

Legend for Diagrams

Hook Flow diagrams





AL Termination

AssemblyLine Flow

Hook Flow diagrams

Mode

specific Flow* (Enabled)

Available Objects

The **work** object is not available in Initialization Hooks (unless it is provided as an **Initial Work Entry (IWE).**

As always, if an Error Hook is enabled, the error flow continues and does not go to the Error Flow.

Error Handling

Please note that if the **Prolog On Error** Hook is enabled, then control is passed to back to the AssemblyLine flow; Otherwise, the AssemblyLine **aborts**.

The error condition can be passed on to next On Error Hook (i.e. to the AssemblyLine Error Hook) by re-throwing the exception:

throw error.getObject("exception");

Furthermore, if an error occurs in an **On Error** Hook, then the AssemblyLine will also **abort**.

The error object (of type Entry) is available throughout an AssemblyLine, and provides information about the error situation through its attributes: status, exception, class, message, operation and connectorname.

The status attribute will have the string value "OK" until an error situation arises, at which time it is assigned the value "fail" and the other attributes are added to error.



Hook Flow diagrams



Connector Close Flow

Hook Flow diagrams

Available temporary script variables

Available Objects

Close Hooks will have access to the last **work** Entry processed by the AssemblyLine

As always, if an Error Hook is enabled, the error flow continues and does not go to the Error Flow.

Error Handling

Please note that if the **Prolog On** Error Hook is enabled, then control is passed to back to the AssemblyLine flow; Otherwise, the AssemblyLine aborts.

The error condition can be passed on to next On Error Hook (i.e. to the AssemblyLine Error Hook) by re-throwing the exception:

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The status attribute will have the string value "OK" until an error situation arises, at which time it is assigned the value "fail" and the other attributes are added to error.





Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

The information stored in the **conn** object is written to the data source by the **Add** operation.





Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

After the **Build Link Criteria** operation, there is a script object called **search** available which gives you access to this information (i.e. for use in the Override Hook).

The record/entry matching the Link Criteria (and that is about to be deleted) is available for scripting as the conn object, and Attribute Mapping is carried out to allow your AssemblyLine to use Attributes from the Entry which is to be deleted.

*On Multiple Entries

If more than one record/entry is found that matches the Link Criteria then the On Multiple Entries Hook must also be **enabled**, or this is treated as an **error**.

You can access the set of records/entries found by using either of these two Connector functions:

getFirstDuplicateEntry() or

getNextDuplicateEntry()

Each of these functions returns an Entry object that can be used to call a Connector Interface's data access methods (.update(), delete(), etc.).

If you wish to proceed with the delete flow/operation, then you must set the current Entry with the following Connector function:

myConnector.setCurrent(myEntry)

If you do not set a current Entry, then execution will continue to On Success, bypassing the rest of the modespecific flow.

Note:

Data sources behave differently when multiple Entries are to be handled.

Even if you select a specific Entry as described above, it is not recommended that you continue with the delete flow, as this may result in an error, or that the operation is performed on multiple entries.



Available temporary script variables work conn



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Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

After the **Build Link Criteria** operation, there is a script object called **search** available which gives you access to this information (e.g. for use in the Override Hook).

*Valid Operation Code

Be default, an **exception** is thrown if Delta mode detects that the work Entry does not have a valid **operation code** (for example, "generic"). Operation code detection occurs after the **Before Execute** Hook. Delta mode can be configured to *ignore* these Entries instead.

Delta Application

During Delta processing, the necessary steps are taken to prepare for for applying the detected changes as efficiently as possible.

For example, **multi-value Attributes** require special handling so that **value-level Delta operation codes** are applied correctly.





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Available Objects

As always, work gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

The data read in by each GetNext operation is available in the conn object.

Note:

If a Connector in Iterator mode detects the presence of a valid **work** object at the start of its execution for example, that there is another Iterator in front of this one in the same AssemblyLine, or that the initial work Entry has been passed into the AssemblyLine from a calling process or system -then this Connector will not be executed, passing instead this Entry to the next Connector in the AssemblyLine.

The sidebar below illustrates what happens when an Iterator reaches its end-of-data. At this point it will not pass a work object to the next Connector, which in the case of another Iterator, will signal it to begin its own iteration.







conn

Available Objects

As always, work gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

After the Build Link Criteria operation, there is a script object called search available which gives you access to this information (i.e. for use in the Override Hook).

The record/entry matching the Link Criteria is available through the conn object.

*On Multiple Entries

If more than one record/entry is found that matches the Link Criteria then the On Multiple Entries Hook must also be enabled, or this is treated as an error.

During this hook, conn may be set to the desired Entry object by calling the Connector's setCurrent() function:

myConnector.setCurrent(myEntry)

You can access the set of records/entries found by using either of these two Connector functions:

getFirstDuplicateEntry() or

getNextDuplicateEntry()

Each of these functions returns an **Entry** object that can be used in the setCurrent() call.

If setCurrent() is not called (e.g. no current entry is set) then the flow is passed on to On Success, skipping the rest of the mode-specific flow.





Available Objects

The only temporary Entry object is **conn**, which is available in the **After Accepting Connection** Hook.

This Entry contains a single Attribute called

connectorInterface

Its only value is a reference to the Connector Interface that will be paired up with the *Flow* component list in in **Iterator Mode** to feed it with event data.

Server Behavior

Server Mode Connectors do not run exclusively like Iterators do. Instead, each is launched as a separate process in event listening mode and control is passed to the next Feeds Connector.

When an event is detected (for example, a client attempts to connect) then the Connector creates a *clone* of itself in **terator** Mode once the

After Accepting Connection Hook has completed.

This cloned Iterator is then paired up with the AssemblyLine *Flow* component list (possibly from the **AL Pool**) and Hook flow continues as with standard **Iterator** mode.

Furthermore, once the *Flow* section of the AssemblyLine completes, control is passed to the **Server Response** logic which then creates and sends the required reply to the caller/client system.

The Response Hook flow is detailed on the page entitled **Server Response**.



Server Mode



Available temporary script variables

conn









(cont'd)

Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

If the update results in a **Modify** operation, the **current** object gives you access to the record/entry in the connected data source that matched the Link Criteria (e.g. is about to be modified). Note that until the Output Map, both conn and current contain the same information.

As in the case of an Add, the conn object holds the information that is to be written to the data source in this case, by the Modify operation.

The conn object

The conn object is emptied immediately before the Output Map. After this point, conn and current no longer contain the Entry object found by the lookup operation.

*Modify

Please note that some data sources will compute changes automatically, and if none are detected, will revert with a No Changes exception. This will cause flow to be directed to the On No Changes Hook.









cycle

Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine,.

The error object (of type Entry) is available throughout an AssemblyLine, and provides information about the an error situation through its attributes: status, exception, class, message, operation and connectorname.

The status attribute will have the string value "OK" until an error situation arises, at which time it is assigned the value "fail" and the other attributes are added to error.

*Auto Reconnect

The Auto Reconnect feature is configured through the parameters found in the Connector **Reconnect** tab.

These parameters control the maximum number of times a reconnect will be tried, as well as the number seconds to wait between each attempt.

Connector Reconnect

Hook Flow diagrams



Available Objects

As always, **work** gives you access to the attributes that are currently in the AssemblyLine.

*The information stored in the **conn** object changes during FC operation.

It is important to note that the **conn** object serves two different purposes in a **Function**:

1) Storing the call attributes/parameters defined in the **Output Attribute Map** to be transmitted by the Function call operation,

2) Receiving return attributes/parameters that will be mapped in by the Input Attribute Map after the Function call operation

