge handler object.
The realm name is a mandatory parameter.

Create a challenge handler to define a customized authentication flow. In your challenge handler, do not add code that modifies the user interface when this modification is not related to the authentication flow.

Creating the client-side authentication components (5 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler (2 of 3).
 - Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("SampleAppRealm");  
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {  
    return false;  
};  
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response) {  
};
```

The `isCustomResponse` function of the challenge handler is invoked each time that a response is received from the server. It is used to detect whether the response contains data that is related to this challenge handler. It must return either `true` or `false`.

Creating the client-side authentication components (6 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler (3 of 3).
 - Use the following API to create this handler and implement its functionality.

```
var sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("SampleAppRealm");
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {
    return false;
};
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response) {
};
```

If `isCustomResponse` returns **true**, the framework calls the `handleChallenge()` function. This function is used to perform required actions, such as hide application screen and show login screen.

Creating the client-side authentication components (7 of 14)

- In addition to the methods that the developer must implement, the challenge handler contains functionality that the developer might want to use:
 - `submitLoginForm()` sends the collected credentials to a specific URL. The developer can also specify request parameters, headers, and callback.
 - `submitSuccess()` notifies the Worklight framework that the authentication successfully finished. The Worklight framework then automatically issues the original request that triggered the authentication.
 - `submitFailure()` notifies the Worklight framework that the authentication process completed with failure. The Worklight framework then disposes of the original request that triggered the authentication.
- * **Note that each of these functions must be attached to its object. For example:**
SampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitSuccess()
- You use these functions during the implementation of the challenge handler in the next slides.

Creating the client-side authentication components (8 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
var sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler = WL.Client.createChallengeHandler("SampleAppRealm");

sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {
    if (!response || response.responseText === null) {
        return false;
    }
    var indicatorIdx = response.responseText.search('j_security_check');

    if (indicatorIdx >= 0){
        return true;
    }
    return false;
};

sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge
    $('#AppBody').hide();
    $('#AuthBody').show();
    $('#passwordInputField').val('');
};
```

The default login form that is returned from the Worklight server contains the `j_security_check` string. If the challenge handler detects it in the response, return **true**.

Creating the client-side authentication components (9 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
var sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler = WL.Client.  
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse = function(response) {  
    if (!response || response.responseText == null) {  
        return false;  
    }  
    var indicatorIdx = response.responseText.indexOf('');  
  
    if (indicatorIdx >= 0) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    return false;  
};
```

```
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge = function(response) {  
    $('#AppBody').hide();  
    $('#AuthBody').show();  
    $('#passwordInputField').val('');  
};
```

After the client application detects that the server sent a login form, which means that the server is requesting authentication, the application hides the `AppBody`, shows the `AuthBody`, and cleans up the `passwordInputField`.

Creating the client-side authentication components (10 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
$('#loginButton').bind('click', function () {  
    var reqURL = '/j_security_check';  
    var options = {};  
    options.parameters = {  
        j_username : $('#usernameInputField').val(),  
        j_password : $('#passwordInputField').val()  
    };  
    options.headers = {};  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginForm(reqURL, options,  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginFormCallback);  
});  
  
$('#cancelButton').bind('click', function () {  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitForm();  
    $('#AppBody').show();  
    $('#AuthBody').hide();  
});
```

Clicking the **login** button triggers a function that collects the user name and password from the HTML input fields and submits them to the server. It is possible to set request headers here, and specify callback.

Creating the client-side authentication components (11 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
$('#loginButton').bind('click', function () {  
    var reqURL = '/j_security_check';  
    var options = {};  
    options.parameters = {  
        j_username : $('#usernameInputField').val(),  
        j_password : $('#passwordInputField').val()  
    };  
    options.headers = {};  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginForm(reqURL, options,  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginFormCallback);  
});  
  
$('#cancelButton').bind('click', function () {  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitForm();  
    $('#AppBody').show();  
    $('#AuthBody').hide();  
});
```

The form-based authenticator uses a hardcoded `j_security_check` URL component. You cannot have more than one instance of it.

Creating the client-side authentication components (12 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
$('#loginButton').bind('click', function  
    var reqURL = '/j_security_check';  
    var options = {};  
    options.parameters = {  
        j_username : $('#usernameInputFie  
        j_password : $('#passwordInputFie  
    };  
    options.headers = {};  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submit  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.S  
});  
  
$('#cancelButton').bind('click', function () {  
    sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitFailure();  
    $('#AppBody').show();  
    $('#AuthBody').hide();  
});
```

Clicking the **cancel** button hides the `authBody`, shows the `appBody`, and notifies the Worklight framework that authentication failed.

Creating the client-side authentication components (13 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

```
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginFormCallback = function(response) {  
    var isLoginFormResponse = sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse(response);  
    if (isLoginFormResponse){  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge(response);  
    } else {  
        $('#AppBody').show();  
        $('#AuthBody').hide();  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitSuccess();  
    }  
};
```

The callback function checks the response for the containing server challenge again. If a challenge is found, the `handleChallenge()` function is called again.

Creating the client-side authentication components (14 of 14)

- Create a challenge handler.

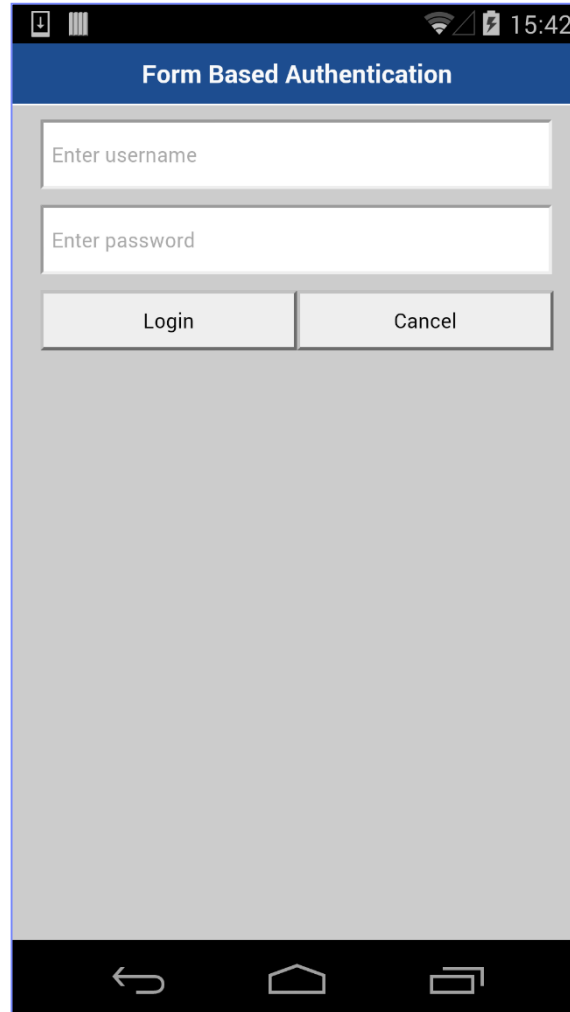
```
sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitLoginFormCallback = function(response) {  
    var isLoginFormResponse = sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.isCustomResponse(response);  
    if (isLoginFormResponse){  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.handleChallenge(response);  
    } else {  
        $('#AppBody').show();  
        $('#AuthBody').hide();  
        sampleAppRealmChallengeHandler.submitSuccess();  
    }  
};
```

No challenge present in the server response means that the authentication successfully completed. In this case, `AppBody` is shown, `AuthBody` is hidden, and the Worklight framework is notified about the authentication success.

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- Exercise

Examining the result



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- **Exercise**

Exercise

- Implement the form-based authentication that is described in this module.
- You can find the sample for this training module in the Getting Started page of the documentation website at <http://www.ibm.com/mobile-docs>

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