



Getting The Most Out of DB2 in Your New Applications

Leon Katsnelson

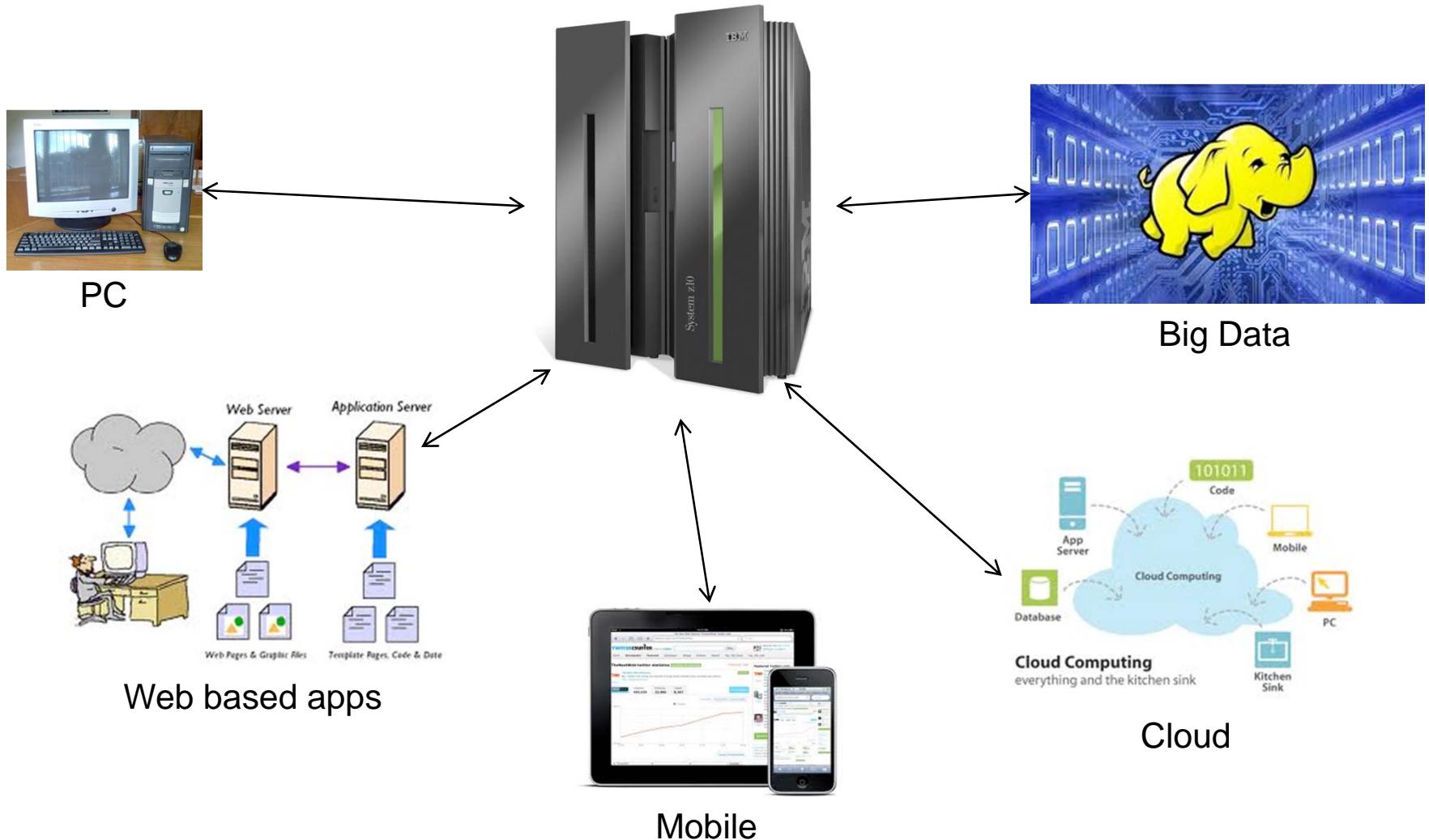
DB2 Development,
IBM Software Group



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A journey from the mainframe database to an enterprise DBMS



Enabling Developers – Hustle free access to tools

DB2 Express-C

- Free to build, deploy and even distribute
- Excellent development platform
- Highly compatible with DB2 for z/OS including latest v10 functions (e.g. temporal)

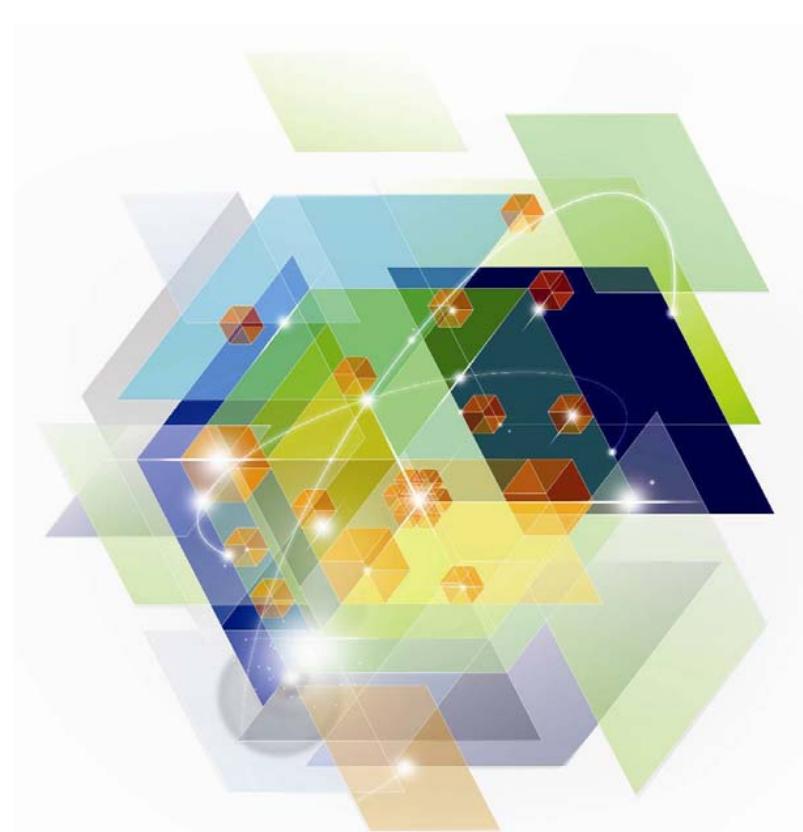
Data Studio

- Now at no-charge (with DB2 Connect)
- Rich set of development tools for DB2 for z/OS
- Full support for heterogeneous environments

DB2University.com - @your pace, @your place free courses



Optimizing Your Java and WebSphere Applications with Data Studio and Optim Tools



Data Studio -- pureQuery tooling is in the box!

Speed up problem isolation for developers – even when using frameworks

- Capture application-SQL-data object correlation (with or without the source code)
- Trace SQL statements to using code for faster problem isolation
- Enhance impact analysis identifying application code impacted due to database changes
- Answer “Where used” questions like “Where is this column used within the application?”
- Use with modern Java frameworks e.g. Hibernate, Spring, iBatis, OpenJPA

The screenshot shows the IBM Data Studio interface with the 'pureQuery Outline' view selected. The outline lists database operations (SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE) along with their corresponding Java code lines. A context menu is open over one of the SQL statements, providing options such as 'Show in Source', 'Run SQL', and 'Show in SQL Editor...'. The Java code shown is:

```

private void deleteEntities() {
    String firstName = "John";
    em.getTransaction().begin();
    Query deleteQuery = em.createQuery("DELETE FROM MyEntity AS e WHERE e.firstName = ?1");
    deleteQuery.setParameter(1, firstName);
    int deleted_entities = deleteQuery.executeUpdate();
    System.out.println("Deleted " + deleted_entities + " instance(s) of " + firstName);
    em.getTransaction().commit();
}
  
```

The 'pureQuery Outline' view also displays the package structure and specific Java files being analyzed.

Data Studio -- Code/Debug Oracle PL/SQL or Sybase T-SQL

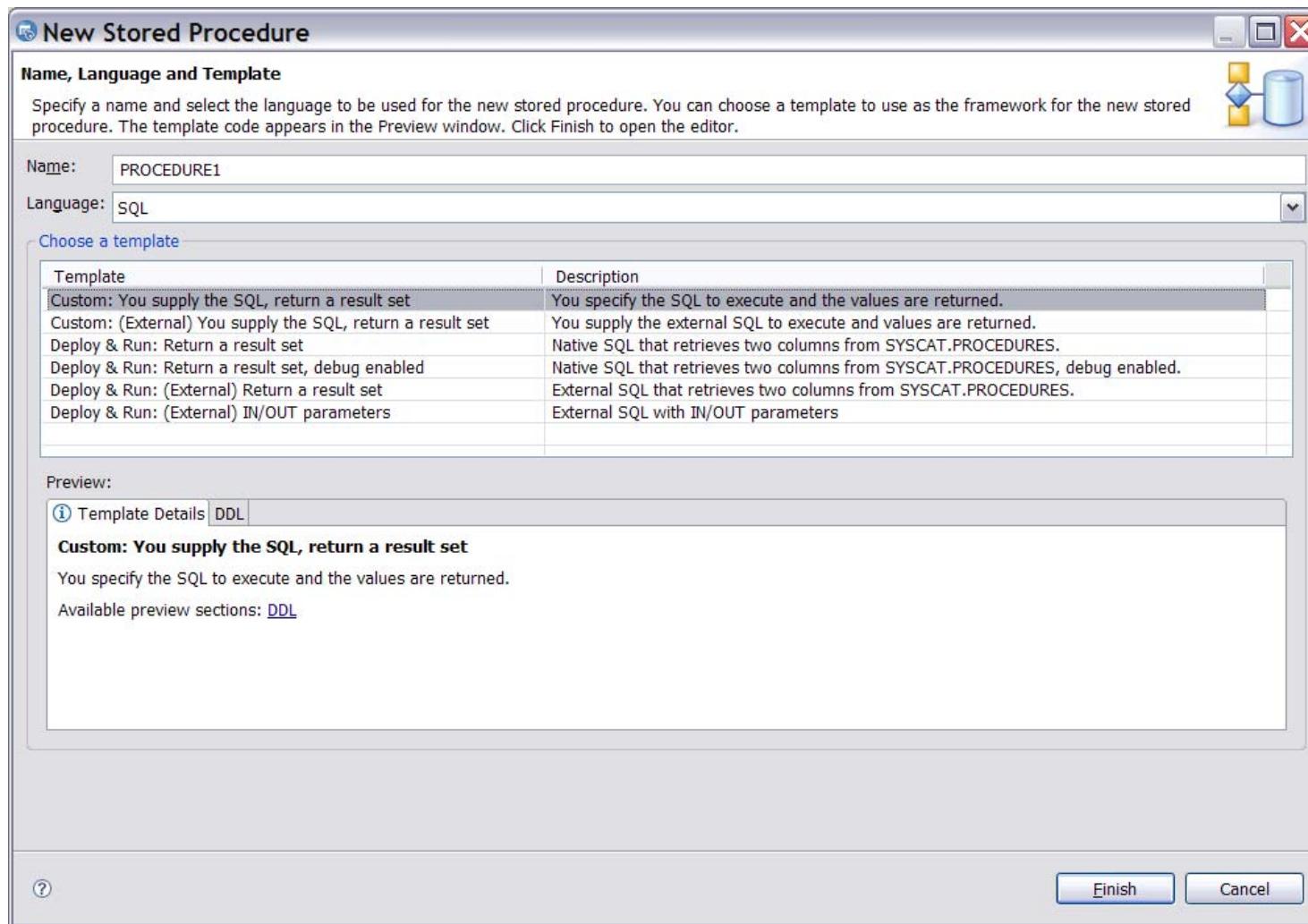
```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE updateInventory(
    numruns      OUT INTEGER,
    numdeadlocks OUT INTEGER)
AS
    endTS      TIMESTAMP;
    avgamount INTEGER;
BEGIN
    endTS      := CURRENT_TIMESTAMP + 30 Seconds;
    numruns    := 0;
    numdeadlocks := 0;

    WHILE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP < endTS LOOP
        UPDATE inventory SET amount = RAND() * 100
        WHERE itemid = INTEGER(RAND() * (SELECT MAX(itemid) + 1 FROM inventory));
        avgamount := (SELECT AVG(amount) FROM inventory);
        numruns   := numruns + 1;
    COMMIT;
    END LOOP;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        numdeadlocks := numdeadlocks + 1;
END updateInventory;
```

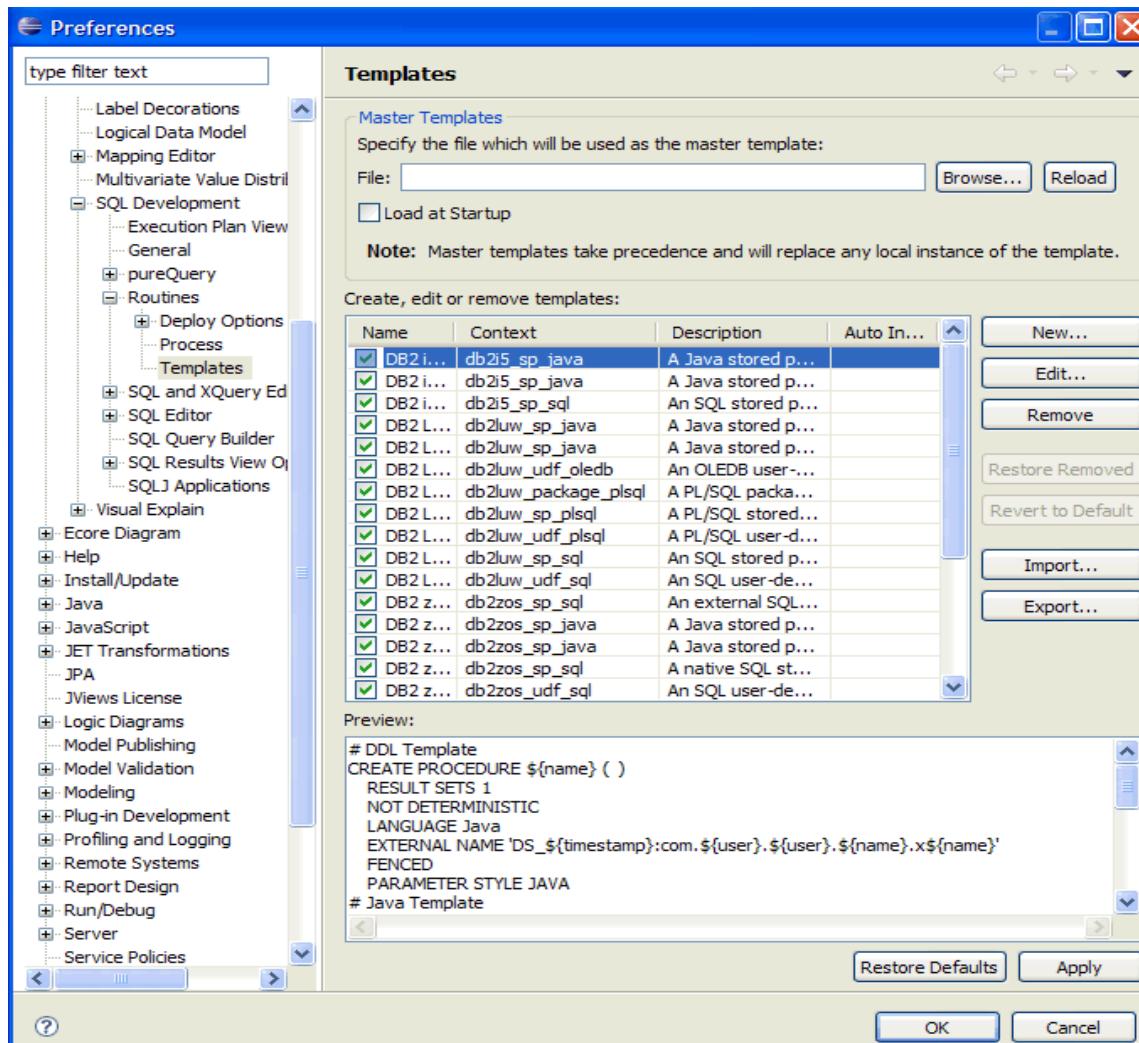
Name	Value
Diagnostic information	
SQLCODE	0
SQLSTATE	00000
avgamount	38
endTS	2008-04-01-14.42.34.984000
numdeadlocks	0
numruns	4

Alpha1 (Alpha1: jdbc:db2://...romServerOnGetMessage=true;) Writable Smart Insert 17 : 1

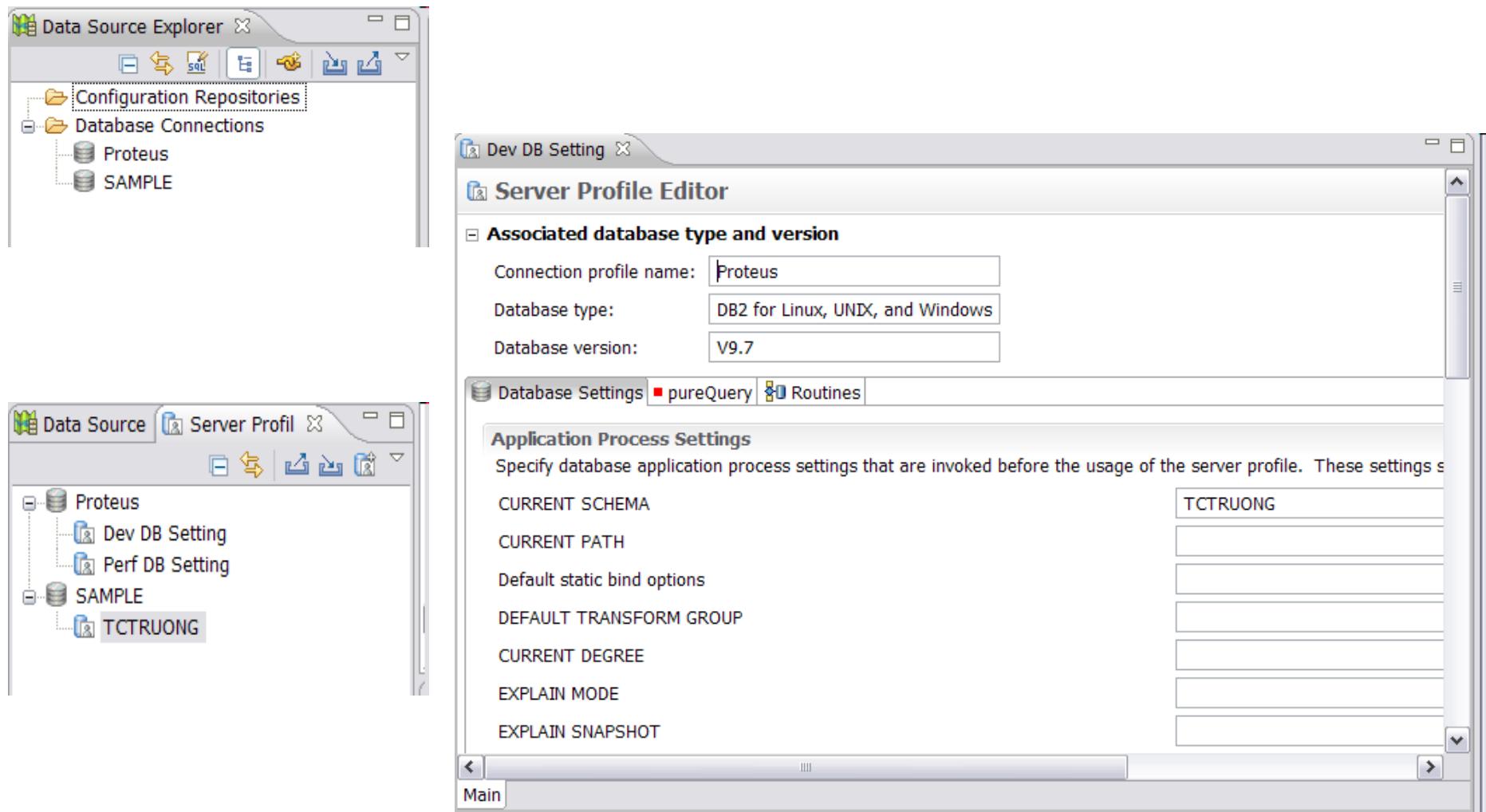
Data Studio -- New Routine Creation Wizard with routine templates



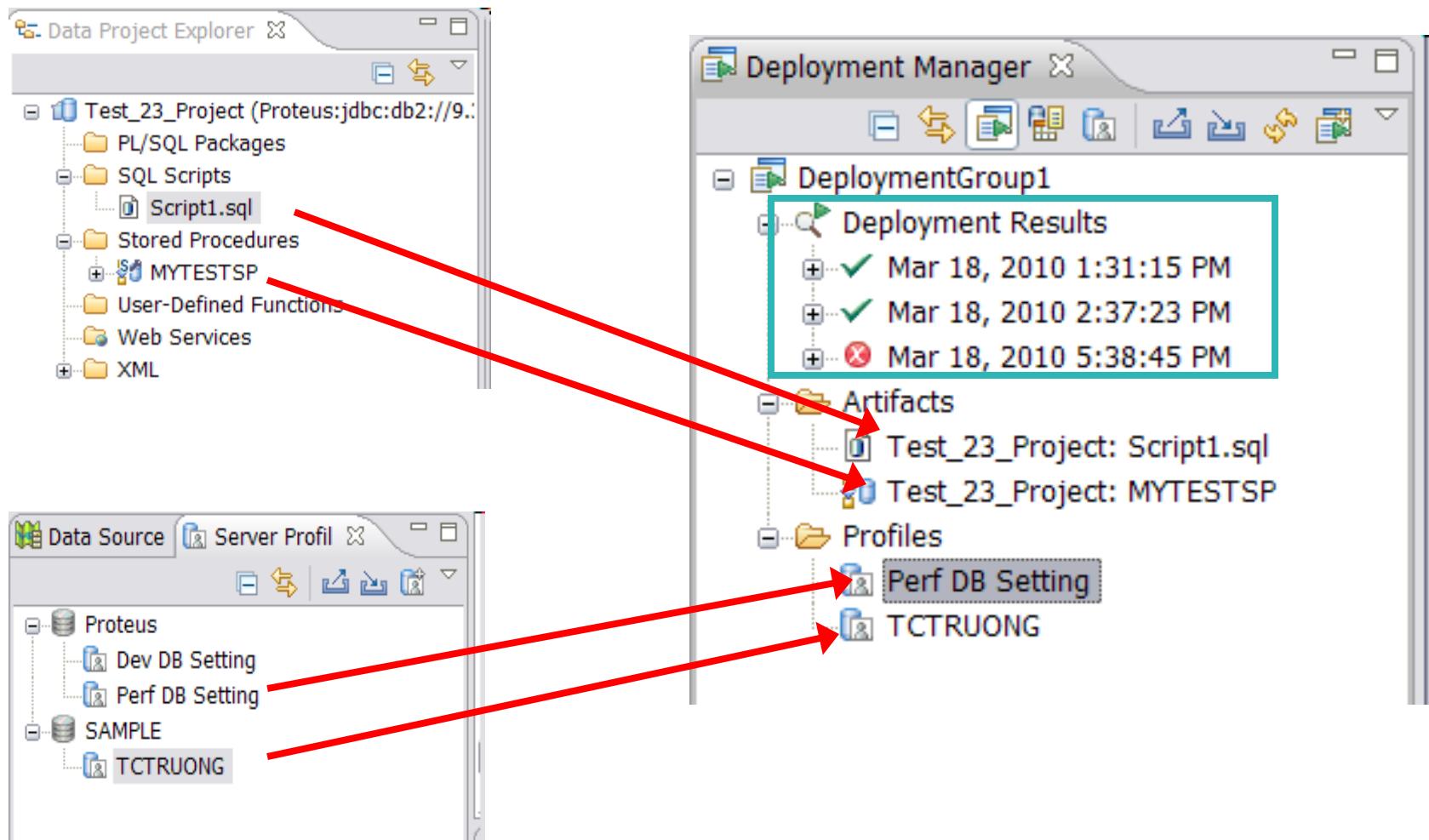
Data Studio -- Templates Management



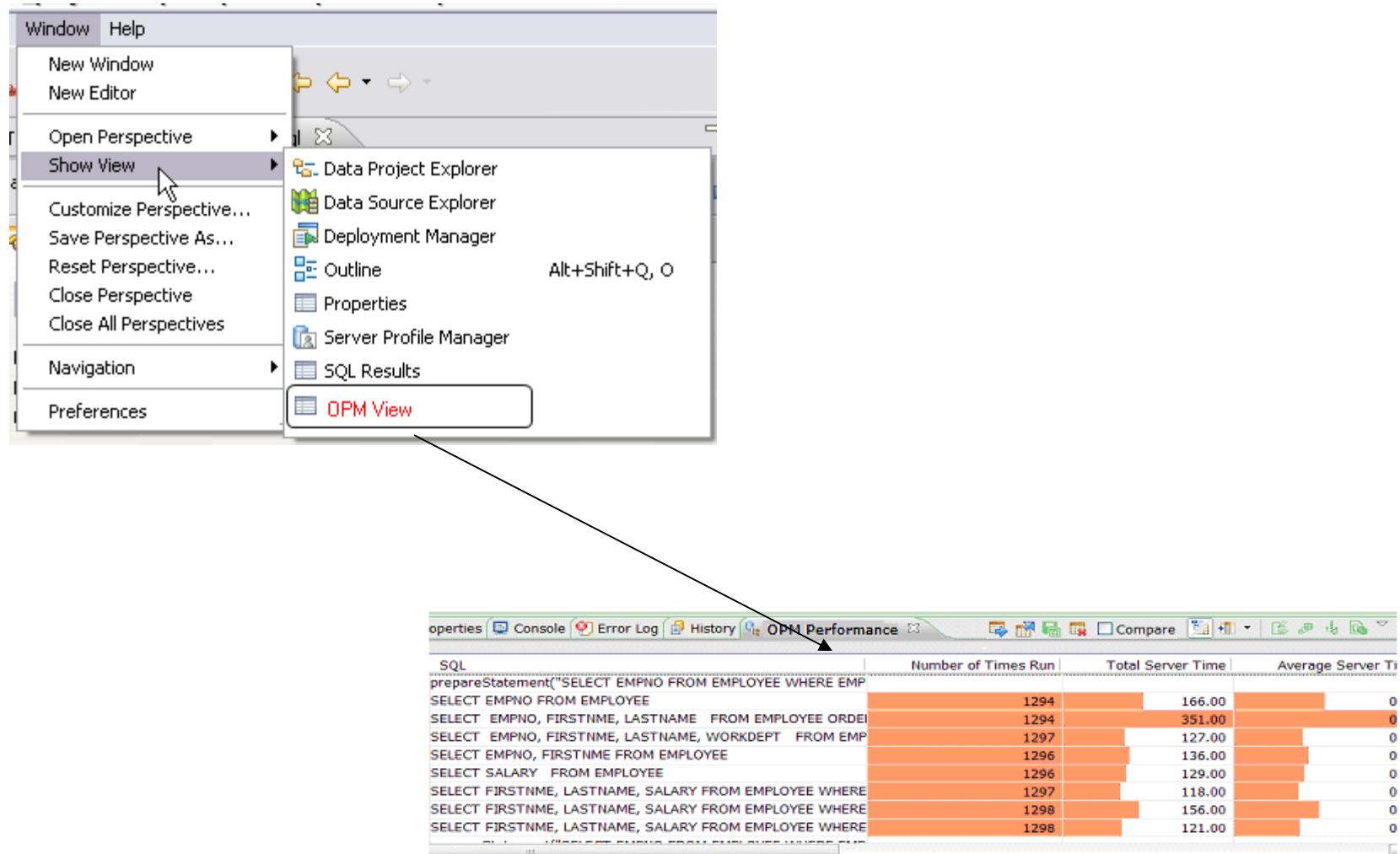
Data Studio -- Server Profile Management



Data Studio -- Deployment Management



Data Studio -- OPM Performance View



Data Studio -- OPM Performance View

Table Columns

Golf Score
SQL statement
Annotation
Inputs for host variables
Total Server Time
Average Server Time
Number of Rows
Number of Rows Examined
Average Number of Row Returned
CPU time
Number of Sorts
Number of RSCANs
Number of ISCANs
Number of physical IOs
Number of logocial IOs

Table Actions

Export – Exports the data to file
Remove All – clears the table of all rows

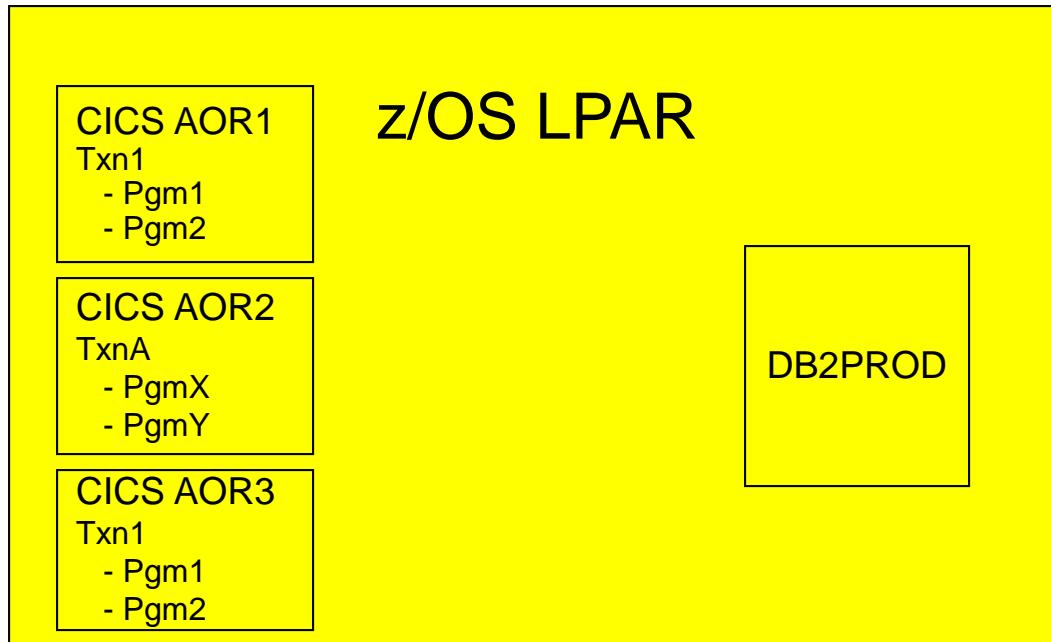
Row Actions

Open in SQL Editor – opens SQL editor with selected SQL statements
Filter – Hides all but the selected rows
Remove – removes selected row(s)

pureQuery Runtime – every Java application benefits!

- **JDBC – acceleration for any JDBC application**
 - Convert dynamic SQL to static SQL
 - Replace problematic queries without changing the source
 - Remove literals from SQL to get better statement cache hit ratios
- **Hibernate/OpenJPA/iBatis – acceleration for persistence layers**
 - Improved SQL “batch” performance
 - Auto-tuning of Hibernate and OpenJPA persistence options
- **SQL-friendly APIs for OO access to relational**
 - Object to relational mapping
 - APIs that can be tailored to return XML, JSON, arrays, etc.
- **Improved management, monitoring, problem determination**
 - Tracks SQL back to the Java class file and line number
 - Enables performance monitors to report by application name
- **Provides the foundation for improved developer tooling**
 - Syntax assist, code generation, performance reporting, etc.

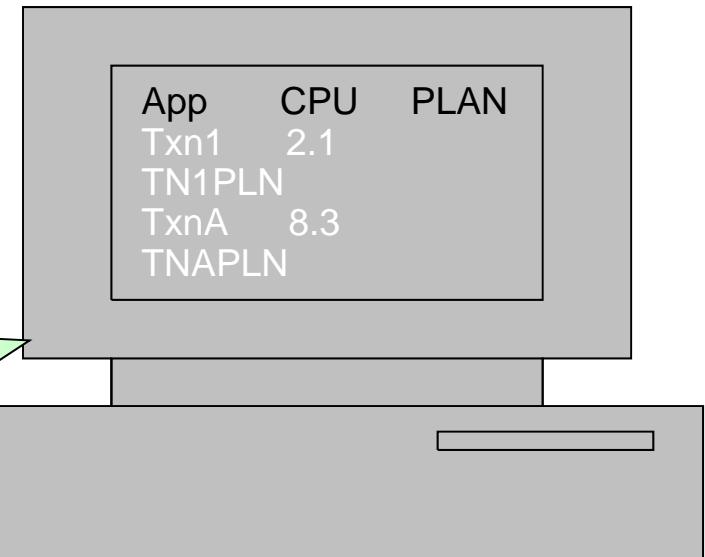
What's so Great About DB2 Accounting for CICS Apps?



DB2 Accounting for CICS apps allows you to study performance data from many perspectives:

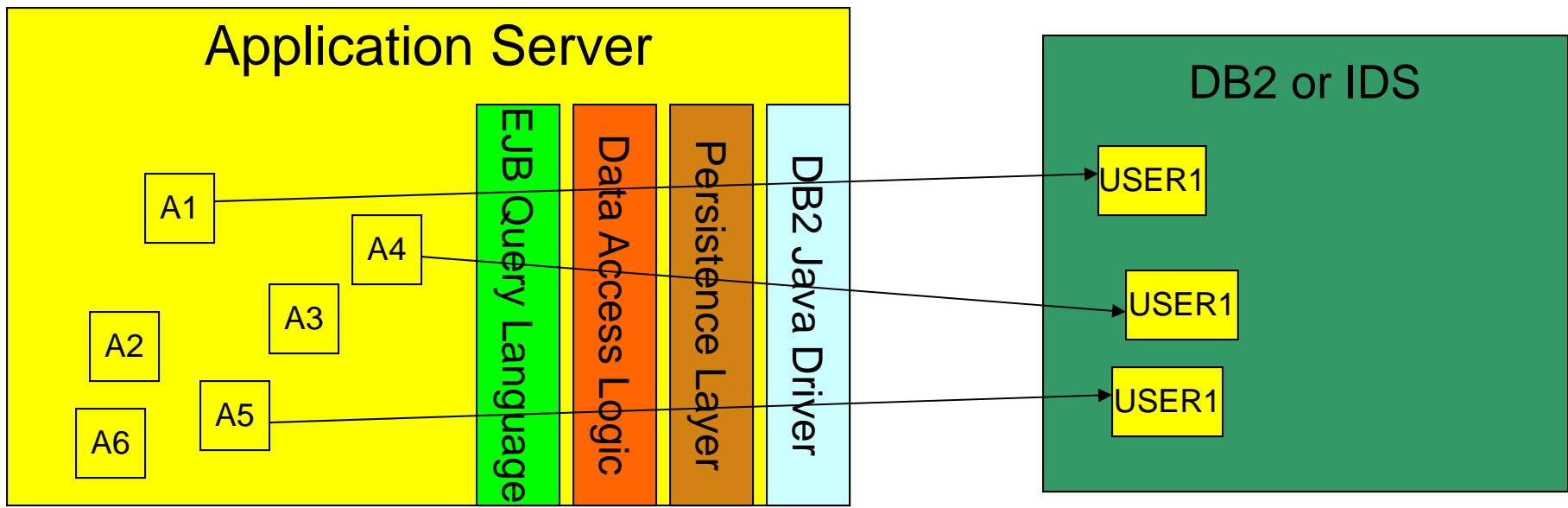
- By transaction (PLAN name)
- By program (package level accounting)
- By address space (AOR name)
- By end user ID (CICS thread reuse)

This flexibility makes it very easy to isolate performance problems, perform capacity planning exercises, analyze program changes for performance regression, compare one user's resource usage to another's, etc.



JDBC Performance Reporting and Problem Determination

– Before pureQuery



What is visible to the DBA?

- IP address of WAS app server
- Connection pooling userid for WAS
- app is running JDBC or CLI

What is not known by the DBA?

- which app is running?
- which developer wrote the app?
- what other SQL does this app issue?
- when was the app last changed?
- how has CPU changed over time?
- etc.

User	CPU	PACKAGE
USER1	2.1	JDBC
USER1	8.3	JDBC
USER1	22.0	JDBC

What's so Great About Optim pureQuery Accounting for WebSphere Applications?

z/OS LPAR

CICS AOR2
TxnA (PLANA)
- PgmX
- PgmY

Unix or Windows

WAS 21.22.3.4
TxnA (Set Client App=TxnA)
- ClassX
- ClassY

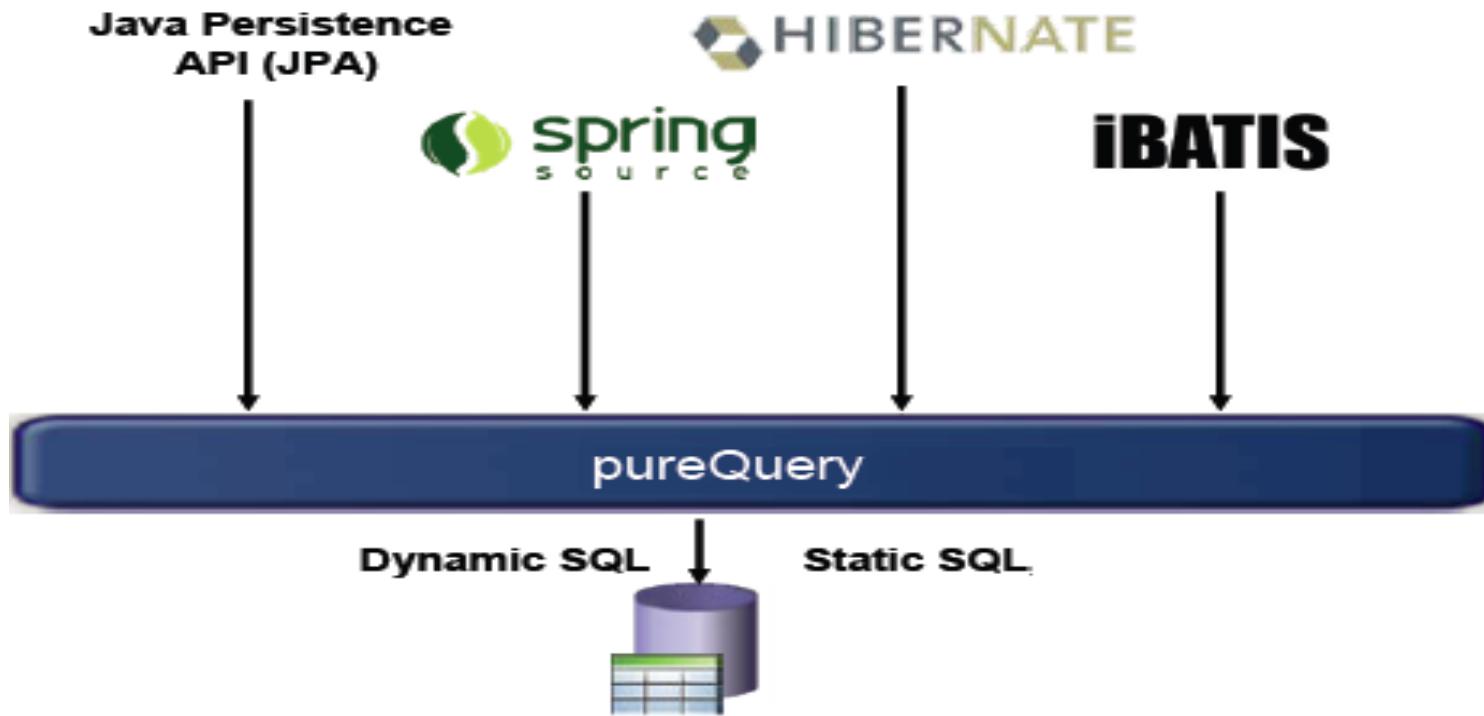
Data Studio and pureQuery provide the same granularity for reporting WebSphere's DB2 resources that we have with CICS:

- By transaction (Set Client Application name)
- By class name (program - package level accounting)
- By address space (IP address)
- By end user ID (DB2 trusted context and DB2 Roles)

This flexibility makes it very easy to isolate performance problems, perform capacity planning exercises, analyze program changes for performance regression, compare one user's resource usage to another's, etc.

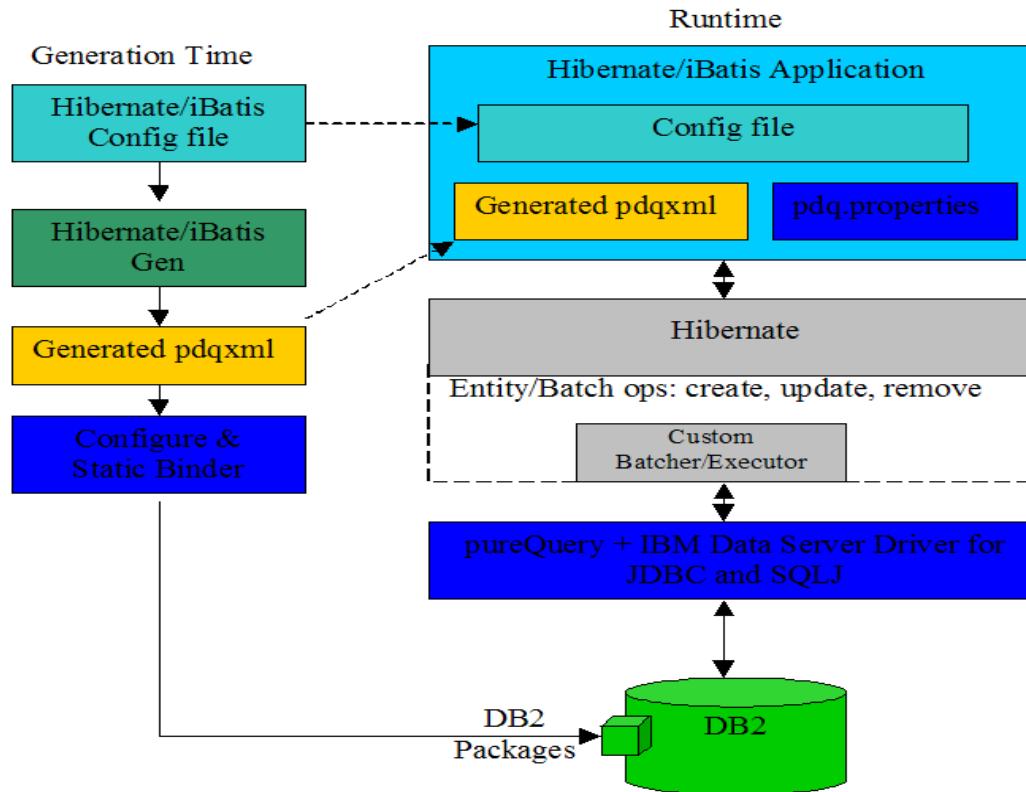
App	CPU
TxnA	2.1
TxnB	8.3

DB2 Java Data Access Frameworks Acceleration



- Hibernate: <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/library/techarticle/dm-1008hibernateibatispurequery1/index.html?ca=dnw-1133&ca=dth-i>
- iBatis: <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/library/techarticle/dm-1009hibernateibatispurequery2/index.html>
- Spring: <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/tutorials/dm0806hsing/index.html>

Accelerate Java frameworks: Hibernate & iBatis



- Generate SQL and bind as Static Packages before deploying application
- Improve performance with heterogeneous batching & Static Execution
- Identify and replace problematic SQL with hand-tuned alternative SQL
- Track SQL requests back to the framework query, including java source file/line #

Object/Relational Mapping

```
class Customer
{
    public String Name;
    public String mailingAddress;
    public String daytimePhone;
    public Order[] recentOrders;
    public Complaint[] complaintHistory
    ...
}
```

pureQuery can monitor your Java application's object access patterns and automatically select the optimal eager/lazy fetch setting for each SQL statement!!!

Table	Column	Type
CUST	NAME	CHAR(64)
CUST	ADDRESS	CHAR(128)
CUST	PHONE_NUM	CHAR(10)

Table	Column	Type
COMPLAINTS	CUST_NAME	CHAR(64)
COMPLAINTS	COMP_ID	CHAR(18)
COMPLAINTS	DESC	VARCHAR(32K)

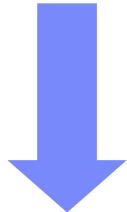
Table	Column	Type
CREDIT_DATA	CUST_NAME	CHAR(64)
CREDIT_DATA	CARD_NUM	CHAR(18)
CREDIT_DATA	VALID_UNTIL	DATE

Table	Column	Type
ORDERS	CUST_NAME	CHAR(64)
ORDERS	ORDER_NUM	CHAR(12)
ORDERS	DATE_ORD	DATE

Table	Column	Type
ORDER_ITEMS	ORDER_NUM	CHAR(12)
ORDER_ITEMS	ITEM	CHAR(128)
ORDER_ITEMS	QUANTITY	SMALLINT

Eager vs. Lazy Fetch

“Select object(customer) WHERE...”



```
class Customer
{
    public String Name;
    public String mailingAddress;
    public String daytimePhone;
    public Order[] recentOrders;
    public Complaint[] complaintHistory
}
```

...

“SELECT CUST.NAME, CUST.ADDRESS ... FROM CUST WHERE...”

“SELECT ORDERS.ORDER_NUM ... WHERE ...”

“SELECTCOMPLAINTS.COMP_ID ... WHERE ...”

O
O
O

Column	Type
NAME	CHAR(64)
ADDRESS	CHAR(128)
PHONE_NUM	CHAR(10)

COMPLAINTS	DESC	VARCHAR(32K)
------------	------	--------------

Column	Type
CUST_NAME	CHAR(64)
ORDERS	ORDER_NUM
ORDERS	DATE_ORD

Table	Column	Type
CREDIT_DATA	CUST_NAME	CHAR(64)
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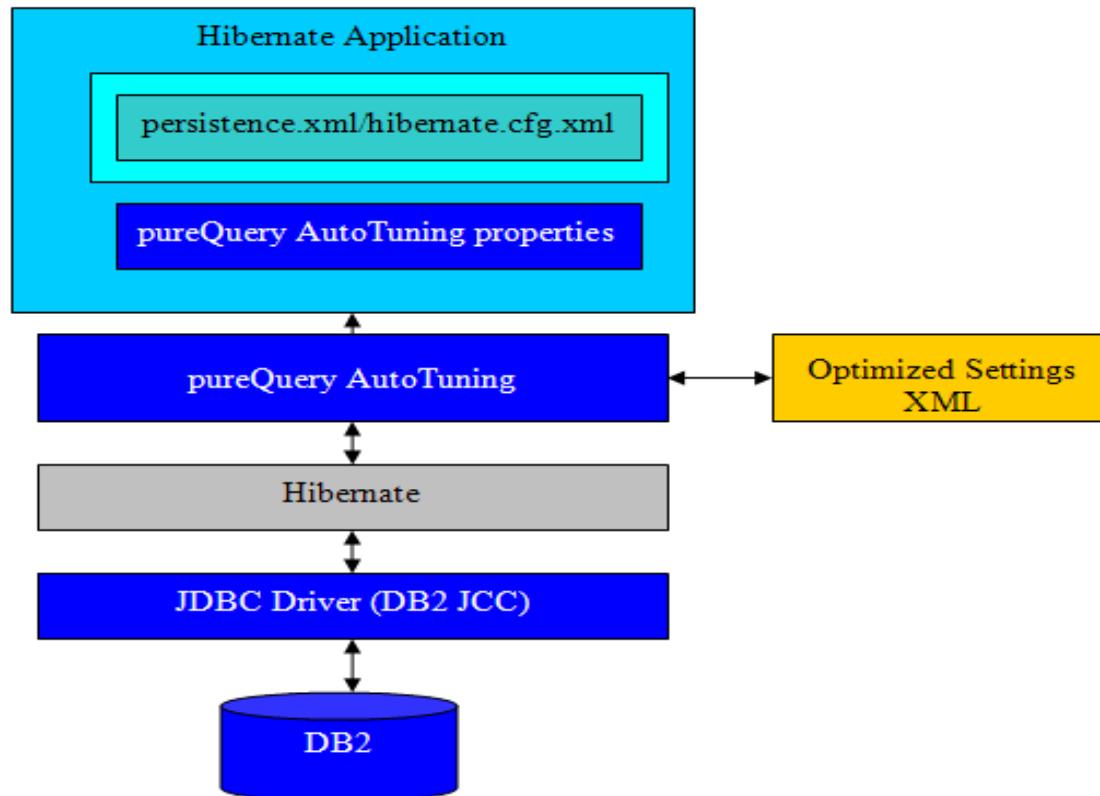
Table	Column	Type
ORDER_ITEMS	ORDER_NUM	CHAR(12)
ORDER_ITEMS	ITEM	CHAR(128)
ORDER_ITEMS	QUANTITY	SMALLINT

Hibernate AutoTuning

Automatically identify and fix common problems with Java Persistence applications

- hundred's of SQL per transaction
- tens of unwanted joins per SQL

<https://www.ibm.com/services/forms/preLogin.do?source=swq-iopahb>



Java - heteroBatch_hibernate/src/hibernate/tests/HelloHiberEntity.java - IBM Optim Development Studio

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Data Run Window Help

Hibernate Configuration File: hibernate.cfg.xml

Java Class: HelloHiberEntity.java

Java Class: HiberEntity.java

Properties File: pdq.properties

Properties File: with_heterobatch

Code Snippet (HelloHiberEntity.java):

```

        long start = System.currentTimeMillis();
        session.getTransaction().commit();
        long elapsedTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis() - start;
        totTime += elapsedTimeMillis;
        session.close();
        session = sfactory.openSession();
        //System.out.println("Time taken to execute the batch: "+elapsedTimeMillis);
        printStat = printStat + 2 * j + "," + elapsedTimeMillis + "\n";
        //count++;
        System.out.println(count);
    }
    System.out.println("AVG time taken for "+count+" commits= "+(totTime/count));
    fileToWrite.writeToFile(printStat);
}

```

Correlate application code to database operation

Data Source Explorer:

- Configuration Repositories
- Database Connections
 - buflogdb
 - DB2PE [DB2 Alias]
 - DB2PE1 [DB2 Alias]
 - GSDB [DB2 Alias]
 - metadata (Informix 11.1)
 - metadatalog
 - NEWGSDB [DB2 Alias]
 - PED1 [DB2 Alias]
 - SAMP [DB2 Alias]

Correlate back to data source

Performance Data Set (hetero_batch_data):

Java Projects	Number of Times Run	Total Time	Max Time	Average Time
hibernate.tests	780	780	64.58	56.14
hibernate.tests	3900	3900	142.97	92.95
hibernate.tests	39	39	10168.72	2401.80
hibernate.tests	-	-	497.88	139.96
hibernate.tests	-	-	260.74	61.58

Compare execution times - no batching (Blue) v/s Heterogenous Batching (green)

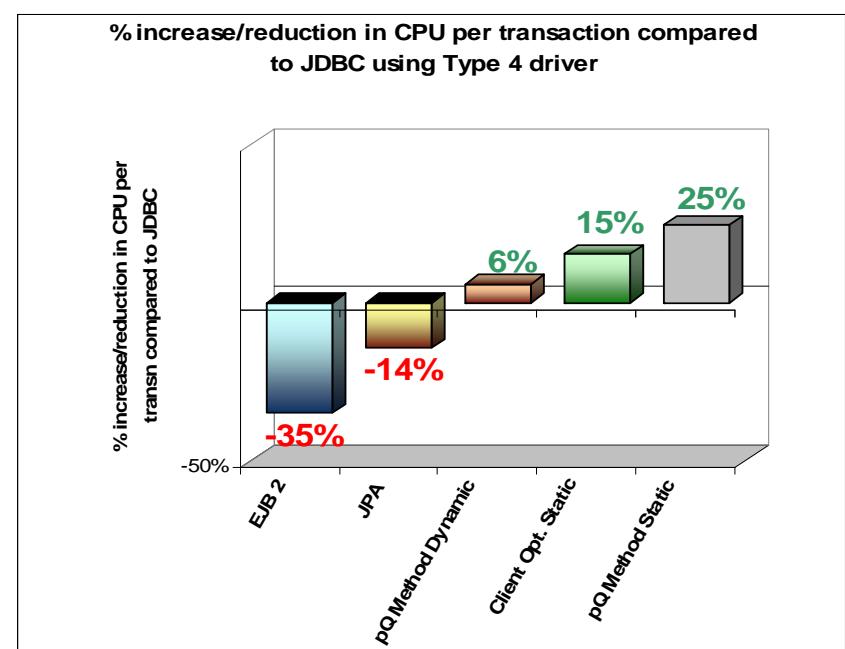
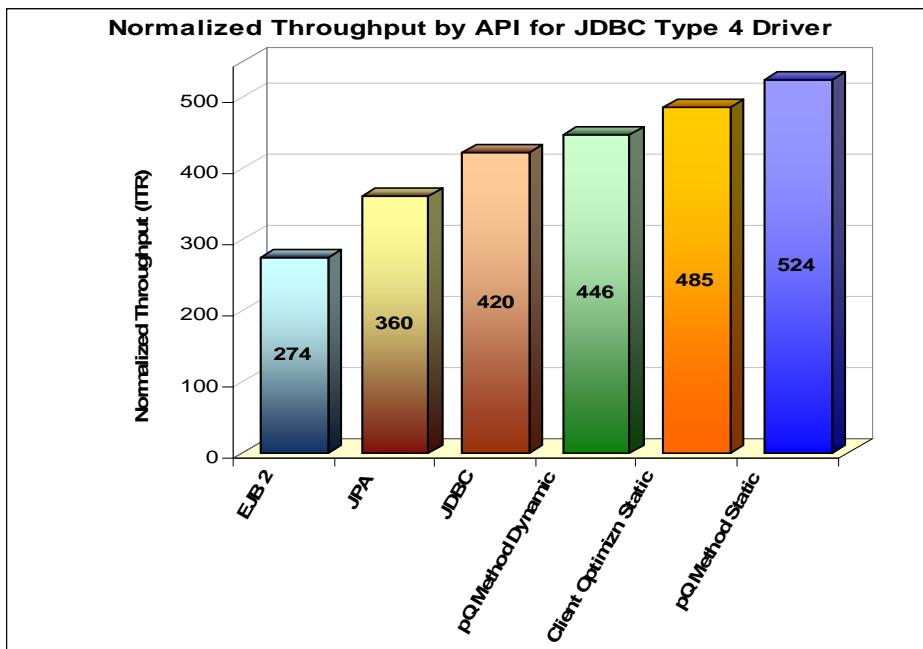
Client Optimization

Improve Java data access performance for DB2 – without changing a line of code

- **Captures SQL for Java applications**
 - Custom-developed, framework-based, or packaged applications
- **Bind the SQL for static execution without changing a line of code**
 - New bind tooling included
- **Delivers static SQL execution value to existing DB2 applications**
 - Making response time predictable and stable by locking in the SQL access path pre-execution, rather than re-computing at access time
 - Limiting user access to tables by granting execute privileges on the query packages rather than access privileges on the table
 - Aiding forecasting accuracy and capacity planning by capturing additional workload information based on package statistics
 - Drive down CPU cycles to increase overall capability
- **Choose between dynamic or static execution at deployment time, rather than development time**

Optim pureQuery Runtime for z/OS

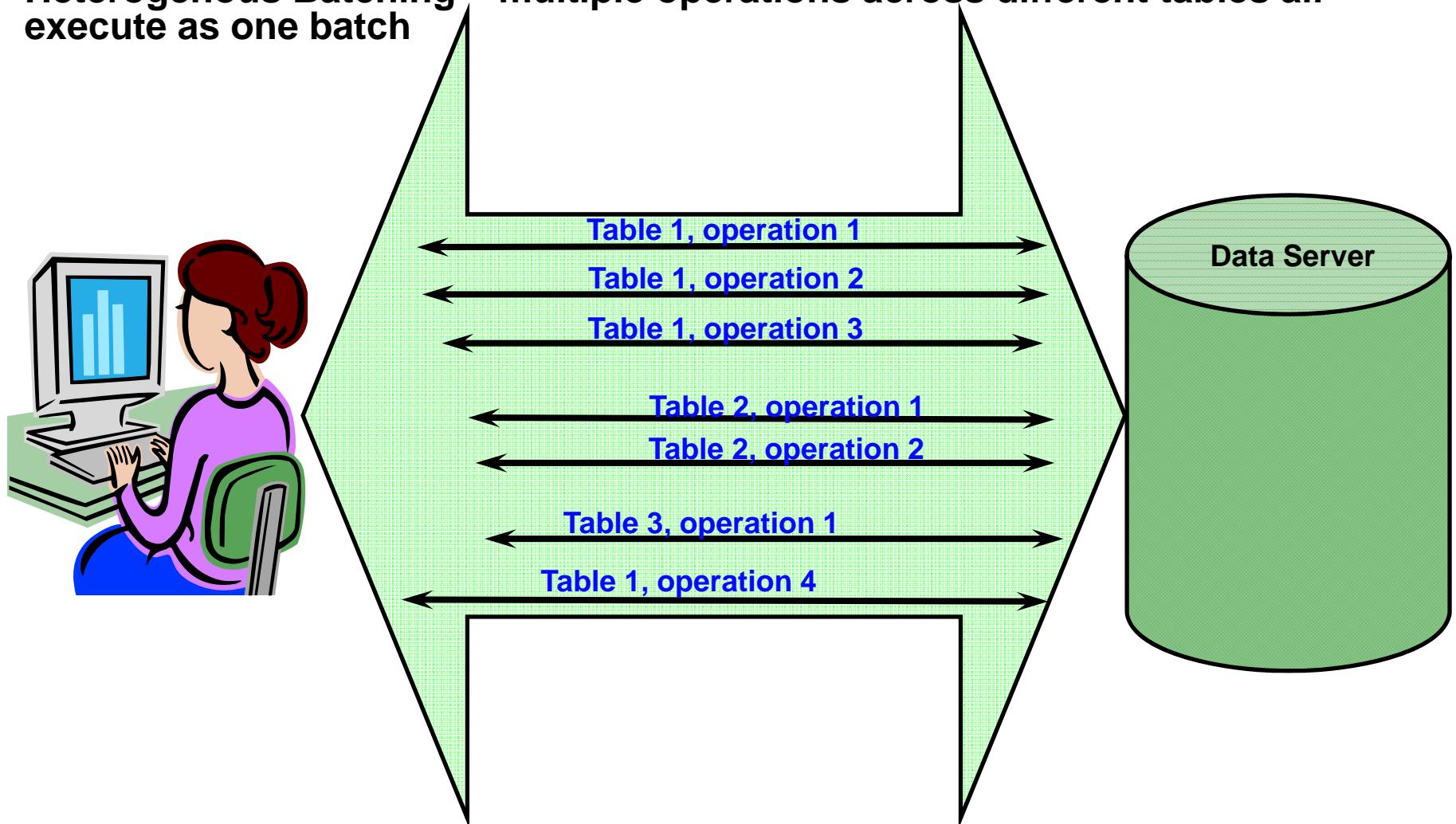
- In-house testing shows double-digit reduction in CPU costs over dynamic JDBC**



- IRWW – an OLTP workload, Type 4 driver**
- Cache hit ratio between 70 and 85%**
- 15% - 25% reduction on CPU per txn over dynamic JDBC**

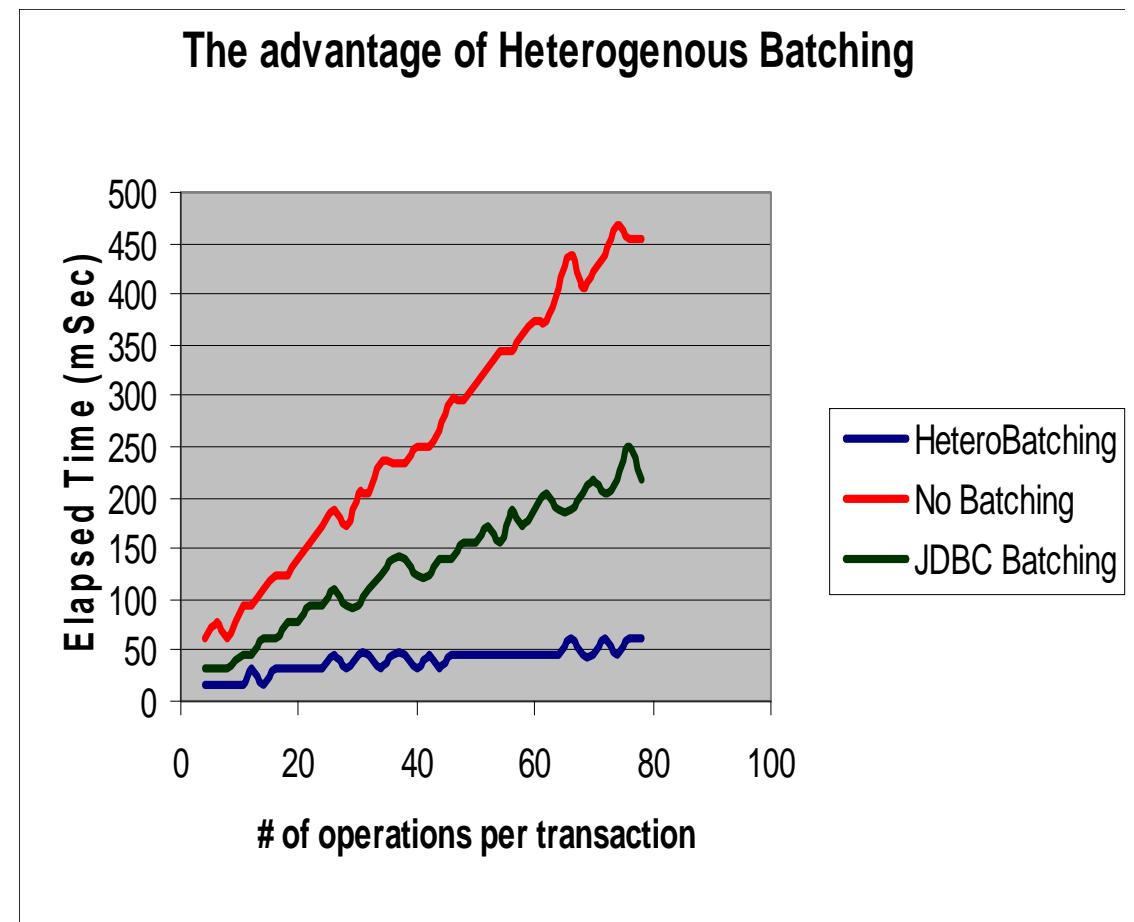
What Is Heterogeneous Batching?

Heterogenous Batching – multiple operations across different tables all execute as one batch



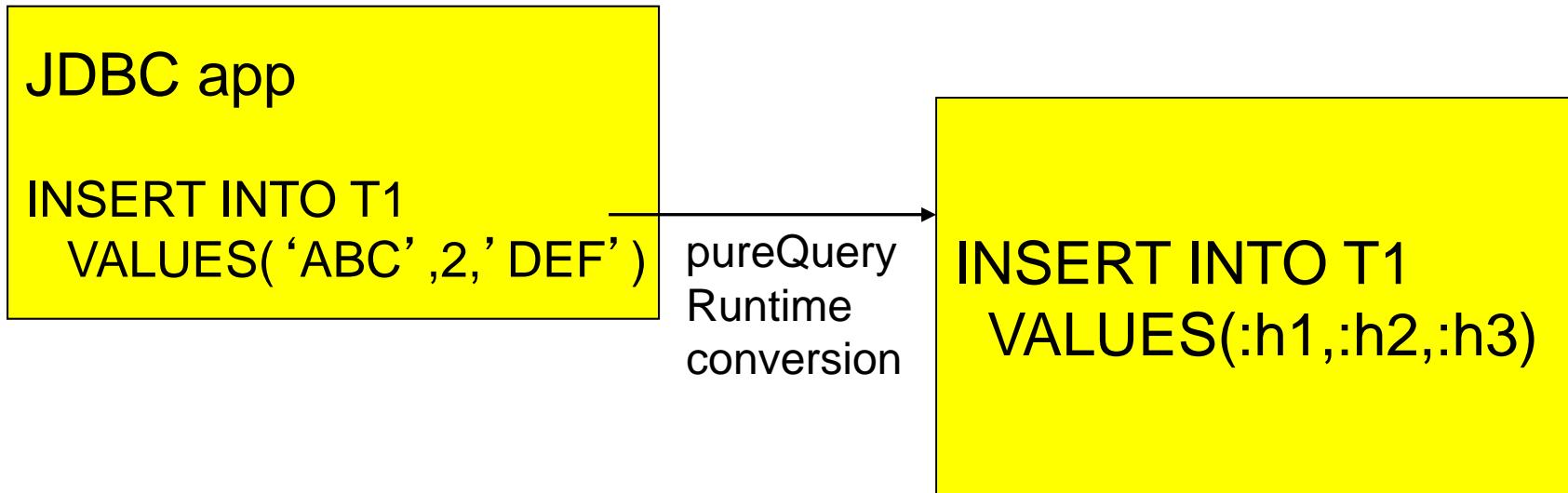
JDBC Batching v/s pureQuery Heterogeneous Batching

- JDBC batching used by Hibernate Batcher is currently limited
 - Cannot batch entities that map to multiple tables
 - Primary and Secondary tables.
 - Inheritance Join and Table per class strategies
 - Cannot batch different operations against same table
 - Field level updates
 - Insert, update
 - Cannot batch different entities
 - Each batch is a message to the database
- pureQuery heterogeneous batching plug-in for Hibernate on the other hand
 - Can batch entities that map to multiple tables
 - Can batch different operations against the same table
 - Can batch different entities into a single batch
 - Combines insert, deletes, updates into single batch



* Preliminary findings based on validation with a test designed to demonstrate heterogeneous batching differences. This is not intended to be a formal benchmark.

pureQuery – Stripping Literals from SQL



- pureQuery can identify statements that use no parameter markers, and strip the literals out at runtime
- significant performance gains:
 - less CPU cost at PREPARE
 - better use of dynamic statement cache

WebSphere – a first class OPM citizen

Extended Insight Analysis Dashboard: DEMO@local

[Back](#)

Locate the source of performance problems, determine how those problems affect different parts of the workload, and analyze the performance of individual SQL statements, clients, and partitions.

Response Time Details: profit

[Graph](#) [Grid](#)

Selected layer: Average End-to-End Response Time [Show Maximum](#)

Client Host Name or IP Address Transaction Executions Time of First Connection Average Response Time (sec)

GoSales2.ibm.com	18	03/31 12:52:22	01:04.491
GoSales1.ibm.com	35	04/07 17:17:39	4.758

Client Comparison

Client Host Name or IP Address	Time of First Connection	Network Time	Client Time	Currently Used Connections	Connection Pool Size	Maximum Connection Wait Time	JRE Version	Operating System	Database Driver Level
GoSales2.ibm.com	03/31 12:52:22	13:50.820	11:04.000	47	50	57.67	16.2-b04	Window...	3.58.82
GoSales1.ibm.com	04/07 17:17:39	7.367	25.336	52	100	0.34	16.2-b04	Window...	3.58.82

WAS Connection Pool

pureQuery level: 2.15.4 JRE vendor: SunMicrosys JRE version: 16.2-b04

VMM properties:

- WebSphere Application Server data source name: GSDB
- WebSphere Application Server server name: GoSales2
- WebSphere Application Server version: 7.0.1

WAS Connection Pool

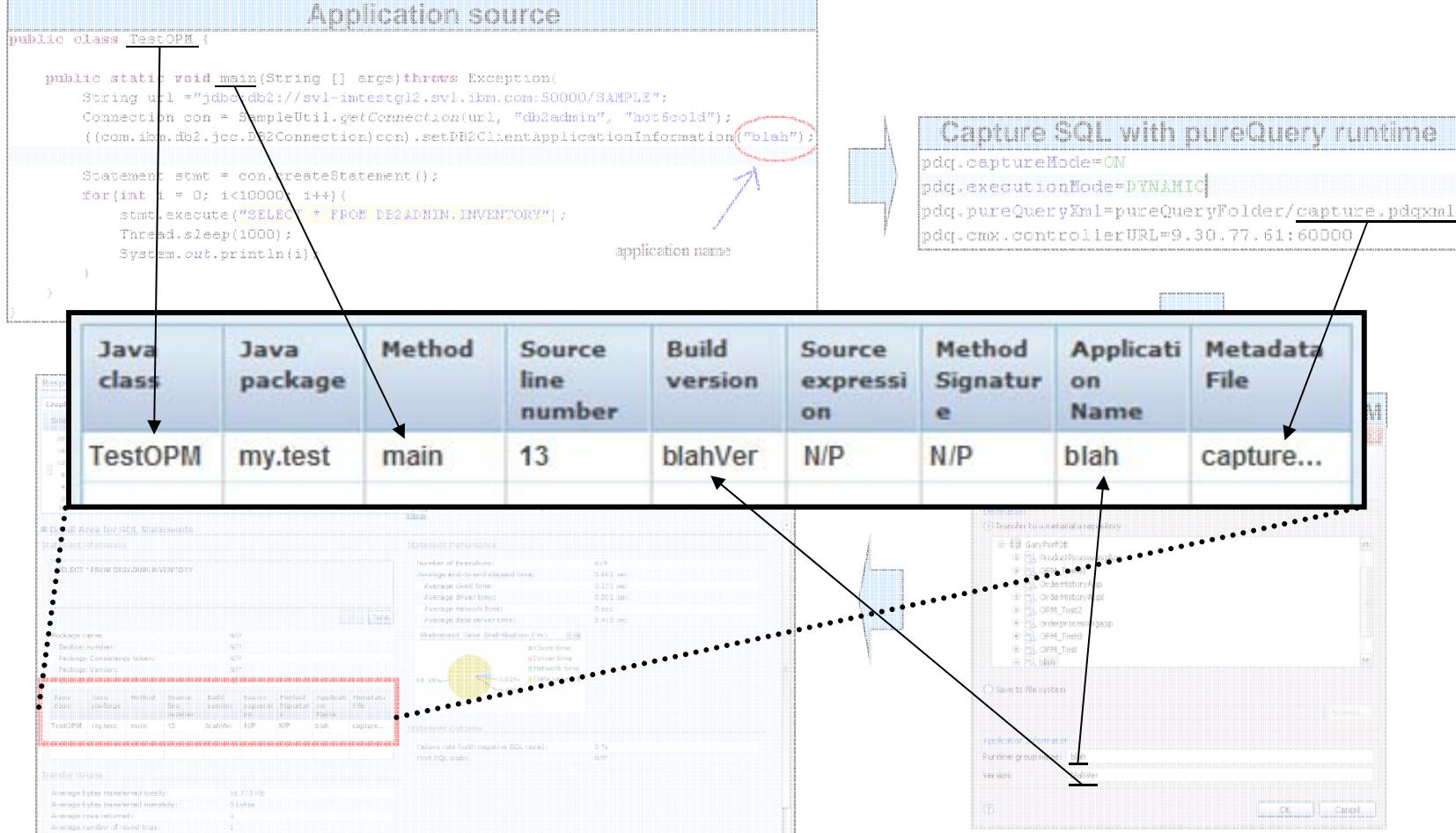
Connection pool size: 50 Average connections in use: 47 Maximum connection wait time: 57.67

Pool Usage

Number of connections vs Time.

[Client Comparison](#)

OPM can tell you where the query came from



OPM Extended Insight (EI) Overview dashboard

Optim Database Management Console

Welcome - My Optim Central | **Extended Insight Analysis**

Recent: 11:02 10/24/2009 | History: Stopped | Aggregation: 1

Learn about the time controls. 01:28 10/25 03:28 10/25 | 3 Ho

Time: 09:46 10/27/2009 | Duration: 03:28 10/25 | GMT +01:00

Extended Insight Analysis Dashboard : SAMPLE

Use to monitor and analyze the workloads executed by application servers and client applications.

Open Details... Activate... Deactivate... New... Edit... Copy... Reset Delete Transaction Topology Expand Collapse

Graph	Workload Cluster Group/Workload Cluster	Average End-to-End Response Time (s)	Maximum Inflight Elapsed Time (s)	Maximum End-to-End Response Time (s)	Average Data Server Time (s)	Average Network Time (s)	Average Client Time (s)	Warning (%)	Critical (%)	Transactions (/min)	Row Read Rate	Row Modified Rate	Row Returned Rate
Show	Clientbenutzer-IDs	0.884	36.734	52.984	0.619	0.002	0.058	0.02	4.995	27.32	274,540.453	8,116.01	39,518.42
Show	deploy_admin	2.104	2.453	11.484	1.458	0.153	0.002	N/P	N/P	0.199	11.022	31.917	0.11
Show	mary	2.051	36.734	52.984	1.643	0.003	0.120	0.062	15.361	8.884	274,197.055	23,963.204	39,503.586
Show		0.484	0	1.125	0.175	0	0	N/P	N/P	3.017	143.254	1.099	14.724
Show	paul	0.104	0	1.469	0.096	0	0.030	0	0	7.608	6.061	1	0
Show	kevin	0.090	0.344	1.110	0.100	0	0.005	0	0	7.613	183.061	0	0

▶ Charts for selected workload cluster groups

OPM Extended Insight Dashboard – Client Details

Data Studio Web Console

Welcome dswebadmin | LogOut

Task Manager | Connect | Database: DBTest | Duration: 90 min.

End-to-End Overview | End-to-End Details

Current | History | 45 | Mar 16 – Mar 16 | 90 min.

Headline

Graph | Table | Layer: Data server time

Seconds: 0 – 36 | Time: 11:30 – 12:00

Partition	SQL Statements	Clients
Global	710	432
Partition1	320	112
Partition2	433	322
Partition3	542	321
Partition4	532	123
Partition5	532	123

Show top: 5 by Monitor heap

Link sort order to selected layer

Client Information

Client Identification

- Host name / IP address: 118.84.574.235
- First connection start time: 11:48:48
- Operating system: Windows XP
- Database driver name: driverName
- Database driver level: driverLevel
- Connection Properties: PropertiesTextPro
- pureQuery driver name: driverName
- pureQuery driver level: driverLevel
- JRE Vendor: Vendor
- JRE Version: 1.62
- JVM Properties: PropertiesTextPro
- WAS Data Source Name: sourceName
- WAS Server Name: serverName
- WAS Server Version: 8.7

WAS Connection Pool

- Connection pool size: 60
- Average connections in use: 42
- Max. Connection Wait Time: 18 sec.

Pool Usage

Configured Max. Pool Size
Currently Used Connections
Currently Free Connections

Client Performance

- Overall average response time per transaction: 8 sec.
- Number of Transactions: 4867
- Response Time Warnings: 4 %
- Response Time Problems: 1 %

Overall Time Distributions

Client Time
Network Time
Data Server Time

Client Comparison

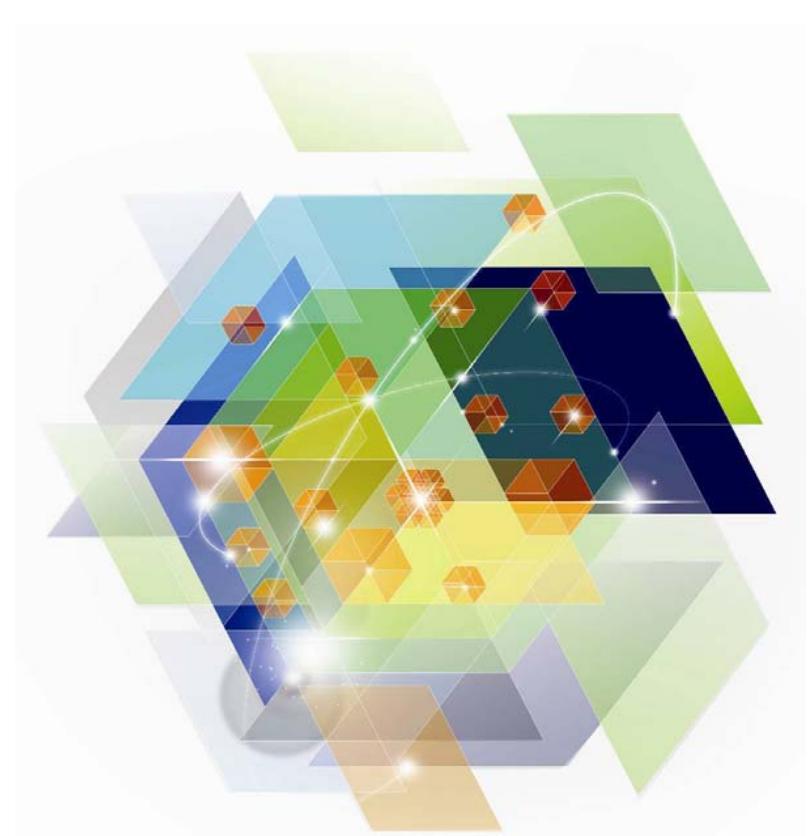
Show details of active clients

Client Time Distributions

Application Time
Connection Time
Database Driver Time

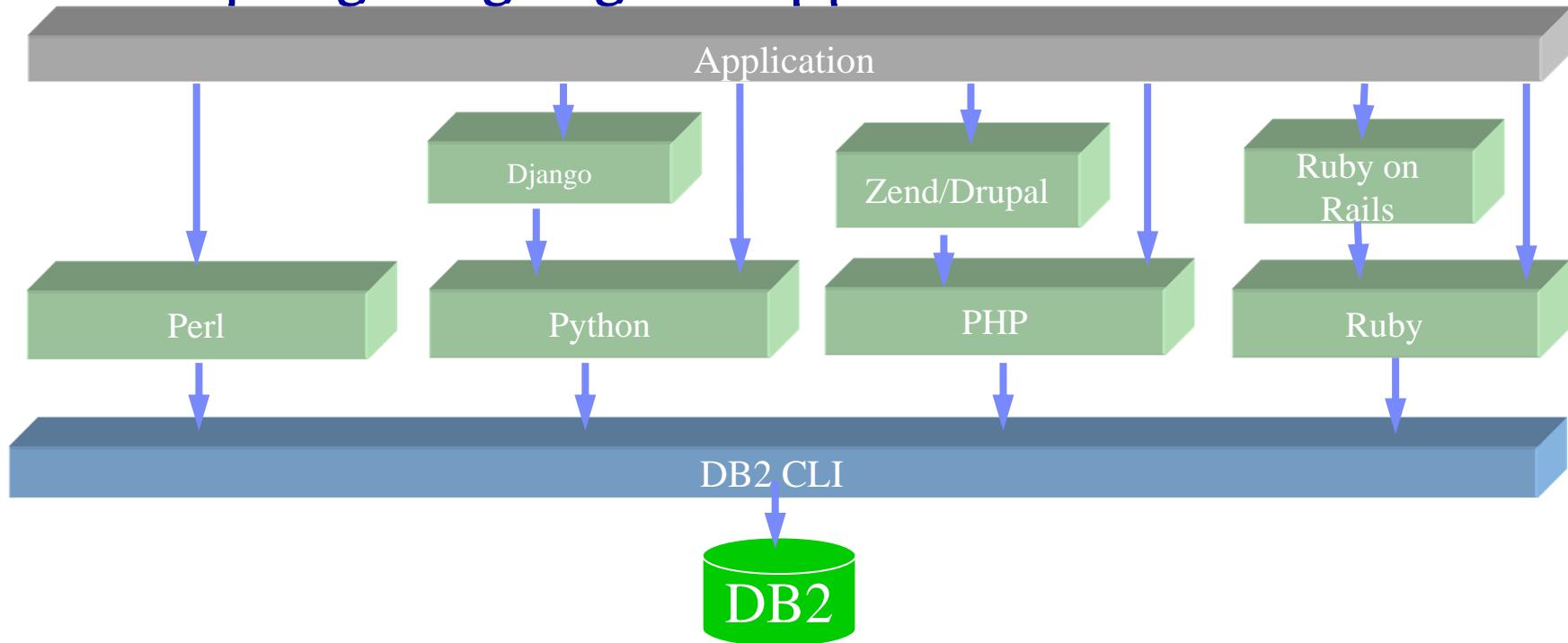


Open Source Scripting Languages



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DB2 Scripting languages support



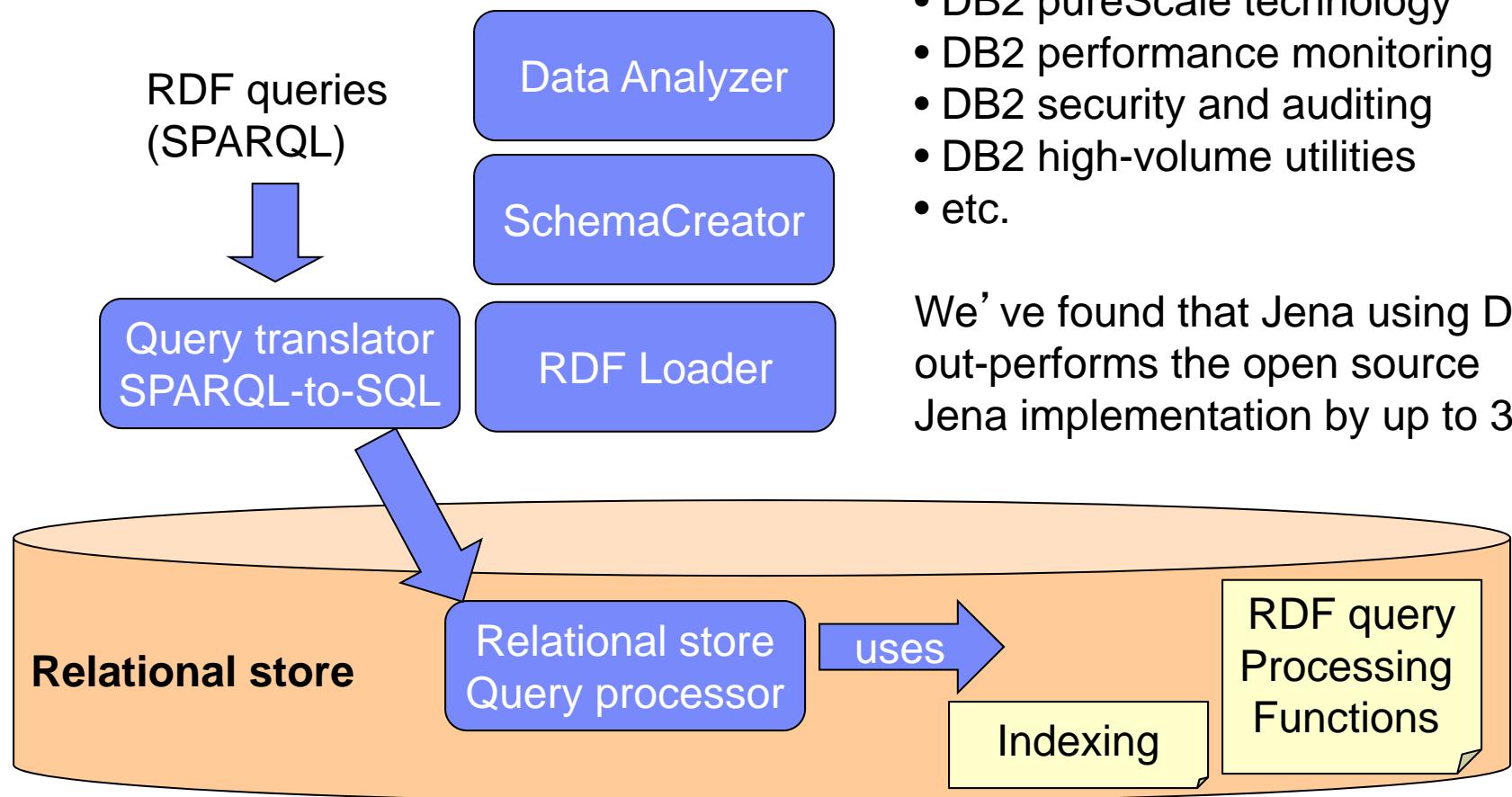
Up-to-date with latest Django/Rails/Zend releases.

- All open source drivers and adapters are available on the DB2 media
- Python: <http://code.google.com/p/ibm-db/>
- Ruby: <http://rubyforge.org/projects/rubyibm/>
- PHP: http://pecl.php.net/package/ibm_db2/, http://pecl.php.net/package/PDO_IBM
- Perl: <http://search.cpan.org/~ibmtordb2/>

In-the-works

- DB2 Drupal Support
 - A widely used PHP based Web Content Management System
 - DB2 support for Drupal 6 publicly available shortly
 - Drupal 7 support to follow
- SQL Generation for Java API based Query Systems before deployment
 - Complete Accelerator support for Hibernate / JPA Criteria Queries

RDF and Jena Built on Top of DB2 Infrastructure

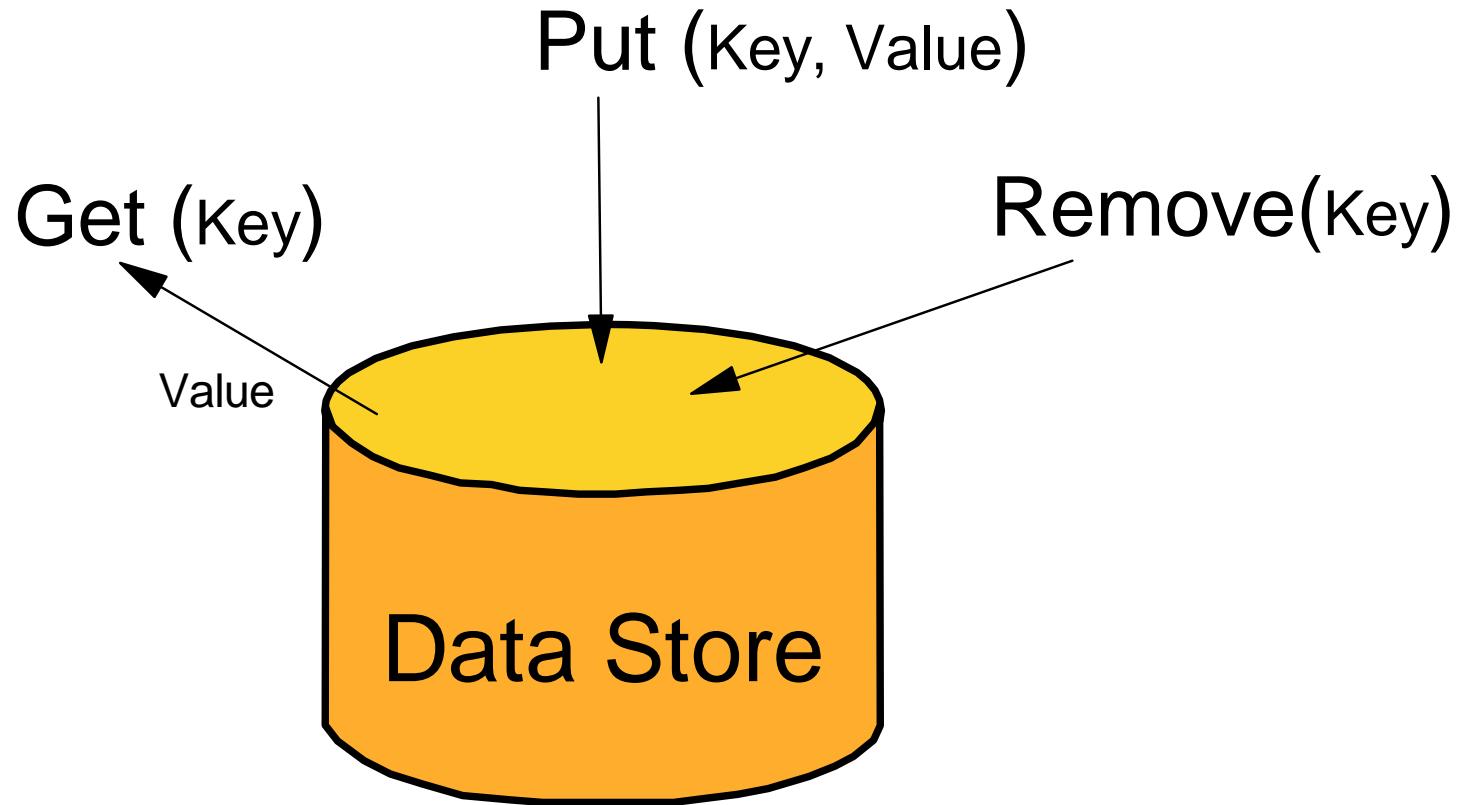


Immediately takes advantage of:

- DB2 storage infrastructure
- DB2 backup/recovery
- DB2 pureScale technology
- DB2 performance monitoring
- DB2 security and auditing
- DB2 high-volume utilities
- etc.

We've found that Jena using DB2 out-performs the open source Jena implementation by up to 300%.

DB2 is making investments to support Key Value data (Redis)



Key/value access is very well optimized with the recently GA support for hash data access in DB2 11 for z/OS. Range partitioning and DPSIs also help optimize for key/value access patterns.



Capture Replay Technology Preview



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Capture Replay

IBM

Optim Solutions

Open | Welcome | Capture / Replay

Create Test Database SQL Workloads

Capture an SQL Workload running against one database and replay it against another database.

Capture... Transform... Replay... Validate... Report... More Actions Set Up...

Workload Name	Workload Type	Source	Status	Owner	Notes

First step is to select the Capture... button

Capture Replay

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Create Test Database SQL Workloads

Capture an SQL Workload

Workload Name: PeakOrders

Database Type: DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows

Databases to Capture:

Database Name	Host	Port
ORDERS	9.12.23.43	50000
PORDERS	9.12.23.43	50000
CUSTORD	9.12.23.43	50000

Add... Remove

Start Time: Immediately

Duration: 240

Guardium Host: 9.23.45.67

Guardium Port: 8002

Guardium Port: ordersextract Schedule...

Test Data Extract: All peak time activity on the orders database

Notes:

OK Show Command Cancel

Capture Replay

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Create Test Database SQL Workloads

Capture an SQL Workload running against one database and replay it against another database.

Capture... Transform... Replay Validate Report More Actions Set Up...

Transform SQL Workload: PeakOrders

Database Mapping

	Capture Database	Maps To	Replay Database	Type	Host Name	Port	User ID	Password
	ORDERS	=	ORDERST1	DB2 LUW	test1.company.com	50001	DBA123	*****
	PORDERS	=	ORDERST1	DB2 LUW	test1.company.com	50001	DBA123	*****
	CUSTORD	=	ORDERST1	DB2 LUW	test1.company.com	50001	DBA123	*****

Schema Mapping

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

User ID Mapping

Capture User ID	Maps To	Replay User ID	Replay Password
PRODUSER	=	TESTUSER	*****

Notes:

Mapped dbs, schemas, ids from prod to test

OK Show Command Cancel

Capture Replay

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Create Test Database SQL Workloads

Capture an SQL Workload running against one database and replay it against another.

Capture... Transform... Replay... Validate... Report... More Actions ▾

Workload Name: PeakOrders[0]

Workload Name: PeakOrders[1]

Workload Name: PeakOrders[2] (Selected)

Validate SQL Workload: PeakOrders[2]

Original Capture: PeakOrders

Replay Capture: PeakOrders[2]

Notes: PeakOrders[2] compared to PeakOrders Original Capture

▼ Transaction Classification Order

1: Client Application Name | Not Masked | From position: 40 to: 65
2: Client Accounting String | Masked |
3: Package Name |
4: Order of SQL Statements |

OK Show Command Cancel

orders
om prod to
ation

Transaction Classification Order helps us group transactions to show aggregate information.

Capture Replay



[Open](#) | [Welcome](#) [Capture / Replay](#)

[Create Test Database](#) [SQL Workloads](#) [Validation Report](#)

Validate that the replay matches the original capture. Remove failed SQL and related objects.

Overview

Replay Success		
Successful SQL Replays	9000 / 10000	90%
Failed SQL Replays	1000 / 10000	10%
• Different Return Codes	300 / 10000	3%
• Different # Rows Returned	200 / 10000	2%
• Different # Rows Updated	300 / 10000	3%
• Missing SQL	0 / 10000	0%
Successful Transaction Replays	500 / 800	63%
Failed Transaction Replays	300 / 800	27%
• Different Return Codes	100 / 800	12%
• Different # Rows Returned	60 / 800	7%
• Different # Rows Updated	70 / 800	8%
SQL Execution (1000 / second)		
New SQL	50	
New Transactions	2	

Response Time		
	Elapsed Time (Hours)	
PeakOrders[0] Total	240:35	
PeakOrders[5] Total	220:25	
Total Improvements	25:30	10%
Total Regressions	5:20	2%
SQL with >= 5% Improvement	300 / 10000	3%
SQL with >= 5% Regression	200 / 10000	2%
Trans with >= 5% Improvement	10 / 250	3%
Rows Returned (10,000 / second)		
Regression	27 / 250	17%

Validation report enables drill-down on failed replays, like Different Return Codes
Move Diff Rows Returned
Adjustable $\geq 5\%$ to 10%

Capture Replay

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Open | Welcome | Capture / Replay | Create Test Database | SQL Workloads | Validation Report

Validate that the replay matches the original capture. Remove failed SQL and related transactions.

Overview

SQL Execution (1000 / second)

Execution Time (Hours)

— PeakOrders[0]
— PeakOrders[5]

Rows Returned (10,000 / second)

Execution Time (Hours)

— PeakOrders[0]
— PeakOrders[5]

Capture Replay

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Open | ▾

Welcome X

Capture / Replay X

Create Test Database

SQL Workloads

Validation Report X

Overview > Different Return Codes Save Workload...

+100 Return Codes – The data from the original capture environment is not present in the replay environment.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Statement Text	Original RC	New RC	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	+100	Row not found or end of cursor.
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T1.AGENT_ID ...	0	+100	Row not found or end of cursor.
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	+100	Row not found or end of cursor.
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T2.AGENT_ID ...	0	-100	Row not found or end of cursor.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Statement Text	Original RC	New RC	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	-204	Object not defined to DB2.
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T1.AGENT_ID ...	0	-204	Object not defined to DB2.
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	-205	Column name not in table.
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T2.AGENT_ID ...	0	-205	Column name not in table.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Statement Text	Original RC	New RC	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	-551	Authorization failure
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T1.AGENT_ID ...	0	-551	Authorization failure
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPDATE DBPARTITION...	0	-922	Authorization needed
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSERT T2.AGENT_ID	0	-551	Authorization failure

Select AllDeselect AllRemove TransactionsSelect AllDeselect AllRemove TransactionsSelect AllDeselect AllRemove Transactions

Capture Replay

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Welcome

Capture / Replay

Create Test Database

SQL Workloads

Performance Report

Top 'N' SQL Statements Comparison

Sort by: Total Response Time Change ▼

Number of Statements: 5 ▼

Show: Both Regressions and Improvements ▼

SQL Regressions

Statement Text	Baseline Executions	Change in Executions	Total Response Time			Average Response Time			Rows Updated (changes)	Rows Returned (changes)	Return Code (Changes)
			Baseline (sec)	Change (sec) ▼	Change (%)	Baseline (sec)	Change (sec)	Change (%)			
UPDATE DBPARTITION...	10050	0	200.849	+100.427	+50%	0.059	+0.027	+50%	0	0	0
INSERT T1.AGENT_ID ...	25	0	896.433	+90.708	+10%	12.433	+1.208	+10%	0	0	0
UPDATE	2224	0	1765.623	+85.676	+5%	1.223	+0.176	+5%	0	0	0

SQL Improvements

Statement Text	Baseline Executions	Change in Executions	Total Response Time			Average Response Time			Rows Updated (changes)	Rows Returned (changes)	Return Code (Changes)
			Baseline (sec)	Change (sec) ▼	Change (%)	Baseline (sec)	Change (sec)	Change (%)			
SELECT T2.AGENT_ID ...	100	0	1874.321	-195.427	-12%	10.874	-22.337	-12%	0	0	0
SELECT T1.AGENT_ID ...	345	0	135.987	-120.7083	-95%	0.421	-0.398	-95%	0	0	0
SELECT DBPARTITION...	15454	0	1201.787	-55.676	-5%	0.123	-0.059	-5%	0	0	0
SELECT T2.AGENT_ID ...	4443	0	86.874	-20.786	-23%	0.013	-0.007	-23%	0	0	0

Optim Performance Manager

SQL Statement Comparison Report

Compare performance details of this statement
across the two workload runs

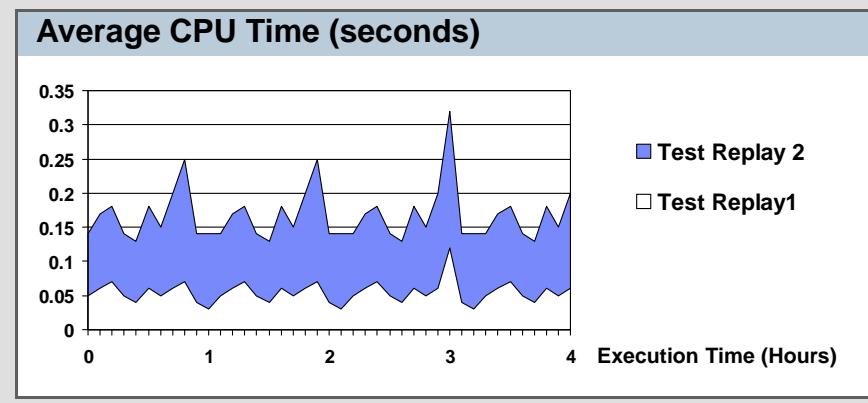
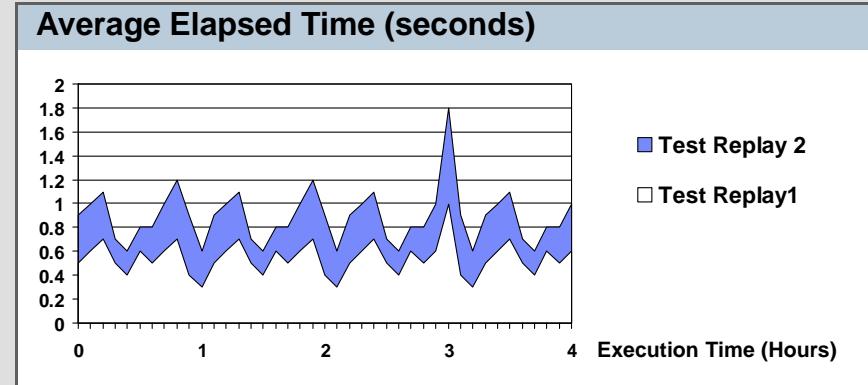


Tune SQL

SQL Statement

```
SELECT B.COL1, B.COL3, B.COL5, B.COL6, B.COL12 FROM T1.SETLMNT, BRANCH B, ADDR A WHERE S.TRANS_NO = ? AND S.TRANS_PROC_DT < '9999-12-31' AND YEAR (S.TRANS_TARGET_DT) = '2002' AND S.TRANS_TYPE IN ('A1', 'A2', 'A3', 'Z9') AND S.TRANS_CD IN ('EOD', 'IMD', 'UGT') AND S.TRANS_SETL_DT = ? AND B.BRANCH_EFF_DT <= ? AND B.BRANCH_INACTIVE_DT > ?
```

Metric	Test Replay 1	Test Replay 2	% Change
Executions	508	508	0%
Average Elapsed Time (sec)	0.567	0.876	+45%
Total Elapsed Time (sec)	254.453	367.463	+45%
Average CPU Time (sec)	0.0567	0.1376	+275%
Total CPU Time (sec)	25.4567	69.876	+275%
Average System CPU Time (sec)	0.0062	0.0121	+175%
Total System CPU Time (sec)	2.3445	6.6503	+175%
Average User CPU Time (sec)	0.0434	0.1221	+275%
Total User CPU Time (sec)	20.432	57.876	+275%
Average Get Pages	4.01	4.40	+15%
Total Get Pages	2000	2300	+15%
Sorts	0	0	0%
Table Scans	0	0	0%



Capture Replay

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Open | **Welcome** | **Capture / Replay**

Create Test Database | **SQL Workloads** | **Performance Report**

Top 'N' Transaction Comparison

Sort by: **Total Response Time Change** | ▼ Number of Statements: **5** | ▼ Show: **Both Regressions and Improvements** | ▼

Transaction Regressions

Transactions	Type	SQL Statements	Total Response Time			Average Response Time			Rows Updated (changes)	Rows Returned (changes)	Return Code (Changes)
			Baseline (sec)	Change (sec) ▼	Change (%)	Baseline (sec)	Change (sec)	Change (%)			
APPNAME23	App Name	25	200.849	+100.427	+50%	0.059	+0.027	+50%	0	0	0
ACCTSTR456	App Name	5	896.433	+90.708	+10%	12.433	+1.208	+10%	0	0	0
ACCTSTR789	Acnt Str	73	1765.623	+85.676	+5%	1.223	+0.176	+5%	0	0	0
PKGNM123	Package	15	248.321	+78.786	+32%	0.821	+0.286	+32%	0	0	0
SQL SEQ 567	SQL Seq	75	245.765	-75.652	-27%	0.565	-0.102	-27%	0	0	0

Transaction Improvements

Transactions	Type	SQL Statements	Total Response Time			Average Response Time			Rows Updated (changes)	Rows Returned (changes)	Return Code (Changes)
			Baseline (sec)	Change (sec) ▼	Change (%)	Baseline (sec)	Change (sec)	Change (%)			
SQL SEQ 765	SQL Seq	15	1874.321	-195.427	-12%	10.874	-22.337	-12%	0	0	0
SQL SEQ 988	SQL Seq	43	135.987	-120.7083	-95%	0.421	-0.398	-95%	0	0	0
ACCTSTR333	Acnt Str	20	1201.787	-55.676	-5%	0.123	-0.059	-5%	0	0	0
ACCTSTR555	Acnt Str	1	86.874	-20.786	-23%	0.013	-0.007	-23%	0	0	0
APPNAME767	App Name	56	753.765	-15.653	-2%	15.345	-1.334	-2%	0	0	0

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Open | Welcome | Capture / Replay | Create Test Database | SQL Workloads | Performance Report

SQL list for selected transaction.

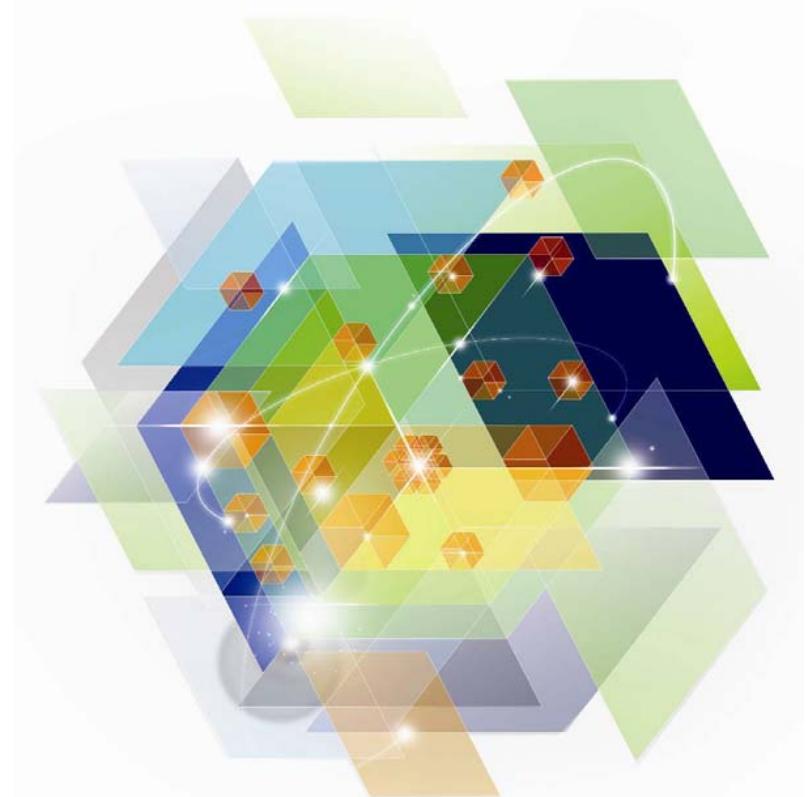
Top N Transactions Report > SQL List for Transaction APPNAME23

SQL List for Transaction APPNAME23

Statement Text	Baseline Executions	Change in Executions	Total Response Time			Average Response Time			Rows Updated (changes)	Rows Returned (changes)	Return Code (Changes)
			Baseline (sec)	Change (sec) ▾	Change (%)	Baseline (sec)	Change (sec)	Change (%)			
<u>UPDATE DBPARTITION...</u>	10050	0	200.849	+100.427	+50%	0.059	+0.027	+50%	0	0	0
<u>INSERT T1.AGENT_ID ...</u>	25	0	896.433	+90.708	+10%	12.433	+1.208	+10%	0	0	0
<u>UPDATE DBPARTITION...</u>	2234	0	1765.623	+85.676	+5%	1.223	+0.176	+5%	0	0	0
<u>INSERT T2.AGENT_ID ...</u>	307	0	248.321	+78.786	+32%	0.821	+0.286	+32%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT * FROM T3 ...</u>	529	0	215.765	+75.653	+27%	0.565	+0.133	+27%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT T2.AGENT_ID ...</u>	100	0	1874.321	-195.427	-12%	10.874	-22.337	-12%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT T1.AGENT_ID ...</u>	345	0	135.987	-120.7083	-95%	0.421	-0.398	-95%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT DBPARTITION...</u>	15454	0	1201.787	-55.676	-5%	0.123	-0.059	-5%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT T2.AGENT_ID ...</u>	4443	0	86.874	-20.786	-23%	0.013	-0.007	-23%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT DBPARTITION...</u>	56	0	753.765	-15.653	-2%	15.345	-1.334	-2%	0	0	0
<u>SELECT T2.AGENT_ID ...</u>	100	0	1874.321	-195.427	-12%	10.874	-22.337	-12%	0	0	0



DB2 for z/OS and the Cloud

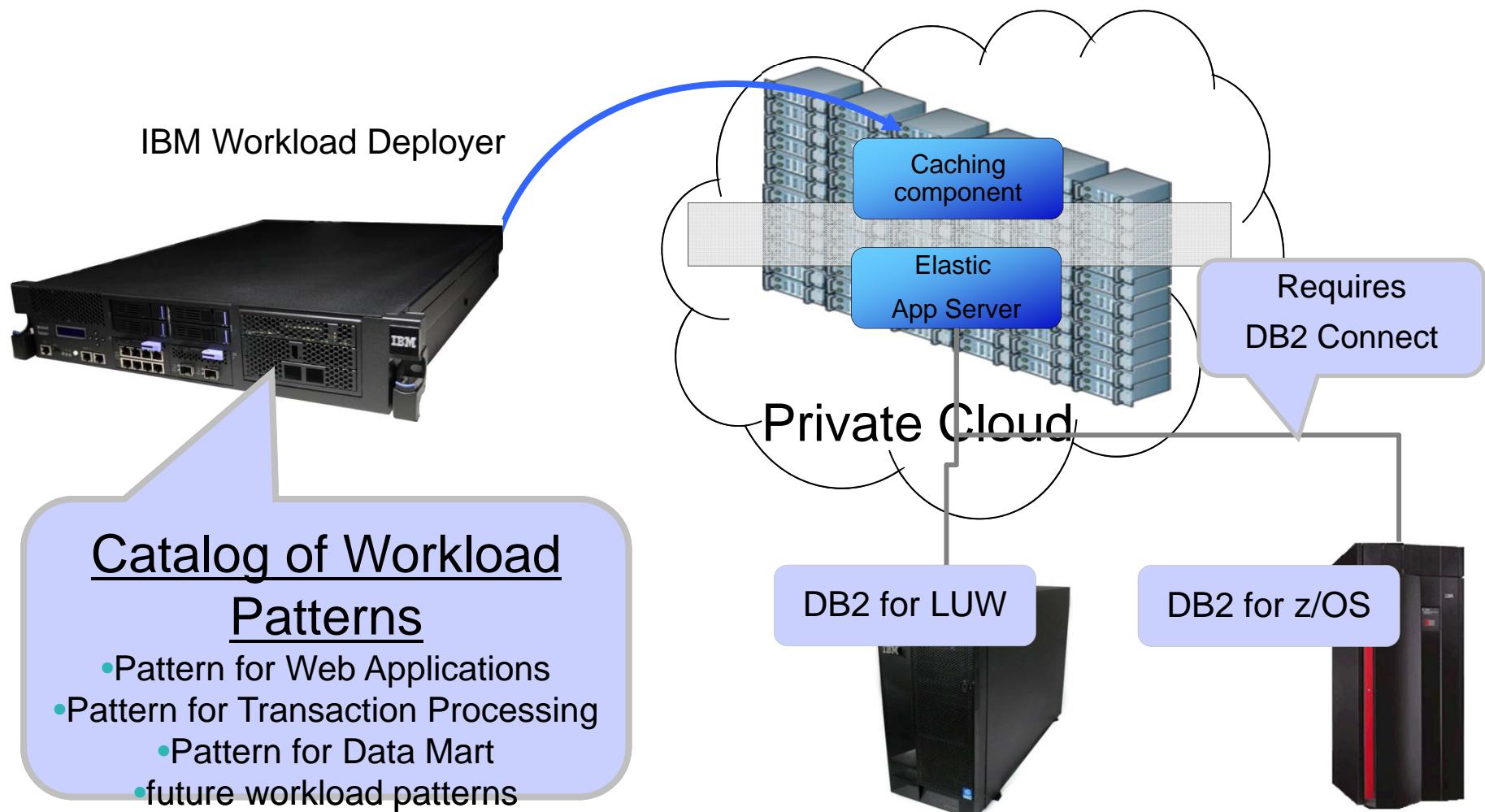


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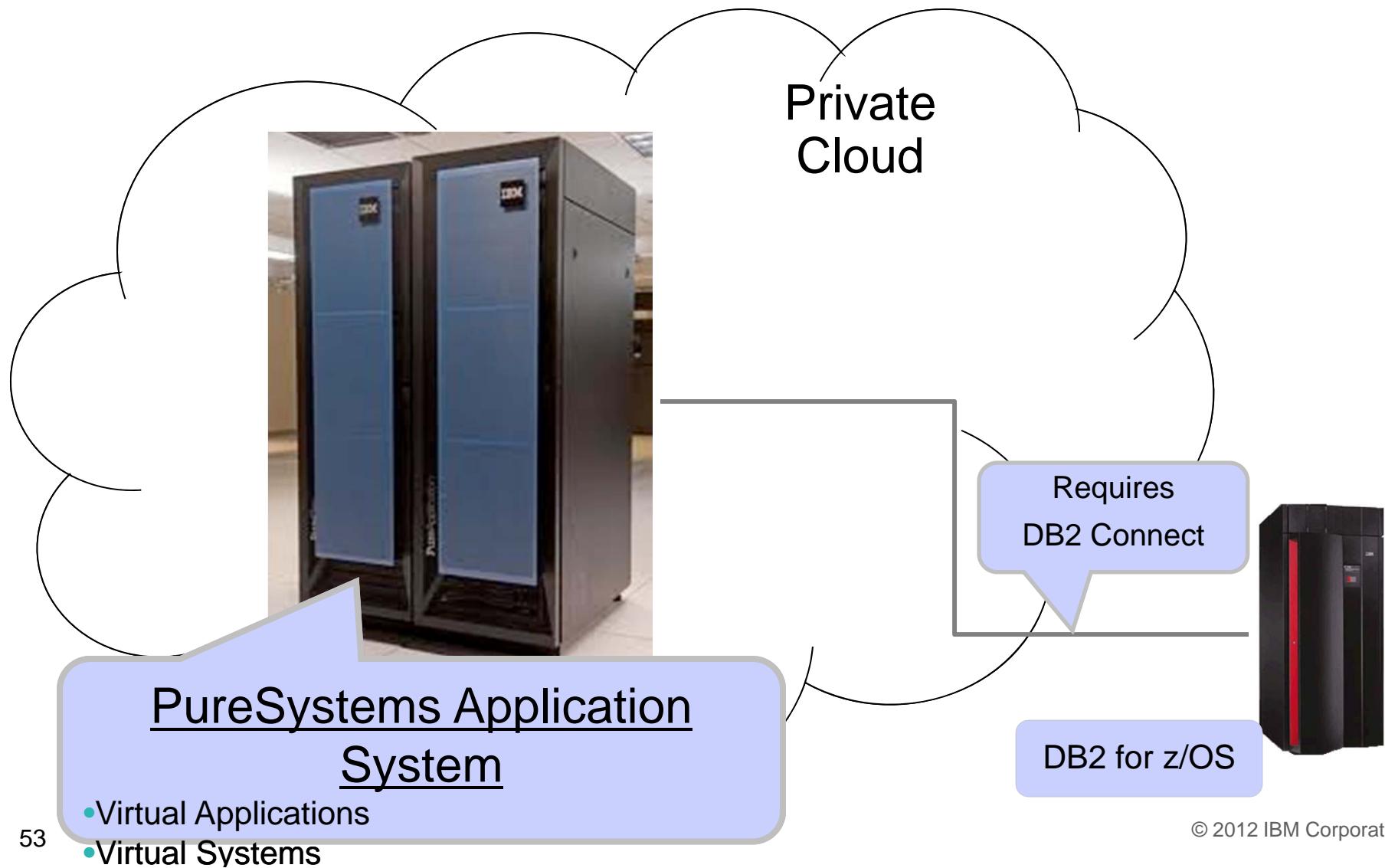
What does cloud mean for DB2 for z/OS?

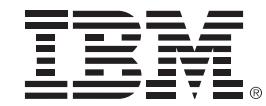
- **Virtualization was invented on the mainframe. The original hypervisor (VM) came from the mainframe**
- **Cloud application systems connect to DB2 for z/OS data**
- **One of the top cloud workloads is application development and test.**
 - Easily leverage cloud resources for development and test environments

IBM Workload Deployer Pattern for Web Applications

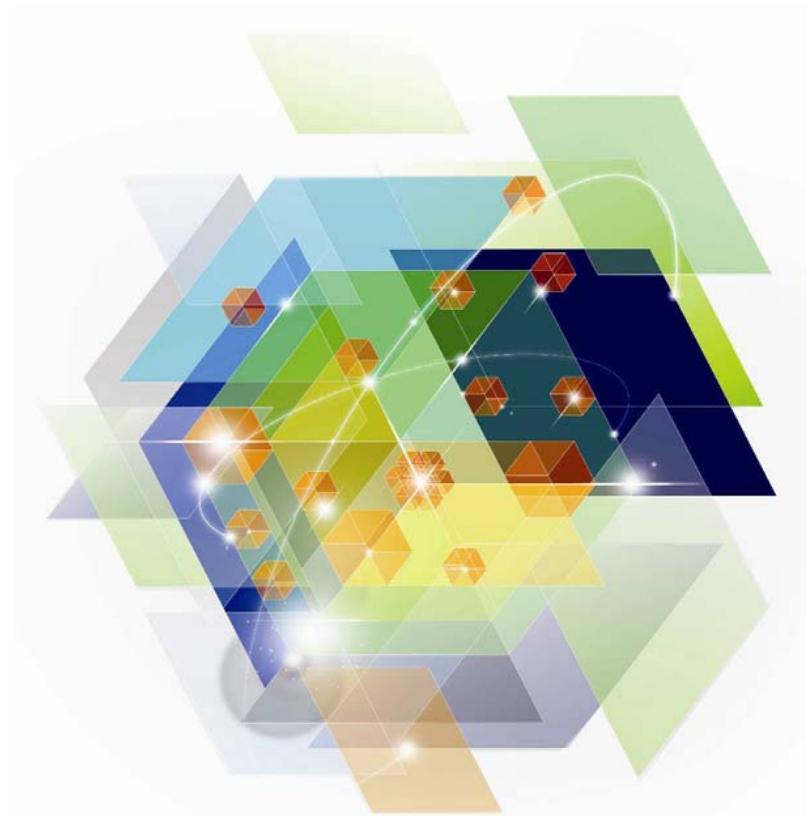


IBM PureSystems Applications System





DB2 for z/OS and IBM Big Data Platform



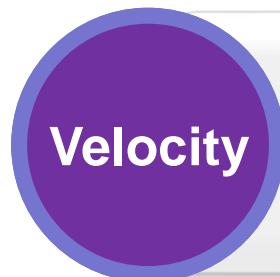
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The “BIG Data” Challenge

Extracting insight from an immense volume, variety and velocity of data, in context, beyond what was previously possible.



Manage the complexity of multiple relational and non-relational data types and schemas



Streaming data and large volume data movement



Scale from terabytes to zettabytes

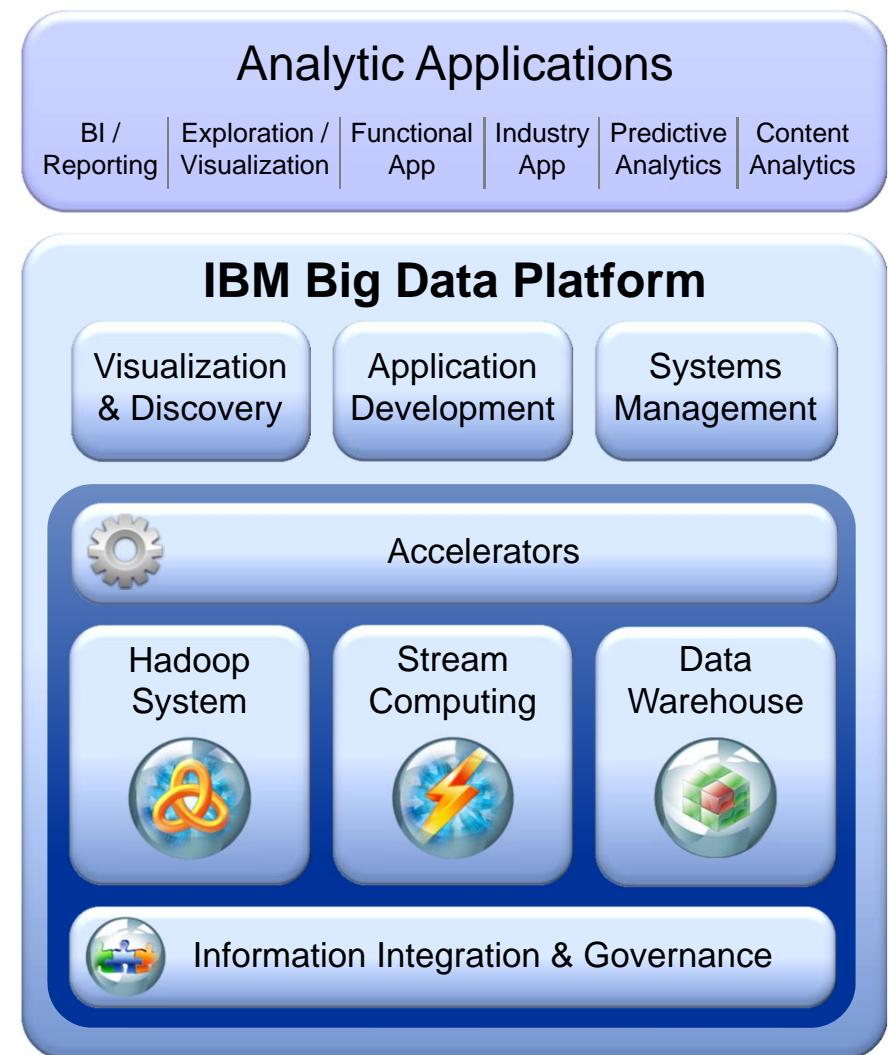
Big Data: From Threat to Opportunity



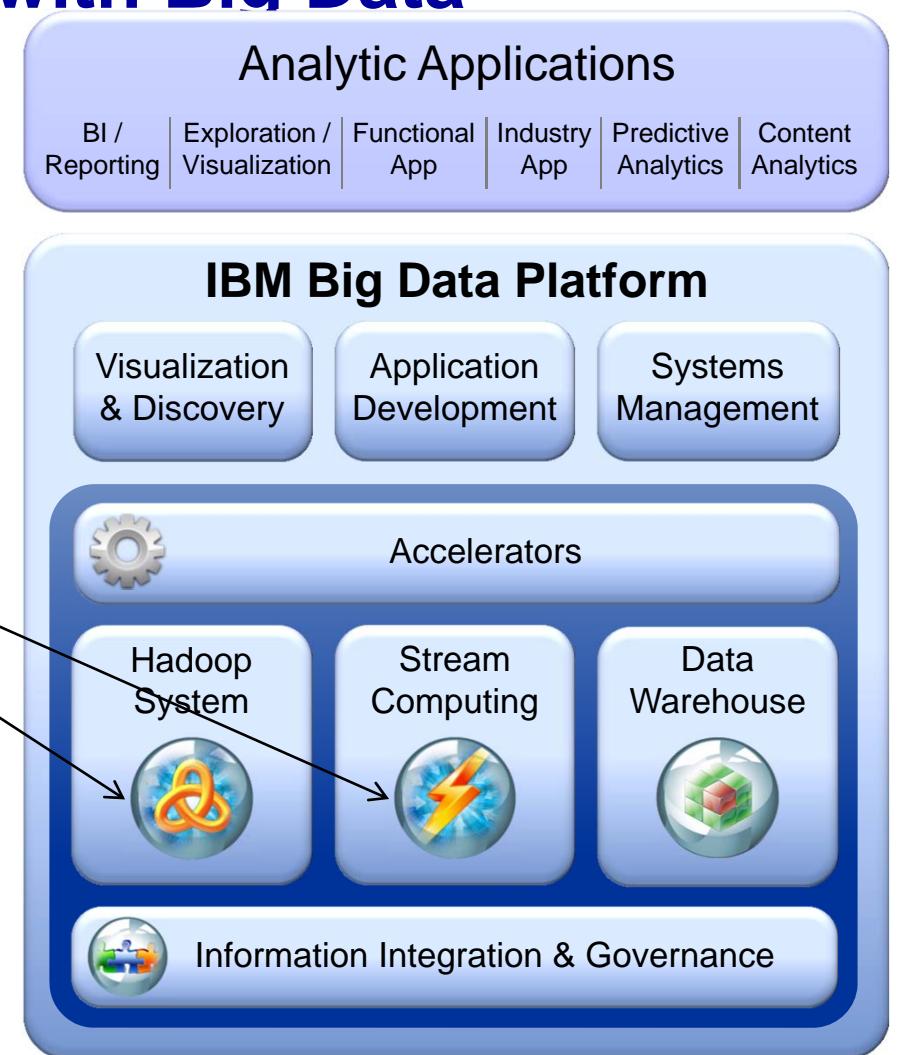
IBM Big Data Strategy: Move the Analytics Closer to the Data

New analytic applications drive the requirements for a big data platform

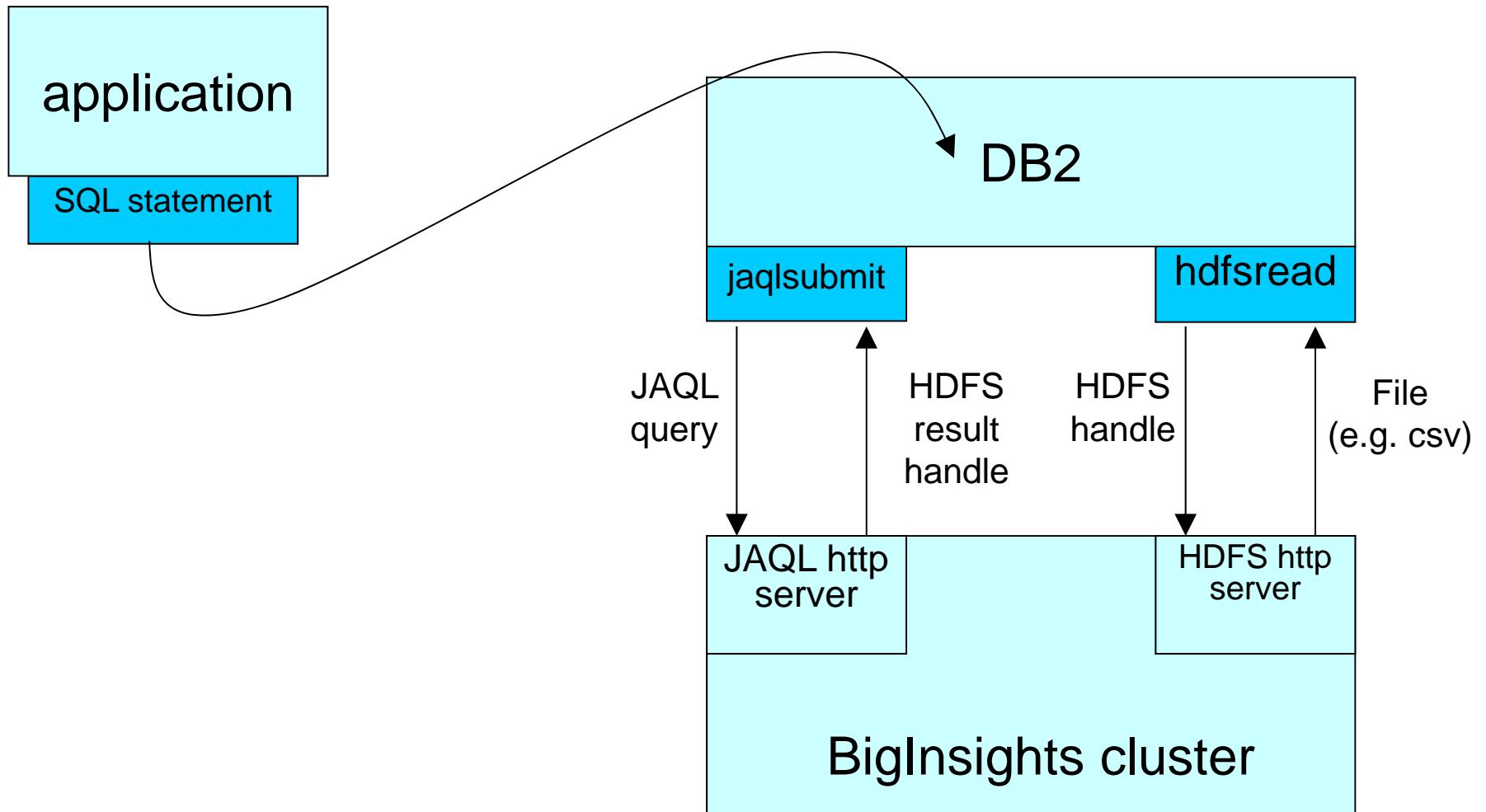
- Integrate and manage the full variety, velocity and volume of data
- Apply advanced analytics to information in its native form
- Visualize all available data for ad-hoc analysis
- Development environment for building new analytic applications
- Workload optimization and scheduling
- Security and Governance



DB2 for z/OS – Integrated with Big Data



jaqlsubmit, hdfsstream... integrate with Hadoop data



- IBM Data Studio
 - www.ibm.com/software/data/studio
 - FAQs / Tutorials
 - Downloads
 - [Forum](#) / Blogs
 - Join the IBM Data Studio user community
- Data Studio Book
 - <http://bit.ly/dstudiobook>

Thank
You

