



IBM Software Group

# EGL Workshop for IBM i

## RDi-SOA – RDi version 7.5.0 with RBD version 7.5.1.3

*Featuring, Enterprise Generation Language*

A horizontal strip of various images and colors (green, yellow, red, purple, cyan) is located above the Rational software logo. The images include a person's face, a hand holding a device, and a circular arrow icon.

**Rational** software

Joseph Chang, Howard Chen

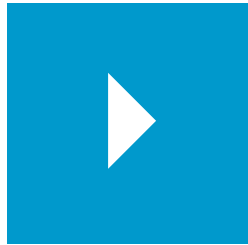
Contact: [changhs@tw.ibm.com](mailto:changhs@tw.ibm.com)

© 2009 IBM Corporation

Date: 19-OCT- 2009, 20-OCT-2009, 21-OCT-2009

UNIT

# RBD Workbench



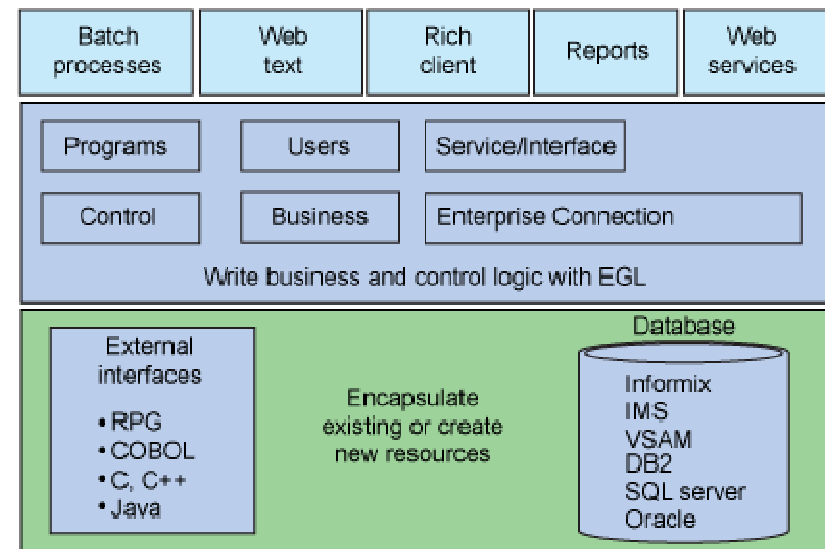
Topics:

- **EGL and the Workbench terms and concepts**
- A Workbench Walk-Through

## What is RDi-SOA ?

- RDi-SOA stands for Rational Developer for System i for SOA Construction
- IBM® RDi-SOA is a new software bundle that was made available in the first quarter of 2008. It combines IBM® Rational® Developer for System i and IBM® Rational® Business Developer.
- This combination offers a complete solution for modern Web development and use of Web services to rapidly extend existing RPG and COBOL applications to a Web or service-oriented architecture (SOA) environment.

- IBM Rational Business Developer provides an Eclipse integrated development environment (IDE) for EGL. (EGL is a modern language designed to shield i5/OS application programmers from the technical complexities of Web and SOA middleware and standards.)



EGL is designed to address a full spectrum of business application requirements

## What is SOA ?

---

SOA is defined by IBM's SOA foundation as follows:

*"Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) is an architectural style for creating an enterprise IT architecture that exploits the principles of service-orientation to achieve a tighter relationship between the business and the information systems that support the business."*

SOA has the following characteristics:

- ▶ It enhances the relationship between enterprise architecture and the business.
- ▶ It allows the building of composite applications as a set of integrated services.
- ▶ It provides flexible business processes.

Service-Oriented Architecture implies new roles in the enterprise, new ways of collaborating, new supporting frameworks and new types of software artifacts in an evolutionary (as opposed to a "revolutionary") way.

# Definitions of a SOA

## What is a service?

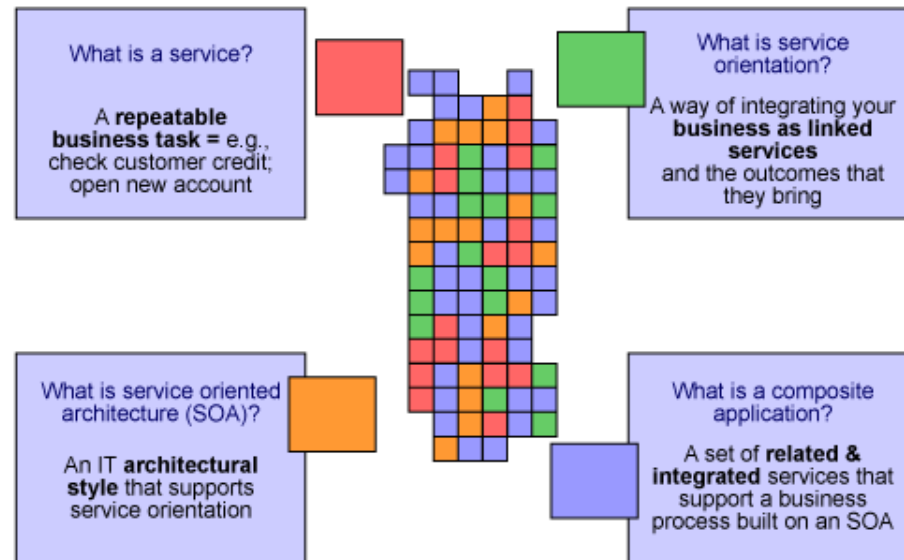
- ▶ A service is a repeatable logical manifestation of a business task.
- ▶ A service is about a part of a business process -- not about software or IT.

## What is Service Orientation?

- ▶ Service orientation is a way of integrating a business as a group of linked services.
- ▶ Service orientation is not about technology; It is about a new way of looking at business and how it operates.

## What is SOA?

- ▶ SOA is an architectural style that supports the service orientation.
- ▶ SOA is an enterprise-scale IT architecture for linking resources on demand.



## What is SOA About ?

---

*“SOA is about flexible business processes. It supports the flex-pon-sive\* company by merging technology, business insight, and thought leadership to create an environment in which innovation can thrive.”*

The top 10 don'ts for your flex-pon-sive\* journey are:

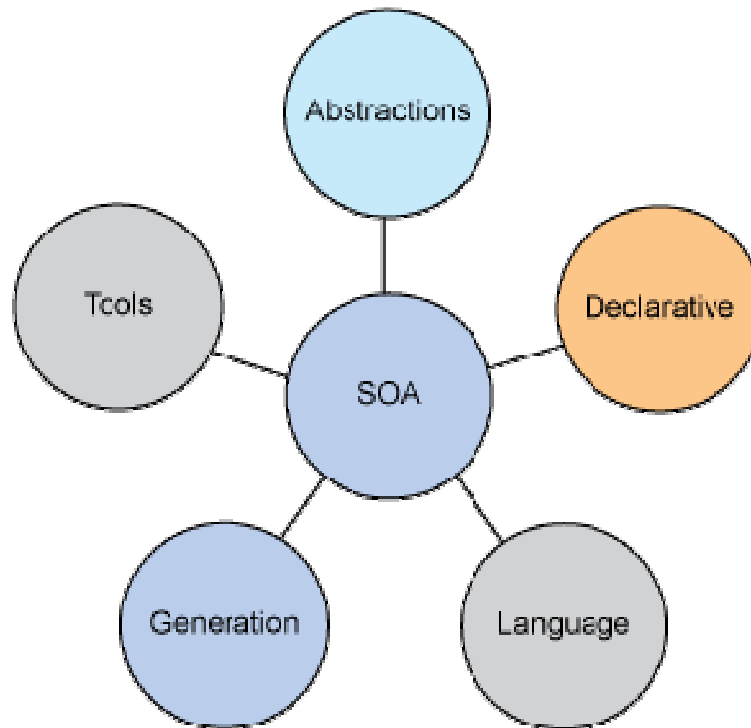
- ▶ Don't expect maximum business without SOA.
- ▶ Don't just do technology; it's a transformation of the way you do business.
- ▶ Don't throw everything out.
- ▶ Don't bite off big projects all at once.
- ▶ Don't forget to set expectations.
- ▶ Don't expect to do this without a culture modification through governance.
- ▶ Don't forget the right skills.
- ▶ Don't expect flexibility without open standards.
- ▶ Don't do this alone - leverage partners with experience.
- ▶ Don't do it without a strong plan because the first step is the most important.

- Sandy Carter, Vice President of SOA and WebSphere Strategy, IBM Corporation

## What makes EGL powerful?

---

**EGL supports a variety of SOA-related capabilities that help business-oriented developers become extremely productive in a short time.**



## RDİ-SOA and EGL

---

RDİ-SOA and EGL provides several ways for developers to increase their productivity for i5/OS application development:

- **Abstraction.** EGL provides concise and powerful notations that help to eliminate the tight coupling. It reduces the amount of coding required to interface systems and middleware. This abstraction simplifies and speeds up development work.
- **Declarative programming.** EGL includes a certain level of declarative specifications to help reduce repetitive and error-prone coding. For example, validation rules associated with a data item trigger validation to be run whenever the item is used in a Web page or a 5250 screen.
- **Language.** EGL is a comprehensive but easy-to-learn language. It is modern, modular, and readable. It has a rich library of built-in functions to boost your productivity for commonly required operations, such as date and time math, string manipulation, and so forth. In addition, the language is extensible and offers full interoperability with other languages, including EGL interfaces to native Java, as well as seamless invocation of RPG or COBOL programs or any ILE procedures.
- **Generation.** Though simplified, the EGL development technology must still guarantee optimal deployment to the runtime platforms to take advantage of their Qualities of Service (QoS) and to allow native management and monitoring of the systems in operation. This is accomplished through a code generation engine available as part of the Rational Business Developer Extension that transforms the EGL specification into native Java or COBOL source, and creates any other required deployment artifacts.
- **Tools.** RDİ-SOA contains a rich set of Eclipse-based capabilities, including EGL source-level debugging, powerful smart editing, visual construction, graphical navigation, and automated generation of Create/Read/Update/Delete (CRUD) applications from Unified Modeling Language (UML) models or from data schemas.
- **SOA.** EGL is designed to facilitate services development and deployment. A simplified SOA development paradigm is built into the language itself and complemented with the tools. You can create services without the need to know Web service protocols and standards, such as Web Services Description Language (WSDL), Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP), or Extensible Markup Language (XML).

- Linda Cole, Manager of IBM Rational Business Ecosystem



## The Value of RDi-SOA and EGL

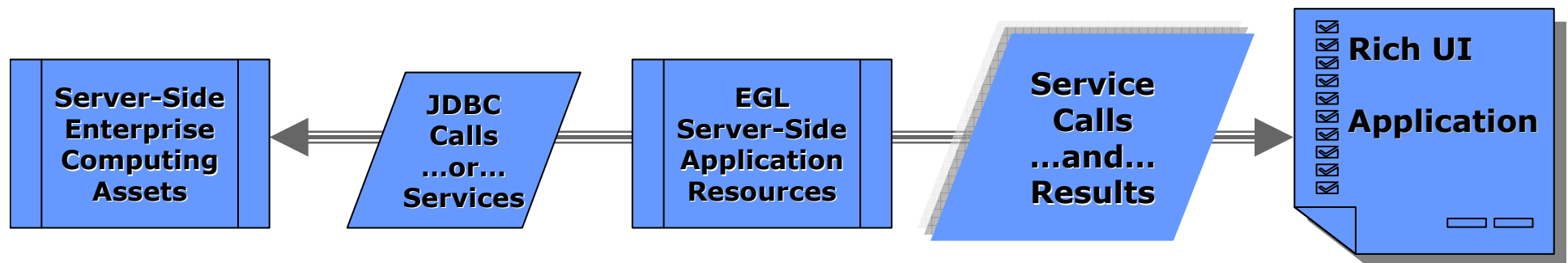
---

Organizations that need to deliver modern, powerful Web and SOA solutions can enjoy the following benefits:

- Increased programmer productivity
  - ▶ 300% to 1000+ percent
- A newly empower class of developers delivering modern solutions and SOA
- Increased flexibility and responsiveness by eliminating skills silos
  - ▶ EGL developer can be RPG + Java + SOA + JSF/RUI developers
- Reduced training costs
  - ▶ Easy to learn
- Reduced errors and deliver higher quality
  - ▶ Generates Java, JavaScript and Web Services
- Simplified legacy integration
  - ▶ Call RPG programs
  - ▶ Encapsulate RPG programs into Web Services
- Reduced development and maintenance costs via a flexible choice of deployment options, including:
  - ▶ All major IBM Operating Systems and runtimes
  - ▶ Cross platform solutions

## SOA and Web 2.0 Rich UI

- Web 2.0 Rich UI makes extensive use of **services, and SOA** – Service Oriented Architecture, which is a way to modularize and deploy code so that it can be consumed anywhere in the world using any language.
- There are two types of Web Service calls used by Web 2.0 Rich UI
  1. **RESTful service calls** – A call made through the HTTP service-interface. Once the call is made, a result is passed back to the requestor in XML or JSON format.
  2. **SOAP service calls** - A type of service call that is more popular in enterprise. It requires the exchange of XML messages between the client and host system.

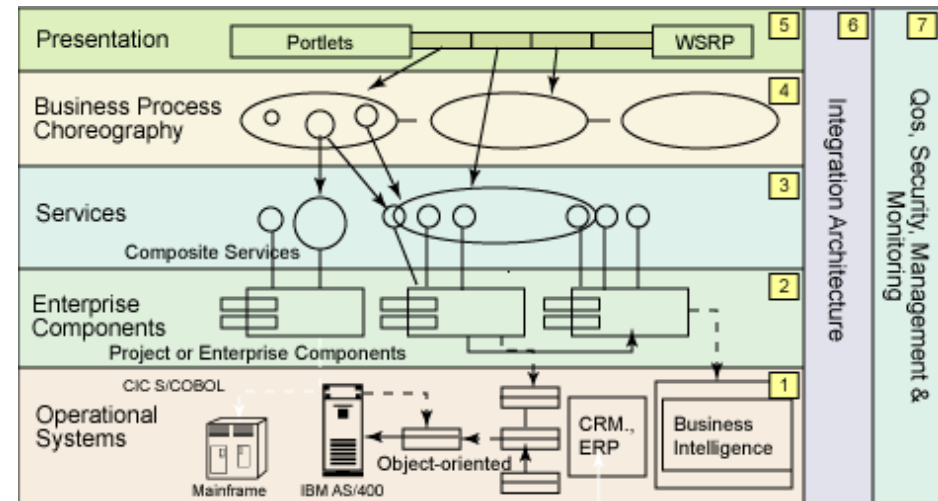


- By utilizing web services you build modular, scalable systems.

# SOA Challenge

- SOA helps create greater alignment between IT and line of business while generating more flexibility
- According to a survey of six hundred senior executives around the world, the #1 barrier that companies are seeing to adopting SOA is shortage of skills.
- Successful SOA adoption is done incrementally stressing the importance of starting small, and scaling appropriately.
- Legacy applications are frequently at the core of your IT environment. But many times, these essential applications are isolated and inaccessible to common skill sets. Without the right skills and tools, it can be difficult to integrate these core investments with the rest of your IT environment.

The Layers Of A SOA



## What Are Your Skills ?

---

- IBM i Skills

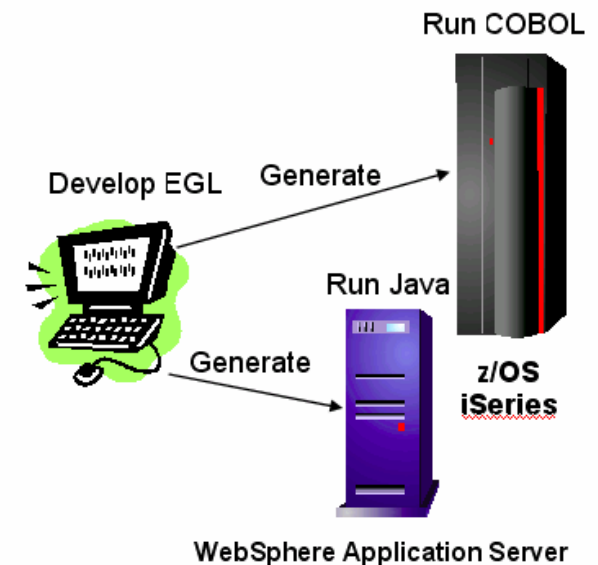
- RPG ILE
- RPG/Free
- Embedded SQL
- Synon/2E
- RDi

- Web Development Skills

- Java Server Faces
- Java
- JavaScript
- AJAX
- SOA, WSDL, SOAP
- REST, XML

# What is EGL?

- EGL is **Enterprise Generation Language**
- High-level programming language for developing leading-edge business applications
- Independent of implementation
  - ▶ Hides technology complexities
  - ▶ Presentation and persistence layer API fully generated
- Enables Rapid Application Development
- Simplifies development of Services (SOA)
- Run-time code generated for appropriate platform
  - ▶ Java for Windows, Linux, System i, and so forth
  - ▶ COBOL for System z and System i
- Development and Generating Tools included with RBD
- Migration path for CSP, Visual Age Generator, and Informix 4GL customers
- Integrates with leading-edge software technologies
  - ▶ Eclipse, JSF, Application Servers, etc.



# Three Main Benefits of the EGL Language

---



## PORTABLE

- Java, SOA, COBOL, System Z/I/P, **Browser**, ...
- Optimal **native** generation to any platform
- Easy inter-operability with **legacy**

- High **productivity** with equal **flexibility**
- Language **simplicity** and robustness
- Immediately useable by **business developers**
- **Scalable software architectures**



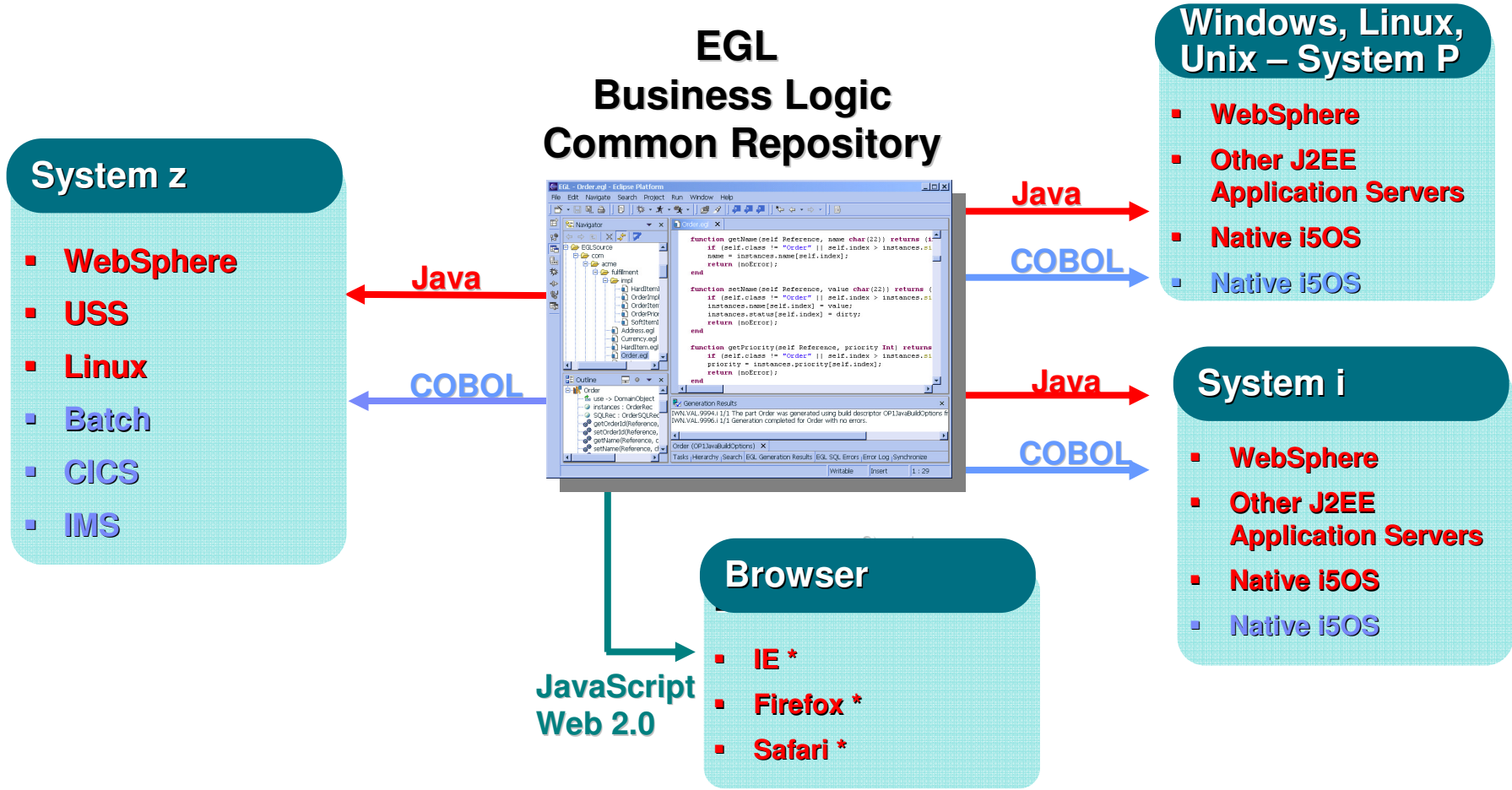
## SIMPLE



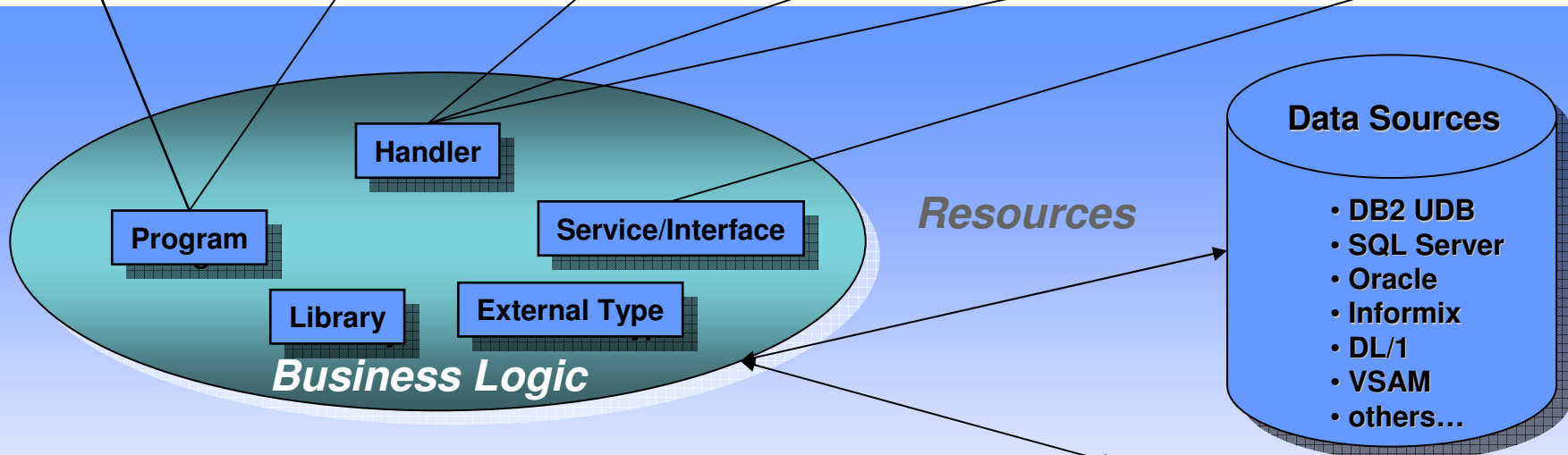
## ABSTRACT

- Effectively **hide** technical complexity
- Use **declarative** approach to everything
- Support emerging **standards**

# EGL Portability - RBD/EGL Platform Coverage



# Portability – RBD/EGL Technology Support



Access to Legacy System Resources

System i



System z



System p

- External Interfaces**
- COBOL
  - RPG
  - PL/1
  - C, C++
  - Java





# RBD/EGL – Higher Level Abstractions

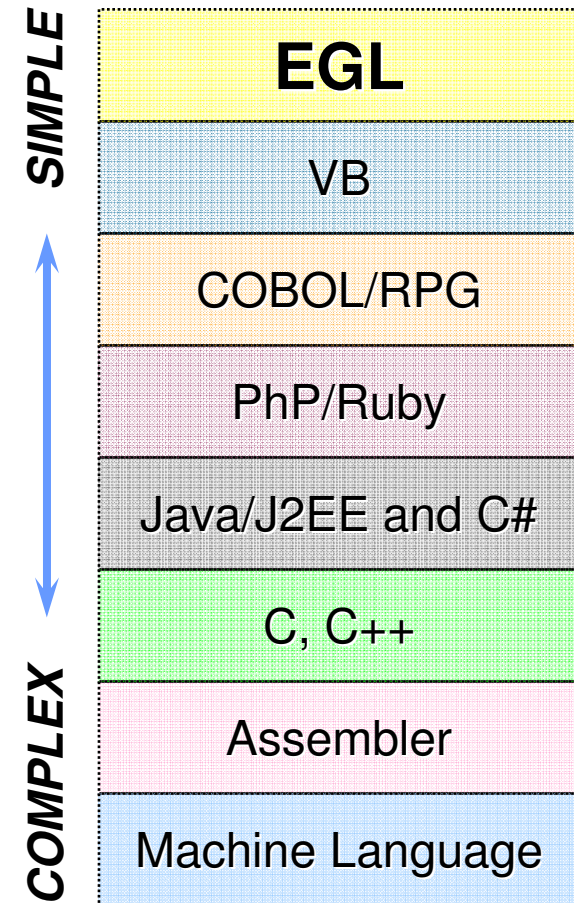
- **Extend the natural evolution of programming language as an abstraction of business expression**



*“Re-training COBOL developers to Java/J2EE costs over \$50K each, and only 12% may actually succeed” – Gartner Group*

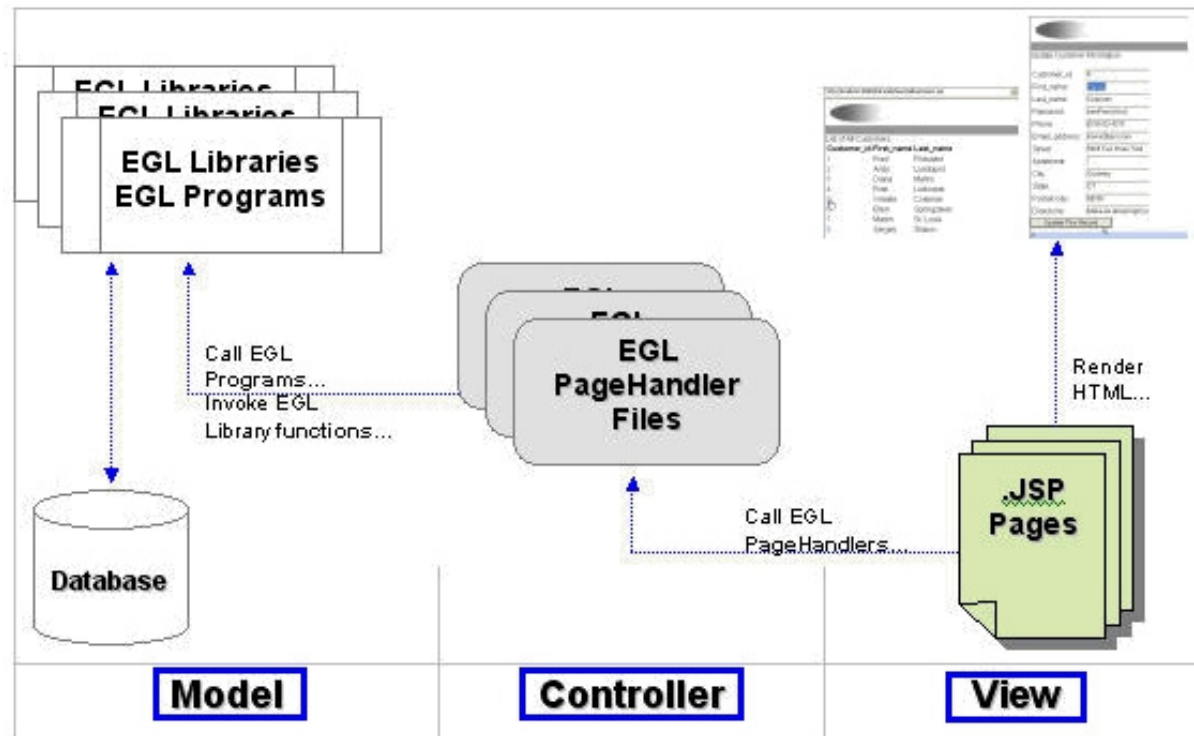
*“The task force had an initial meeting and identified challenges to teaching Java, based on the literature and our experiences.” – ACM Education Board Java Task Force*  
<http://www.sigcse.org/topics/javataskforce/>

*An insurance company spent approximately \$250,000 to train 12 RPG developers. One out of 12 succeeded. This person had a MS in Computer Science and 8 years of C programming experience. – Bob Cancilla*



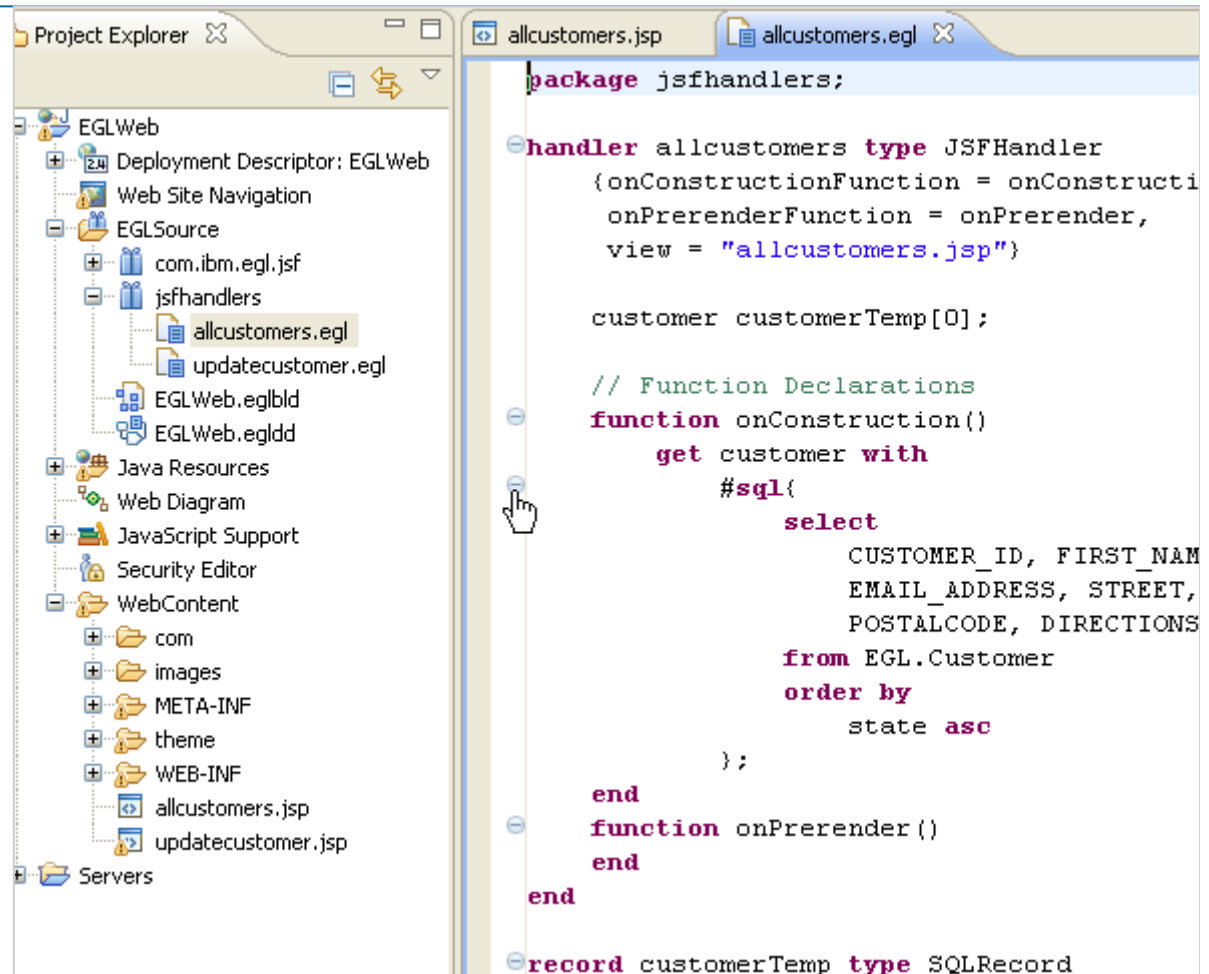
# EGL and the Model-View-Controller Framework

- The model-view-controller framework (referred to as MVC or "model 2") has many benefits and is often considered a best practice for developing Web applications.
- Use EGL to develop applications that are divided into these three functional layers:



# What is Rational Business Developer (RBD)?

- One of several products that allows you to do develop using the EGL language. Other products include:
  - ▶ RDI-SOA
  - ▶ RDz
- Member of the Rational Software Development Platform (SDP)
- Support for wide range of platform, middleware, and technologies
- Rich Eclipse-based tooling



The screenshot displays the Rational Business Developer (RBD) interface. On the left, the Project Explorer shows a project named 'EGLWeb' with a tree structure including 'Deployment Descriptor: EGLWeb', 'Web Site Navigation', 'EGLSource', 'com.ibm.egl.jsf', 'jsfhandlers', 'allcustomers.egl', 'updatecustomer.egl', 'EGLWeb.egbld', and 'EGLWeb.egldd'. Below this are 'Java Resources', 'Web Diagram', 'JavaScript Support', 'Security Editor', 'WebContent', and 'Servers'. The right pane shows the code editor for 'allcustomers.egl', containing the following EGL code:

```
package jsfhandlers;

handler allcustomers type JSFHandler
(onConstructionFunction = onConstructi
onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
view = "allcustomers.jsp")

customer customerTemp[0];

// Function Declarations
function onConstruction()
get customer with
#sql(
select
CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAM
EMAIL_ADDRESS, STREET,
POSTALCODE, DIRECTIONS
from EGL.Customer
order by
state asc
);
end
function onPrerender()
end
end

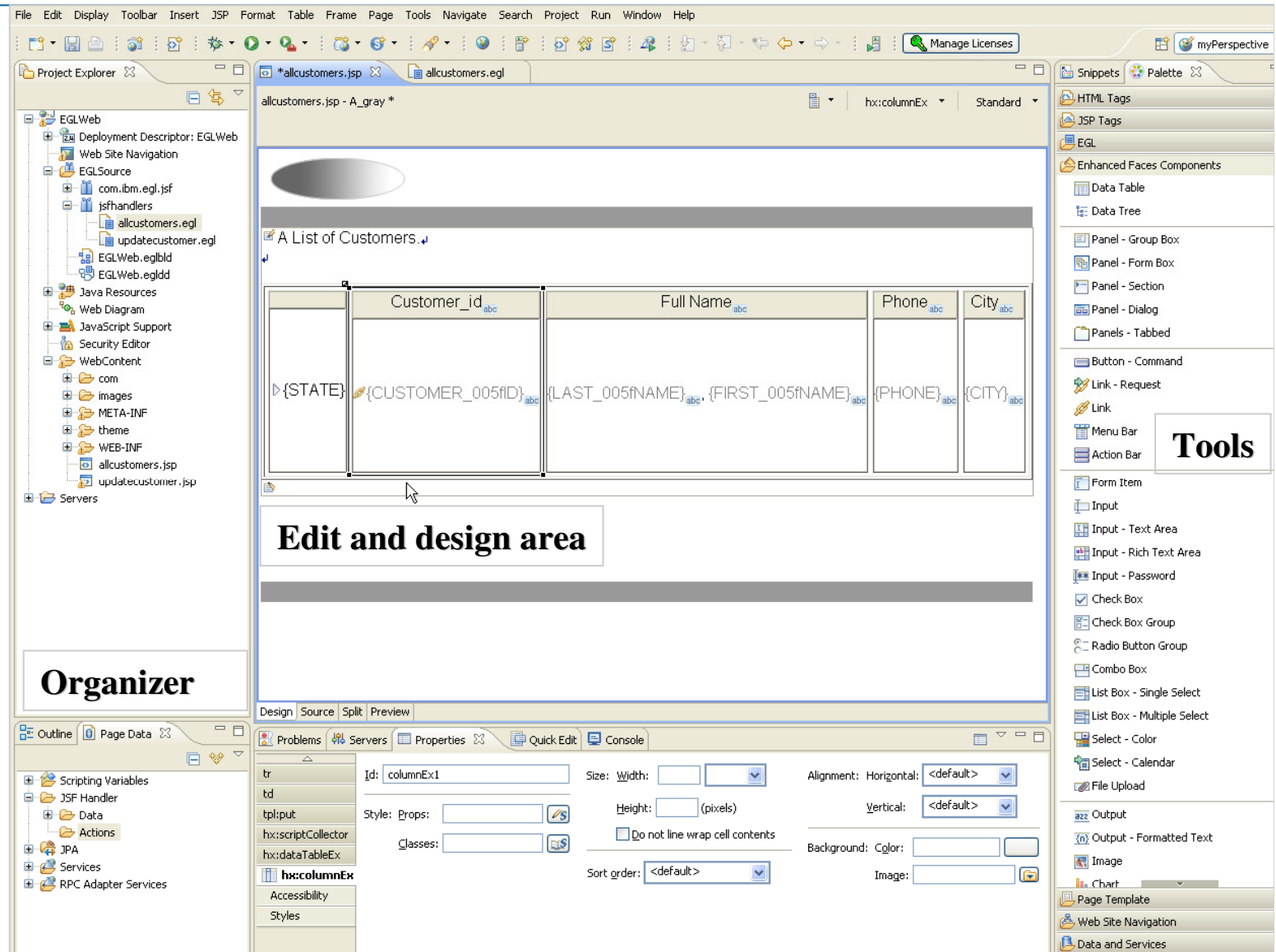
record customerTemp type SQLRecord
```

# What is the RBD Workbench?

The RBD Workbench is the software that enables you to create, test, modify, run and deploy your EGL applications

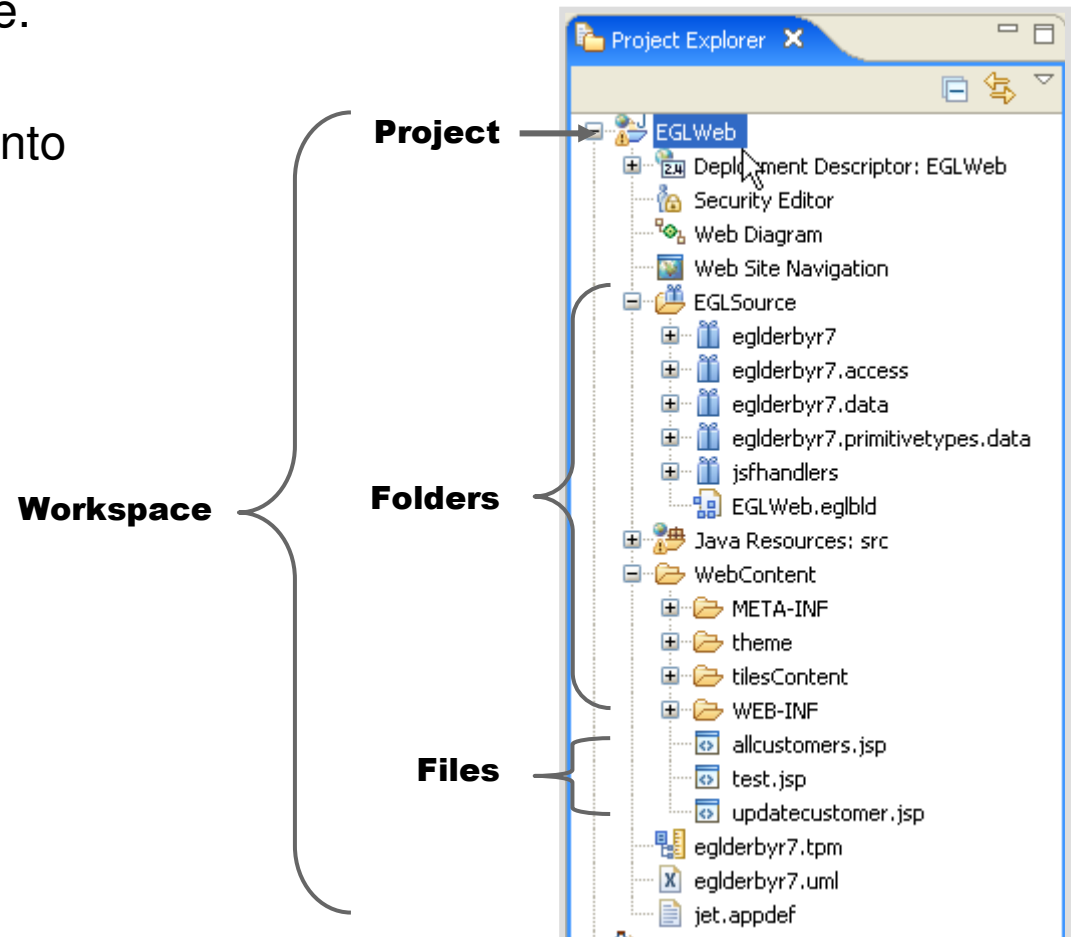
It organizes and maintains your software development resources

It provides access to tools like editors, design tools, compilers and folders for managing your application's contents



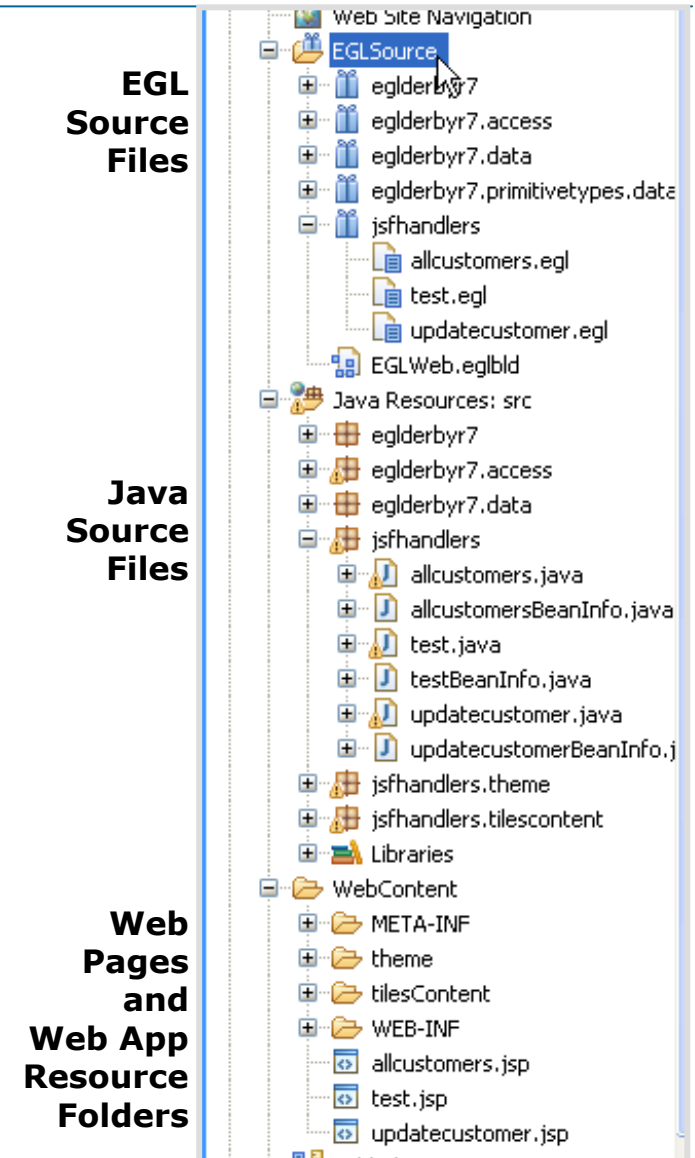
## How do I develop with the RBD Workbench?


- You will work with a variety of resources: EGL code, Web pages, Graphic images, Data files. The Workbench allows most of the resources associated with a project to be stored in a workspace – which is the highest-level folder that contains everything you can access during a development session.
- Your Workbench session begins with the opening of a Workspace. Everything you have access to is inside this Workspace.
- Workspace resources are organized into
  - Project(s)
  - Folders
  - Files



# What is in a Project?

- **Workspace projects** organize and manage related application resources. They can be designed along lines of:
  - ▶ Batch – or – Online applications
  - ▶ Different business applications (Accounts Payable, Inventory, Claims, Part Assembly, etc.)
  - ▶ Common (shared) projects consisting of data and record definitions that can be reused
- Projects also contain **configuration data**, such as *build files\*\** and **generation options** for EGL Java and/or COBOL generation
- Projects may be further divided into **folders**
- EGL “Web” projects contain the following high-level folders:
  - \EGLSource\
    - \Java Resources: src\
      - \WebContent\
        - META-INF
        - theme
        - tilesContent
        - WEB-INF
        - allcustomers.jsp
        - test.jsp
        - updatecustomer.jsp



 - See slide **NOTES** and the Help topic: Contents of an EGL Application

# What is in \EGLSource\

\EGLSource\ is the default folder that is the highest level folder under which all of your EGL resources are organized.

- These EGL resources include EGL:

- ▶ Packages

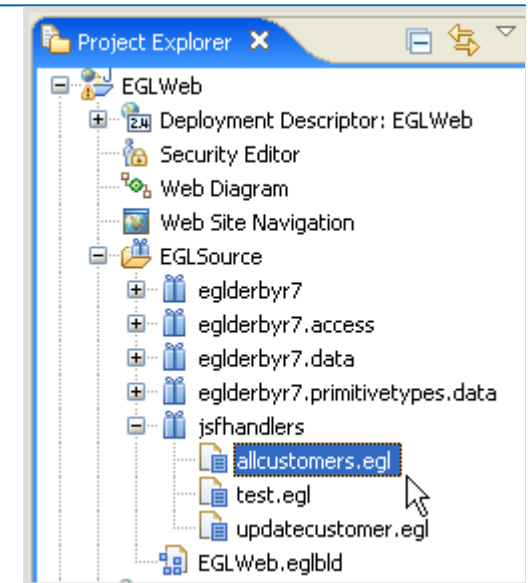
- ▶ Files

- Programs
- Libraries
- Services
- JSFHandlers
- EGL build-files
- ...

- Typically you will create sub-folders under \EGLSource\ to manage your EGL resources

- We will define what is in all these EGL resources a bit later in this course

- For now, it is enough to know that **all EGL files end with the extension: .egl**

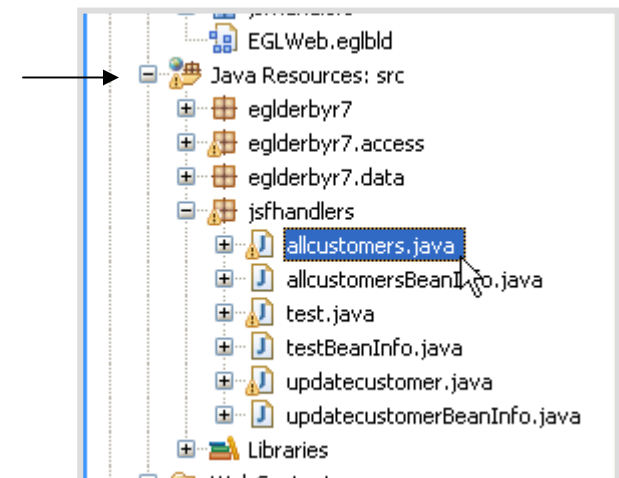


 - See the Help topic: EGL Projects, Packages and Files

## What is in Java Resources: src

`\src\` is the default highest level folder that contains all of the generated Java, for each and every successfully compiled (or in EGL terms, “generated”) EGL resource

- You will rarely if ever need to actually open or even view the contents of `\src\`
- But the folder structure of `\src\` will match `\EGLSource\` one-for-one
- Your generated java files will end with a **.java** extension






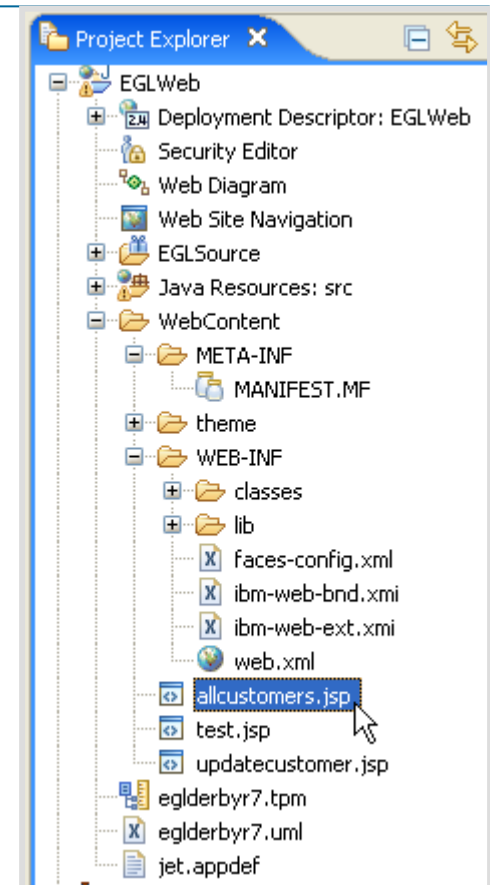
## What is in \WebContent\

**\WebContent\** is the default highest-level folder under which all of your web resources will be organized, including:

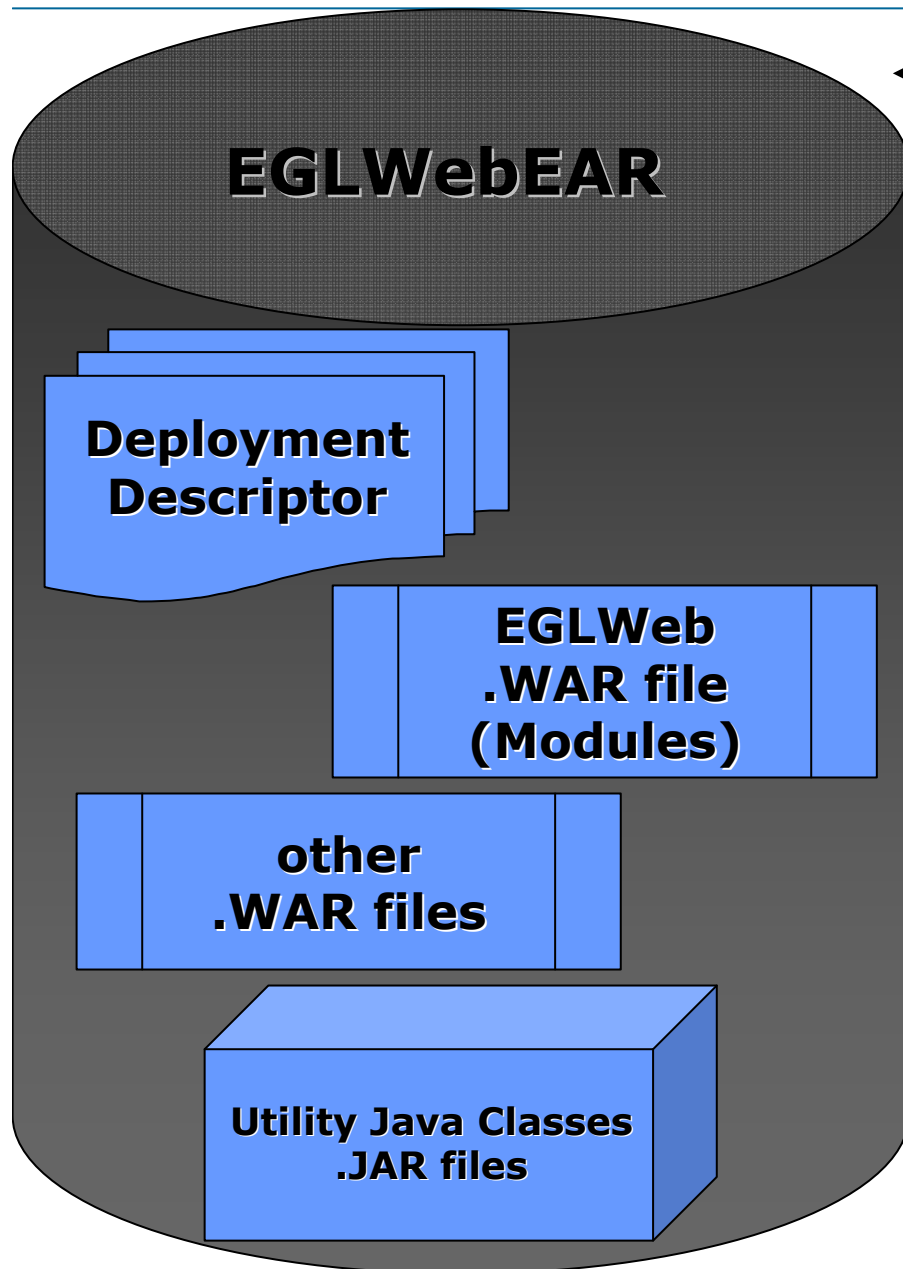
- ▶ **Application Server reserved folders:**
  - META-INF
  - WEB-INF
- ▶ **Web Pages (\*.jsp) and web page resources:**
  - \theme\ - Graphics (\*.gif, \*.jpg)
  - \theme\ - Template pages (\*.html)
  - \theme\ - Cascading Style Sheets (\*.css)

 Note that your installed EGLWeb project might have a few additional folders and files – such as an \images\ directory, that we've supplied, containing graphics files you'll use throughout the course

**?** And if you're not familiar with the above types of web files don't worry. We'll be covering them later on in the course



# Terms and Concepts – .EAR File – Simplified J2EE Deployment – for WAS Users



- ▶ An EAR (**E**nterprise **A**rchive) file contains a J2EE application, which is a collection of J2EE modules. The modules contain Java generated from EGL. Because individual J2EE modules are contained within the EAR, they can easily be managed and deployed as a whole to WebSphere.
- ▶ An EAR also has a Deployment Descriptor file which describes how it should be deployed to WebSphere. In addition, each module within the EAR has its own Deployment Descriptor.
- ▶ An EAR file is similar to an iSeries “**savefile** for i” – or to a System z “**load library**” – which are files deployed on mainframes that also contain individual “modules”

---

# Workshop

## ▶▶ Launch RBD

---

- ▶▶ From the Windows start menu, launch RBD ...or...RAD with RBD (depending on what product you have installed on your PC)
- ▶▶ At the Workspace Launcher window, specify the directory into which you want to organize all of your RBD Education resources.
  - ▶▶ Usually something like: `c: \RBDv7\` ...or... `d: \RBDv7\`
- ▶▶ Close the Welcome window

This opens to the RBD Workbench (next slide)



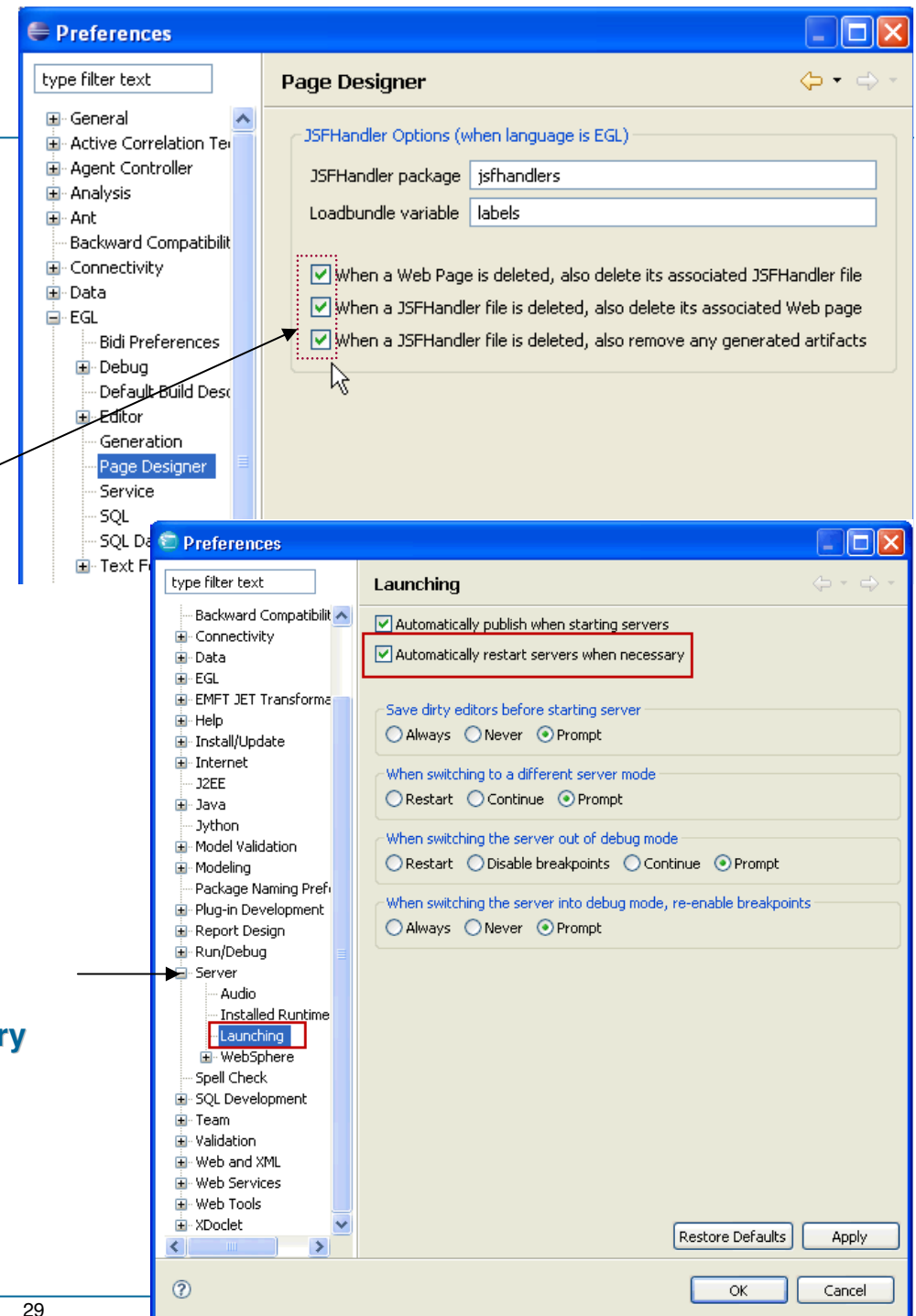
## ▶▶ Configure Preferences – 1 of 3

☞ You need to configure a few preferences, in order to complete the labs in this course.

- From the RBD Workbench menu
  - ▶ Pull down the **Window** menu, and select **Preferences...**
  - ▶ Expand the **EGL** folder and from within the EGL folder...
    - Click **Page Designer**
    - Check  all three options as shown in the screen capture
    - Click **APPLY**
- **Expand the Server Preferences**  
From **Launching** – check to see that:
  - Automatically restart servers when necessary** is on by default

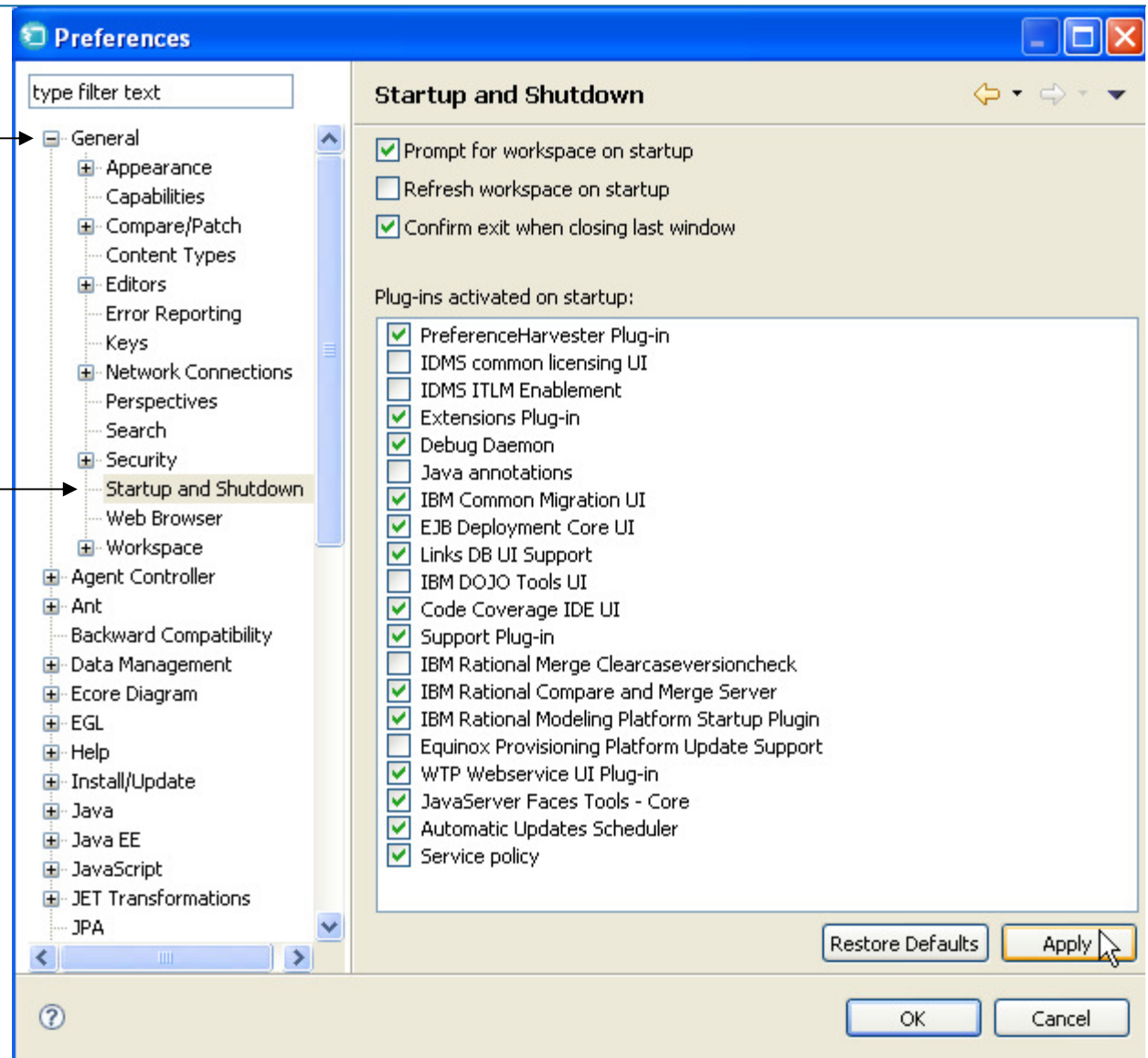
**Click Apply**

**Do not leave Preferences yet**



## Configure Preferences – 2 of 3

- Still from within the Preferences Window:
- From **General**
  - Startup and Shutdown:
    - Uncheck all of the options shown here in the screen capture →
- Click Apply**

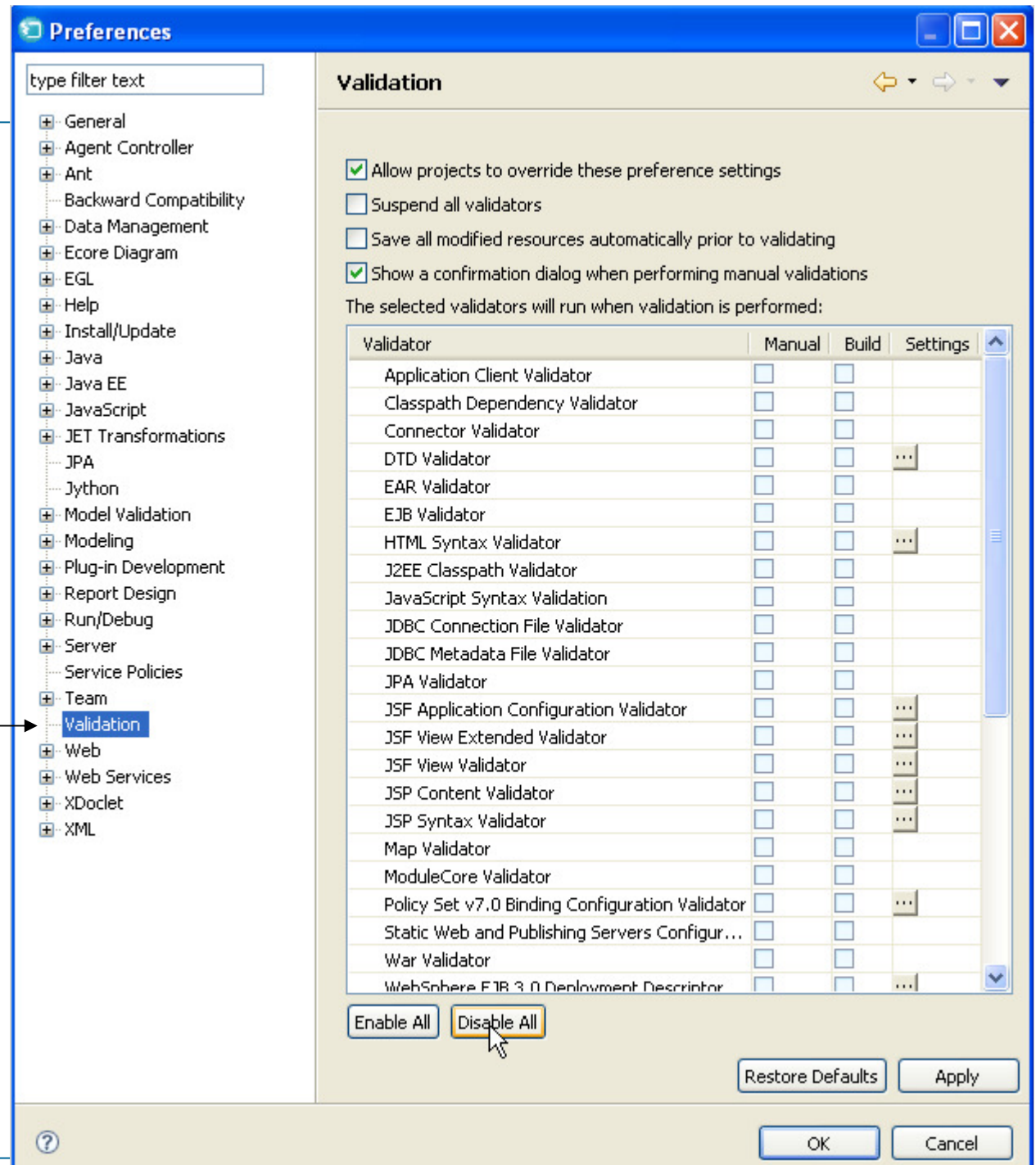


## ▶▶ Configure &\* Preferences – 3 of 3

Still from within the  
Preferences Window

- **From Validation**
  - ▶ **Click Disable All**
  - ▶ **Click Apply**

- **If prompted, do a full  
rebuild**



## ▶▶ Workspace Preferences – Customizing the Workbench

The Preferences dialog (under the Windows menu) allows you to customize your workspace development environment.

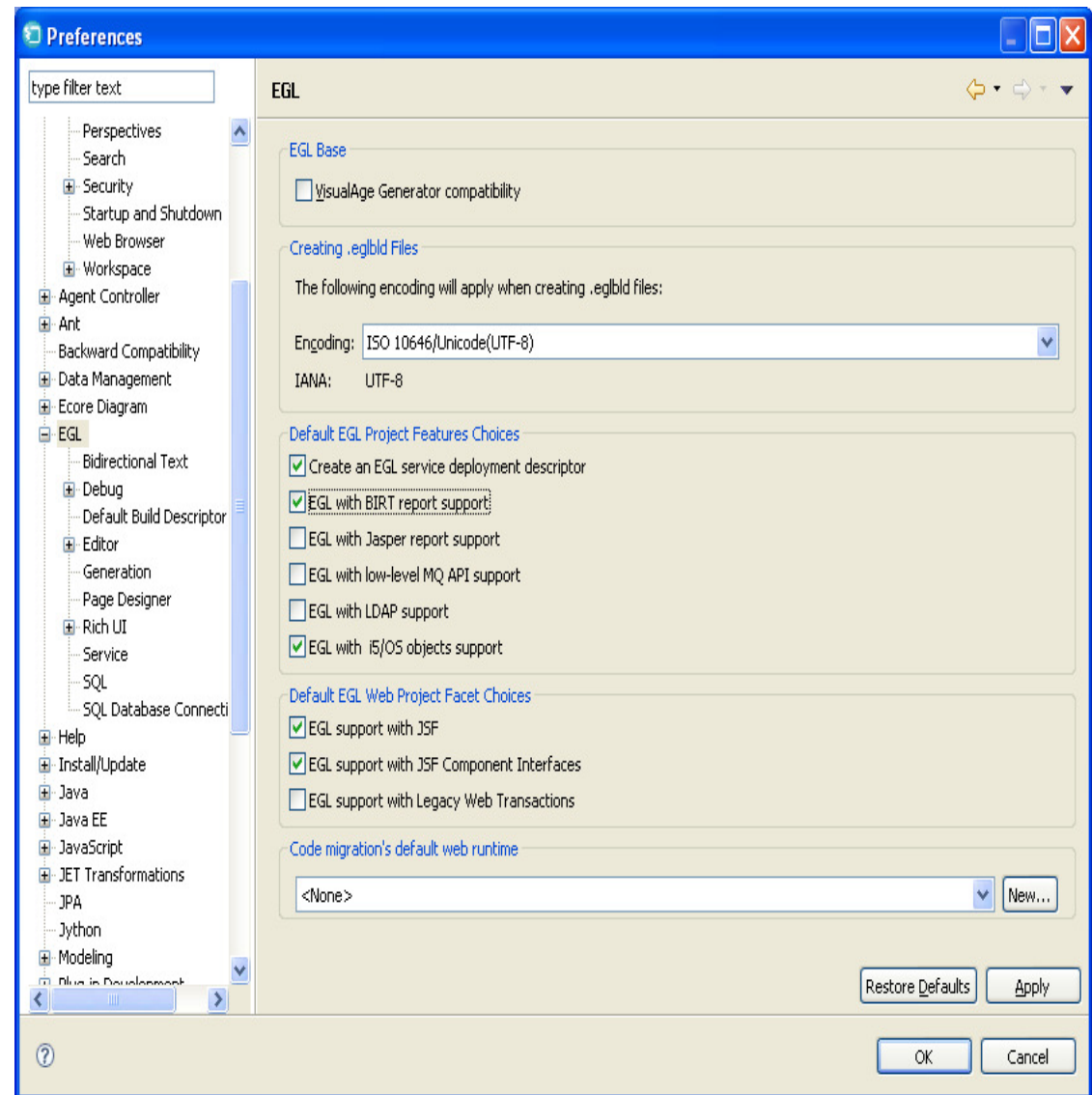
▶▶ From the main Preferences dialog you should check:

- EGL with BIRT report support**
- EGL support with JSF Component Interfaces**

Other preferences you can customize:

- **Editor**
  - ▶ You can change the editor's appearance
- **Page Designer**
  - ▶ Specify whether to delete associated files
- **SQL Database Connections**
  - ▶ Specify a connection to an external database (DB2, IDS, etc.) for SQLRetrieve

▪ **Click Apply**





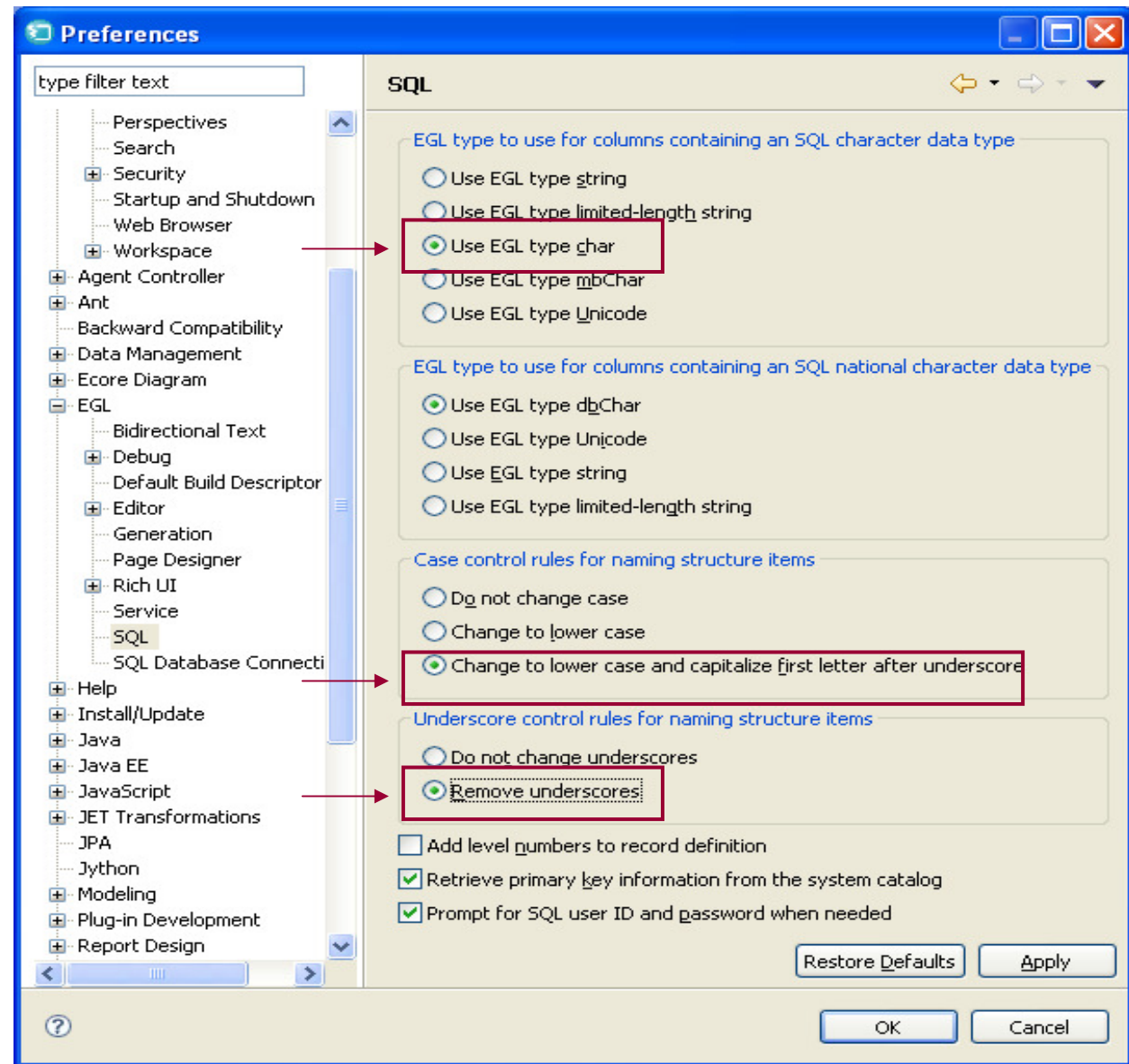
## ▶▶ Workspace Preferences – Customizing the Workbench – Modify SQL Preferences

The SQL Preferences allow you to customize how the RBD tooling generates SQL resources

▶▶ From the **SQL** Preferences dialog check:

Ⓒ Change to lower case and capitalize first letter after underscore

Ⓒ Remove underscores



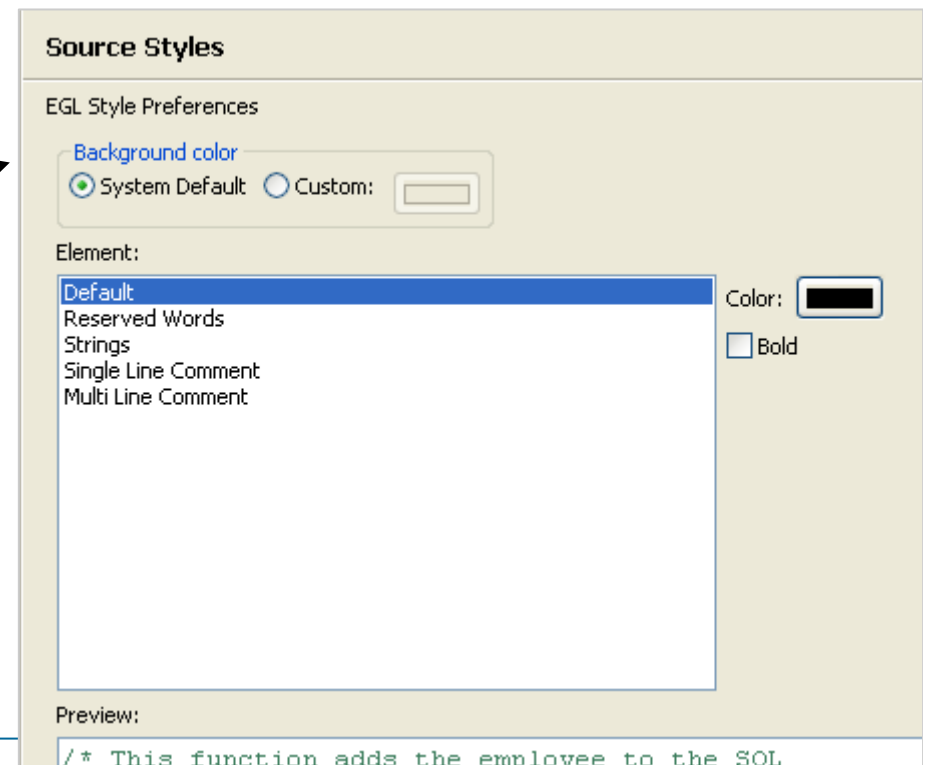
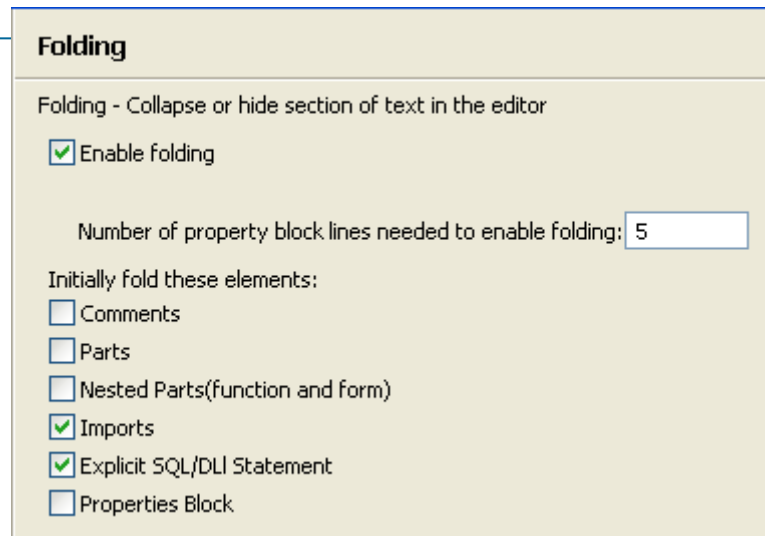
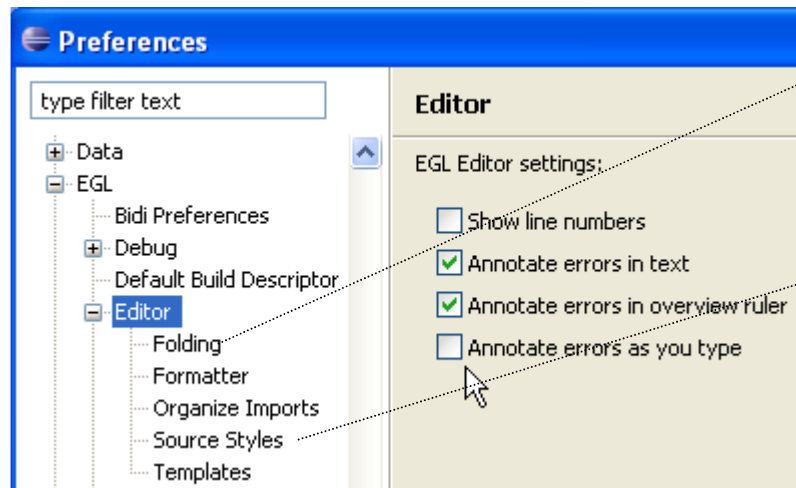
▶▶ **Click Apply**

## ▶▶ Workspace Preferences Lab – EGL Editor

### Editor Preferences

- You can change the editor's appearance, and how it treats and displays your source statements

### ▶▶ UN-check: Annotate errors as you type



Optionally – feel free to try out other editor preferences

### ▶▶ Click Apply

## ▶▶ OPTIONAL Workspace Preferences Lab – EGL Editor Templates/Modify Defaults

Besides adding new statements, you may want to modify the existing Editor Templates:

- ▶ Change the defaults
- ▶ Add new Properties

### ▶▶ Optional Workshop

- ▶ Select the **handler egl-jsf** “PageDesigner Page Code generation template with component tree access” template
- ▶ Click Edit...
- ▶ Add the following property to the **cancelOnPageTransition=yes,**
- ▶ Click OK
  - To save your edits
- ▶ Click OK
  - To save your Template preferences

Statement	Package	Description	Default
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> get	egl-core	get by position with ...	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> goto	egl-core	goto label statement	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> handler	egl-core	basic handler	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> handler	egl-jsf	JSF handler part	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> handler	egl-jsf	JSF handler part wit...	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> handler	egl-jsf	PageDesigner Page ...	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if	egl-core	if statement	on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ifelse	egl-core	if else statement	on

**Edit Template**

Name: handler Context: egl-jsf  Automatically insert

Description: PageDesigner Page Code generation template with component tree access

Pattern:

```
package ${packageIdentifier};
import ${interfacePackageIdentifier}.*;
handler ${jsfHandlerName} type JSFHandler
{onConstructionFunction = ${onConstructionFunction};
view = "${jspLocation}${jspName}"; cancelOnPageTransition = yes;
viewRootVar = ${uiViewRoot}};
${uiViewRoot} UIViewRoot;
```

Insert Variable...

OK Cancel

Use code formatter

Restore Defaults Apply

OK Cancel

# Help

There is a robust help system with documentation and examples available in many categories:

- **Keyword search**
- **Category search**
- **Web Resources**
  - ▶ Points you to the EGL forum and home page on DeveloperWorks
- **Tutorials Gallery**
  - ▶ Contains additional in-the-box education samples
- **Samples Gallery**
  - ▶ Contains working, sample applications
- **Cheat Sheets**
  - ▶ Contains step-by-step “how-to” instructions

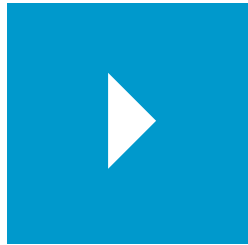
The screenshot shows the IBM Business Developer Help interface. A search bar at the top contains the text 'vqLib'. Below the search bar, the 'Search Results' pane displays a list of system functions under the heading 'EGL library vqLib'. A dashed line connects the search bar to the 'Help Contents' menu item in the top right corner. The 'Help Contents' menu is open, showing options like 'Welcome', 'Help Contents', 'Search', 'Dynamic Help', 'Key Assist...', 'Tips and Tricks...', 'Documentation Feedback', 'Web Resources', 'Tutorials Gallery', 'Samples Gallery', and 'Cheat Sheets...'. The main content area displays the search results for 'vqLib', including a table of system functions.

**Table 1. vqLib system functions**

System function/Invocation	Description
<i>result = compareBytes (var1, var1SubIndex, var1SubLength, var2, var2SubIndex, var2SubLength)</i>	Compares substrings within <i>var1</i> and <i>var2</i> , and returns an INT (-1, 0, or 1) to indicate which of the two is greater.
<i>result = compareNum (var1, var2)</i>	Compares the contents of two numeric variables of the same type and returns an INT (-1, 0, or 1) to indicate which of the two is greater.
<i>result = compareStr (var1, var1SubIndex, var1SubLength, var2, var2SubIndex, var2SubLength)</i>	Compares substrings within <i>var1</i> and <i>var2</i> according to the local code page, and returns an INT (-1, 0, or 1) to indicate which of the two is greater.
<i>result = concatenate (target, source)</i>	Concatenates two character variables.
<i>result = concatenateBytes (target, source)</i>	Concatenates two character variables without regard to content.
<i>result = concatenateWithSeparator (target, source, separator)</i>	Concatenates two character variables with separator characters between them.
<i>connectionService (userID, password, serviceName [, product, release [, connectionOption]])</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allows a program to connect to or disconnect from a database at run time.</li> <li>• Optionally receives the database product name and release level.</li> </ul>
<i>copyBytes (target, targetSubIndex, targetSubLength, source, sourceSubIndex, sourceSubLength)</i>	Copies one value to another.
<i>copyStr (target, targetSubIndex, targetSubLength, source)</i>	Copies characters from one variable to another.

UNIT

# System i Connections



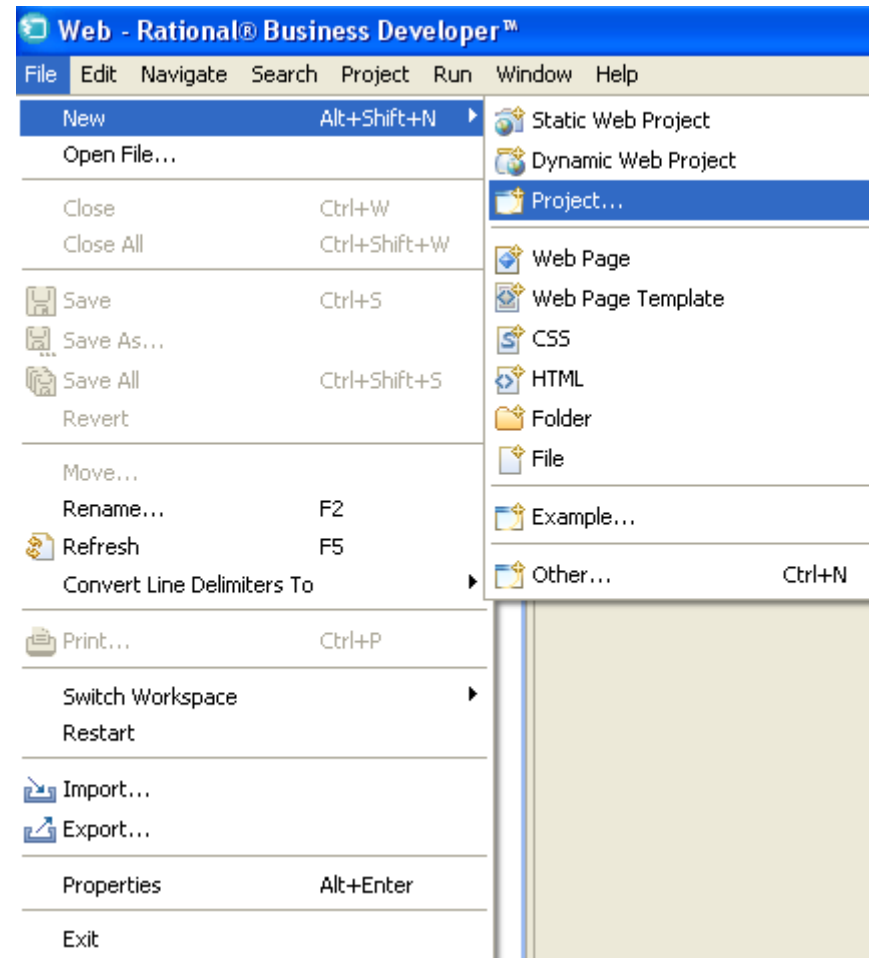
Topics:

- **Creating a New Project**
- Creating a DB2/400 Connection
- Defining a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source
- Adding JT400 Toolkit to Your Project

## ▶▶ Lab – Launch RBD and Create a New Project

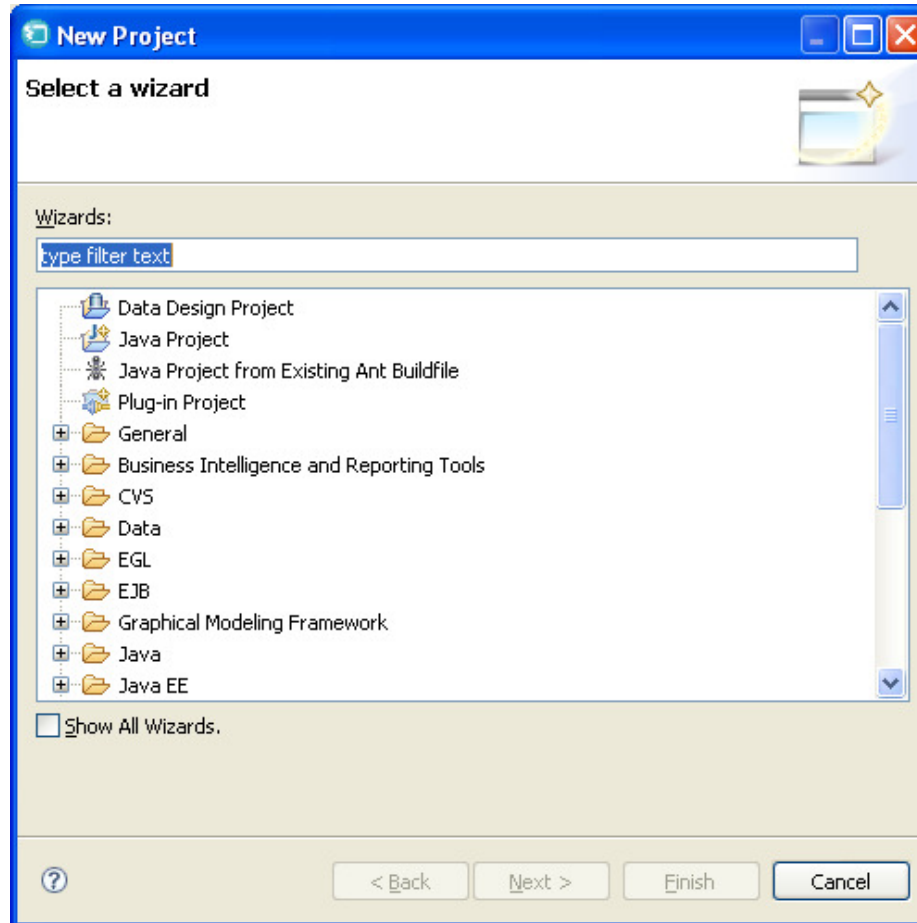
(If RBD is not already up and running)

- From the Windows start menu launch RBD
- From the initial prompt, specify or browse to and select your Workspace
- Select File → New → Project to create a new project



## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

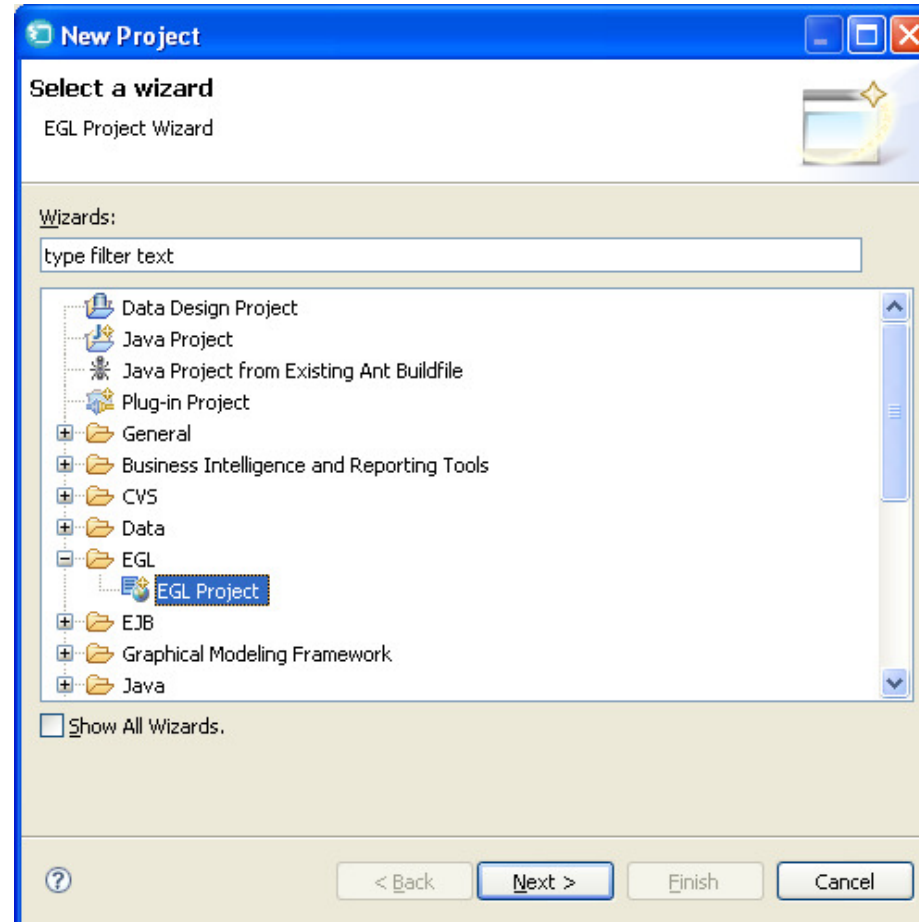
- Expand EGL folder





## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

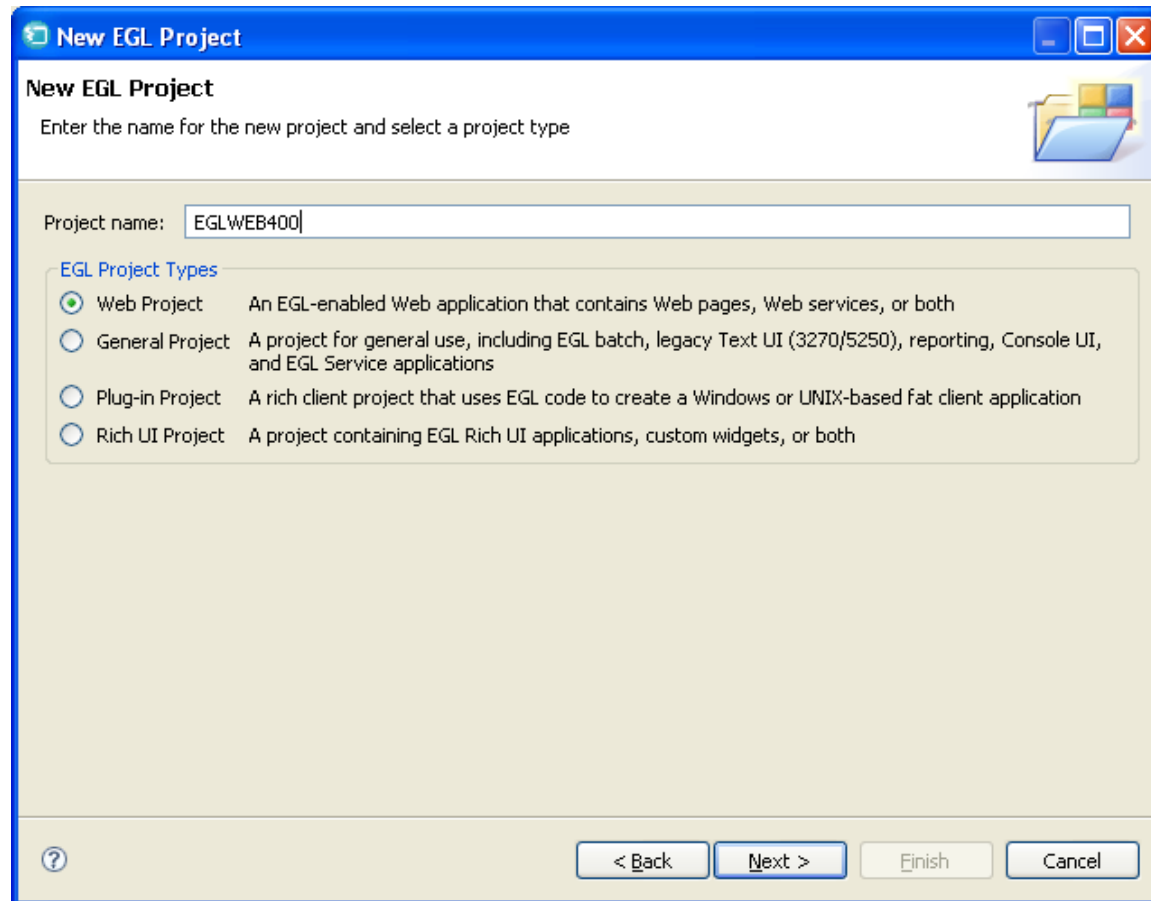
- Select “EGL Project”
- Click “Next”





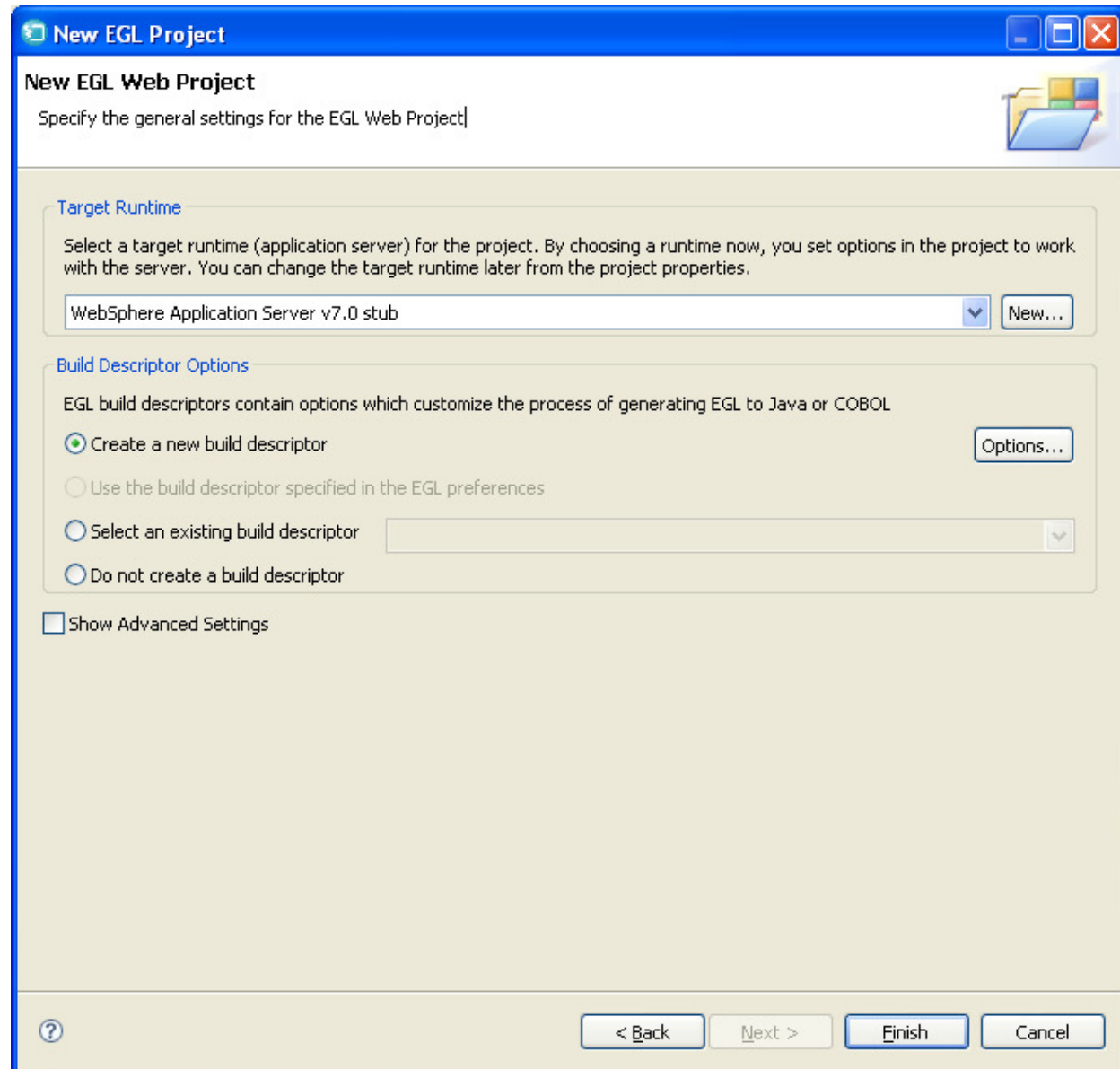
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Enter Project Name as “EGLWEB400”
- Select “Web Project” radio button
- Click “Next”



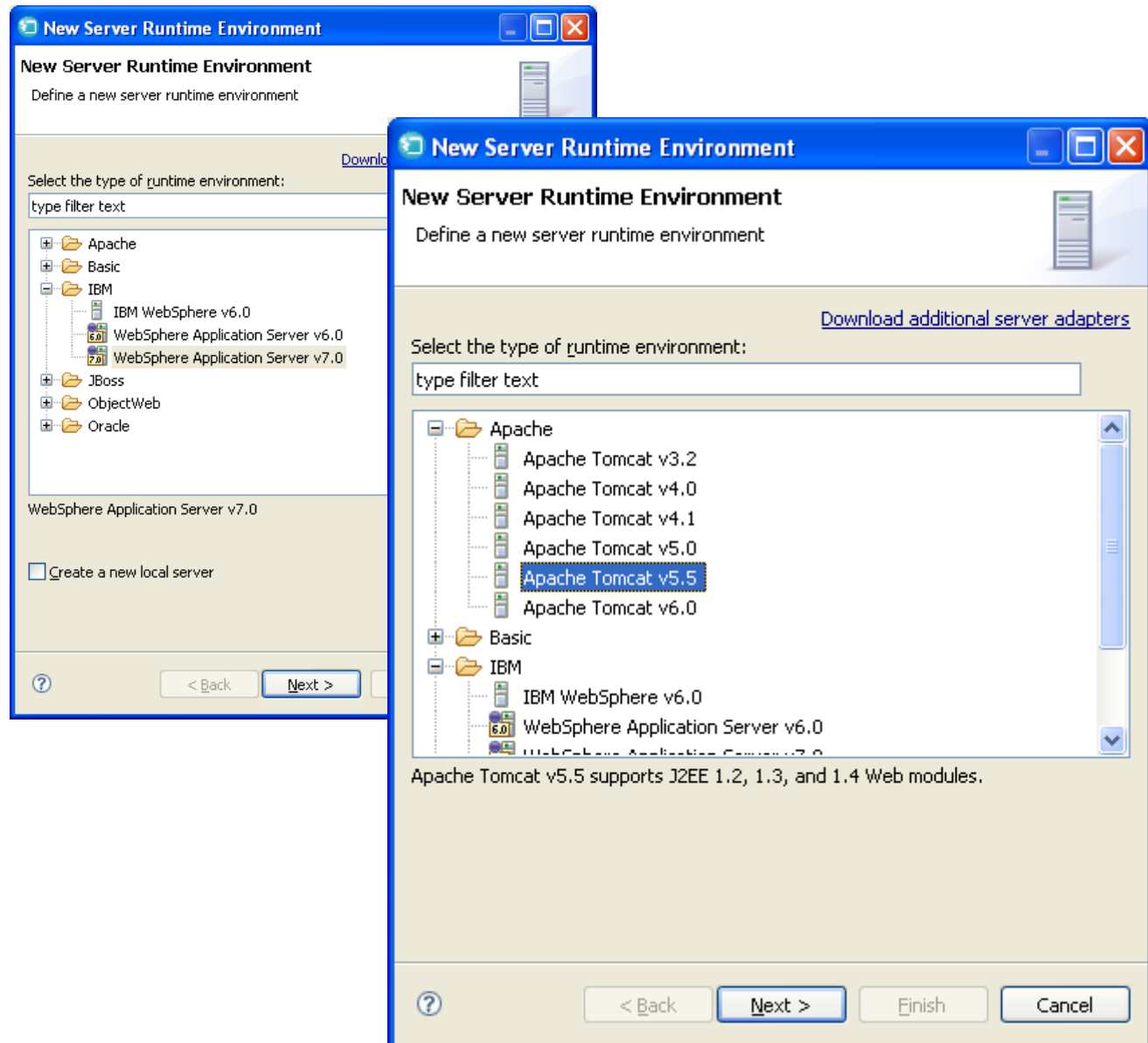
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Click “New”



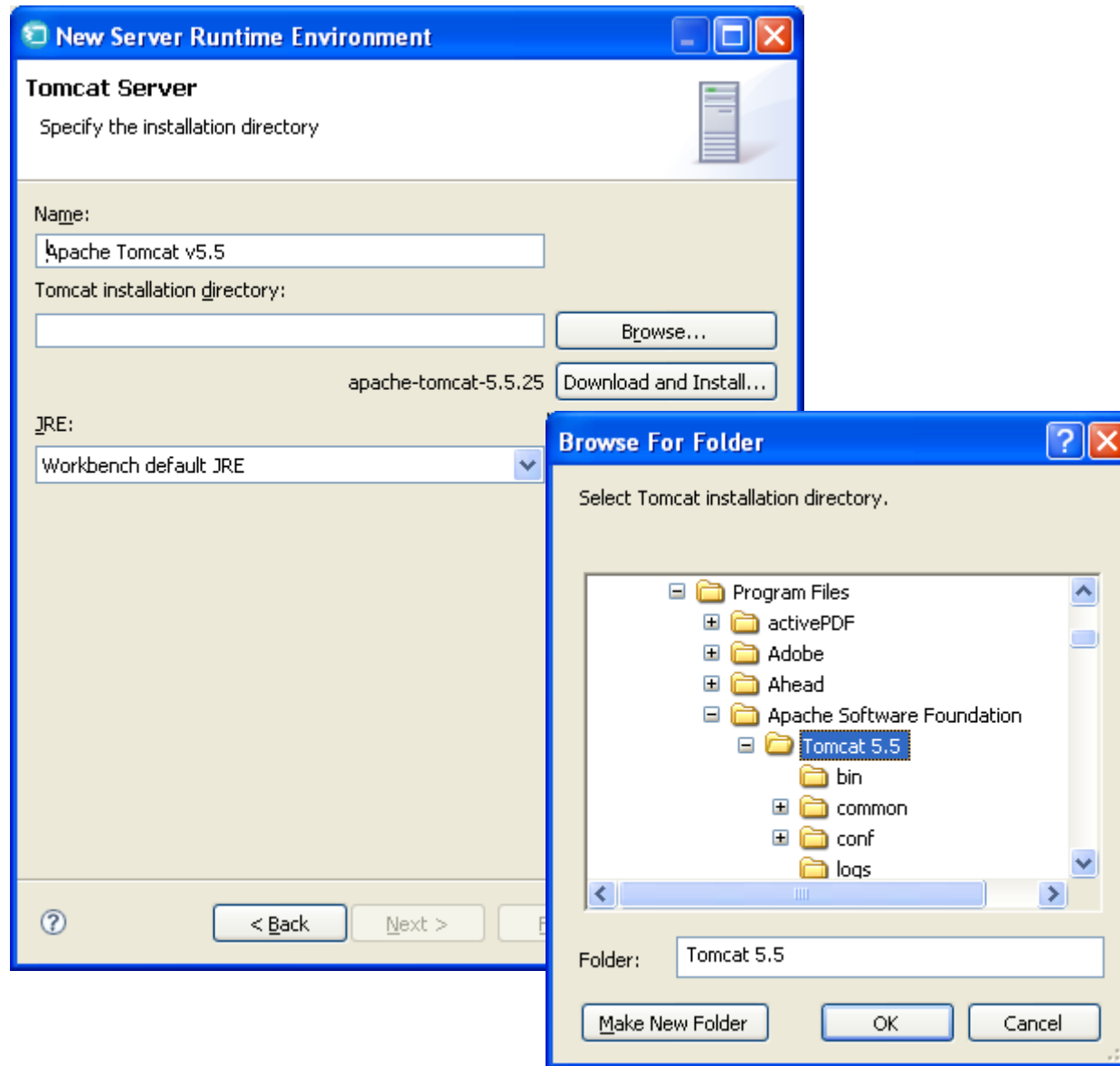
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Expand “Apache” folder
- Select “Apache Tomcat v5.5”
- Click “Next”



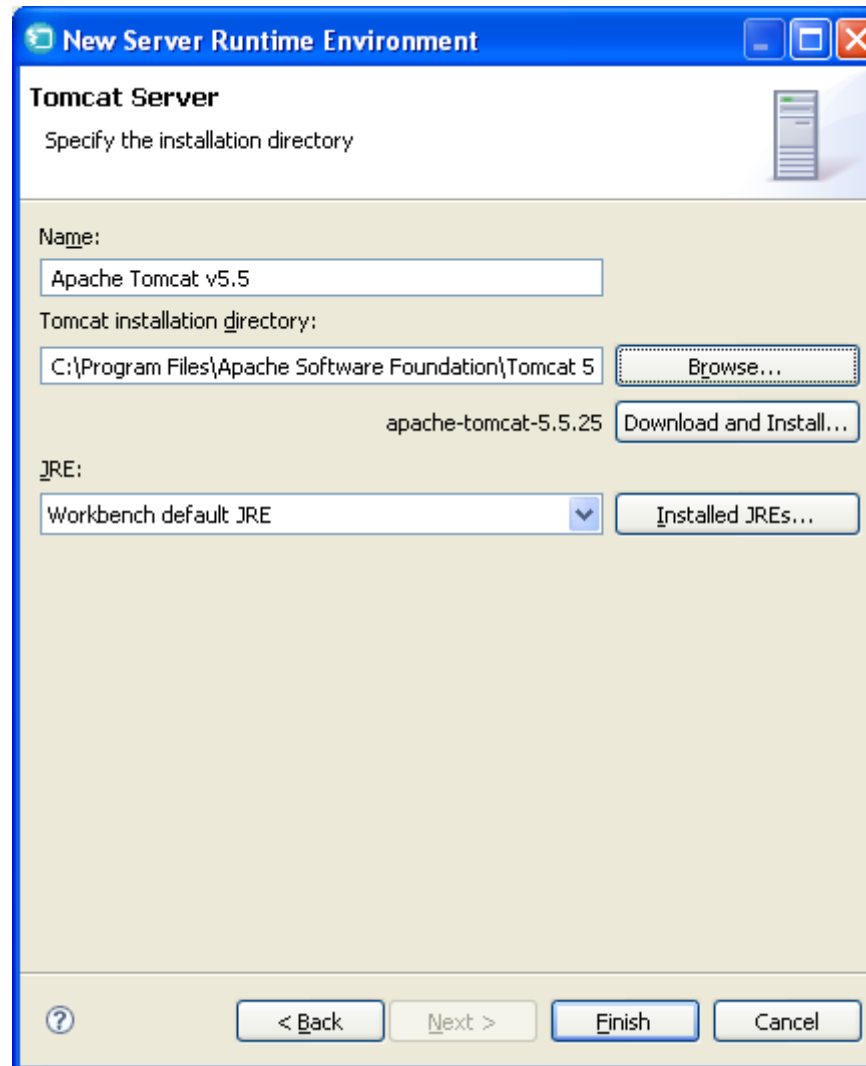
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Click “Browse”
- Open “Program Files” folder
- Open “Apache Software Foundation” folder
- Select “Tomcat 5.5”
- Click “OK”



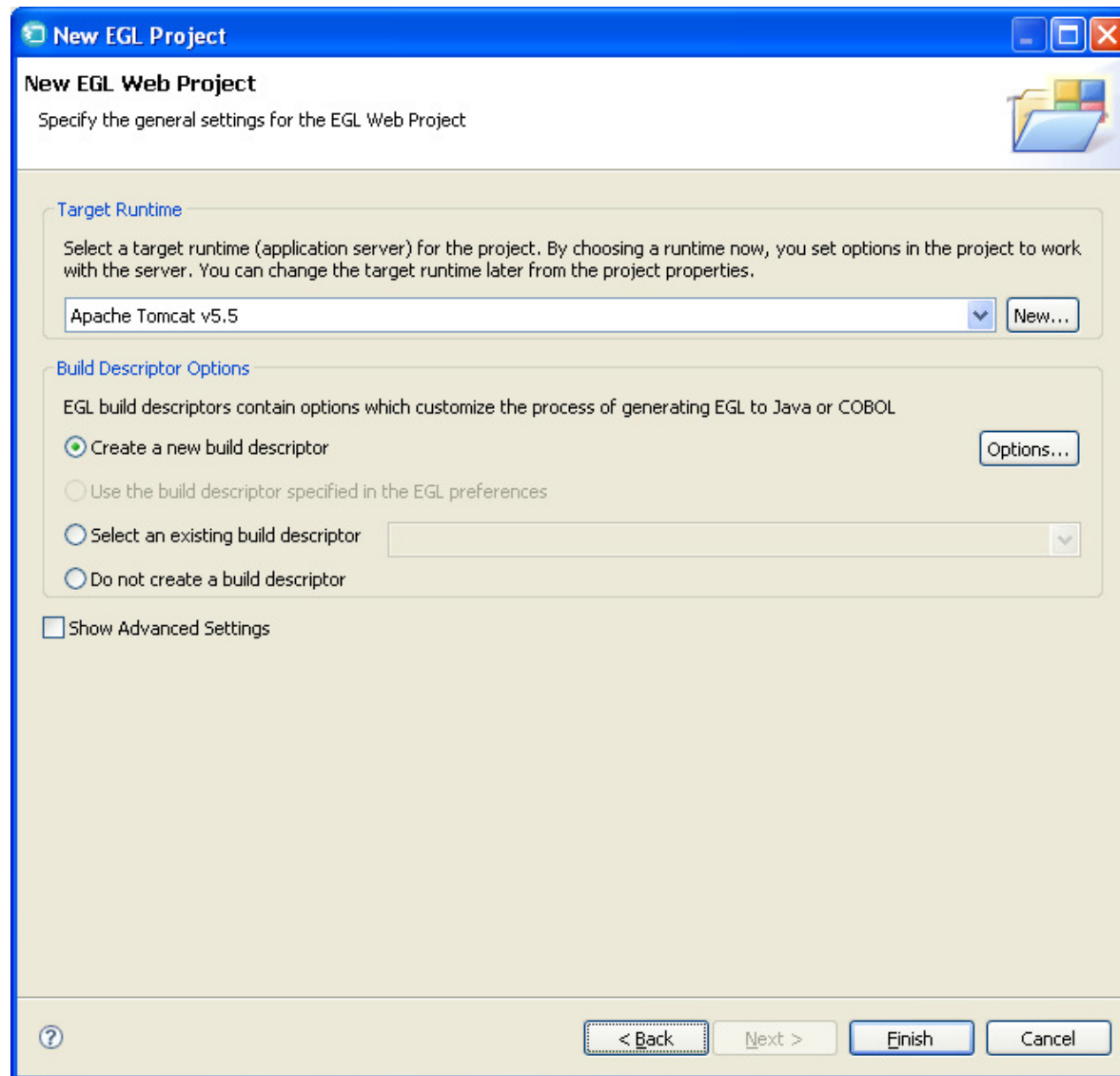
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Click “Finish”



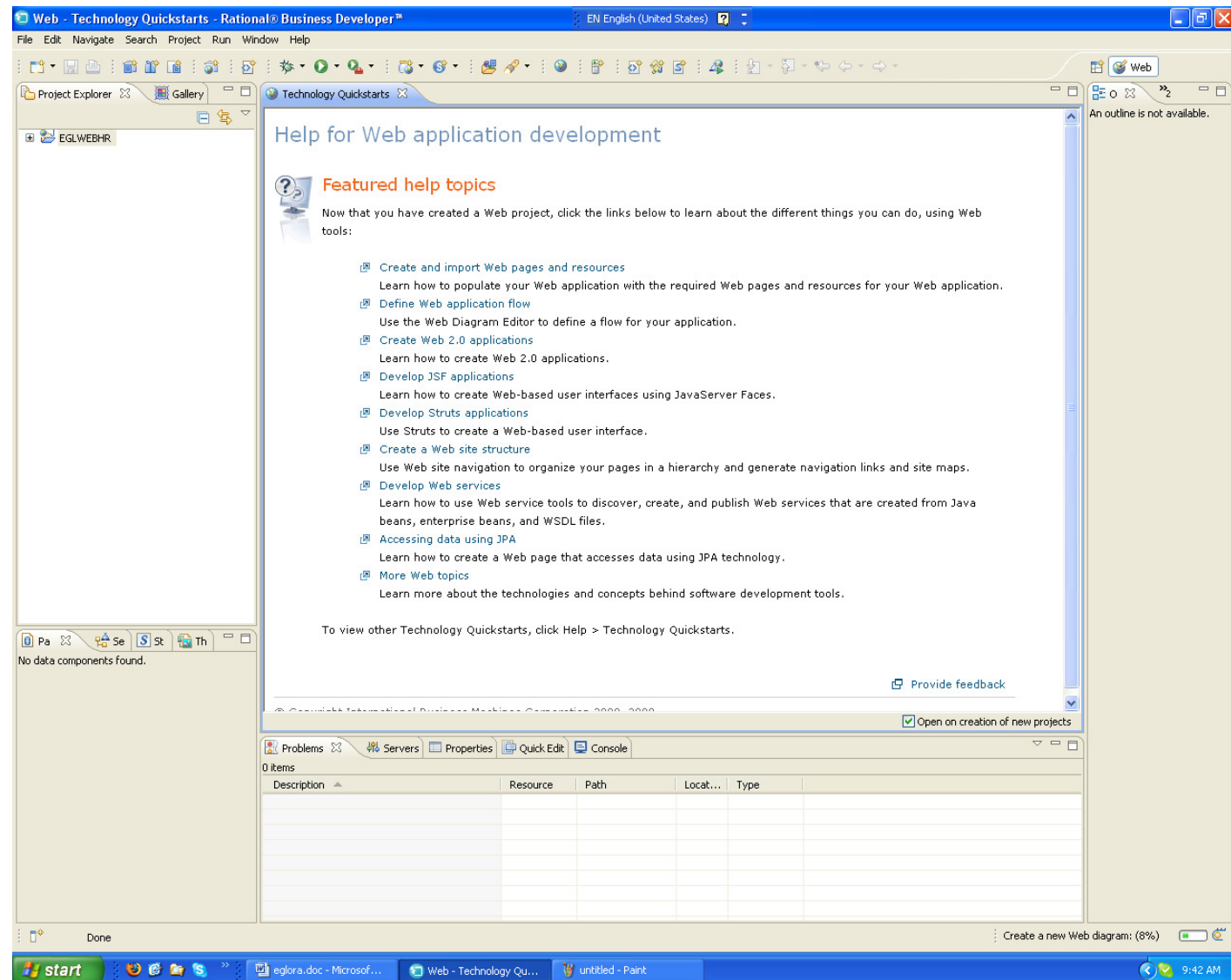
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Select “Apache Tomcat v5.5” as the Target Runtime
- Click “Finish”



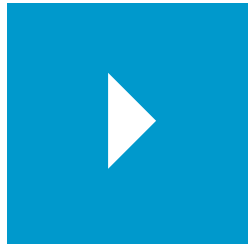
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a New Project

- Your EGLWEB400 project is created
- Close “Technology Quickstart” tab



UNIT

# System i Connections



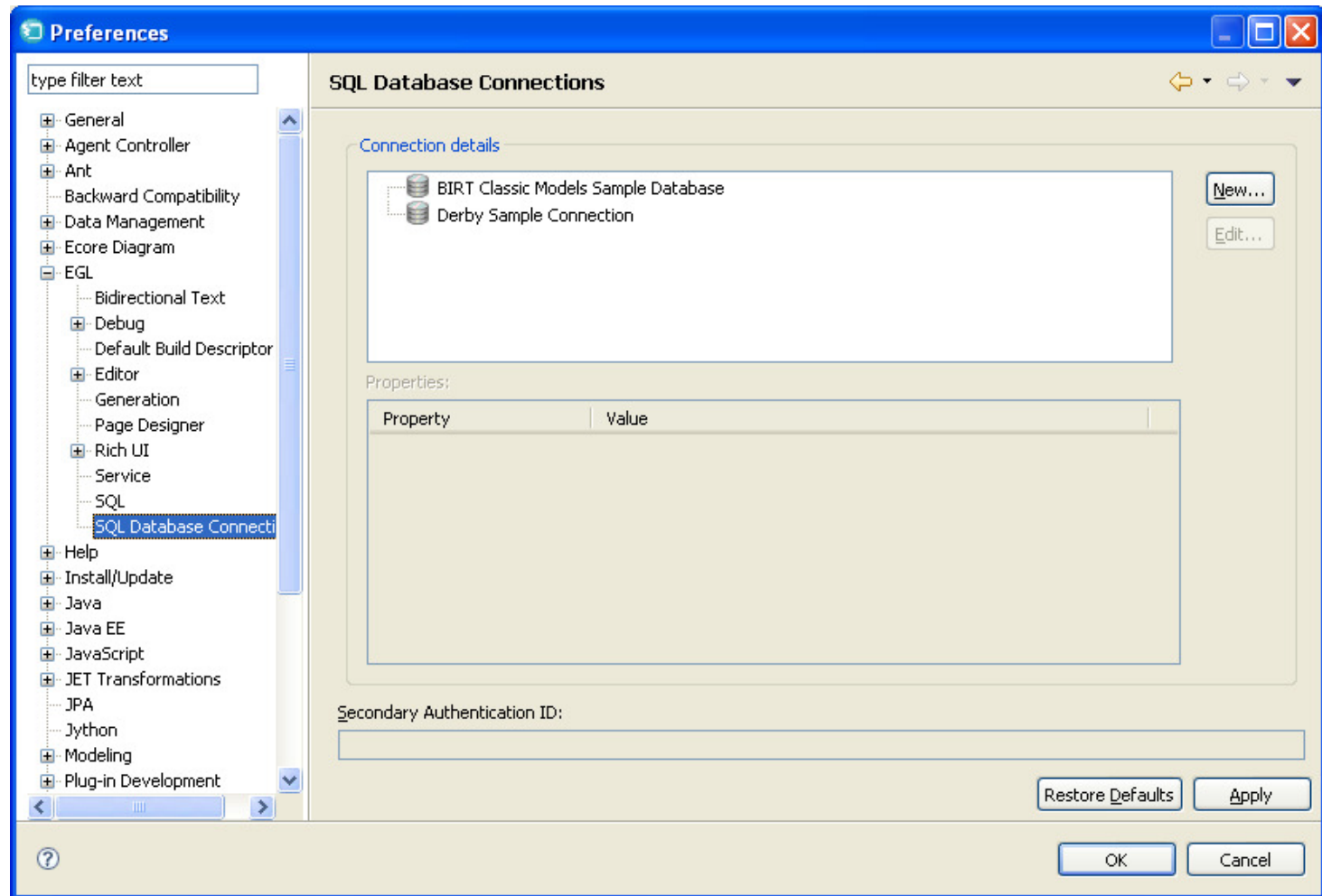
## Topics:

- Creating a New Project
- **Creating a DB2/400 Connection**
- Defining a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source
- Adding JT400 Toolkit to Your Project



## ▶▶ Lab – Create a DB2/400 Connection

- From Window → Preference
- Expand “EGL” folder
- Click “SQL Database Connection”
- Click “New”



## ▶▶ Lab – Create a DB2/400 Connection

- Select a database manager: DB2 for i5/OS
- JDBC driver: AS/400 toolbox for Java Default
- Host: iseries.demos.ibm.com
- User name: egl4rpg
- Password: egl4you
- Check “Save password”
- Click “Test Connection”
- Click OK

**New Connection**

**Connection Parameters**  
Select the database manager, JDBC driver, and required connection parameters.

**Connection identification**

Use default naming convention

Connection Name: iseriesd.demos.ibm.com

Select a database manager:

- DB2 for i5/OS
- DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows
- DB2 for z/OS
- Derby
- Informix
- Oracle
- SQL Server

JDBC driver: AS/400 Toolbox for Java Default

**Properties**

Host: iseriesd.demos.ibm.com

User name: egl4rpg

Password: ●●●●●●

Save password

Connection URL: jdbc:as400:iseriesd.demos.ibm.com;prompt=false

Test Connection

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

**New Connection**

Connection succeeded.

OK

## ▶▶ Lab – Create a DB2/400 Connection

- **Un-check** “Disable Filter”
- Click “Selection”
- Scroll down and check “EGLLABV7XX” library
- Click “Finish”

**Filter**  
Specify a filter by selecting a predicate and entering a value or by indicating whether to include or exclude a selection of items.

Expression

Name: Starts with the characters [ ]

Selection

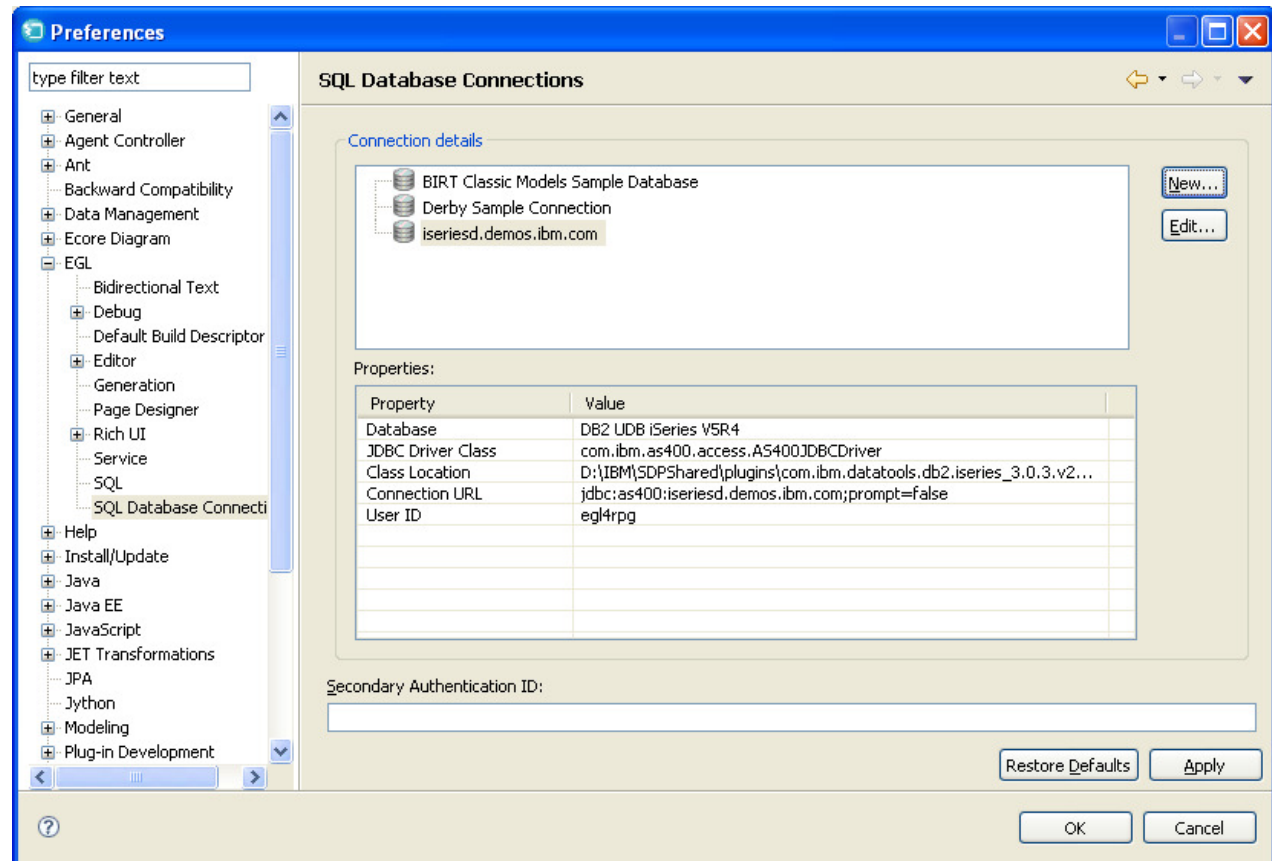
Include selected items [v]

<input type="checkbox"/>	EDLLL
<input type="checkbox"/>	EDLZC
<input type="checkbox"/>	EDMHL
<input type="checkbox"/>	EDTLHM
<input type="checkbox"/>	EDZBC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EGLLABV7XX
<input type="checkbox"/>	EGLMOR75
<input type="checkbox"/>	EGLPOT
<input type="checkbox"/>	EGLV71
<input type="checkbox"/>	ELANGO
<input type="checkbox"/>	ELMERLIB
<input type="checkbox"/>	ELUIN
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMERGYS
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMPLOYES
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMSANDROY

Disable filter

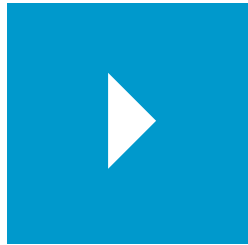
## ▶▶ Lab – Create a DB2/400 Connection

- Click “Apply”
- Click OK



UNIT

# System i Connections

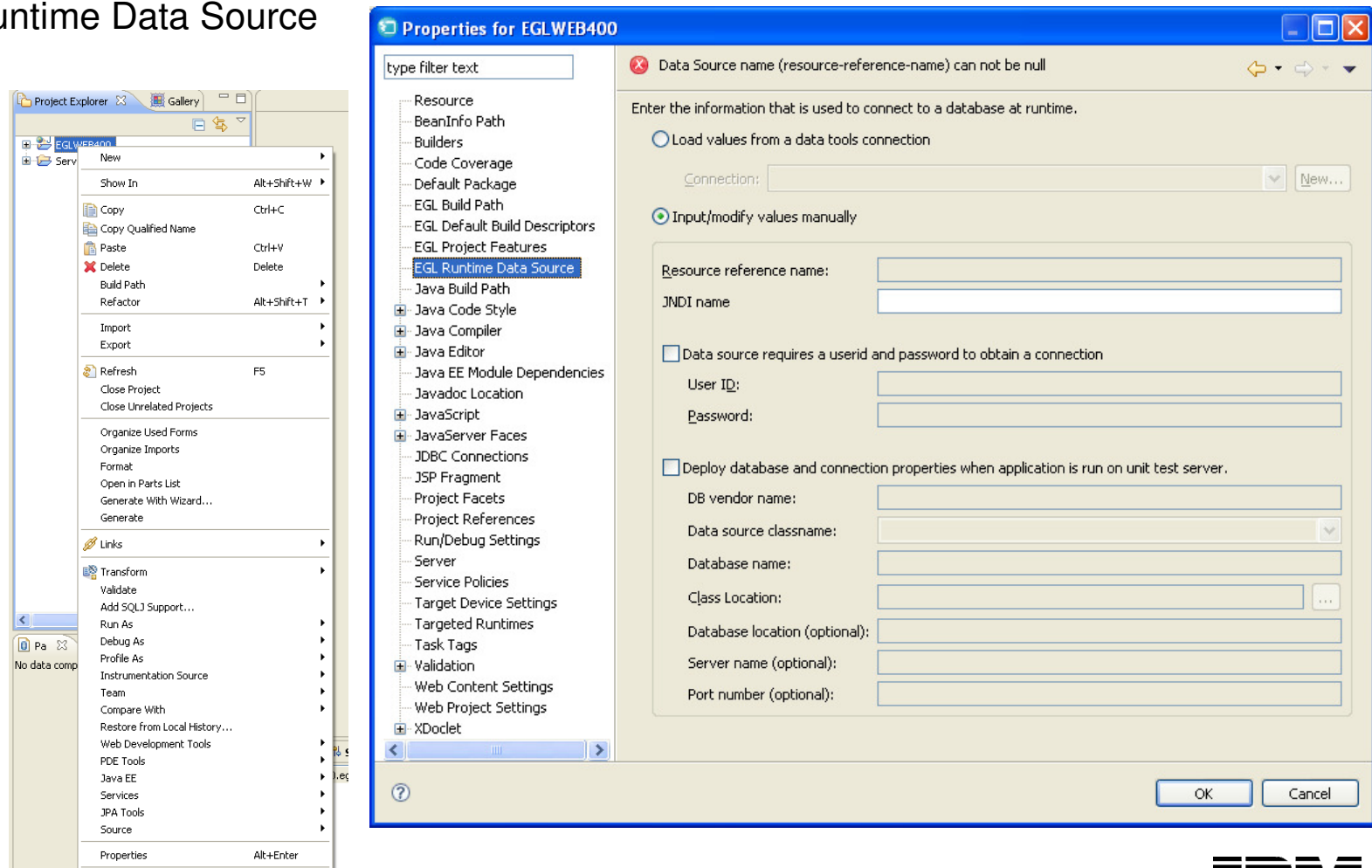


## Topics:

- Creating a New Project
- Creating a DB2/400 Connection
- **Defining a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source**
- Adding JT400 Toolkit to Your Project

## ▶▶ Lab – Define a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source

- Right-click over EGLWEB400 project and select Properties
- Click EGL Runtime Data Source



## ▶▶ Lab – Define a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source

- Click “Load values from a data tools connection”
- Select `iseriesd.demos.ibm.com` from the pull down-list
- Click input/modify values manually
- Change the JNDI name to “jdbc/i5”
- Click OK

The image shows two screenshots of the 'Properties for EGLWEB400' dialog box, illustrating the steps to define a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source.

**Top Screenshot:** The 'EGL Runtime Data Source' tab is active. The 'Load values from a data tools connection' radio button is selected. The 'Connection' dropdown menu is set to 'iseriesd.demos.ibm.com'. The 'Input/modify values manually' radio button is unselected.

**Bottom Screenshot:** The 'EGL Runtime Data Source' tab is active. The 'Input/modify values manually' radio button is selected. The 'Resource reference name' is 'jdbc/i5' and the 'JNDI name' is 'jdbc/i5'. The 'Data source requires a userid and password to obtain a connection' checkbox is checked. The 'User ID' is 'egl4rpg' and the 'Password' is '\*\*\*\*\*'. The 'Deploy database and connection properties when application is run on unit test server.' checkbox is checked. The 'DB vendor name' is 'DB2 UDB iSeries', the 'Data source classname' is 'com.ibm.as400.access.A5400JDBCConnectionPoolDataSource', the 'Database name' is 'iseriesd.demos.ibm.com', and the 'Class Location' is 'D:\IBM\SDPShared\plugins\com.ibm.datatools.db2.iseries\_3.0.3.v...'. The 'Server name (optional)' is 'iseriesd.demos.ibm.com'. The 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom right.



## ▶▶ Lab – Define a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source

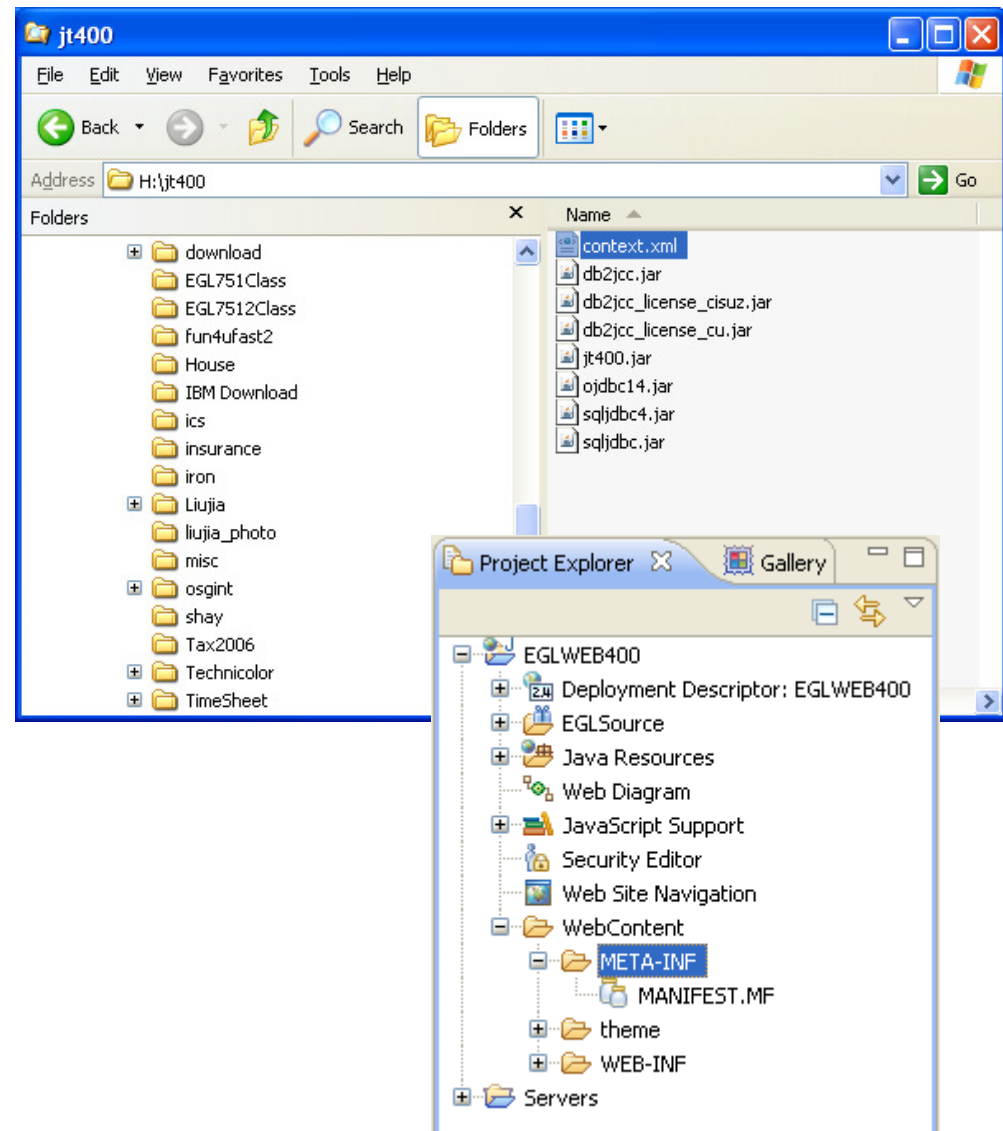
- Click “Load values from a data tools connection
- Select iseriesd.demos.ibm.com from the pull down-list
- Click input/modify values manually
- Change the JNDI name to “jdbc/i5”
- Click OK
- Click “Yes” on Update build option?

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface for configuring an EGL Runtime Data Source. The main window is titled "Properties for EGLWEB400" and displays the "EGL Runtime Data Source" configuration. The "Load values from a data tools connection" radio button is selected, and the connection is set to "iseriesd.demos.ibm.com". Below this, the "Input/modify values manually" radio button is also visible. The "JDBC Connections" dialog is open, showing the configuration for the "jdbc/i5" data source. The "JNDI name" is set to "jdbc/i5", and the "User ID" is "egl4rpg". The "DB vendor name" is "DB2 UDB iSeries", and the "Data source classname" is "com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCConnectionPoolDataSource". The "Database name" is "iseriesd.demos.ibm.com". At the bottom, an "Update build options?" dialog is open, asking if the user wants to update the default build options for the project with the values in the EGL Runtime Data Source page. The "Remember this decision" checkbox is unchecked, and the "Yes" button is highlighted.



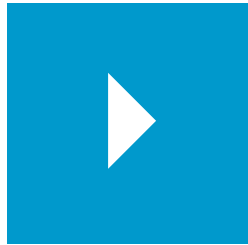
## ▶▶ Lab – Define a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source

- Copy context.xml from jt400 folder
- Paste it to EGLWEB400 → WebContent → META-INF folder
- The context.xml file is an optional file which contains a <Context> tag (Context Fragment) for a single Tomcat web application. This can be used to define certain behaviours for your application, [JNDI](#) resources and other settings.
- The context.xml file was introduced in Tomcat 5, to remove Context settings from the [server.xml](#) file.
- The Context Fragment can be embedded in [server.xml](#), placed in the <CATALINA>/conf folder, or placed inside each application in the META-INF folder in a file called context.xml. The META-INF method is preferred as this means changes to the context don't require Tomcat to be restarted. You can restart your application by modifying [web.xml](#) when automatic reloading is active, or reloading manually with the [Tomcat Manager](#).
- Your context.xml file should be installed in the META-INF folder of your application, as META-INF/context.xml.
- Switching to the use of a context.xml file removes all dependencies from [server.xml](#), making the application much more portable and easier to deploy.



UNIT

# System i Connections



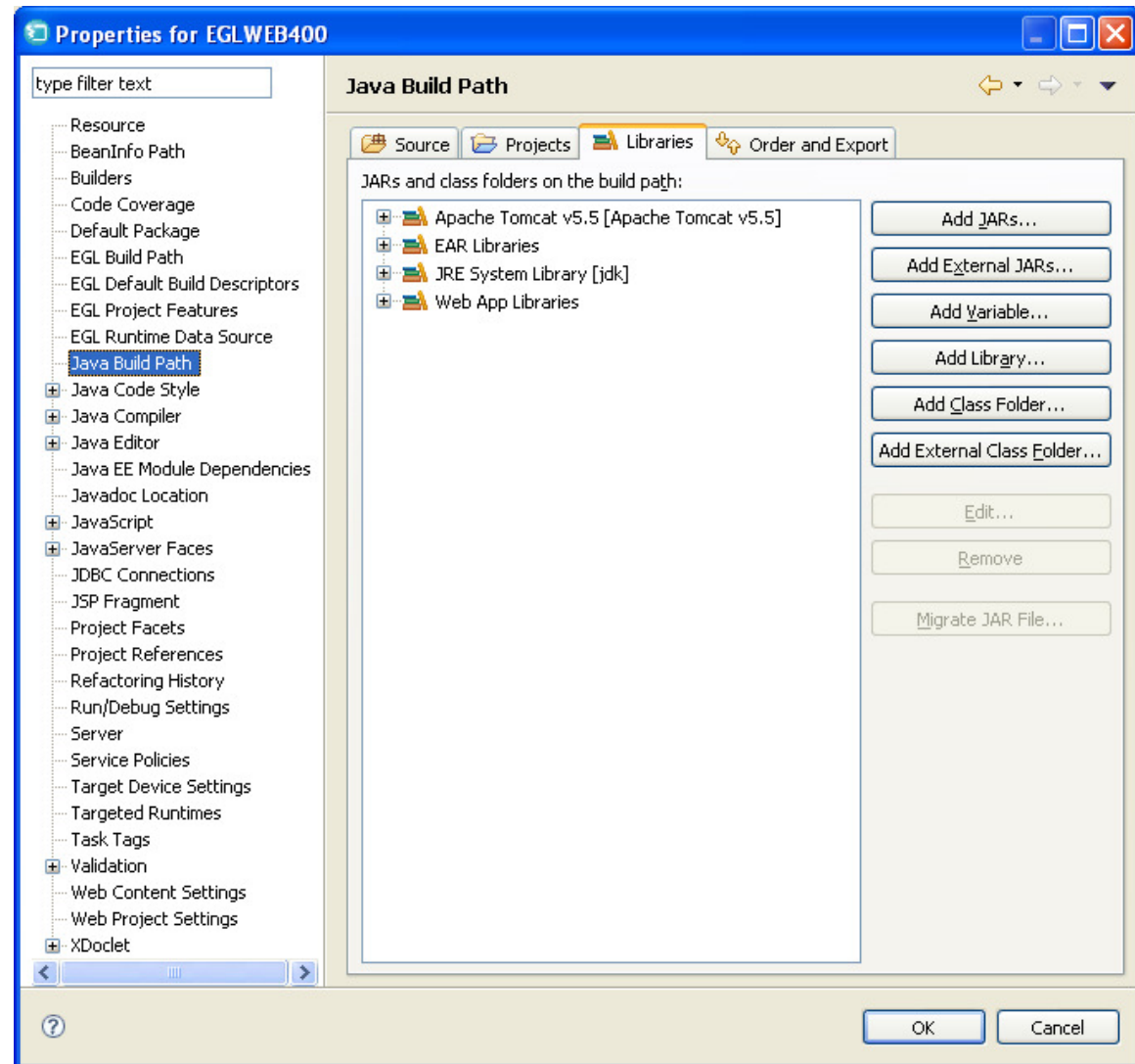
## Topics:

- Creating a New Project
- Creating a DB2/400 Connection
- Defining a DB2/400 Runtime Data Source
- **Adding JT400 Toolkit to Your Project**

## ▶▶ Lab – Add JT400 Toolkit to your Project

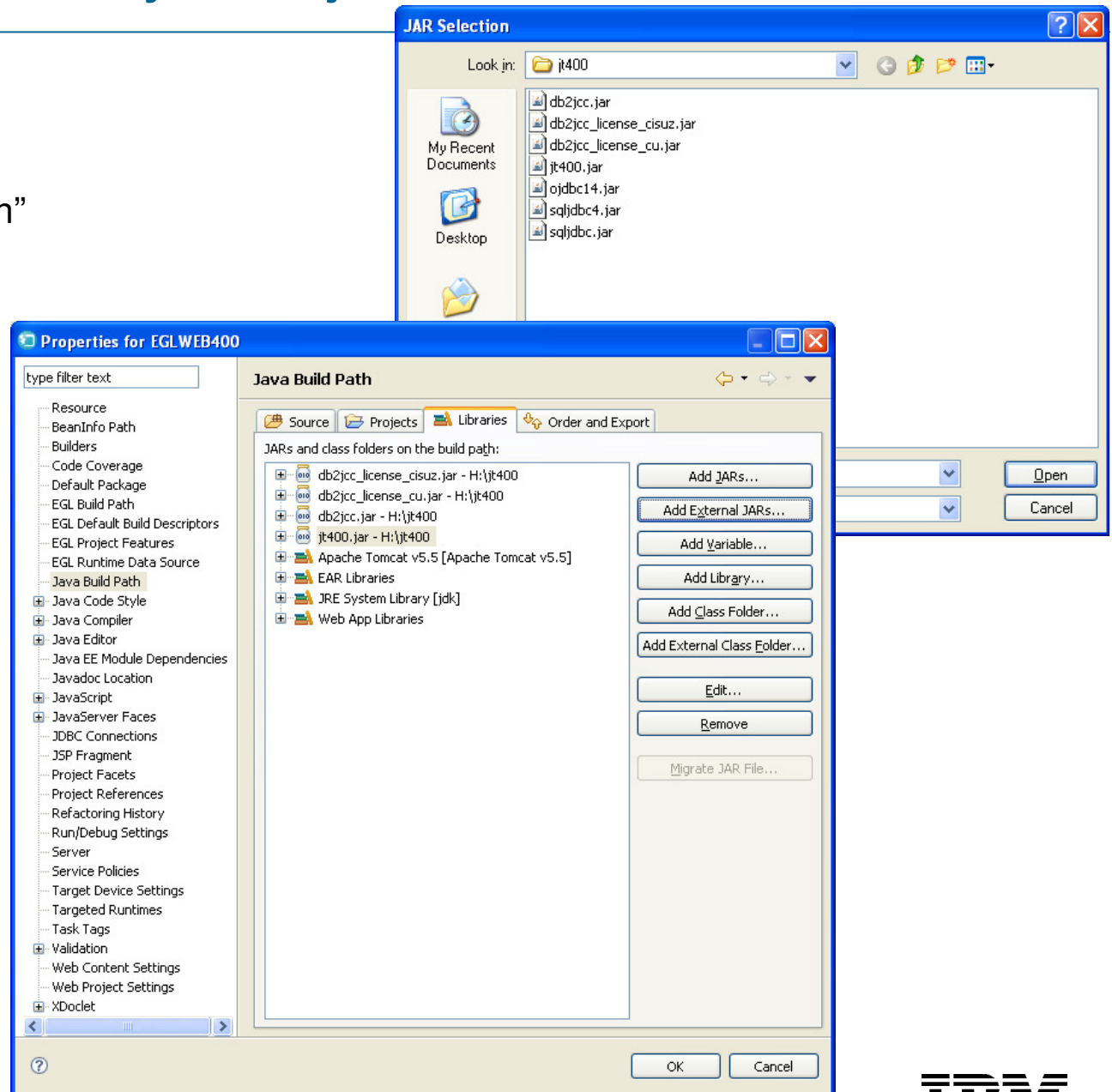
Access Objects (Programs, Files, Data Areas, Data Queues) on an iSeries box requires the JT400 toolkit in your build path.

- Click “Java Build Path” on “Properties for EGLWEB400”
- Click “Libraries” tab
- Click “Add External JARs”



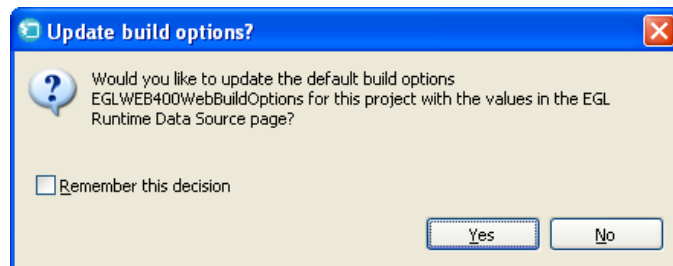
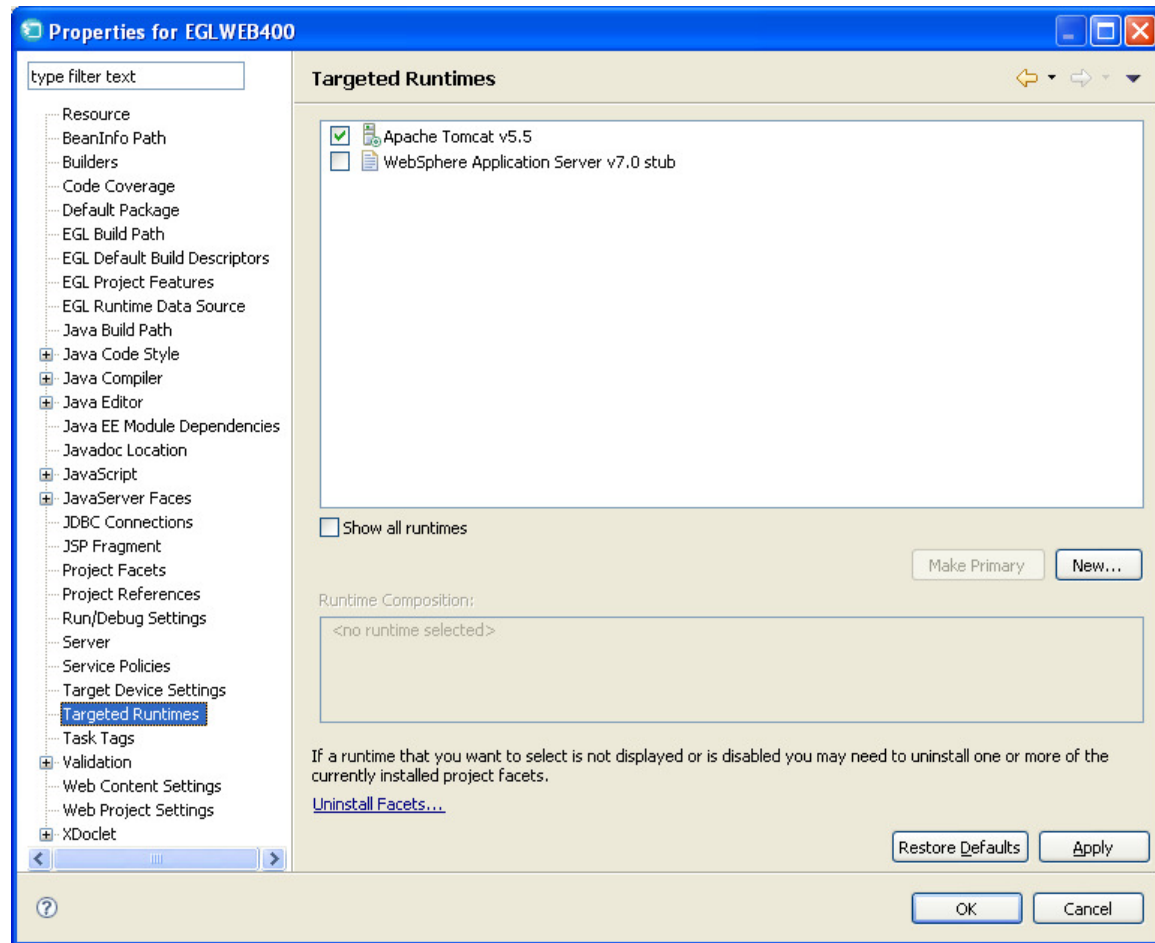
## ▶▶ Lab – Add JT400 Toolkit to your Project

- Click “Add External JARs”
- Open jt400 folder
- Select “db2jcc.jar” Click “Open”
- Repeat to add:
  - ▶ Db2jcc\_license\_cisuz.jar
  - ▶ Db2jcc\_license\_cu.jar
  - ▶ Jt400.jar
- Click “OK”



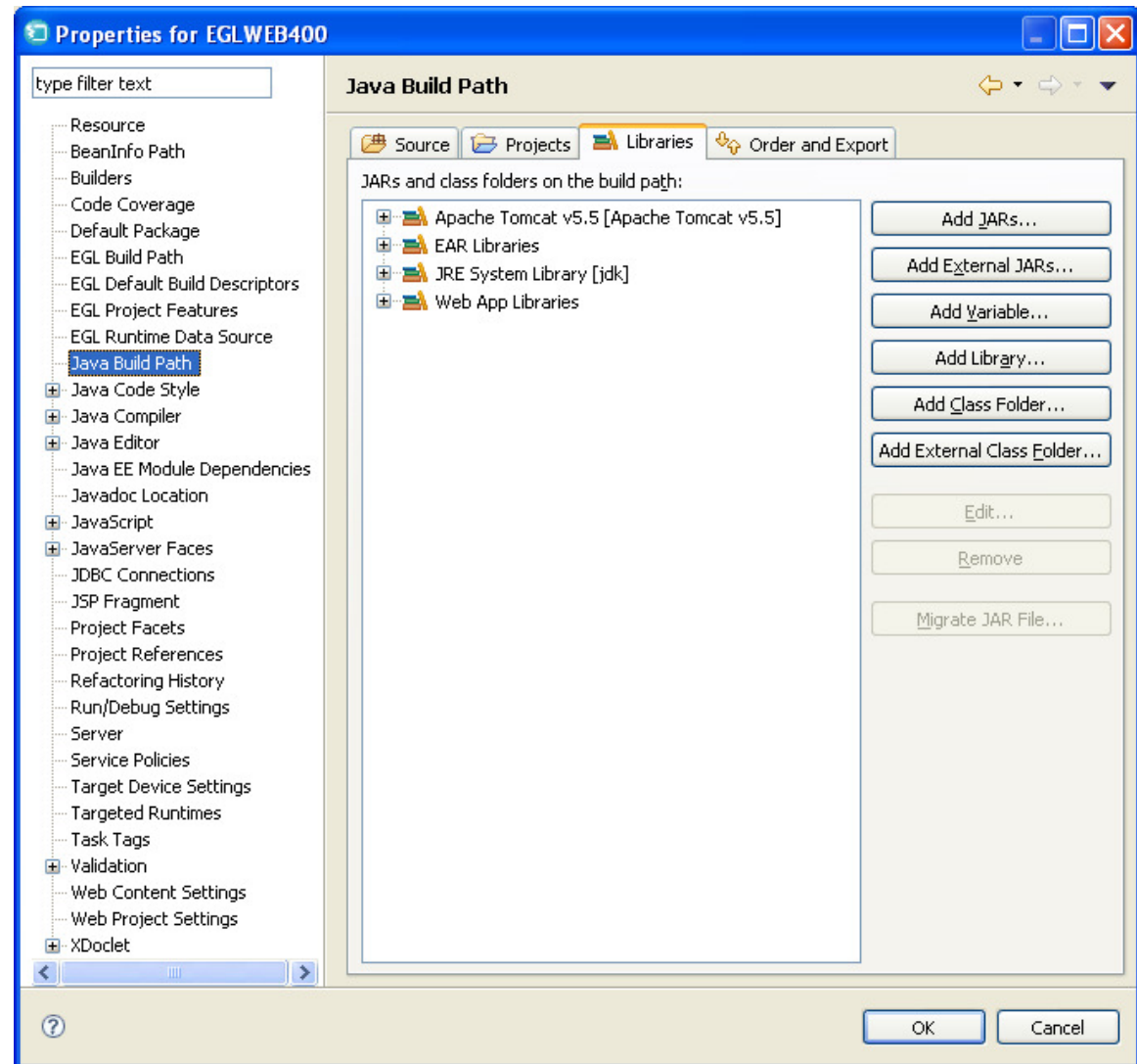
## ▶▶ Lab – Setup Targeted Runtime

- Click “Targeted Runtime” on “Properties for EGLWEB400”
- Check “Apache Tomcat 5.5”
- Click “Apply”
- Click “Yes” if asked to “Update build options”
- Click “OK”



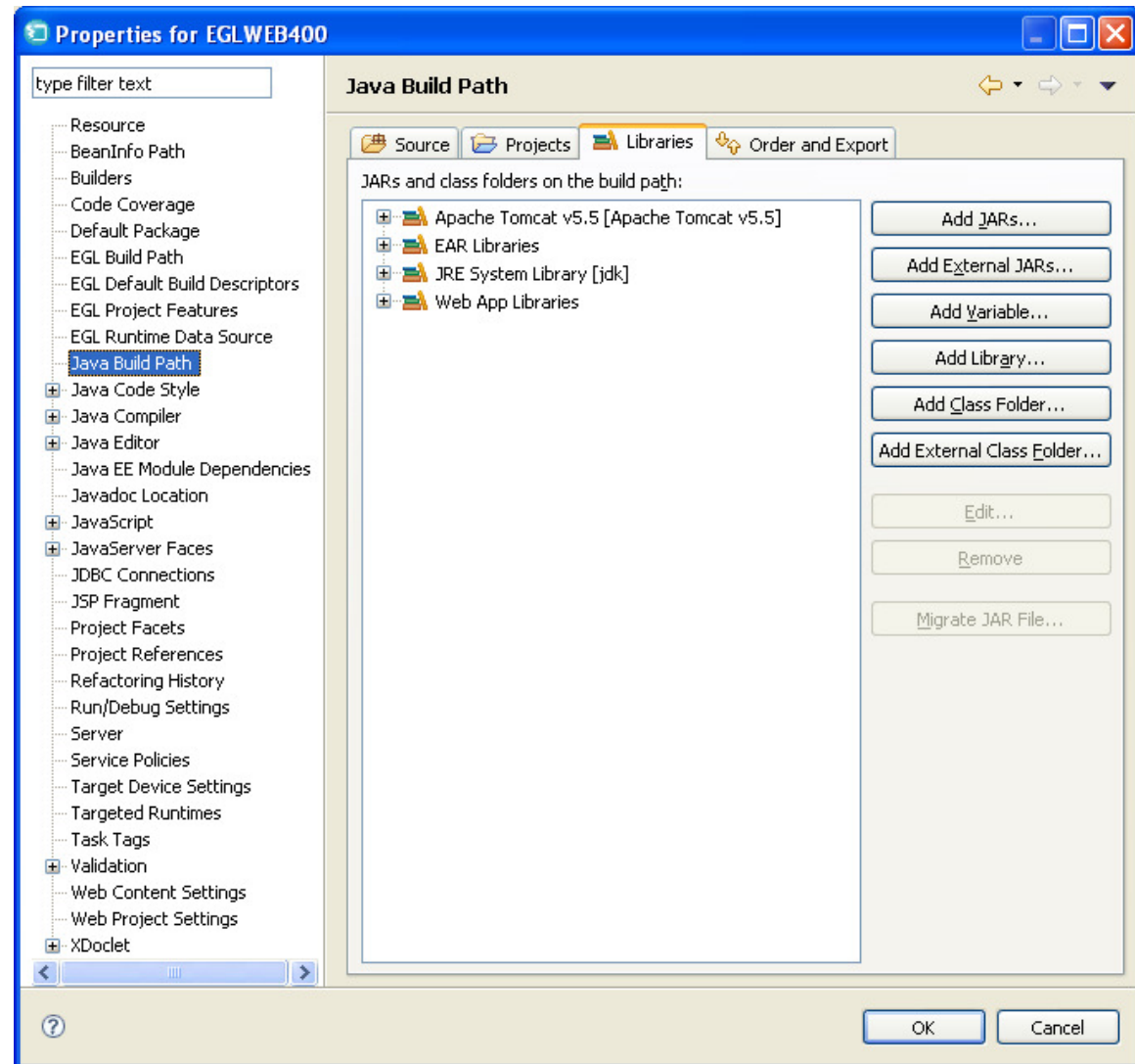
## ▶▶ Lab – Setup jt400.jar

- Click “Java Build Path” on “Properties for EGLWEB400”
- Click “Libraries” tab
- Click Add External JARs”



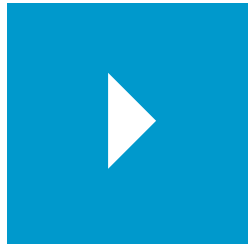
## ▶▶ Lab – Setup jt400.jar

- Click “Java Build Path” on “Properties for EGLWEB400”
- Click “Libraries” tab
- Click Add External JARs”



UNIT

# EGL/Web QuickStart



Topics:

- **Importing Database Schema**
- Creating Custom Business Logic
- Creating the U.I. Model
- Creating Dynamic Content Web Pages

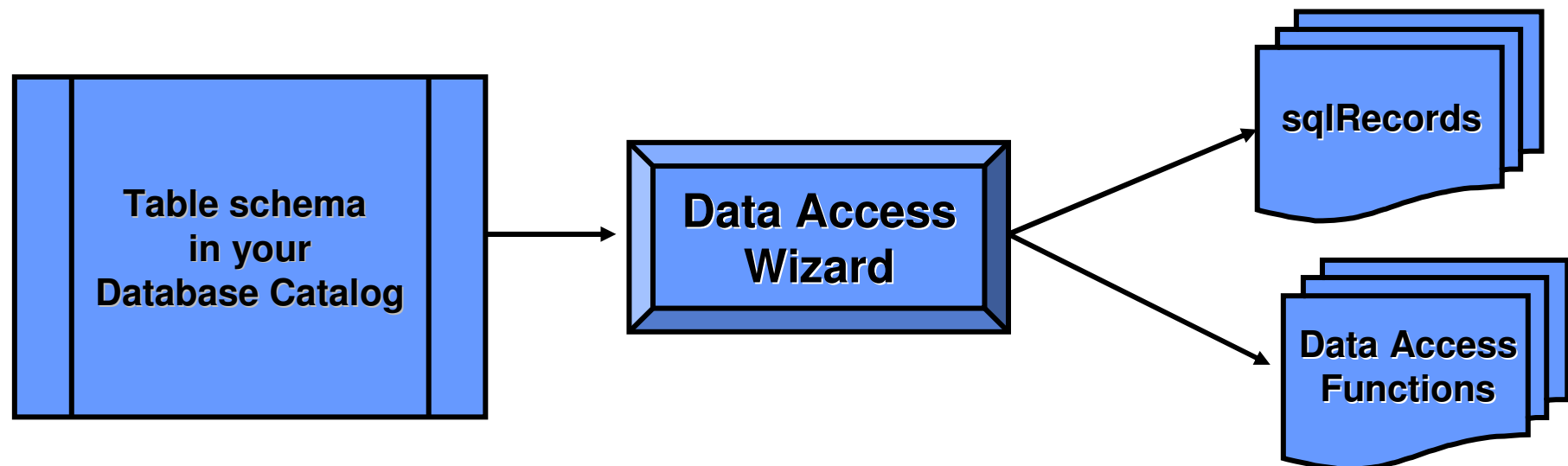


## Data Access Wizard

---

To simplify data access EGL provides custom record types, with “properties” that enable generation of native database and file I/O call APIs. You can write these custom records – or – allow RBD’s tooling to build or derive them from the relational tables and views you want to access.

- To get you jump-started on your EGL/SQL statements, the RBD tooling creates design pattern functions, for reading and writing to your database.
- You can create your own custom EGL data access records, design patterns, functions and SQL statements. But for this simple web application, let’s see how far the wizard-generated code gets us.



# Data Access Application Wizard – Steps for the Upcoming Workshop

---

 These steps are what you WILL be doing, to import your database:

- ▶ Create a new Project
- ▶ Launch the EGL Data Access Application Wizard
- ▶ Define a connection to your database
- ▶ Specify any table filtering
- ▶ Select the tables you want to import
- ▶ Verify/Specify search keys
- ▶ Generate
- ▶ View and customize Results



Before starting this process, you must have completed the Workspace **Preferences** setting for your **SQL** generation as described on the slide: **Workspace Preferences – Customizing the Workbench – Modify SQL Preferences**

## ▶▶ Launch the EGL Data Access Application Wizard

Like creating all new resources, you start from Project Explorer:

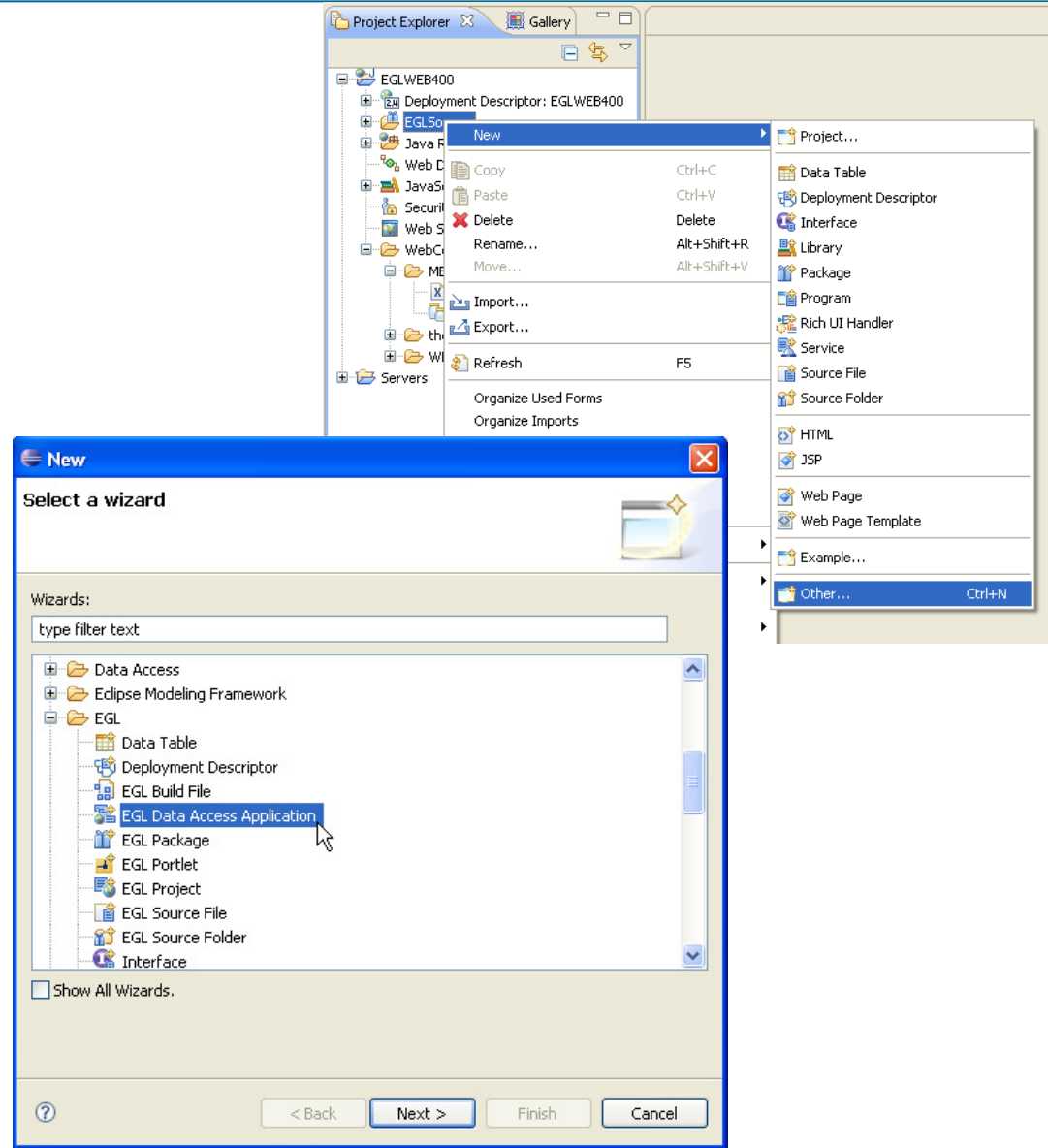
- **Right-click** over **\EGLSource\** and select:

**New** ▶ **Other**

- Scroll down to, and expand the **EGL** folder and select:

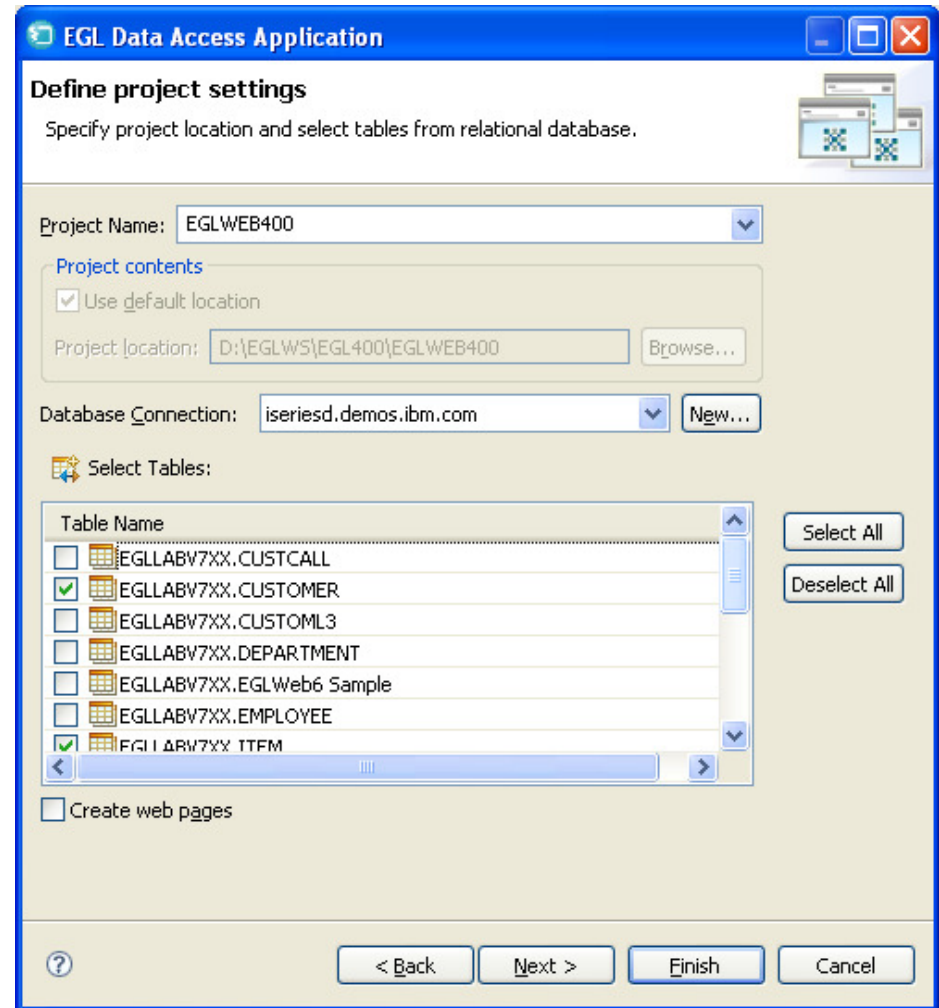
▶ **EGL Data Access Application**

- Click **Next >**



## ▶▶ Select Tables for Import

1. From the Project Name pull down, select EGLWEB400
2. From Database Connection pull down, select iseries.demos.ibm.com
3. Check the following tables:
  - ELLABV7XX.CUSTOMER
  - ELLABV7XX.ITEM
  - ELLABV7XX.ORDERS
  - ELLABV7XX.ORDER\_ITEM
  - ELLABV7XX.STATETABLE
4. Click **Next** >



## ▶▶ Verify Table Search Keys

☞ If a selected table does not have a Primary Key specified for it in the database catalog, you will be prompted to select a key field for it. This key field is used in the EGL SQL statement generation.

- It might be the case that CUSTOMER needs you to choose a key field.
  - ▶ **Choose: CUSTOMER\_ID**
- Click ITEM tab:
  - ▶ **Choose: ITEM\_ID**
- Repeat for the followings:
  - ▶ **ORDERS: ORDER\_ID**
  - ▶ **ORDER\_ITEM: ORDER\_ITEM\_ID**
  - ▶ **STATETABLE: STATEABBREV**

EGL Data Access Application

Define the Fields

Specify key and selection condition fields.

CUSTOMER ITEM ORDERS ORDER\_ITEM STATETABLE

Choose key fields:

- CUSTOMER\_ID
- FIRST\_NAME
- LAST\_NAME
- PASSWORD
- PHONE
- EMAIL\_ADDRESS
- STREET

Choose search UI fields:

- CUSTOMER\_ID
- FIRST\_NAME
- LAST\_NAME
- PASSWORD
- PHONE
- EMAIL\_ADDRESS
- STREET

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

- Click: **Next >**

## ▶▶ Qualify Table Names

👁 For this workshop you will qualify the table name with the table's schema-name (the schema-name is usually the authorization-id of the table "owner" – like a DBA, for example).

1. Check:  
 **Qualify table names with schema**

2. Click: **Next >**

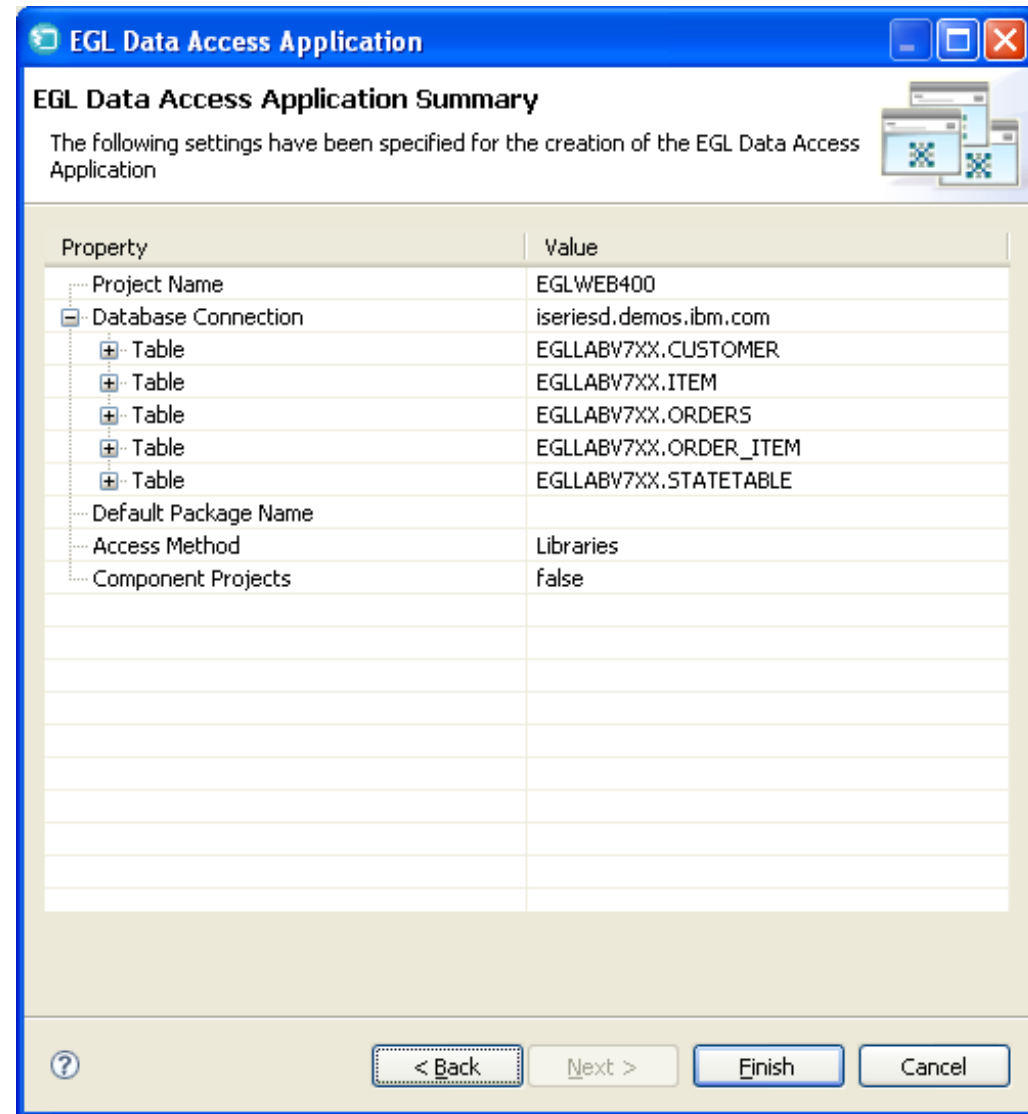
The screenshot shows the 'EGL Data Access Application' dialog box titled 'Define project creation options'. The subtitle is 'Specify project creation options.' The dialog has a blue header bar with the application name and a close button. Below the header, there is a text input field for 'Default package name:'. Underneath, a section titled 'Data access method' contains two radio buttons: 'EGL Libraries' (selected) and 'EGL Services'. Below this, there are three checkboxes: 'Qualify table names with schema' (checked and highlighted with a red dashed box), 'Use delimited SQL identifiers' (unchecked), and 'Create multiple projects' (unchecked). At the bottom of the dialog, there is a help icon (question mark) and four buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

## Generate

Finally, a summary screen is shown, which shows your Data Access import options.

You can expand and look at them, go back, or just:

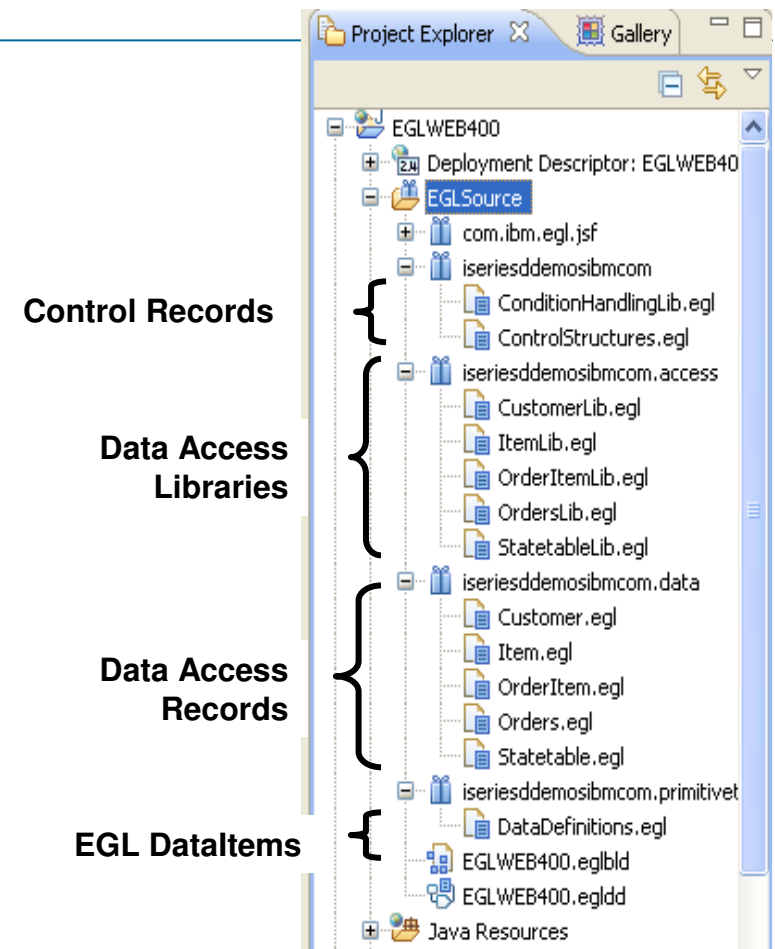
- Click: **Finish**



## What Just Happened? 🤖

The Data Access Wizard created the following four sets of resources:

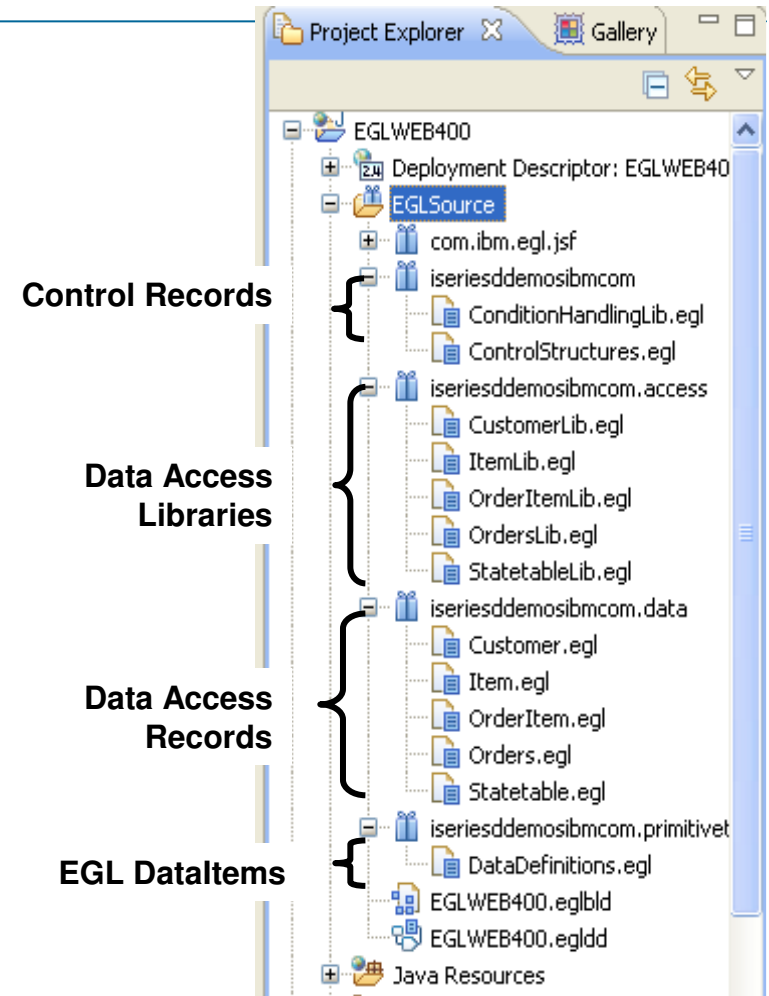
1. **Control Records** – used in the default Data Access Library SQL statements
2. **Data Access Libraries** – which contain EGL data access statements (basic data access design patterns), that generate to SQL statements and routines
3. **Data Access Records** – EGL records of type `sqlRecord`, which participate in the Java and SQL generation, allowing you to code at a high-level of abstraction
4. **EGL Dataltems** – in `DataDefinitions.egl`. This file contains default type definitions for each column in each imported table. 📄 See notes for more on Dataltems





## ▶▶ View Results – See What Was Produced by the Wizard

- Expand the four new folders under EGLSource named: **iseriesddemosibmcom.<something>**
- Open a few of the files produced by the wizard in the Content Area (Double-click: `CustomerLib.egl`, `Customer.egl`, `DataDefinitions.egl`, etc.) and view the code that was generated.
- Since we will be covering EGL in an upcoming unit of this course it is not expected that you understand all – of what was produced from Data Access import.
- However the default data access code is:
  - ▶ A nice starting point for doing and learning about database programming in EGL
  - ▶ Nice to have been generated (as opposed to hand-coding yourself)
- Let's do a few specific things to some of these files (steps begin on the next slide)...

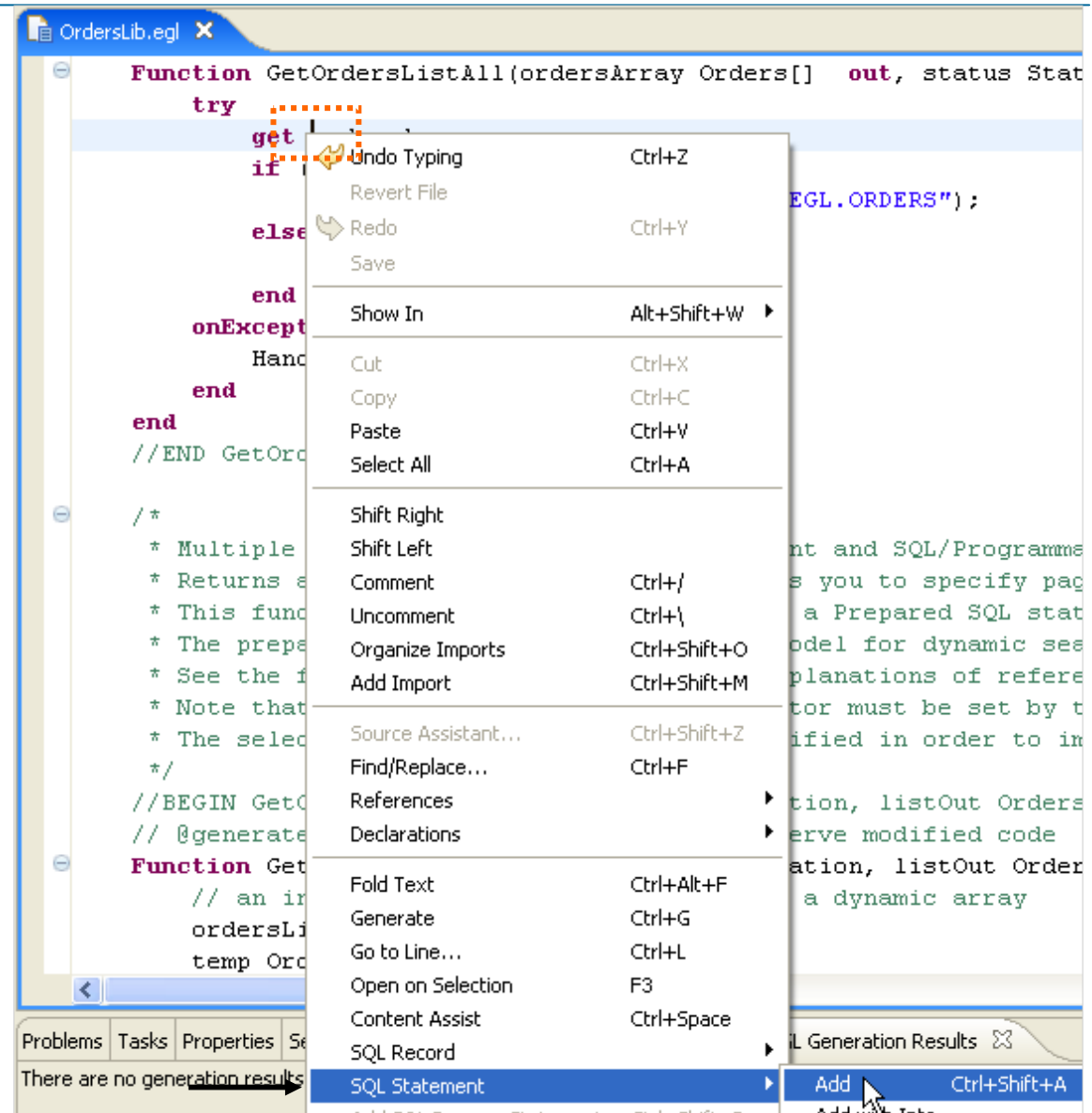


## ▶▶ Customize the Default-Generated Code – 1 of 2

In `\EGLSource\eglderbyr7.access\`

- Open **OrdersLib.egl** and find the function: **GetOrdersListAll**
- Click your mouse between the word **get** and **ordersArray**;
- **Right-click** and select:
  - ▶ **SQL Statement** ▶ **Add**

👁 This causes RBD to insert the SQL statement it would generate, inline in your function, allowing you to customize the data access code (see next slide)



## ▶▶ Customize the Default-Generated Code – 2 of 2

▶▶ Change the **order by** clause to sort the results of this SQL statement by the **order\_status** field.

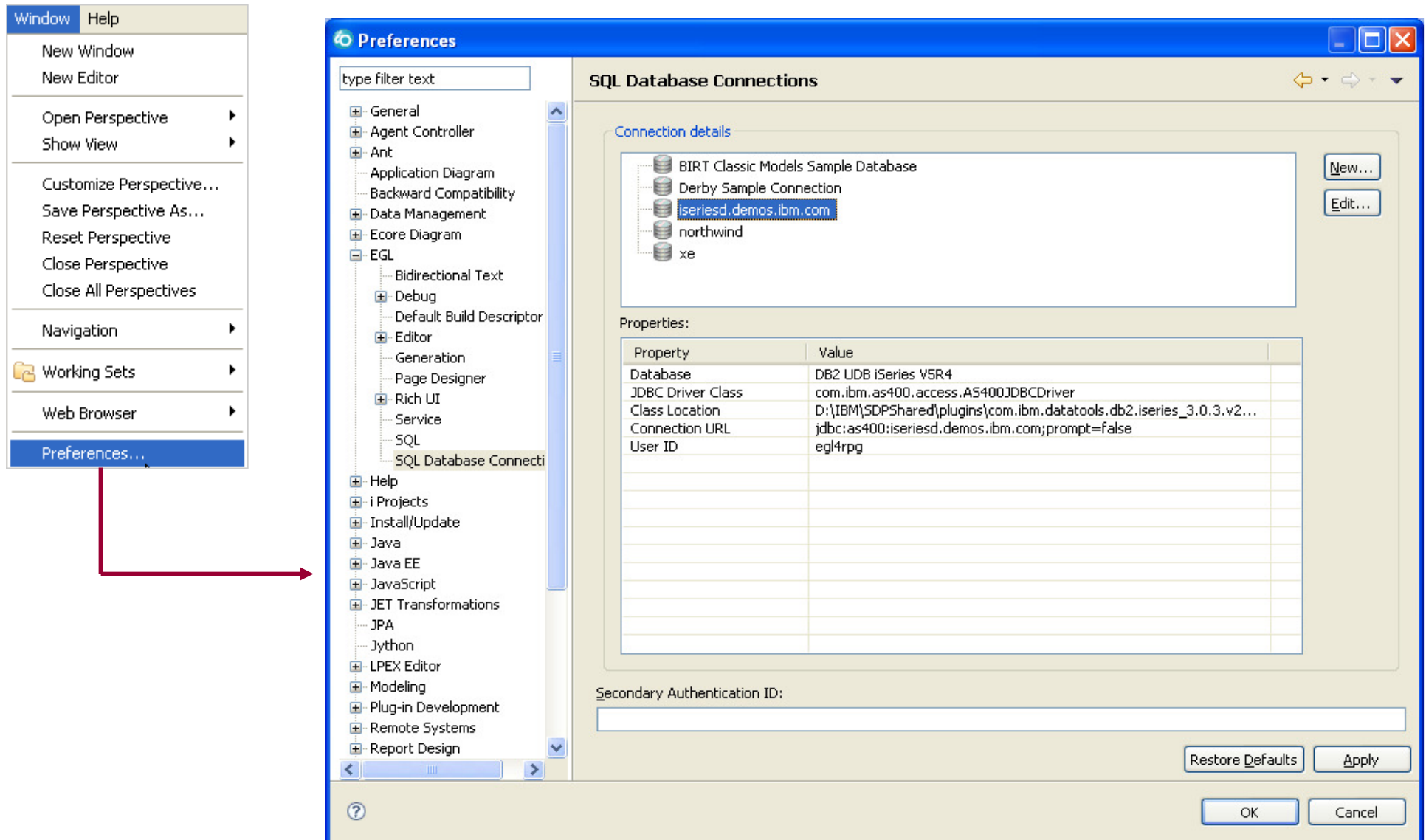
▶ Note – type  carefully.

- Press **Ctrl/S** to save
- In doing EGL/Java development, most SQL statement typos are not caught at compile time, but at run-time, making them a royal pain to debug.  
**See Notes**
- But the tooling can catch these (as we'll see in an upcoming section) – want a hint? (see Optional Exercise on the next slide)

```
OrdersLib.egl x
* Note: to see the SQL behind "get ordersArray"
*   Place cursor between the words "get" and "ordersArray"
*   Right-click and select: SQL Statement > View
*   To insert custom SQL clauses, select SQL Statement > Add instead
*/
//BEGIN GetOrdersListAll
// @generated - Delete generated tag to preserve modified code
Function GetOrdersListAll(ordersArray Orders[] out, status StatusRec)
    try
        get ordersArray with
            #sql{
                select
                    EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_ID, EGL.ORDERS.CUSTOMER_ID,
                    EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_AMOUNT, EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_DETAILS,
                    EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_DATE, EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_STATUS
                from EGL.ORDERS
                order by
                    EGL.ORDERS.order_status asc
            };
        if (ordersArray.getSize() == 0)
            HandleDBRecordNotFound(status, "EGL.ORDERS");
        else
            HandleSuccess(status);
        end
    onException (exception SQLException)
        HandleException(status, exception);
    end
end
//END GetOrdersListAll
```

## ▶▶ Test the Customized SQL Statement – 1 of 2 (Set Preferences)

- ▶▶ **Optional Exercise:** From **Window, Preferences**, open **EGL, SQL Database Connections**, and select your `iseriesd.demos.ibm.com` connection – then click: **OK**



The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' dialog box with the 'SQL Database Connections' section selected. The 'iseriesd.demos.ibm.com' connection is highlighted in the list. The 'Properties' table below shows the following details:

Property	Value
Database	DB2 UDB iSeries V5R4
JDBC Driver Class	com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCdriver
Class Location	D:\IBM\SDPShared\plugins\com.ibm.datatools.db2.iseries_3.0.3.v2...
Connection URL	jdbc:as400:iseriesd.demos.ibm.com;prompt=false
User ID	egl4rpg

At the bottom of the dialog, there is a 'Secondary Authentication ID' field and buttons for 'Restore Defaults', 'Apply', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

## ▶▶ Test the Customized SQL Statement – 2 of 2

- ▶▶ **Optional Exercise:** Click your mouse inside the **select** statement.
- ▶▶ Right-click and select:

**SQL Statement** ▶ **Validate**

Click **OK** at the SQL User ID/Password prompt.

- If there are SQL problems, you will find out now upon Validating your statement.
- If there are EGL “host variables” in your statement, and there are problems with your EGL host-variables, you will find out when you save (**Ctrl/S**)
  - ▶ **If you are not familiar with the term, EGL “host variables” are covered later in this course.**

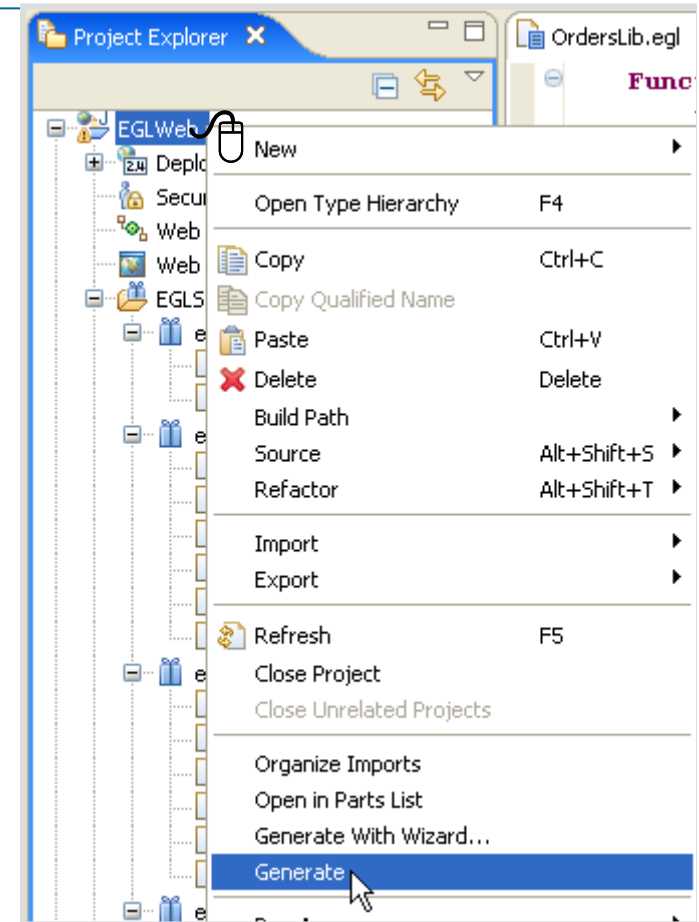
The screenshot shows a code editor with a SQL statement. A right-click context menu is open over the `select` statement. The menu items include: Undo Typing (Ctrl+Z), Revert File, Redo (Ctrl+Y), Save, Show In (Alt+Shift+W), Cut (Ctrl+X), Copy (Ctrl+C), Paste (Ctrl+V), Select All (Ctrl+A), Shift Right, Shift Left, Comment (Ctrl+/,), Uncomment (Ctrl+\), Organize Imports (Ctrl+Shift+O), Add Import (Ctrl+Shift+M), Source Assistant... (Ctrl+Shift+Z), Find/Replace... (Ctrl+F), References, Declarations, Fold Text (Ctrl+Alt+F), Generate (Ctrl+G), Go to Line... (Ctrl+L), Open on Selection (F3), Content Assist (Ctrl+Space), SQL Record, SQL Statement (Ctrl+Shift+A), Add SQL Prepare Statement... (Ctrl+Shift+P), Preferences..., Add (Ctrl+Shift+A), Add with Into, View (Ctrl+Shift+V), Validate (highlighted), Remove, and Reset.

```
Function GetOrdersListAll(ordersArray Orders[] out, status StatusRec)
try
  get ordersArray with
    #sql{
      select
        EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_ID, EGL.ORDERS.CUSTOMER_ID,
        EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_DETAILS,
        EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_STATUS
      from EGL.ORDERS
      order by EGL.ORDERS.ORDER_ID
    };
  if (ordersArray.HandleDBRec)
  else
    HandleSucces
  end
  onException (except
    HandleException
  end
end
//END GetOrdersListAll
/*
 * Multiple Row Select
 * ...
*/
```

## ▶▶ Generate the Code Changes

(From Project Explorer)

- ▶ Right-click over **EGLWeb**
- ▶ Select **Generate**



☞ This will generate new Java code for your changes to the default code created by the Database Access Application Wizard

# Topic Summary

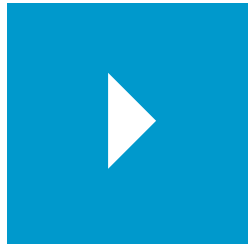
---

- Now that you have completed this topic, you should have:
  - ▶ Used the EGL Data Access wizard to import – from your Derby database:
    - Data Access Libraries
    - Data Access Records
    - Dataltems (an operational data dictionary)
    - SQL call control records
  - ▶ Customized:
    - The Dataltems
    - A Data Access Library Function
  - ▶ Successfully re-generated all of the Data Access import wizard code.



UNIT

# EGL/Web QuickStart



## Topics:

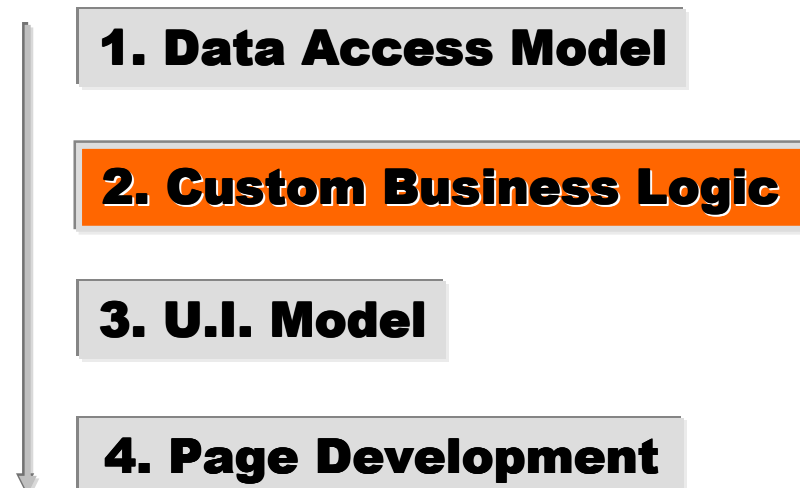
- Development Model – Terms and Concepts
- Importing Database Schema
- **Creating Custom Business Logic**
- Creating the U.I. Model
- Creating Dynamic Content Web Pages




# The EGL Project Model – Where we are, from 10,000 Feet

---

- ☞ After generating the Data Access model – and customizing the SQL statements and DataItems, you will probably begin coding your business logic. We say probably, because you could do this in parallel with Data Access Modeling – so the order of the steps is not dependent. It's only convenient to discuss it as such for this simple web application.
- For your business logic you may want to create:
    - ▶ **Services or Web Services** – to move towards a Service Oriented Architecture
    - ▶ **Libraries** – to hold independent, granular business logic functions
    - ▶ **Programs** – to hold larger-scale business logic (reports, calls to the mainframe, etc.)
  - We will be covering all of these types of EGL logic parts in the Unit that follows the QuickStart, for now, we'll create a simple new function in Library – so that you get the 10,000 foot view.



# Create EGL Business Logic

 Follow the steps beginning on the next slide to create the following simple test for zip code. The steps are:

- ▶ Edit an existing library
- ▶ Copy/Paste an existing function
- ▶ Modify the function name and parameter
- ▶ Use Content Assist to add new business logic
- ▶ Save and Generate

```
Function zipTest(zip string) returns( boolean )  
  if (zip is numeric)  
    return(true);  
  else  
    return(false);  
  end  
end
```

**Note:** In this workshop you will create this simple business logic function inside of an existing library. But the same process and simple EGL programming model will be used (as you'll see in the next Unit on the EGL Language) to:

- Create a service or Web Service
- Consume (**call** a service or Web Service)
- Call an external program:
  - Mainframe COBOL or RPG
  - Java or C++ class

# Adding Custom EGL to the Data Access Wizard's Generated Code

- Throughout the course (and especially in your production projects) you will add lots of custom EGL to the library code generated by the data access application wizard.
- You may be asking yourself: *“What if my database schema changes and I have to re-import the database?”*
- Rest assured, there is a way to re-import part or all of your database schema definitions without losing any custom defined code work you’ve done.
  - ▶ **Scroll to the bottom** of any of the generated EGL files.
  - ▶ You should see some commented text
    - Notice an area of comments which indicate that you should: “Add additional code here”

→ 

```
//BEGIN custom source definitions
//TODO: Add additional code here
//END custom source definitions
```

- ▶ Add all of your custom code at this location between: **//BEGIN** – and – **//END**  
**//BEGIN custom function definitions**

...your new custom EGL code and functions go here...

**//END custom function definitions**

## **Save and close your data definitions file**

- By doing this, you can re-import your entire database or that specific table and not have to worry about losing your custom EGL functions.

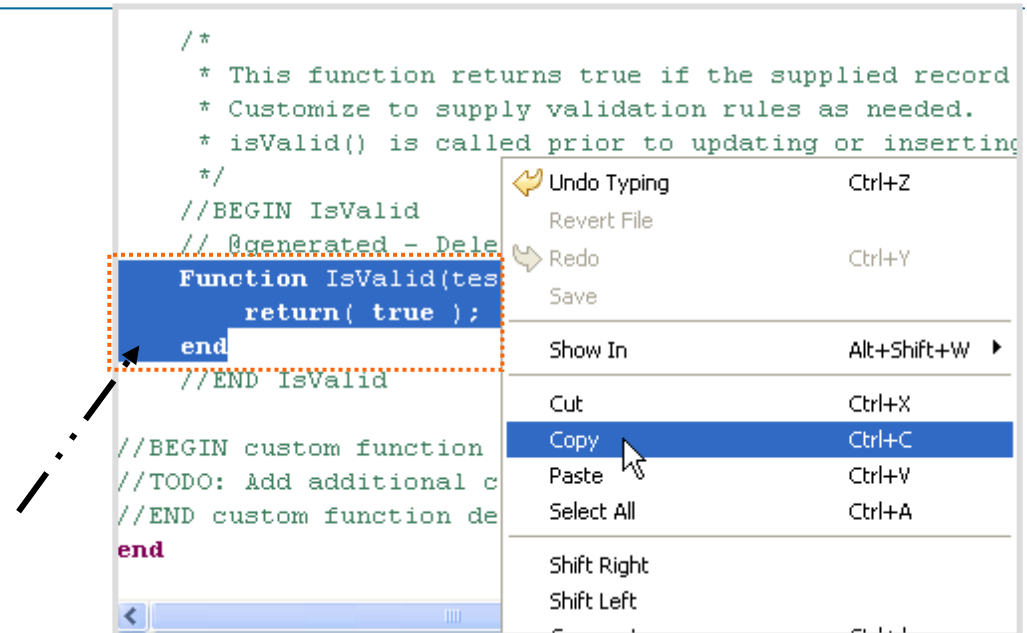
**\*\*\*Notes**

## ▶▶ Copy and Paste a Function

From Project Explorer,

1. Open **CustomerLib.egl**
2. Scroll down to near the end, and find the function named: **isValid**
3. Select the entire function (the three lines shown)

▶ **Copy (Ctrl/C)**



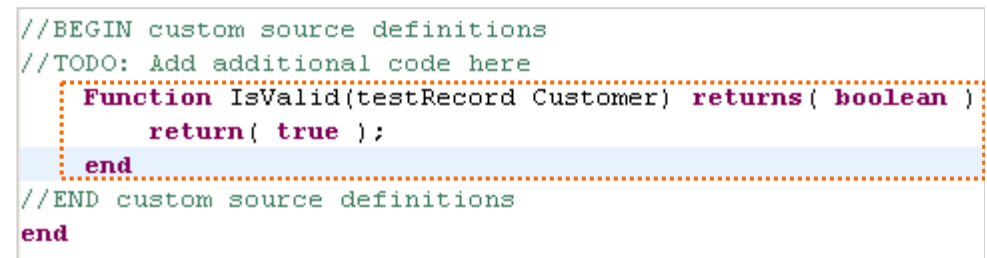
```
/*
 * This function returns true if the supplied record
 * Customize to supply validation rules as needed.
 * isValid() is called prior to updating or inserting
 */
//BEGIN IsValid
//_generated - Deleted
Function IsValid(testRecord Customer) returns ( boolean );
end
//END IsValid

//BEGIN custom function
//TODO: Add additional code here
//END custom function definitions
end
```

.....and **Paste (Ctrl/V)** as shown here →

Below: `//TODO: Add additional code here`

Above the final **end** statement in the file



```
//BEGIN custom source definitions
//TODO: Add additional code here
Function IsValid(testRecord Customer) returns ( boolean );
return ( true );
end
//END custom source definitions
end
```

- This will duplicate the function in the library – in the area where you can add custom functions (which won't be overwritten)

## ▶▶ Use Content Assist to Modify an EGL Function - 1 of 2

👁 You will use the EGL Editor's "Content Assist" to modify the function by following these steps. Note that Content Assist is an "intelligent editor" – it allows you to select some value that makes sense to code within the context of EGL business logic.

4. Change the function name and input parameter → `Function: zipTest(zip string) returns( boolean )`  
`return( true );`  
`end`

5. Enter a new line

▶ Type the word: `if`

▪ Immediately press **Ctrl+Spacebar**

– Select **ifelse-if else statement** →

```
Function zipTest(zip string) ret
if
re
end
if - if statement
ifelse - if else statement
```

▶ This will create a *templated if* statement →

▶ The selected `condition` means that Content Assist is still active (press **Ctrl/Spacebar**, select a variable name)

```
if (condition)
// EGL statements
else
// EGL statements
end
```

And of course you can simply edit/type at will

## ▶▶ Use Content Assist to Modify an EGL Function - 2 of 2

---

6. Using Content Assist or just plain old editing/typing, complete, **save** and **generate** the function as shown below.

```
Function zipTest(zip string) returns ( boolean )  
    if (zip is numeric)  
        return(true);  
    else  
        return(false);  
    end  
end
```

← **Finished Function**

To save and generate:

▶ **Ctrl/S** saves and validates your EGL statements

- Note – if you make any typos, small red x's will appear in your source next to the line in question.
  - Mouse-over the red-x's to see a detailed explanation of the problem. Correct it. Press Ctrl/S again, and continue.

▶ **Ctrl/G** generates Java (assuming that the EGL parser found no syntax errors when you pressed **Ctrl/S**)

# Topic Summary

---

- Now that you have completed this topic, you should have:
  - ▶ Coded EGL Business logic by;
    - Editing an existing Library function
    - Duplicating a function, and using it as the basis for new business logic
    - (Using Content Assist) created a new logic function that tests a field for all numeric values, and returned a true/false
  - ▶ Saved and Generated Java



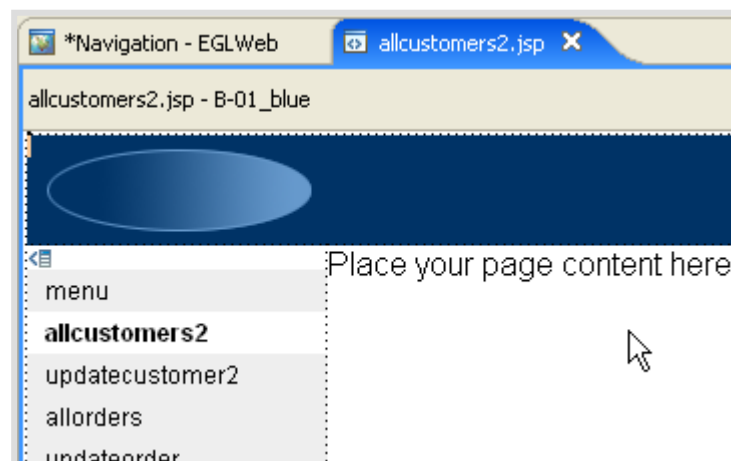
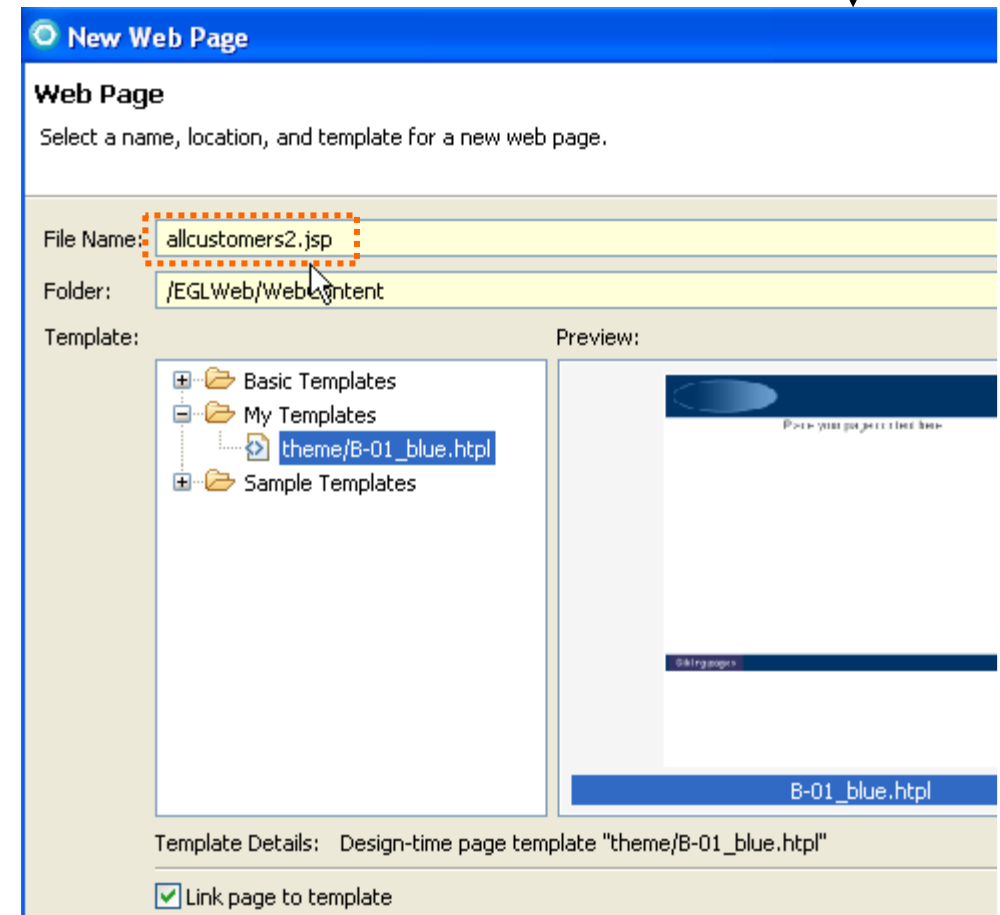
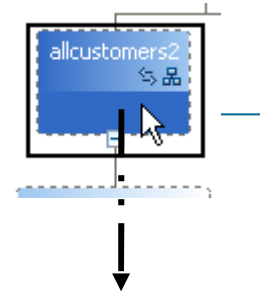
## ▶▶ 1. Create the allcustomers2.jsp page

Okay, that was easy 😊 Time to try our first dynamic content web page.

1a. From the Site Map, **Double-Click allcustomers2**

1b. Add the **.jsp** extension to the page name:  
**allcustomers2.jsp**

1c. Click **Finish**

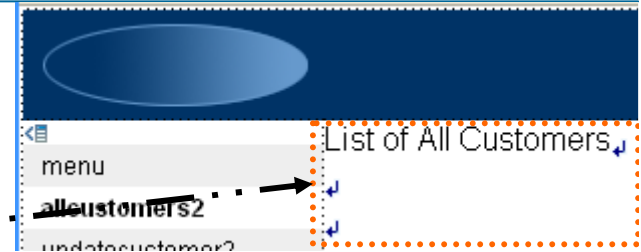




## ▶▶ 2. Add text, graphics or EGL variables – 1 of 3

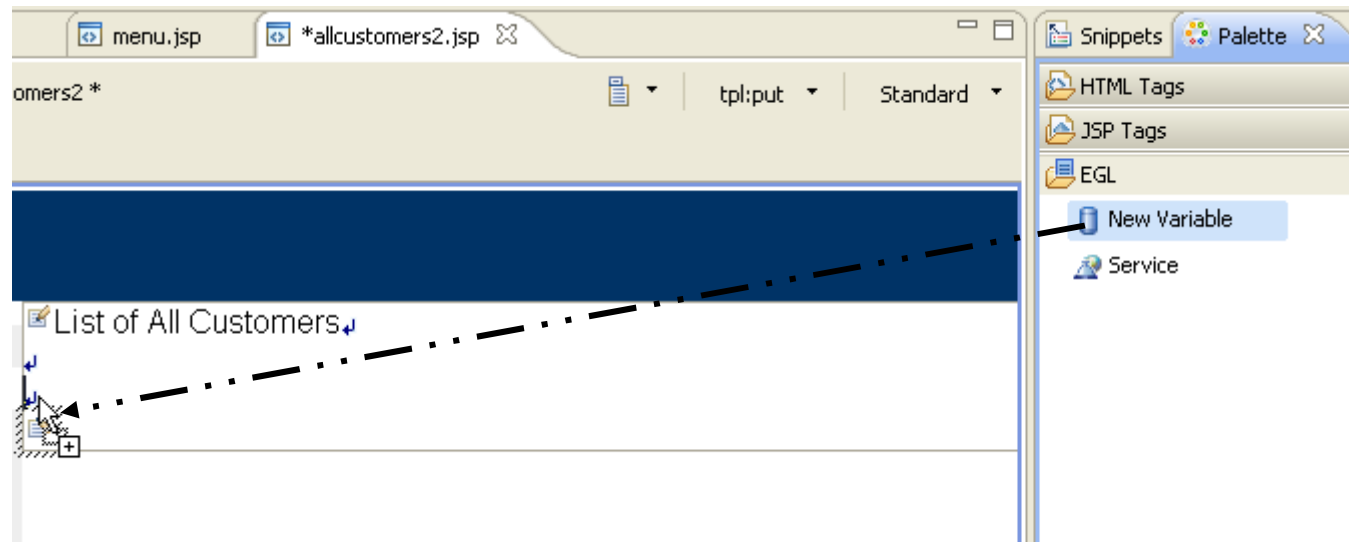
We won't add much in the way of graphics to **allcustomers2**...

2a. Modify the default page header. Add some new text and a few line breaks



**2b. From the Palette, Expand the EGL drawer**

Left-Click (select) Drag & Drop **New Variable** onto the page



## ▶▶ 2. Add EGL variables – 2 of 3

2d. The Create a New EGL Data Variable wizard allows you to select the type of variable to add to your page, and customize its use.

Specify the following

**Record**

**Array** – Size 100

(Note the size specification will be used during SQL generation to halt cursor fetching after 100 rows)

Name the field: **customerArray**

Click **OK**

The screenshot shows the 'Create a New EGL Data Variable' wizard. The title bar reads 'Create a New EGL Data Variable'. The 'Preview' section shows the code: `customerArray Customer[0] {maxSize=100};`. The 'Type Selection' section has three radio buttons: 'Primitive', 'Dataitem', and 'Record', with 'Record' selected. The 'Record Type' section has a 'Selection List' containing several items, with 'ListSpecification (eglderbyr7/ControlStr...' selected. The 'Array Properties' section has a checked checkbox for 'Array', a 'Size' field with the value '100', and the text 'maximum array length'. The 'Enter the name of the field:' section has a text box containing 'customerArray'. At the bottom, there is a checkbox for 'Add controls to display the EGL element on the Web page' which is checked, and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

## ▶▶ 2. Add EGL variables – 3 of 3

2e. The Configure Data Controls wizard allows you to select input vs. output controls for your data, as well as which columns of a record to display.

Specify the following

Ⓒ Displaying an existing record (read-only)

For Columns to display:  
**Click None** – to uncheck all  
Then check individually:

- CustomerID
- FirstName
- LastName
- Phone

Click **Finish**

**Insert List Control**

**Configure Data Controls**  
Specify the columns to display and how to display them

Data control to create: Multi-Column Data Table (one table row per data entry)

Create controls for:

- Displaying an existing record (read-only)
- Updating an existing record
- Creating a new record

Columns to display:

Column Name	Label	Control Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CustomerId (int)	CustomerId	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FirstName (string)	FirstName	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LastName (string)	LastName	Output field
<input type="checkbox"/> Password (string)	Password	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone (string)	Phone	Output field

All None Options...

Finish Cancel

## ▶▶ 2. Finished – Adding EGL Variables

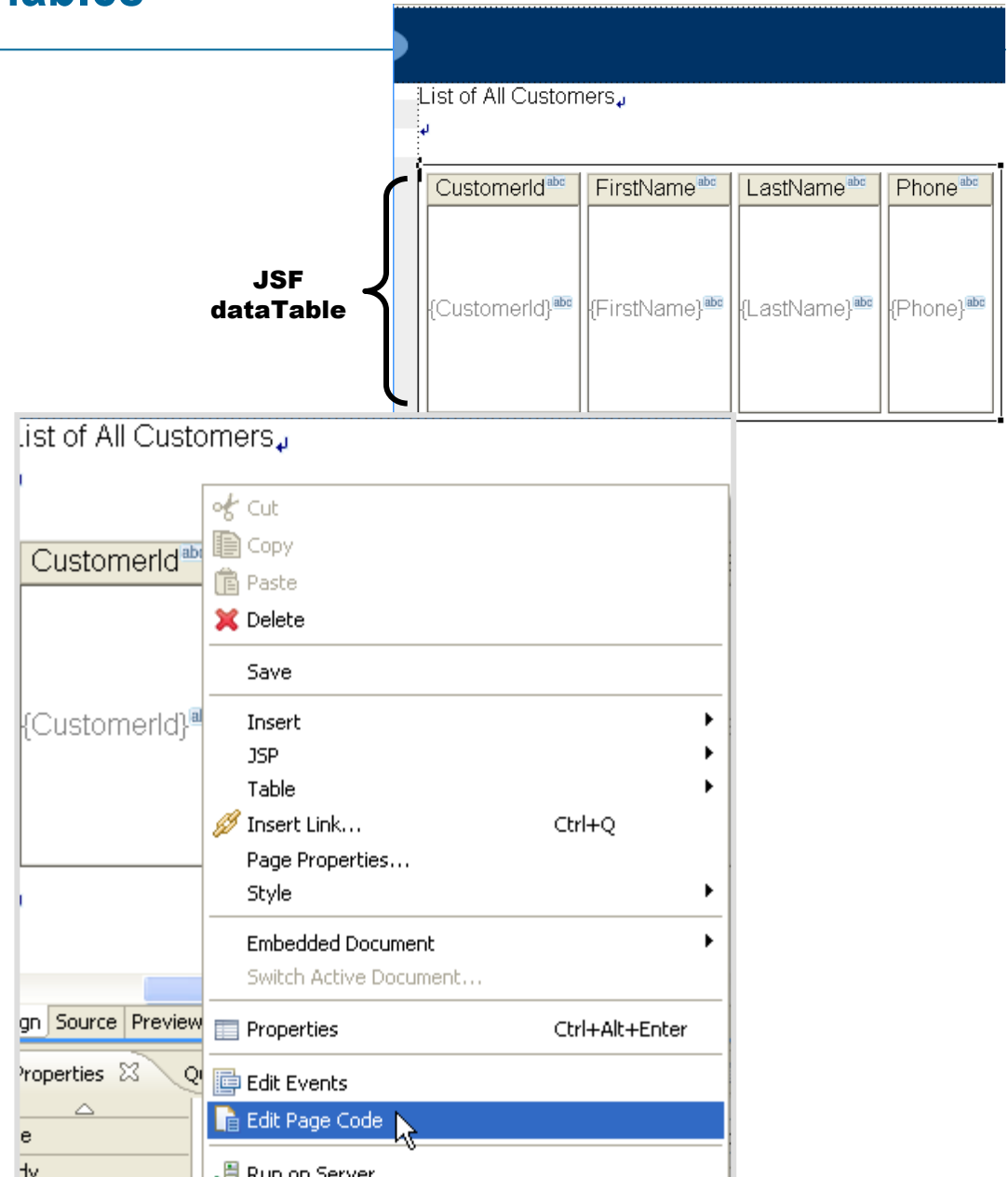
So, by adding EGL variables to a web page, Page Designer creates default labels and JSF Components on the page.

In this case, it created a JSF dataTable which will display your customer rows through an EGL array, once the rows have been accessed from the database.

To do that, we'll call one of the Data Access functions you just imported, using the EGL Data Access wizard.

To do that, we'll need to edit our EGL JSFHandler for this page.

▶▶ Right-click over the page, and select:  
**Edit Page Code**



## ▶▶ 3. Add EGL Business and Back-End Logic – 1 of 2

Recall that in a previous step, we imported resources from the database, which included Records and Database Access Functions. It's time to put those to use – by coding with the help of Content Assist.

**3a.** Enter a new line in the `onConstruction()` function

**3b.** Type: `cust` and press **Ctrl+Spacebar**

**3c.** Select `CustomerLib - eglderbyr7.access` (library)

This will add the library name at your cursor focus point

**3d.** Next, type a period after `CustomerLib`.  
and press **Ctrl+Spacebar**

**3e.** Select `GetCustomerListAll (customerArray...)`

This will add the complete `CustomerLib` call – minus the ending semi-colon; which you should type →

```

@model allcustomers2 type javax.faces
{onConstructionFunction = onConstruction,
onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
view = "allcustomers2.jsp",
viewRootVar = viewRoot}

viewRoot UIViewRoot;
customerArray Customer[0] (maxSize=100);

// Function Declarations
function onConstruction()
    cust
end
function
end
end

```

Customer - eglderbyr7.data (record)  
customerArray Customer[] (array variable)  
CustomerId - eglderbyr7.primitiveTypes.data (dataItem)  
**CustomerLib - eglderbyr7.access (library)**  
CustomerSearch - eglderbyr7.data (record)  
CustomerTemp - jsfhandlers (record)

```

function onConstruction()
    CustomerLib.
end

```

AddCustomer(newRecord Customer, status StatusR  
AddCustomerList(newRecordList Customer[], status S  
DeleteCustomer(deletionRecord Customer, status Sta  
DeleteCustomerList(customerList Customer[], status S  
Exists(CustomerId int) - boolean  
GetCustomer(searchRecord Customer, status StatusR  
GetCustomerList(listSpec ListSpecification, listOut Cust  
**GetCustomerListAll(customerArray Customer[], status**

`CustomerLib.GetCustomerListAll(customerArray, status);`

## ▶▶ 3. Add EGL Business and Back-End Logic – 2 of 2

- ▶▶ Finish coding the JSFHandler for this page, by adding an EGL variable for the **status** record, as shown in this screen capture

\*\*\*\* IMPORTANT \*\*\*\*

Do not just type. ☹

**Use Content Assist** – as much as possible.

By doing so, the tooling will automatically add the necessary **import** statements for you (and it will be SOOO much easier ☺ and you will make so many fewer typos)

```
package jsfhandlers;
import eglderbyr7.StatusRec;

handler allcustomers2 type JSFHandler{onConstructionFunction = on

    viewRoot UIViewRoot;
    customerArray Customer[0]{maxSize = 100};
    status StatusRec;

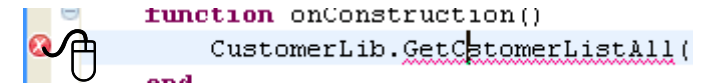
    function onConstruction()
        CustomerLib.GetCustomerListAll(customerArray, status);
    end

    function onPrerender()
    end
end
```

**Finished JSFHandler for allcustomers2  
(note code has also been formatted)**

- ▶▶ **Press Ctrl+Shift+F** to format your code as shown in the screen capture

- ▶▶ **Press Ctrl/S** when you are done – and fix any syntax errors (which will display as red circular X's in the editor border)



```
function onConstruction()
    CustomerLib.GetCustomerListAll(
end
```

Note that you can mouse-over the Red X-s to obtain additional syntax-related assistance

## ▶▶ 4. Run the page on the server

Time to test out what we've done!

4a. (From Project Explorer) Right-click over **menu.jsp** and select: **Run As > Run on Server...**

Save all files when prompted.



4b. Click the menu link to **allcustomers2**

The screenshot shows the 'List of All Customers' page. The page has a dark blue header with a logo. Below the header is a menu with the following items: **allcustomers2** (highlighted), updatecustomer2, allorders, and updateorder. The main content area displays a table with the following data:

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Phone
1	Fred	Filibuster	(201) 652-3456
2	Andrew	Lundquist	(221) 545-5467
3	Brice	Kingman	(261) 898-4343
4	Francine	Liebowitz	(414) 923-2324
5	Ornette	Coleman	(518) 132-4279
6	Ellen	Springsteen	(712) 469-5533
7	Martin	St. Louis	(670) 250-5689
8	Sergey	Sharov	(413) 452-1983
9	Naomi	Hudak	(860) 742-0932
10	Abigail	Freeman	(201) 652-2058
11	Robin	Cassidy	(212) 652-4458
12	Jennifer	Nuce	(201) 652-0508
13	Doug	Potter	(860) 445-2343
14	Francis	Giordano	(908) 578-2323
15	Fred	Filibuster	(201) 652-3456

At the bottom of the page, there is a navigation bar with the following items: **allcustomers2** (highlighted) and allorders.

So – now that we've done one "list page", let's consolidate what we've learned, and create allorders.

Close all of the pages in the Content Area except for: **Navigation – EGLWeb**

## ▶▶ Create updatecustomer2.jsp

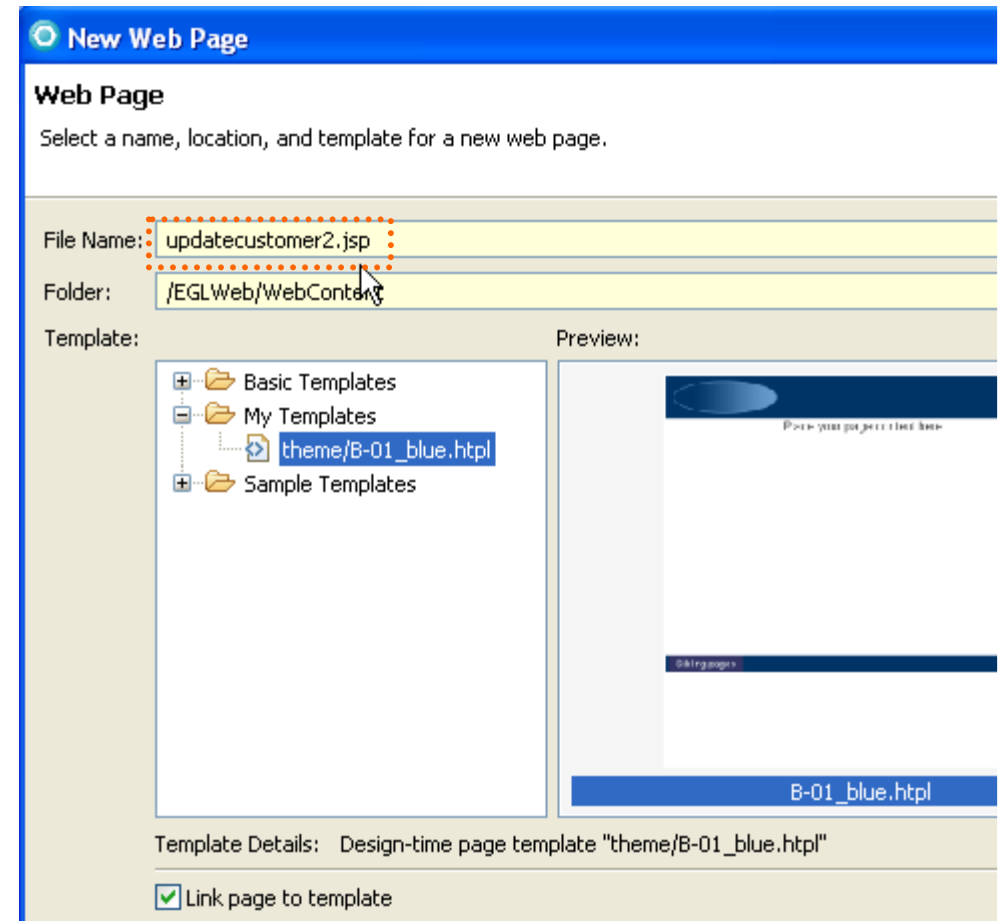
- From the Site Map:  
**Double-Click updatecustomer2**
- Add the **.jsp** extension to the page name:  
**updatecustomer2.jsp**

- Click **Finish**

- Modify the default heading text, and add a few line breaks.



- ▶▶ From the Palette, Drag & Drop an EGL Variable on the page





## ▶▶ 2. Add EGL Variables – 2 of 3

2d. From the Create a New EGL Data Variable wizard specify the following (actually, you can probably just take all of the defaults!)

**Record**

**Un-check Array**

Name the field: **customer**

Leave checked:

**Add controls to display the ...**

Click **OK**

The screenshot shows the 'Create a New EGL Data Variable' wizard dialog box. The 'Preview' section at the top displays the code 'customer Customer;'. Below this, the 'Type Selection' section has three radio buttons: 'Primitive', 'Dataitem', and 'Record', with 'Record' selected. The 'Record Type' section features a 'Selection List' containing several options, with 'Customer (eglderbyr7.data/Customer.e)' selected. Below the list is a text field labeled 'Enter the name of the field:' containing the text 'customer'. To the right, the 'Array Properties' section has an unchecked 'Array' checkbox and a 'Size' field with the text 'maximum array length'. At the bottom, there is a section with the text 'You can add data controls to your page to display the contents of an EGL element' and a checked checkbox labeled 'Add controls to display the EGL element on the Web page'. The 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom right, with a mouse cursor pointing at the 'OK' button.

## ▶▶ 2. Add EGL Variables – 3 of 3

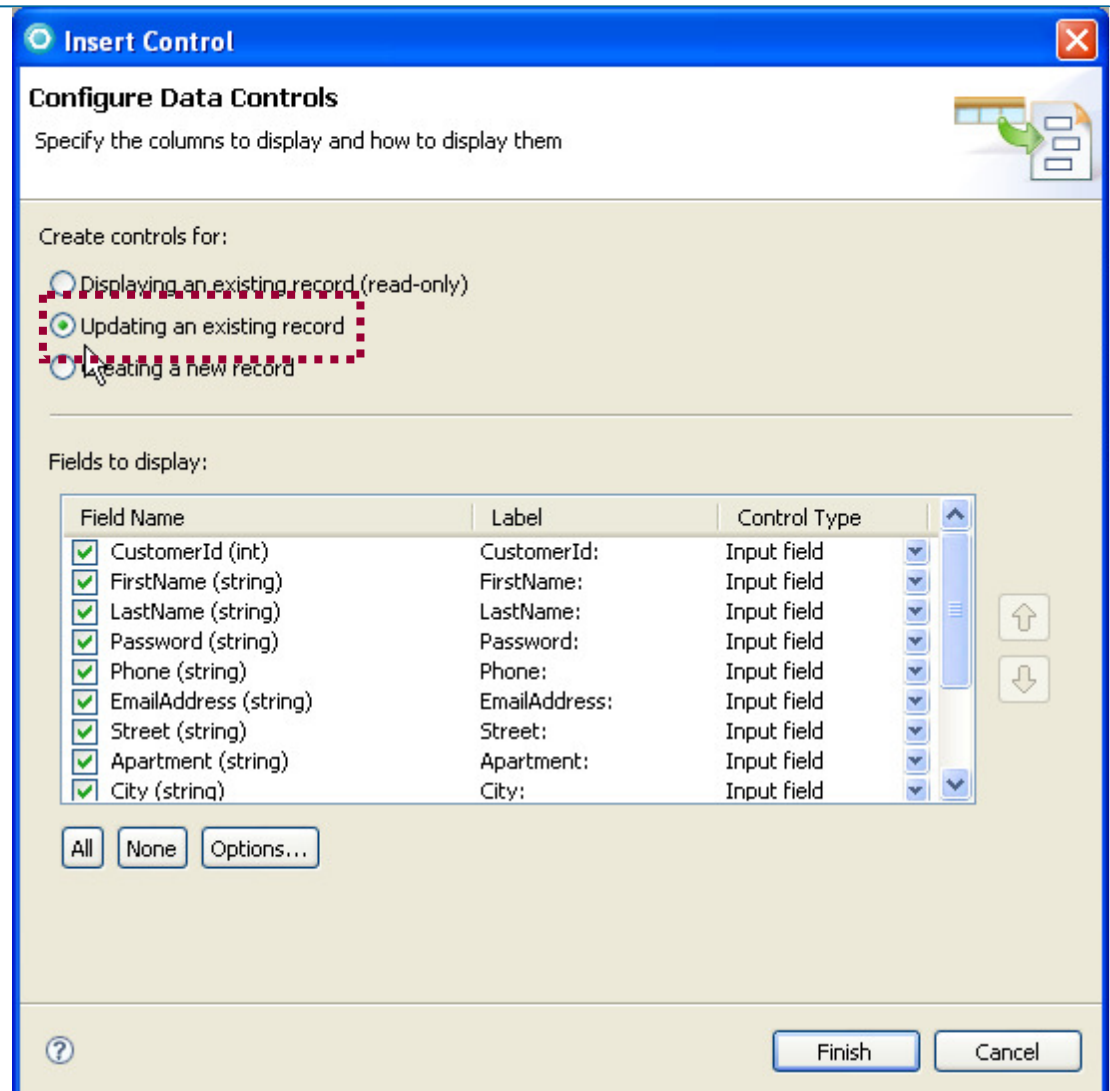
2e. From Configure Data Controls  
...specify the following

### ⊙ Updating an existing record

**Display all of the columns**  
(Leave them all  checked)

- Click **Options...** and ensure that at least one  **Submit Button** is checked

- Click **Finish**



## ▶▶ 2. Finished – Adding EGL Variables

🔗 The default Page Design layout for a non-array record is a vertically spaced, form with submit buttons.

- Let's add the code to make this page run.

▶▶ Right-click over the page, and select:  
**Edit Page Code**

Update Customer Record

CustomerId:	{CustomerId} abc
FirstName:	{FirstName} abc
LastName:	{LastName} abc
Password:	{Password} abc
Phone:	{Phone} abc
EmailAddress:	{EmailAddress} abc
Street:	{Street} abc
Apartment:	{Apartment} abc
City:	{City} abc
State:	{State} abc
Postalcode:	{Postalcode} abc
Directions:	{Directions} abc

Submit Delete {Error Messages}

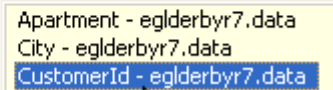
updatecustomer2

## ▶▶ 3. Add EGL Business and Back-End Logic

As shown in the finished JSFHandler code below, **use Content Assist\*\*\*** (Ctrl/Spacebar) to add the following (save with Ctrl/S when done):

1. A JSFHandler property: `cancelOnPageTransition = yes`
2. A `status` record variable declaration
3. Modify the `onConstruction` function, add the parameter: `cid` as shown
4. Add an assignment statement, to hard-codes `cid`'s value to 1
5. And an assignment statement to `customer.customerID` variable
6. Finally, a call to the `CustomerLib.GetCustomer (...)` function

```
// Function Declarations
function onConstruction(cid int)
customer.
end
```



**Content Assist**

```
package jsfhandlers;
import eglderbyr7.StatusRec;

handler updatecustomer2 type JSFHandler
{onConstructionFunction = onConstruction,
 onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
 view = "updatecustomer2.jsp",
 viewRootVar = viewRoot, cancelOnPageTransition = yes}

viewRoot UIViewRoot;
customer Customer;
status StatusRec;

// Function Declarations
function onConstruction(cid int)
    cid = 1;
    customer.CustomerId = cid;
    CustomerLib.GetCustomer(customer, status);
end
function onPrerender()
end
end
```

← The `cid = 1;` statement is here so that we can test the page standalone

\*\*\* Note: By using Content Assist the **import** statements needed for all this code will automatically be added to your JSFHandler!

## ▶▶ 4. Run the Page on the Server

Time to test out what we've done!

(From Project Explorer)

- ▶ Right-click over **updatecustomer2.jsp** and
- ▶ Select: **Run As > Run on Server...**

But we have a lot of work left to do to this page.

- ▶ Cosmetic page design enhancements
- ▶ EGL (business logic) and more.

Let's get started by commenting out the statement in the JSFHandler that hard-codes `cid` to a 1 value

▶▶ Right-Click over `updatecustomer2.jsp` and select **Edit Page Code**

▶▶ **Type two forward slashes** in front of the `//cid = 1;` statement

```
→ // function onConstruction(cid int)
    cid = 1;
    customer.CustomerId = cid;
```

menu	Update Customer Record	
allcustomers2		
<b>updatecustomer2</b>	CustomerId:	<input type="text" value="1"/>
allorders	FirstName:	<input type="text" value="Fred"/>
updateorder	LastName:	<input type="text" value="Filibuster"/>
	Password:	<input type="text" value="b1"/>
	Phone:	<input type="text" value="(201)652-3456"/>
	EmailAddress:	<input type="text" value="f_filiBust@uas.com"/>
	Street:	<input type="text" value="14 Maple Avenue"/>
	Apartment:	<input type="text" value="1A"/>
	City:	<input type="text" value="Wake Forest"/>
	State:	<input type="text" value="NJ"/>
	Postalcode:	<input type="text" value="07542"/>
	Directions:	<input type="text" value="Past the giant rock, turn l"/>
	<input type="button" value="Submit"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

## 5. Refine the U.I. Model

---

🕒 So we're ready now after doing the basic Web Site and EGL work to make the pages ready to show our users.

- Here's what's left to be done – you will:
  - ▶ Add a link from the list to the detail pages
  - ▶ Refine the U.I. for all of the dynamic content pages
  - ▶ Refine the business logic for the update page
    - Add update and delete data access functions
    - Add business logic calls to our data validation routine
  
- Sounds like a lot, but it's all straightforward work. We'll start by adding a link from **allcustomers2** to **updatecustomer2**, to pass a clicked row value from the list to the detail page, so users can select the row they want to update.

## ▶▶ Adding a Dynamic Content Hyperlink – 1 of 3

(From Project Explorer)

### 1. Double-Click the **allcustomers2.jsp**

(From the Palette)

### 2. Open the Enhanced Faces Components drawer

The screenshot illustrates the steps to add a dynamic content hyperlink. On the left, the Project Explorer shows a file tree with 'allcustomers2.jsp' selected and highlighted in blue. A mouse cursor is positioned over it, and a large '1.' is placed next to the file name. The main editor window displays a JSP page titled 'List of All Customers'. The page contains a table with four columns: 'CustomerId', 'FirstName', 'LastName', and 'Phone'. Each column header has a small 'abc' label. The 'CustomerId' cell contains a dynamic content hyperlink '{CustomerId}\_abc', which is currently selected with a dashed border. On the right, the 'Enhanced Faces Components' palette is open, showing various UI components. A large '2.' is placed above the palette. The components listed include Data Table, Data Tree, Panel - Group Box, Panel - Form Box, Panel - Section, Panel - Dialog, Panels - Tabbed, Button - Command, Link - Request, Link, Menu Bar, and Action Bar.

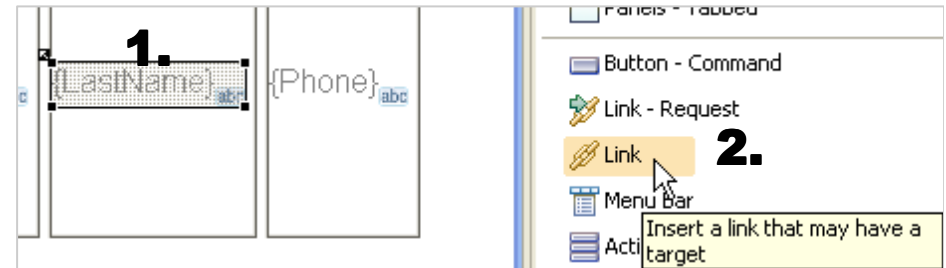
## ▶▶ Adding a Dynamic Content Hyperlink – 2 of 3

*(From Page Designer)*

**1. (Left) Single-Click** the **lastName** control in the middle of the column

*(From the Palette)*

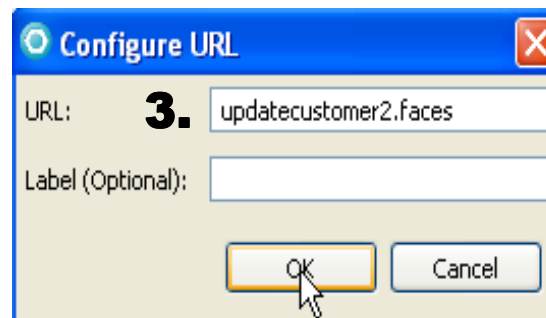
**2. Double-Click** a **Link** component



*(From Configure URL)*

**3. Enter** the URL: **updatecustomer2.faces**

Click **OK**

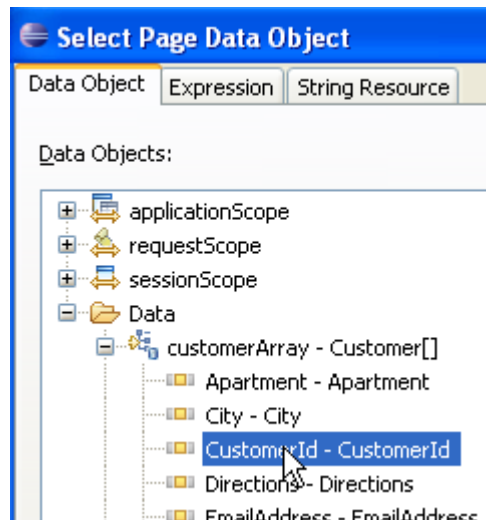




## ▶▶ Adding a Dynamic Content Hyperlink – 3 of 3

With the **link**  next to LastName selected:

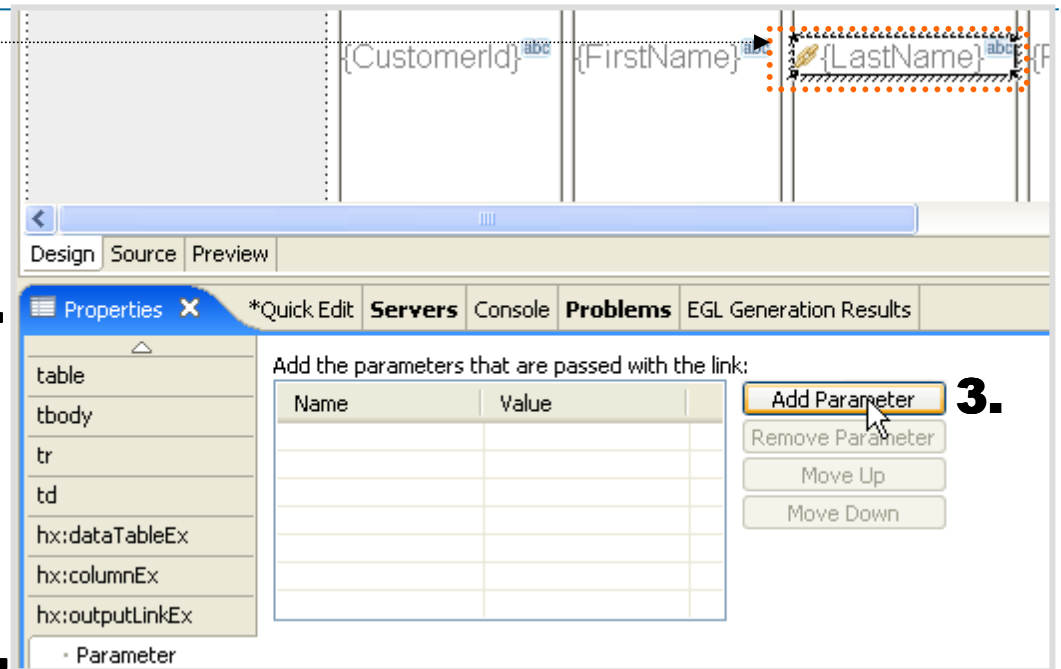
1. Open the **Properties View**
2. Click the – **Parameter** tab
3. Click: **Add Parameter**
4. Name the new Parameter: **cid**
5. Tab into then click the **Page Data icon**
6. From Select Page Data Object, expand **customerArray** and select: **CustomerId - CustomerId**



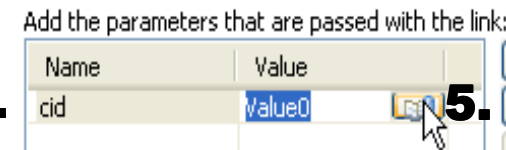
6.

1.

2.



4.



Page Data icon

7. Click **OK**

## ▶▶ Test Your Work

(From Project Explorer)

- Right-Click over **menu.jsp** and select **Run As > Run on Server...**
- From the menu, launch **allcustomers2**
- From allcustomers2, select (click) a hyper-linked LastName



Welcome to the Customers and Orders System

menu	List of All Customers			
<b>allcustomers2</b>	CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Phone
updatecustomer2	1	Fred	<a href="#">Filibuster</a>	(201) 652-3456
allorders	2	Andrew	<a href="#">Lundquist</a>	(221) 545-5487
updateorder	3	Brice	<a href="#">Kingman</a>	(261) 898-4343
	4	Francine	<a href="#">Liebowitz</a>	(414) 923-2324
	5	Ornette	<a href="#">Coleman</a>	(518) 132-4279
	6	Ellen	<a href="#">Springsteen</a>	(712) 469-5533
	7	Martin	<a href="#">St. Louis</a>	(670) 250-5689
	8	Sergey	<a href="#">Sharov</a>	(413) 452-1983
	9	Naomi	<a href="#">Hudak</a>	(860) 742-0032

menu	Update Customer Record	
allcustomers2	CustomerId:	<input type="text" value="2"/>
<b>updatecustomer2</b>	FirstName:	<input type="text" value="Andrew"/>
allorders	LastName:	<input type="text" value="Lundquist"/>
updateorder	Password:	<input type="text" value="dd"/>
	Phone:	<input type="text" value="(221) 545-5487"/>
	EmailAddress:	<input type="text" value="alundy@ynot.com"/>
	Street:	<input type="text" value="21 Grand Boulevard"/>
	Apartment:	<input type="text" value="2B"/>
	City:	<input type="text" value="Raleigh"/>
	State:	<input type="text" value="CT"/>
	Postalcode:	<input type="text" value="23782"/>
	Directions:	<input type="text" value="Past Grand Boulevard, r"/>
		<input type="button" value="Submit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

## 5. Refine the U.I. Model – for Dynamic Content Pages

---

🕒 So, there's still some left to be done to our prototype. We need to add more EGL business and data access logic, and we need to make the pages look a little nicer. We'll start by doing the latter, and then wrap back around on the EGL coding for database updates.

- **List pages** (allcustomers2 and allorders):
  - ▶ Add a border to the data tables on both pages.
  - ▶ Add alternate row colors
  - ▶ Add paging (for allcustomers2)
    - Add inline update form for allcustomers2 (OPTIONAL)
  - ▶ Row Categorization (for allorders)
  
- **For the detail page we'll:**
  - ▶ Make the key field read-only (so users aren't tempted to update it)
  - ▶ Change the color of the cells and text justification

## ▶▶ Adding a Border to a dataTable

(From Project Explorer: Open allcustomers2.jsp into the Content Area)

1. Click a column header, and press the up arrow key on your PC ↑
  - This selects the entire dataTable and makes its properties available



2. Click the **Properties View** tab
3. Specify **Border: 2**

2.

The screenshot shows the IDE interface. On the left, a project explorer lists 'updatecustomer2', 'allorders', and 'updateorder'. The main content area displays a table with the following structure:

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Phone
{CustomerId}	{FirstName}	{LastName}	{Phone}

Below the table, the 'Properties' view is open, showing the following settings for the selected 'table' element:

- Id: tableEx1
- Value: #{allcustomers2.custome}
- Style: Props: [empty]
- Classes: dataTableEx
- Background color: [empty]
- Width: [empty]
- Border: 2 (pixels)
- Padding: 2 (pixels)
- Spacing: 0 (pixels)

On the right side of the Properties view, a 'Columns' list is visible, containing: CustomerId, FirstName, LastName, and Phone.

**Run** the page on the server, to see the effect of adding a border.

## ▶▶ Adding Alternate Row Colors to a JSF dataTable

(Still editing allcustomers2.jsp into the Content Area – with the entire dataTable selected)

1. (From Properties) click the - Display options tab

2. Delete the content of Column classes:

**Run** the page to see results of alternate row colors

updatecustomer2  
allorders  
updateorder

CustomerId <sup>abc</sup>	FirstName <sup>abc</sup>	LastName <sup>abc</sup>	Phone <sup>abc</sup>
{CustomerId} <sup>abc</sup>	{FirstName} <sup>abc</sup>	{LastName} <sup>abc</sup>	{Phone} <sup>abc</sup>

Design Source Preview

Properties x Quick Edit Servers Console Problems EGL Generation Results

tr  
td  
table  
tbody  
tr  
td  
hx:dataTableEx

Table content style: **2.**

Column classes:

Row classes: ss1, rowClass2

Header class: headerClass

Footer class: footerClass

Paging: Rows per page:

1 2 3 4 5 Add a web style pager

2 Go Add a goto pager

◀ ▶ Add a deluxe pager

Next Go Add a simple pager

1 of 3 Add page information

1. - Display options

## (OPTIONAL WORKSHOP) Add an Inline Form to a dataTable

You might wish to allow users to actually update a customer record “inline” from the .JSP page’s dataTable (as shown below). This useful web U.I. technique is not that hard to achieve using EGL and JSF technology. However:

1. Please consider this workshop optional – finish it only if you’re ahead of schedule in the class (it will take 10 – 15 minutes)
2. If you do complete this workshop, your allcustomers2 functionality will not match the course’s (as we are not expecting everyone to accomplish this). And screen-captures might not match, etc.
3. You can always back out your changes by pressing Ctrl/Z – repeatedly

The screenshot shows a web browser window at `http://localhost:8080/EGLWeb/allcustomers2.faces`. The page displays a data table with columns for Customer ID and Name. An inline form is overlaid on the table, allowing for the editing of a customer record. The form fields are as follows:

FirstName	Francine
LastName	Liebowitz
Password	aNewPWd
Phone	(414) 923-2324
EmailAddress	newEmail@aHouse.edi
Street	1234 Politics Circle
Apartment	New Apartment
City	Sacramento
State	NY
Postalcode	12309
Directions	New directions

The form includes 'save' and 'cancel' buttons at the bottom. The background shows a data table with columns for Customer ID and Name, and a menu on the left with options like 'updatecustomer2', 'allorders', and 'updateorder'.

## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 1 of 6

(If not still , open **allcustomers2.egl** in the Content Area)

- Using Content Assist, add the following `updateOrders()` function and call to your `CustomerLib.UpdateCustomerList(...)` function (which was created by the Data Access Wizard)

```
handler allcustomers2 type JSFHandler
{onConstructionFunction = onConstruction,
 onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
 view = "allcustomers2.jsp",
 viewRootVar = viewRoot}

viewRoot UIViewRoot;
customerArray Customer[0];
status StatusRec;

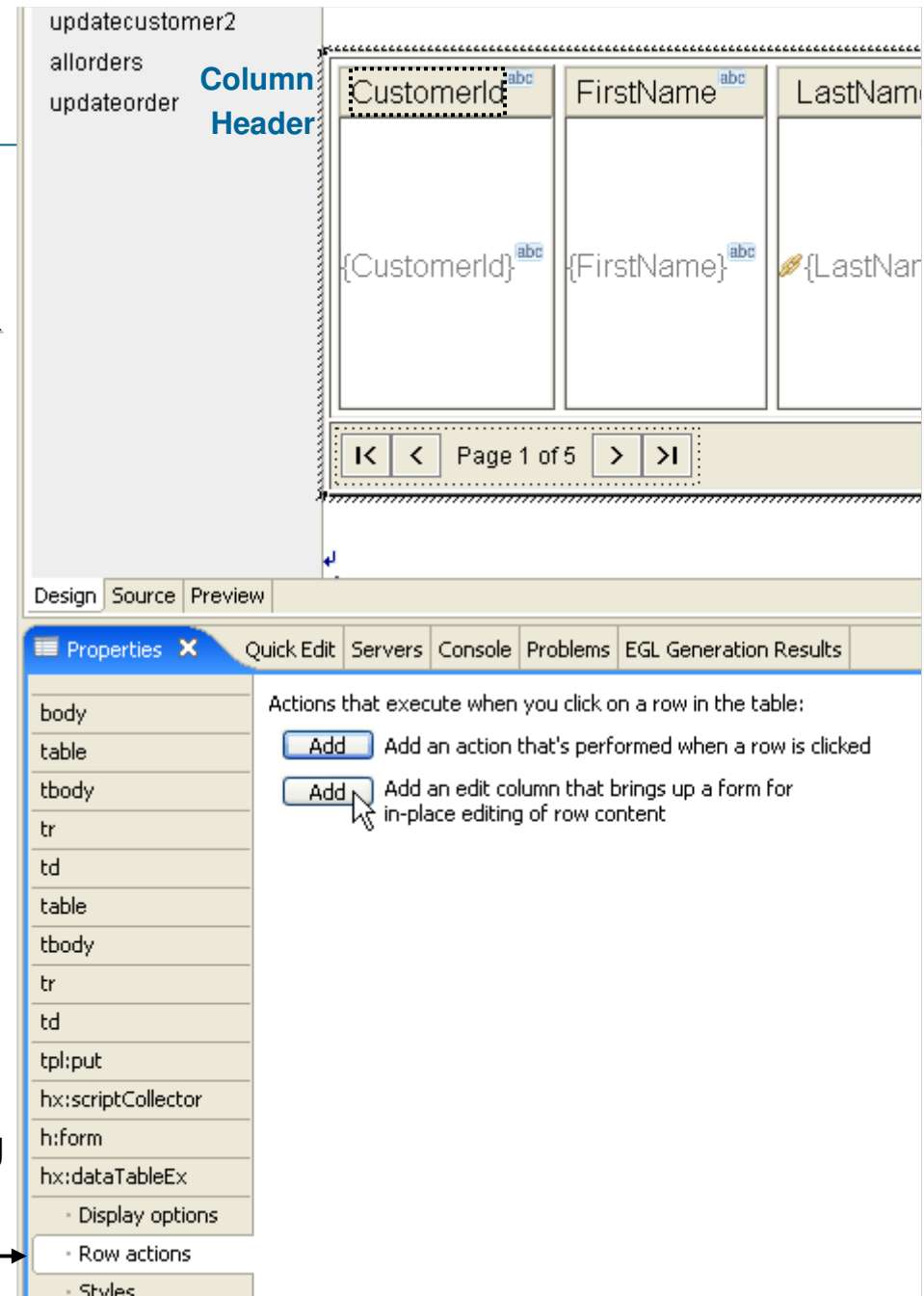
// Function Declarations
function onConstruction()
    CustomerLib.GetCustomerListAll(customerArray, status);
end
function onPrerender ()
end
function updateOrders()
    CustomerLib.UpdateCustomerList(customerArray, status);
end
end
```

- **Save (Ctrl/S)** your coding – and remove any/all syntax errors in your EGL source.

## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 2 of 6

(Return to work on **allcustomers2.jsp** in the Content Area)

1. **Click a column header in the dataTable, and press the up arrow key** on your PC:   
- this selects the entire dataTable



The screenshot shows the IBM WebSphere IDE interface. At the top, a list of components includes 'updatecustomer2', 'allorders', and 'updateorder'. The 'updateorder' component is selected, and its 'Column Header' property is expanded, showing a table with three columns: 'CustomerId', 'FirstName', and 'LastName'. Each column contains a placeholder for an EGL variable: '{CustomerId}', '{FirstName}', and '{LastName}'. Below the table is a pagination control showing 'Page 1 of 5' with navigation buttons. The 'Properties' view is open at the bottom, showing a tree of properties for the selected component. The 'Row actions' property is expanded, showing two 'Add' buttons. The first 'Add' button is for 'Add an action that's performed when a row is clicked', and the second 'Add' button is for 'Add an edit column that brings up a form for in-place editing of row content'. An arrow points from the text below to the 'Row actions' property in the Properties view.

(From **Properties** / - Row actions)

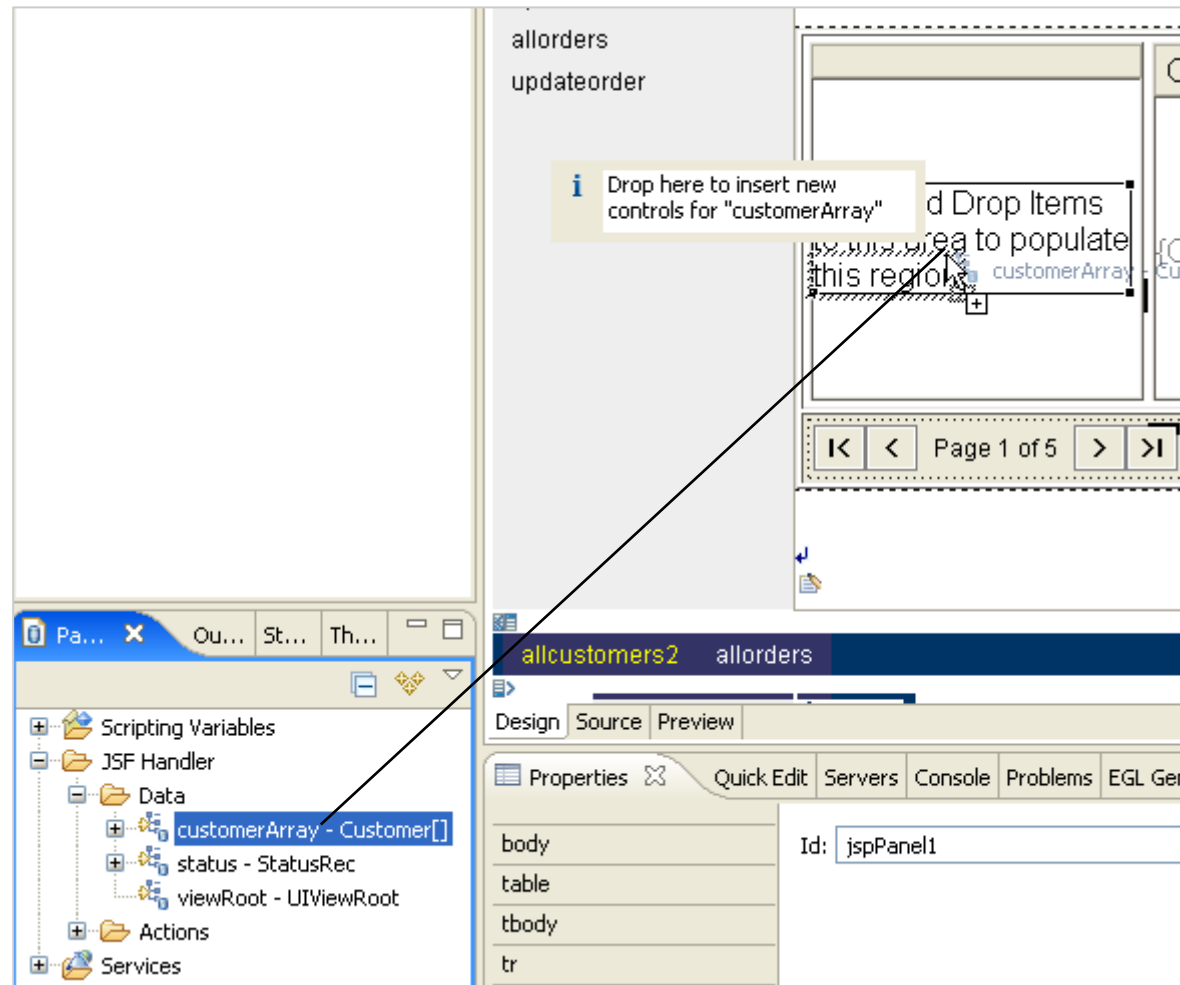
- Click: **Add an edit column that brings up a form for in-place editing of row content**

This will add a new column to the left of your dataTable, with an area in which you can drag and drop an EGL variable



## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 3 of 6

(From Page Data) **Select** (left-click and hold), then **Drag and Drop customerArray** into the **inline form area** - this will bring up *Configure Data Controls*



## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 4 of 6

(From Configure Data Controls)

Specify:  **Updating an existing record**

Un-check: **CustomerId**

Click: **Finish**

**Insert Control**

**Configure Data Controls**  
Specify the columns to display and how to display them

Create controls for:

Displaying an existing record (read-only)  
 Updating an existing record  
 Creating a new record

Fields to display:

Field Name	Label	Control Type
<input type="checkbox"/> CustomerId (int)	CustomerId	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FirstName (string)	FirstName	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LastName (string)	LastName	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Password (string)	Password	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone (string)	Phone	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EmailAddress (string)	EmailAddress	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Street (string)	Street	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Apartment (string)	Apartment	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> City (string)	City	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State (string)	State	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Postalcode (string)	Postalcode	Input field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Directions (string)	Directions	Input field

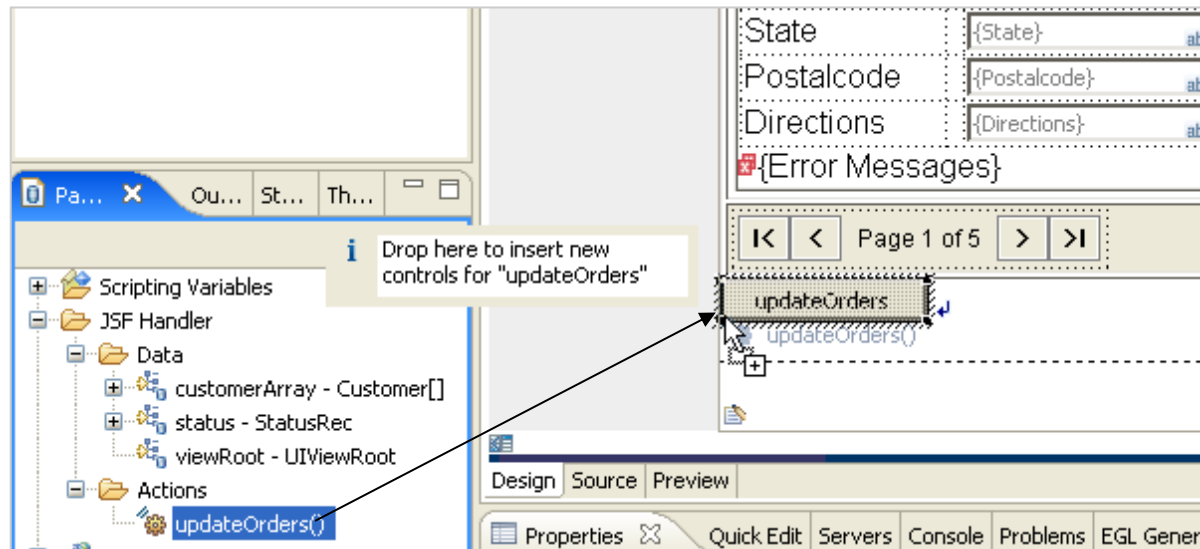
All None Options...

Finish Cancel

## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 5 of 6

(From Page Data)

- **Select** (left-click and hold) then **Drag and Drop the updateOrders()** onto the page
  - ▶ **This will create a submit button control – “bound” to the updateOrders() EGL function**



## ▶▶ (OPTIONAL Lab) Adding an Inline Form to a dataTable – 6 of 6

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://localhost:8080/EGLWeb/allcustomers2.faces`. The page displays a table of customer records. The table has columns for 'Cus' (Customer ID) and 'e' (Email). The records are numbered 1 through 5. Each row has an 'edit' button. An inline form is open for the record with ID 4. The form fields are: FirstName (Francine), LastName (Liebowitz), Password (aNewPWd), Phone ((414) 923-2324), EmailAddress (newEmail@aHouse.edi), Street (1234 Politics Circle), Apartment (New Apartment), City (Sacramento), State (NY), Postalcode (12309), and Directions (New directions). The form has 'save' and 'cancel' buttons at the bottom. The browser's left sidebar shows a menu with items: 'allcustomers2', 'updatecustomer2', 'allorders', and 'updateorder'. The 'allcustomers2' item is selected.

Cus	e
1	652-3456
2	545-5467
3	898-4343
4	923-2324
5	132-4279

Form fields:

- FirstName: Francine
- LastName: Liebowitz
- Password: aNewPWd
- Phone: (414) 923-2324
- EmailAddress: newEmail@aHouse.edi
- Street: 1234 Politics Circle
- Apartment: New Apartment
- City: Sacramento
- State: NY
- Postalcode: 12309
- Directions: New directions

- **Run the page on the server**
- Click a row's **edit** button
- Modify some data value(s) in the form, and click the **save** button to test this new functionality.
  - ▶ Try making changes to one of the rows and clicking cancel as well.
- Click the **updateOrders** button – to save your edits to the database
- Re-run **allcustomers2**

## ▶▶ Adding Alternate Row Colors to a JSF dataTable

(Still working on allcustomers2.jsp into the Content Area – with the entire dataTable selected)

1. (From Properties) click the - Display options tab

2. Delete the content of Column classes:

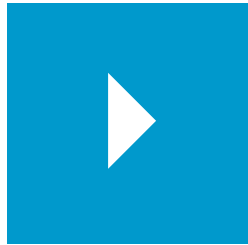
**Run** the page to see results of alternate row colors

The screenshot shows the IBM WebSphere IDE interface. At the top, a design view displays a JSF dataTable with four columns: CustomerId, FirstName, LastName, and Phone. Below the design view, the Properties window is open, showing the 'Display options' tab. The 'Table content style' is set to '2.'. The 'Column classes' field is empty, indicating that the content has been deleted. The 'Row classes' field is set to 'ss1, rowClass2'. The 'Header class' is 'headerClass' and the 'Footer class' is 'footerClass'. The 'Paging' section includes options for 'Rows per page', 'Add a web style pager', 'Add a goto pager', 'Add a deluxe pager', 'Add a simple pager', and 'Add page information'.

1.

Topic

# EGL and Remote Programs



## Sub-Topics:

- EGL Calls to Remote Programs (Overview)
- Calling Java (terms and concepts)
- Calling Java using ExternalType
- Calling Java using JavaLib
- Calling COBOL Programs
- **Calling RPG Programs**

# Calling RPG Programs

- In this section you will learn how to call RPG programs running on an IBM iSeries server.
- This lab requires you to have open Internet (TCP/IP) access on your PC
- You will be calling (up to) four RPG transactions, running in an IBM System i in Dallas/Fort Worth.
- The steps you learn here should be generalize-able to your specific shop's enablement



Here's what you'll do:

1. Add the iSeries **JT400** toolkit to your project
2. (For each RPG program to call) **Add to the EGL Linkage Part for your Build File**
3. Create the business logic to call the RPG Program

First we will start with an overview of the system architecture and process →

## Calling RPG Programs - Overview

---

- Calling a RPG, COBOL, CL, or other program on the System i from EGL is as simple as coding:

```
call "myProgram" (parm1, parmN) ;
```

- The facility is however extremely flexible and supports the many options that may be required to support many possible options and configurations. EGL takes into account the many possible runtime options that may affect how you run your jobs and call the RPG programs.
- EGL uses the System i Toolbox for Java™ to call programs on the System i. The toolbox in turn uses the i5/OS Remote Command server that is a part of the i5/OS Host Servers.
- The Remote Command server in i5/OS consists of a server daemon program that listens for TCP/IP requests from “clients”. This program is QZRCSRVS which runs in the QSYSWRK sub-system.
- When the Remote Command Server starts, it starts a number of “worker” jobs that process requests in the QUSRSYS sub-system. These jobs are all named QZRCSRVS.
- The next slide describes this process in graphical and technical (in the Notes section) detail

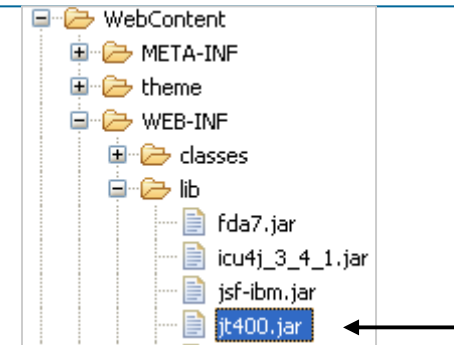


# Calling RPG Programs – Steps (Revisited)

👓 Here's what you'll do:

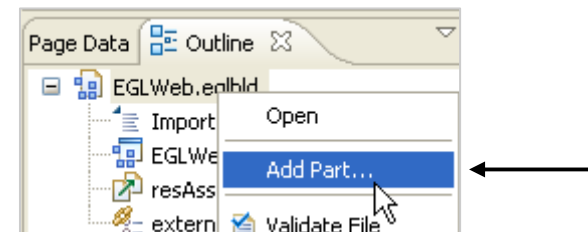
## ▶ One time step

- Add the iSeries JT400 toolkit to your project and Java Build Path



## ▶ Once for each RPG program to call

- Add an EGL Linkage Part for the program



## ▶ For each call

- Code the business logic to call the RPG Program, from an EGL “client” logic part:

- Service
- JSFHandler
- Program
- Library

```
function onConstruction()  
    syslib.setRemoteUser ("EGL4RPG", "EGL4YOU" );  
end  
  
Function callRPG1()  
/Scenario 1. Call passing separate parameters  
call "RPG1" (shiptype, shiptype, zipcode, shipcost);  
csRec.Shiptype = shiptype;  
csRec.ShipOption = shiptype;  
csRec.zipCode = zipCode;  
csRec.shipCost = shipCost;  
end
```

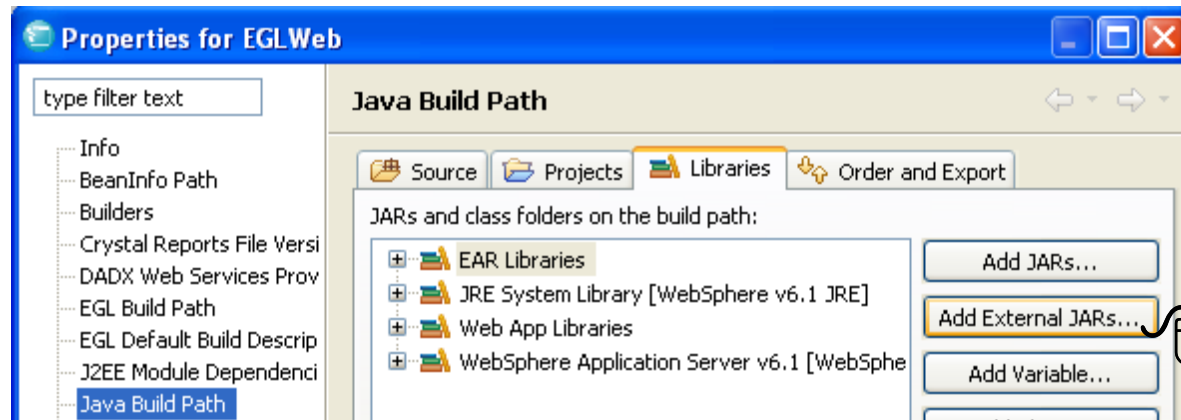
## ▶▶ Add to the JT400 Toolkit to your Project

Calling RPG programs on an iSeries box requires the JT400 toolkit in your build path.


- There are 2 ways to do this (you only need to do one of these)

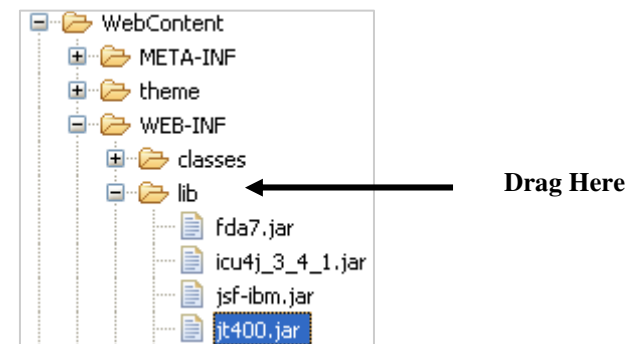
### 1. Add the file to the build path

- Right-click over your project and select **Properties**
- In the window that pops up, select **Java Build Path** on the left side of the screen
- Select **Add External Jars...** Find the **jt400.jar** file on your pc, select **Open**, Select **OK** to close the properties window.



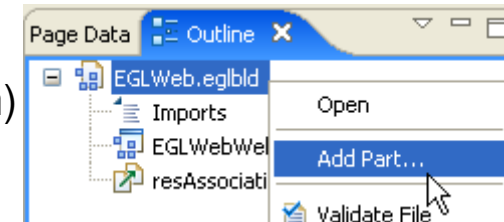
### 2. Put the file in the WEB-INF→Lib folder.

- Switch to the **Resource** perspective  Resource
- Expand **Web Content** → **WEB-INF** → **lib** folder
  - **Drag jt400.jar into this folder**



## 2. Create a Linkage Options Part – 1 of 3

- From Project Explorer, Open **EGLWeb.eglbld** using the **EGL Build Parts Editor**
- From the **Window** menu, open an **Outline** View
- From the Outline View (bottom left corner of the Workbench)
  - ▶ Right-click over **EGLWeb.eglbld**, select **Add Part...**
- Select **Linkage Options** and click: **Next**
- Name the part: **externalPrograms** click: **Finish**



From the externalPrograms part:

- Click: **Add**

*In the CallLink Elements:*

- ▶ Name the program: **CBLCLSP1**
- ▶ Type: **remoteCall**

*Enter the following properties:*

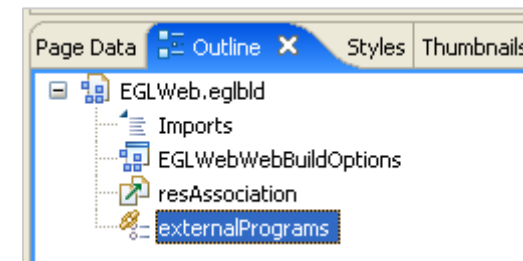
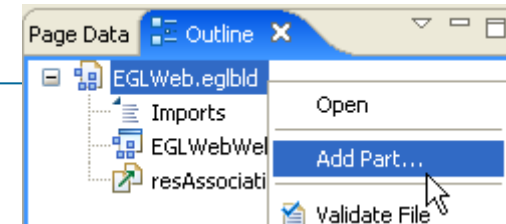
- ▶ conversionTable (type): **CSOE037**
- ▶ location (type): **eis/eglcics**
- ▶ luwControl (select): **SERVER**
- ▶ parmForm (select): **COMMDATA**
- ▶ remoteBind: **GENERATION**
- ▶ remoteComType (select): **CICSJ2C**
- ▶ remotePgmType (select): **EXTERNALLYDEFINED**

pgmName	CBLCLSP1
type	remoteCall
alias	(no value set)
conversionTable	CSOE037
ctgKeyStore	(no value set)
ctgKeyStorePassword	(no value set)
ctgLocation	(no value set)
ctgPort	(no value set)
library	(no value set)
location	eis/eglcics
luwControl	SERVER
package	(no value set)
parmForm	COMMDATA
refreshScreen	(no value set)
remoteBind	GENERATION
remoteComType	CICSJ2C
remotePgmType	EXTERNALLYDEFINED
serverID	(no value set)

- **Close** and **Save** your Linkage Options – and **Close/Save** the **Build File**

## ▶▶ Add to the Build File's Linkage Option – 1 of 2

- From Project Explorer, **EGLWeb.eglbl** using the **EGL Build Parts Editor**
- From the **Window** menu, open an **Outline** View
- From the Outline View (bottom left corner of the Workbench)
  - ▶ Right-click over **EGLWeb.eglbl**, select **Add Part...**
- Select **Linkage Options** and click: **Next**
- Name the part: **externalPrograms** click: **Finish**
  
- From the externalPrograms part:
  - Click: **Add**



pgmName	RPG1
type	remoteCall
alias	RPGCLSP1
conversionTable	CSOE037
ctgKeyStore	(no value set)
ctgKeyStorePassword	(no value set)
ctgLocation	(no value set)
ctgPort	(no value set)
javaWrapper	(no value set)
library	EGLPOT
location	iseriesd.demos.ibm.com
luwControl	SERVER
package	(no value set)
parmForm	(no value set)
refreshScreen	(no value set)
remoteBind	GENERATION
remoteComType	JAVA400
remotePgmType	EXTERNALLYDEFINED
serverID	(no value set)

*In the CallLink Elements:*

- ▶ Name the program: **RPG1**
- ▶ Type: **remoteCall**

*Enter the following properties:*

- ▶ Alias: **RPGCLSP1**
- ▶ conversionTable (type): **CSOE037**
- ▶ Library: **EGLPOT**
- ▶ location (type): **iseriesd.demos.ibm.com**
- ▶ luwControl (select): **SERVER**
- ▶ remoteBind: **GENERATION**
- ▶ remoteComType (select): **JAVA400**
- ▶ remotePgmType (select): **EXTERNALLYDEFINED**

- **Close** and **Save** your Linkage Options – and **Close/Save** the **Build File**

## ▶▶ Add to the Build File's Linkage Option – 2 of 2

- From Project Explorer, Right-Click over **EGLWeb.eglbld** and select: **Open with Text editor**
- Scroll down to the line `<remoteCall pgmName="RPG1"...`
- **Click your mouse at the beginning of the line** (to set focus)
- **Press Shift/End** – to *select* the entire line (see reverse video line below)
- **Press Ctrl/C** – to copy the line
- **Enter a new line, and press Ctrl/V 3 times** – to copy/paste the entire line three times
- Modify the pgmName's and Alias' in the new lines to:

```
RPG2      RPGCLSP2
RPG3      RPGCLSP3
RPG4      RPGZIPCK
```

- **Close and save your edits**

```
<remoteCall pgmName="RPG1" alias="RPGCLSP1"
<remoteCall pgmName="RPG2" alias="RPGCLSP2"
<remoteCall pgmName="RPG3" alias="RPGCLSP3"
<remoteCall pgmName="RPG4" alias="RPGZIPCK"
</callLink>
```

The screenshot shows a code editor with a context menu open over the line `<remoteCall pgmName="RPG1"...`. The menu items are:

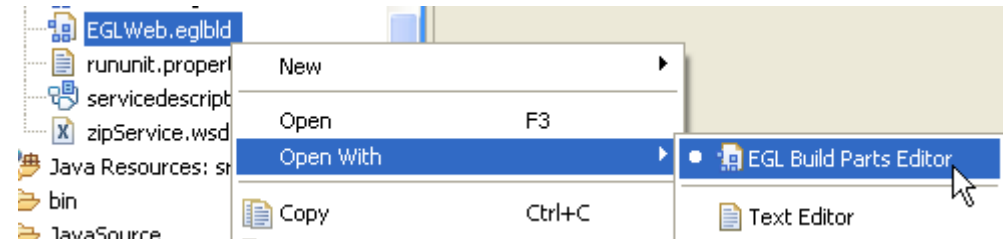
- Copy (Ctrl+C)
- Paste (Ctrl+V)
- Shift Right
- Shift Left
- Add to Snippets...
- Run As
- Debug As
- Profile As
- Validate
- Analysis
- Team
- Compare With
- Replace With
- Link Utilities
- Preferences...

The code in the background includes:


```
<win>
  <seqws systemName="d:\
</win>
ssociation>
rceAssociations>
ceAssociations name="CSVRec
sociation fileName="CSVRec"
  <win>
    <seqws systemName="D:t
  </win>
ssociation>
rceAssociations>
eOptions name="externalProg
llLink >
<remoteCall pgmName="CBLCL
<remoteCall pgmName="CBLCL
<remoteCall pgmName="CBLCL
<remoteCall pgmName="CBLZP
<remoteCall pgmName="RPG1"
Table="CSOEO37" library="EGLPOT" location="iseriesd.dfw.ibm.com"
```

## 2. Replicate the Linkage Options for Additional Programs – 3 of 3

- Close and save your edits to the Linkage Options



- Open EGLWeb.eglbld with the **EGL Build Parts Editor**
- Un-check: Show only specified options
- From the **linkage** Option, open the drop-down list and select: **externalPrograms**



Option	Value (F1 for Help)
dbms	DERBY
deploymentDescriptor	servicedescriptor1
genDataTables	YES
genDirectory	D:\EGLV7\Sample2\EGLWeb\EGLSource\COBOLGEN\
genProject	EGLWeb
genProperties	GLOBAL
j2ee	YES
linkage	externalPrograms <\EGLWeb\EGLSource\EGLWeb.eglbld>
prep	resAssociation
resourceAssociations	resAssociation
sqlDB	jdbc:derby:C:\databases\EGLDerbyR7;create=true
sqlID	jsayles
sqlJDBCClass	org.apache.derby.jdbc.EmbeddedDriver
sqlJDBCDriverClass	org.apache.derby.jdbc.EmbeddedDriver
sqlJNDIName	idhr/FGI DerhvR7

- Close** and **save** your Build file
- Right-click over your EGLWeb project and **Generate**

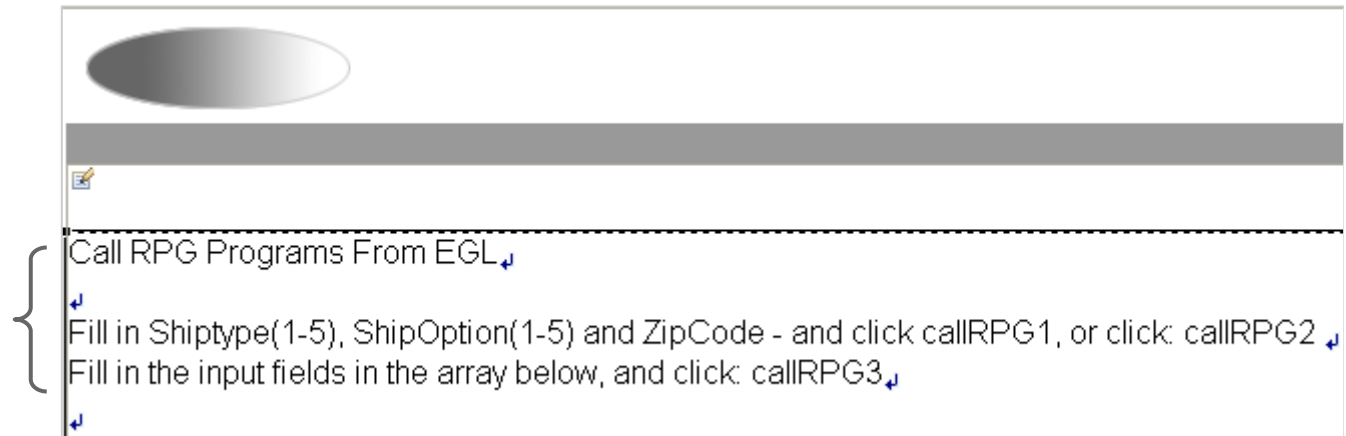
### 3. Create a New Page to Test Your RPG Program Calls

Before creating the page you need to generate the new Build-file entries to Java

- ▶ Right-click over the \EGLSource\ folder and select **Generate**

Now let's create a page that calls your COBOL programs

- ▶ Right-click over \WebContent\ and select, New > Web Page
- ▶ Name the page: **callRPG.jsp**
- ▶ Change the boiler-plate page heading text as shown here...



- Right-click and edit the Page Code

*From inside the JSFHandler*

- ▶ Select and replace all of the boiler-plate code with the code in the Notes section of this slide
  - Note that there is a lot of source code, as the four RPG programs are included as comments at the bottom
  - Details of the program calls are covered on the next slide

### 3. EGL RPG Program Calls

So – you can see from this example, that there is nothing complex whatsoever about calling RPG programs from EGL. This JSFHandler has several different scenarios:

- ▶ Passing individual parameters to RPG
- ▶ Passing a single record
- ▶ Passing a record that contains an array

- Here are the record definitions (nothing new...hope you're not disappointed ☺)

```
//Fixed Records to pass to RPG programs
record calcShipRecRPG type BasicRecord
  10 Shiptype      int = 1;
  10 ShipOption   int = 2;
  10 ZipCode      char(5) = "90210";
  10 ShipCost     Decimal(7,2);
end

record calcShipArrayRecRPG type BasicRecord
  05 Ship [4];
  10 Shiptype     int;
  10 ShipOption   int;
  10 ZipCode      char(5);
  10 ShipCost     Decimal(7,2);
end

record RPGZipCkRec type BasicRecord
  10 StateAbbrev  char(2) = "NM";
  10 ReturnCode   int = 0;
  10 ZipCode      char(5) = "90210";
end
```

```
package jsfhandlers;
import com.ibm.egl.jsf.*;
handler callRPG type JSFHandler {onConstructionFunction = onConstructionFunction;
    rootView UIViewRoot;

//Parms to pass into RPGCLSP1 and RPGZIPCK
    shipCost     decimal(7,2);
    zipCode      char(5) = "90210";
    shipOption   int =2;
    shiptype     int = 1;
    stateAbbr    char(2) = "NM";
    returnCode   int;
    Message      char(10);

//Fixed-length record
    csRec        calcShipRecRPG;
//Fixed-length record with a fixed length array within
    csRecArray   calcShipArrayRecRPG;

// Function Declarations
    function onConstruction()
        syslib.setRemoteUser ("EGL4RPG", "EGL4YOU" ); //Login to t1
    end

    Function callRPG1()
//Scenario 1. Call passing separate parameters
    call "RPG1" (shiptype, shipoption, zipcode, shipcost);
        csRec.Shiptype = shiptype;
        csRec.ShipOption = shipOption;
        csRec.zipCode = zipCode;
        csRec.shipCost = shipCost;
    end

//Scenario 2. Call passing a fixed record
    Function callRPG2()
        call "RPG2" (csRec);
    end
```

Press Ctrl/S (save) your JSFHandler





## 4. Create the Page Results

### From Page Designer:

- From Page Data – drag **csRec** on to the page →
  - Make the top three fields input
  - Make **ShipCost** output
  - From options, specify no Submit buttons (un-check)
- From Page Data – select all three (`callRPG1`, `callRPG2` and `callRPG3`) functions, and drag them onto the page, to create three submit buttons.

You can optionally add HTML Horizontal Rule tags between the controls

- From Page Data – drag **csRecArray** onto the page →
  - Make the first three columns **Input Text** type
  - Make **ShipCost** **outputText**

Call RPG Programs From EGL

Fill in Shiptype(1-5), ShipOption(1-5) and ZipCode - and click callRPG1, or click: callRPG2  
Fill in the input fields in the array below, and click: callRPG3

Shiptype: {Shiptype} abc  
ShipOption: {ShipOption} abc  
ZipCode: {ZipCode} abc  
ShipCost: {ShipCost} abc  
{Error Messages}

callRPG1 callRPG2 callRPG3

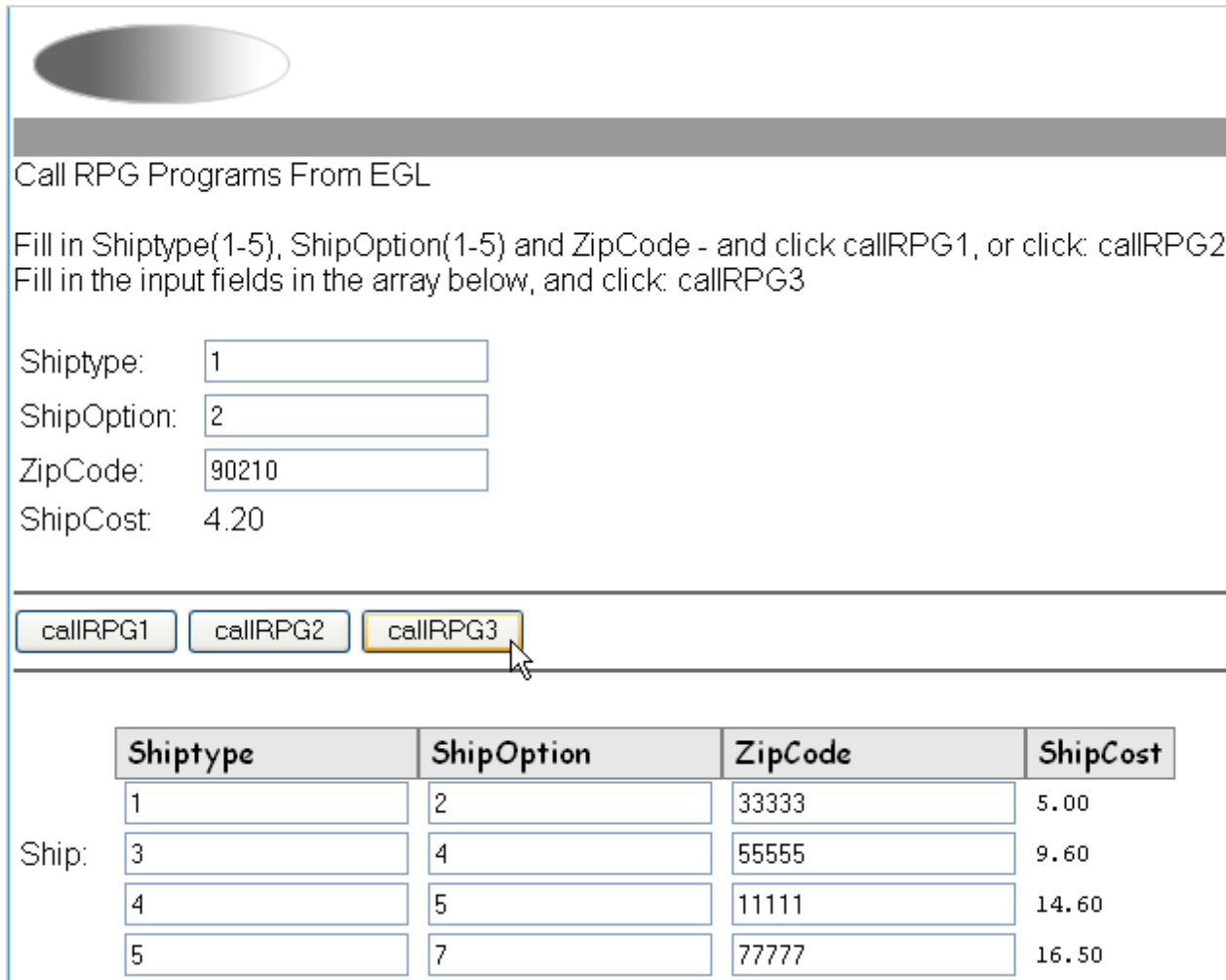
Ship:

Shiptype	ShipOption	ZipCode	ShipCost
{Shiptype} abc	{ShipOption} abc	{ZipCode} abc	{ShipCost} abc

Design Source Preview

## ▶▶ Run the Page – and Call RPG

- Run the page on the server.
- Enter the values shown below – and click the buttons.
  - ▶ Note that callRPG2 passes the same data (just using a fixed record instead of individual parms)
  - ▶ Note also that you must fill in the input values in the array and click callRPG3 to return the 4 ShipCosts



Call RPG Programs From EGL

Fill in Shiptype(1-5), ShipOption(1-5) and ZipCode - and click callRPG1, or click: callRPG2  
Fill in the input fields in the array below, and click: callRPG3

Shiptype:

ShipOption:

ZipCode:

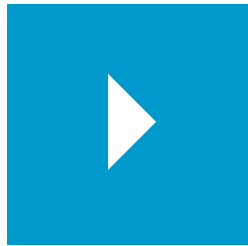
ShipCost: 4.20

	Shiptype	ShipOption	ZipCode	ShipCost
Ship:	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="33333"/>	5.00
	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="55555"/>	9.60
	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="text" value="11111"/>	14.60
	<input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="77777"/>	16.50

\*\*\*Notes 

Unit

# EGL and Services (SOA)



Topics:

- **EGL and Services Overview**
- Creating and Consuming Local Services
- Setting up for Web Services
- Creating and consuming an EGL Web Service
- Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service

# The Promise of Services and SOA (Service Oriented Architecture)

*Services are the driving business system design paradigm of the day.*

*Services – implemented in EGL provide a cross platform language for business oriented development*

*Services and SOA are based on the concept of “Service Oriented Design”*

## At development time...

- Focus on the business logic
- Implement SOA design elements: services and interfaces
- Leverage existing business developers for new SOA development
- Ignore deployment targets/technology while coding/testing

## Leverage external web services...

- EGL Interfaces
  - Represent external web services
  - Are created via import from WSDL
  - Allow the EGL developer to stay within the context of the EGL programming model

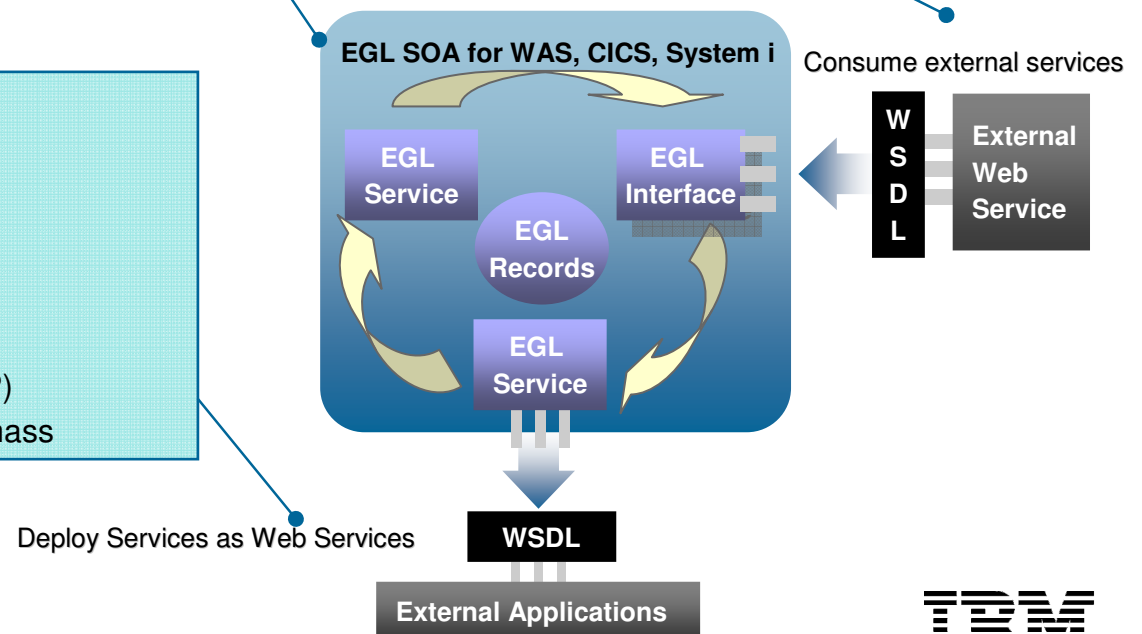
## Deploy EGL services...

*To any platform*

- Java to WAS/Tomcat/etc.
- COBOL to CICS, iSeries

*As...*

- A Web service (uses SOAP)
- A private service (uses CICS ECI, J2C, or TCP)
- Other SOA runtimes when they reach critical mass



# Service Oriented Design – Concepts

---

- 🔗 **Service Orientated Design** is a software design paradigm that encourages the creation of functionally discrete (modular) business logic, composed of standardized software components (logic routines and subroutines with standard interfaces)
- Services are software components that:
    - ▶ Are logically separated, along the lines of a “business service” – such as:
      - Rent a car – which is further de-composed into:
        - Reserve a vehicle – consisting of lower-level services such as:
          - Confirm a location
          - Confirm the customer information
          - Get payment information
          - Confirm customer and payment information
          - Create the reservation
      - ...
- Services are formally declared with a standard network interface that allows them to be invoked by other services that only know the interface.
- Also, services:
  - ▶ May be created at various levels of business/technical granularity (i.e. low-level vs. high-level)
  - ▶ Can be assembled/combined (“choreographed”) to create higher-level business functionality
  - ▶ Can be deployed to any platform – independently – and called from any platform through their network interface

## Network Interface (and More Services Concepts)

---

- “A Service is a **network interface** to programs that live on a particular machine implemented in such a manner that any other program (or many programs) running on any other machine, written in any language, and running on any OS can call it.”  
**Bob Cancilla, IBM.**
  
- Additionally:
  - ▶ Services are an abstract design pattern - they are not the same as Web Services. In fact, a service can be implemented using a number of different technologies, including:
    - **RPC** (Remote Program Call) - which you implement with an EGL:
      - Local Service ...or...
      - Library call ...or...
      - Program
    - **DCOM** (Distributed Component Object Model)
    - **REST** (Representational State Transfer)
    - **CORBA** (Common Object Request Broker)
    - **Web Services** – which you implement with an EGL Service part
  
- The “network interface” for a Web Service is formally termed a **WSDL**
  - ▶ **Web Services Description Language**

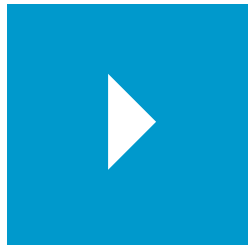
## Creating and Consuming Services – WSDL Files and EGL Interfaces

---

- **WSDL** is an XML document used to describe and locate Web Services.
- A WSDL:
  - ▶ Specifies the run-time location as a URL
  - ▶ Specifies operations and data in the Web Service
  - ▶ Is written in XML using the SOAP transport protocol
- But you don't want to:
  - ▶ Learn XML or SOAP or...
  - ▶ Create the WSDL files manually ☹️
- You want to code EGL business logic – exactly as you've done all along in this course 😊
- So in fact, the RBD tooling will generate all of the “plumbing” for you – when you create or consume Web Services:
  - ▶ When you create an EGL service, the tooling generates WSDL files, so you will not need to learn XML (and other low-level languages, terms and concepts)
  - ▶ When you consume a service, RBD generates EGL Interfaces from existing WSDL files for you – automatically

Topic

# EGL and Services Overview



## Sub-Topics:

- EGL and Services Overview
- **Creating and Consuming Local Services**
- Setting up for Web Services
- Creating and consuming an EGL Web Service
- Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service



## A Simple EGL Service

☞ A service (Local or Web) is coded from the same basic EGL programming model you've used all along:

- ▶ **package** statement
- ▶ **import** statement(s)
- ▶ **service** <UniqueName> {optional properties}
- ▶ **Global data** (area)
- ▶ **Functions** – including a **returns** (type) on the signature

```
package services; //What folder do I live in?

import eglderbyr7.data.Customer; //Access EGL source in other folders

//I am a Service Part
service service1 //My unique part name is "service1"

//Global data (available to all functions in the Service)
msg string = " + got to service1.myServiceFunction!";

// Service Function Declarations
//function <functionName> (parameter list) return(type)
function myServiceFunction(parmin string) returns(int)
    parmin = parmin + msg; //business logic
    return(0); //return value
end //function-end
end //service-end
```

# EGL Services – Steps for Creating and Consuming Local Services

---

☞ Here are the high-level steps to create a Local Service.

- To **create** a local Service using EGL

1. Code the service
2. Generate the service
3. (if not available) – Create a new services descriptor file
4. Add the service as a local service
5. (if not done) Point to the services descriptor file, from the build-file
6. Generate the descriptor file

- To **consume** a local service from an EGL client

1. Code a variable of <serviceName> type in the client logic

- Add a Bindservice property with the appropriate bindkey (not shown, and optional if service binding name is the same as the service part name)

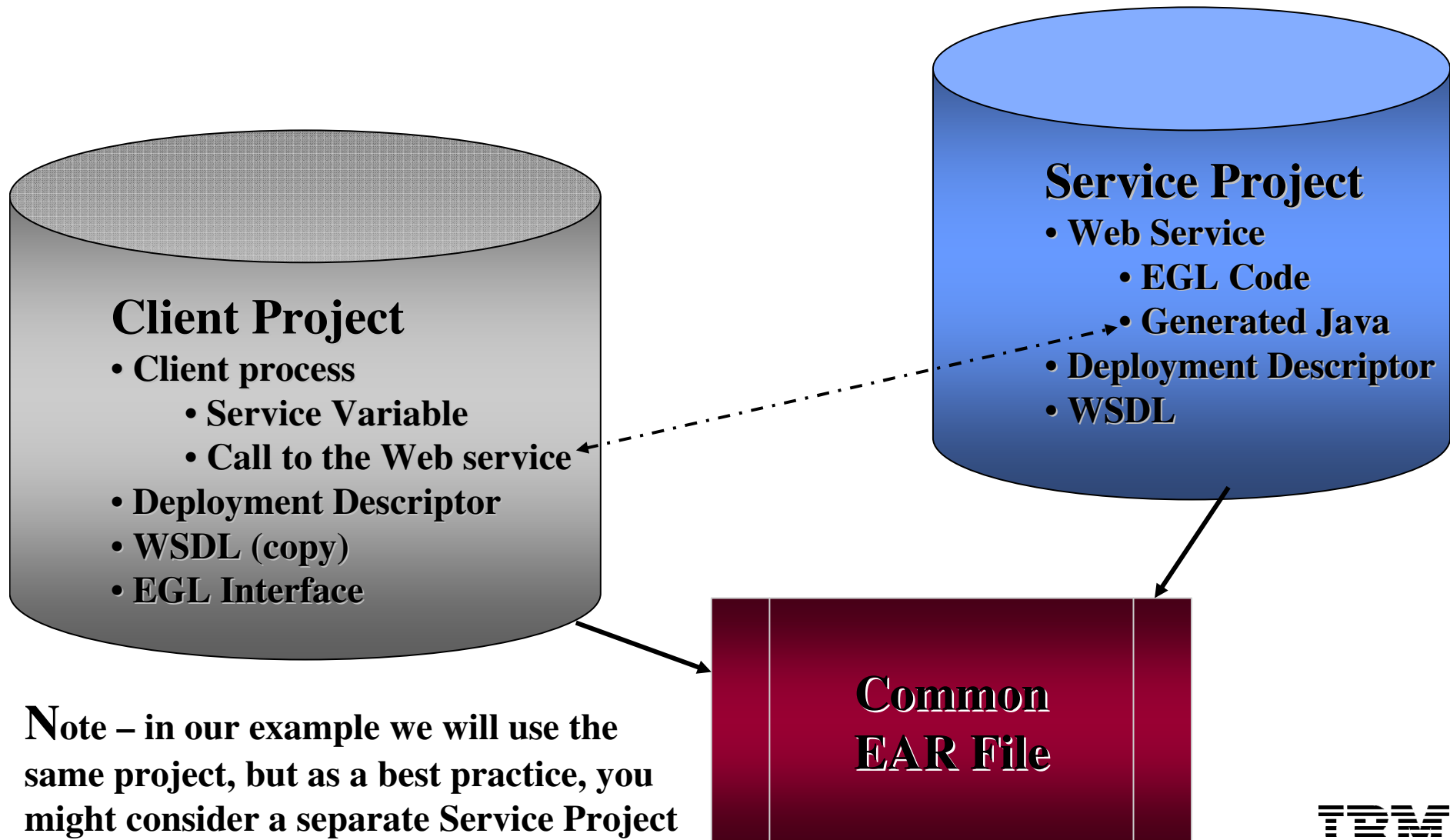
```
serviceVar service1 {@Bindservice{}};
```

2. Code the call to the ServiceVar.function(...) – passing parameters

```
retCode int = serviceVar.nyTest (zipIn);
```

## EGL Services – Conceptual View

To do a Web Service as opposed to a Local Service, you may want to architect a separate project for your Web Services. You can think of this as a “service” project – and you can think of calls to the web services as coming from “client” projects



**Note** – in our example we will use the same project, but as a best practice, you might consider a separate Service Project

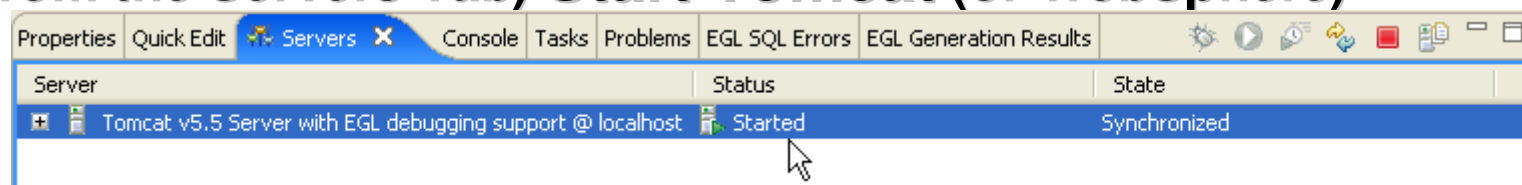
# EGL Services – Steps for Creating and Consuming Web Services

Here are the steps we'll take together, to create a new EGL Web project (from scratch) and use it as our Web Service project.

1. Start Tomcat – or **WebSphere** (see **\*\*\*Notes**)
2. Customize your project's Build File
3. Create and generate a Web Service
  - Code the service
  - Generate the service
4. Generate the WSDL for your Service – may need to customize the service port (end point)
5. Test the WSDL Using Web Services Explorer

6. Consume the Web Service
  - (If using a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party WSDL) Import or copy the WSDL to your Client/Project
  - Add a WSDL entry in the services descriptor file for all Web Services
  - Generate the services descriptor file
  - In the client process - code a variable of <serviceName> type
    - Add a Bindservice property with the appropriate bindkey
  - Code the call to the ServiceVar.function – passing parameters

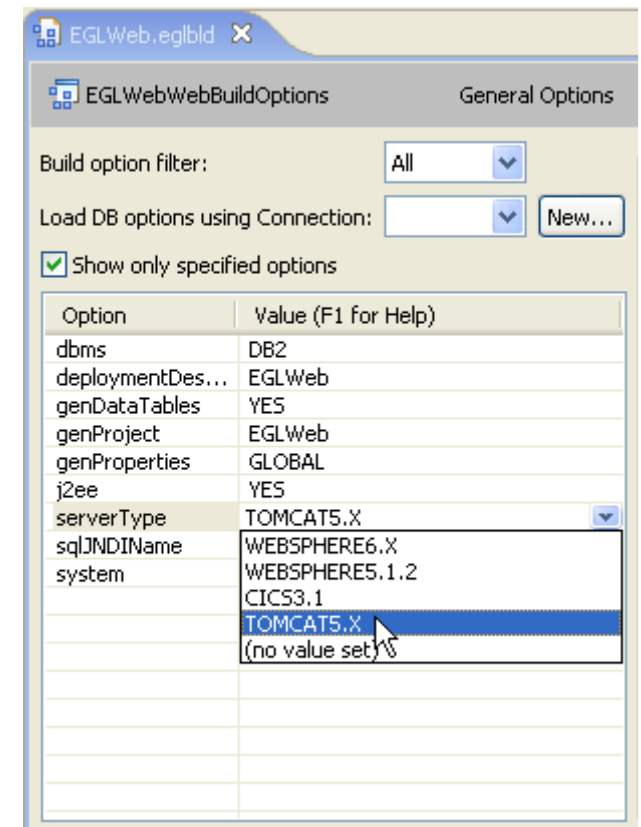
## 1. (From the Servers Tab) Start Tomcat (or WebSphere)



## ▶▶ 2. Customize Your Project's Build-File

- Next – you need to select the serverType you will be publishing the Web Server to
  - ▶ **Open EGLWeb.eglbld**
  - ▶ **Un-check Show only specified options**
  - ▶ **Scroll down to find the serverType option**
  - ▶ **Use the combo-box to select the serverType for your project**
    - WEBSHERE
    - TOMCAT

➔ Select the serverType

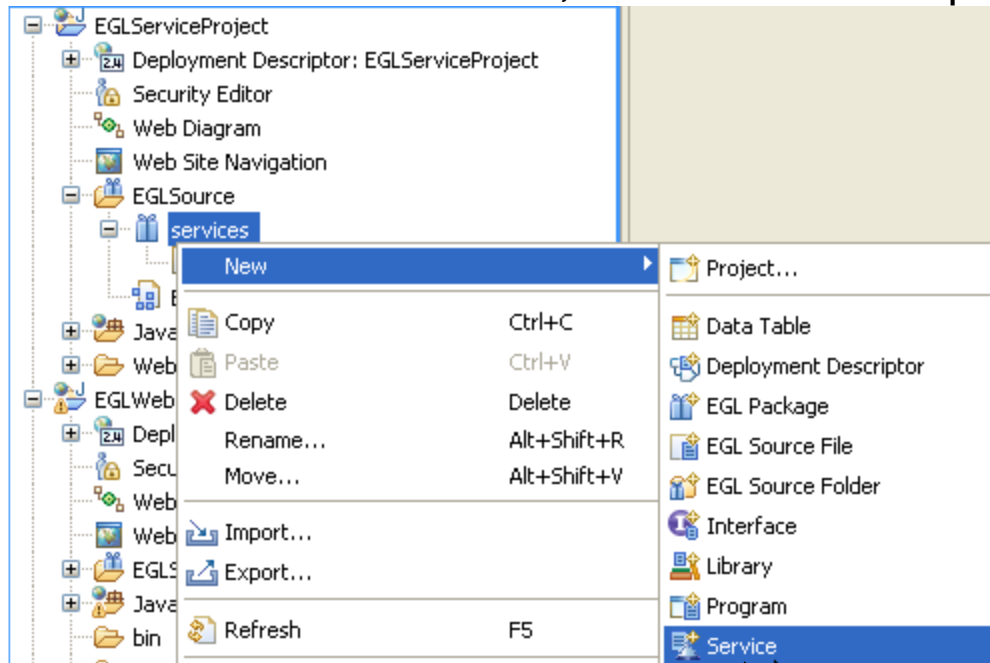


- **From Project Explorer:**
  - ▶ **Generate your Project**

## ▶▶ 3. Create a new EGL Web Service

- (If not already done) Create a new EGL **package** in your EGLServiceProject under \EGLSource\ named: **services**
- Create a new Service, in the \services\ package named: **ZipService**

See \*\*\*Notes

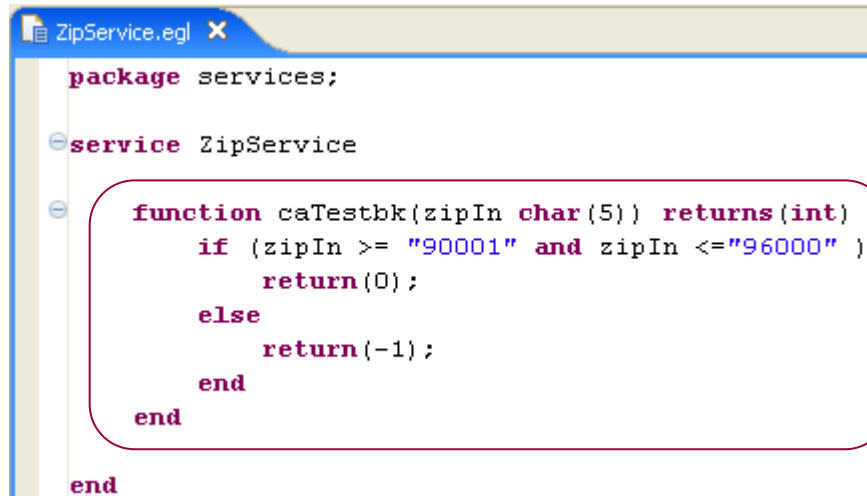


Source folder:	EGLWeb\EGLSource
Package:	services
EGL source file name:	ZipService
Service name:	ZipService
Implements Interfaces:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Create as web service	
<a href="#">Show Advanced &gt;&gt;</a>	

Check: **Create as web service**

## ▶▶ 3. Create a new EGL Web Service – continued

- Create a new function in **ZipService** named: **caTestbk**



```
ZipService.egl x
package services;
service ZipService
function caTestbk(zipIn char(5)) returns(int)
    if (zipIn >= "90001" and zipIn <="96000" )
        return(0);
    else
        return(-1);
    end
end
end
```

You can either try typing the above function in (using Content Assist), or you can copy/paste in the code – found in the Notes section.

### Save the Web service

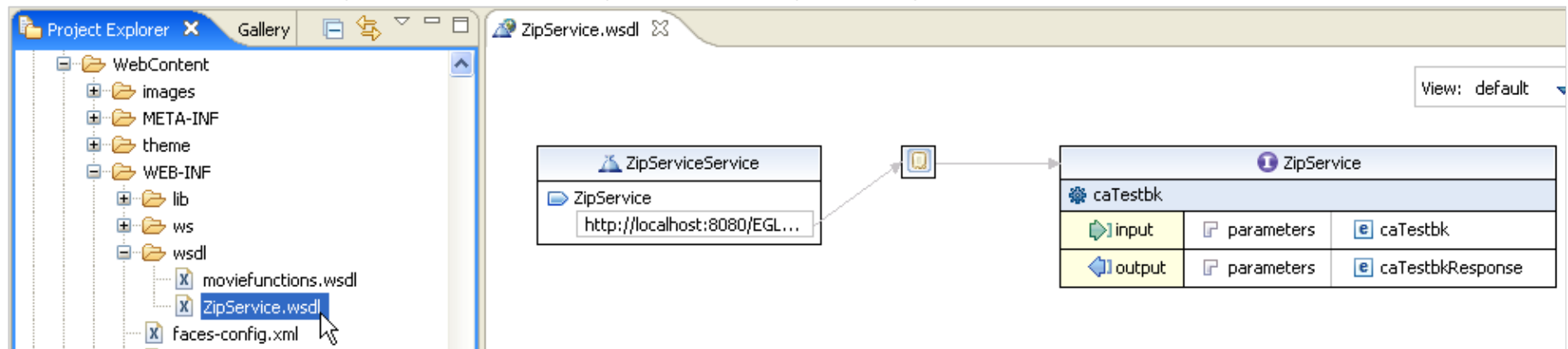
- ▶▶ Press **Ctrl/S** to save and validate the Service

## ▶▶ 4. Generate the WSDL for Your Web Service

### ▶▶ Generate the Web service - From Project Explorer

- Select **EGLWeb**
- Right-Click and select **Generate**

After successfully generating the WSDL, you can open it in the Content Area – it's located under: **\WebContent\WEB-INF\wsdl\**




### ▪ Close ZipService.WSDL – unless you are using WebSphere \*\*\*Notes

👁 Next we will test the Web Service, then we will work in the Client Project and call this Web Service from both a batch program and your updatecustomer2 web page. But if you are using WebSphere – before continuing please read the Slide Notes – as you may need to customize the WSDL “end-points” – the port# for the WSDL address.

\*\*\*Notes



## ▶▶ 5. (Optional) Test the Web Service – Interactively

 RBD offers a nifty interactive Web Services test facility called the Web Services Explorer.

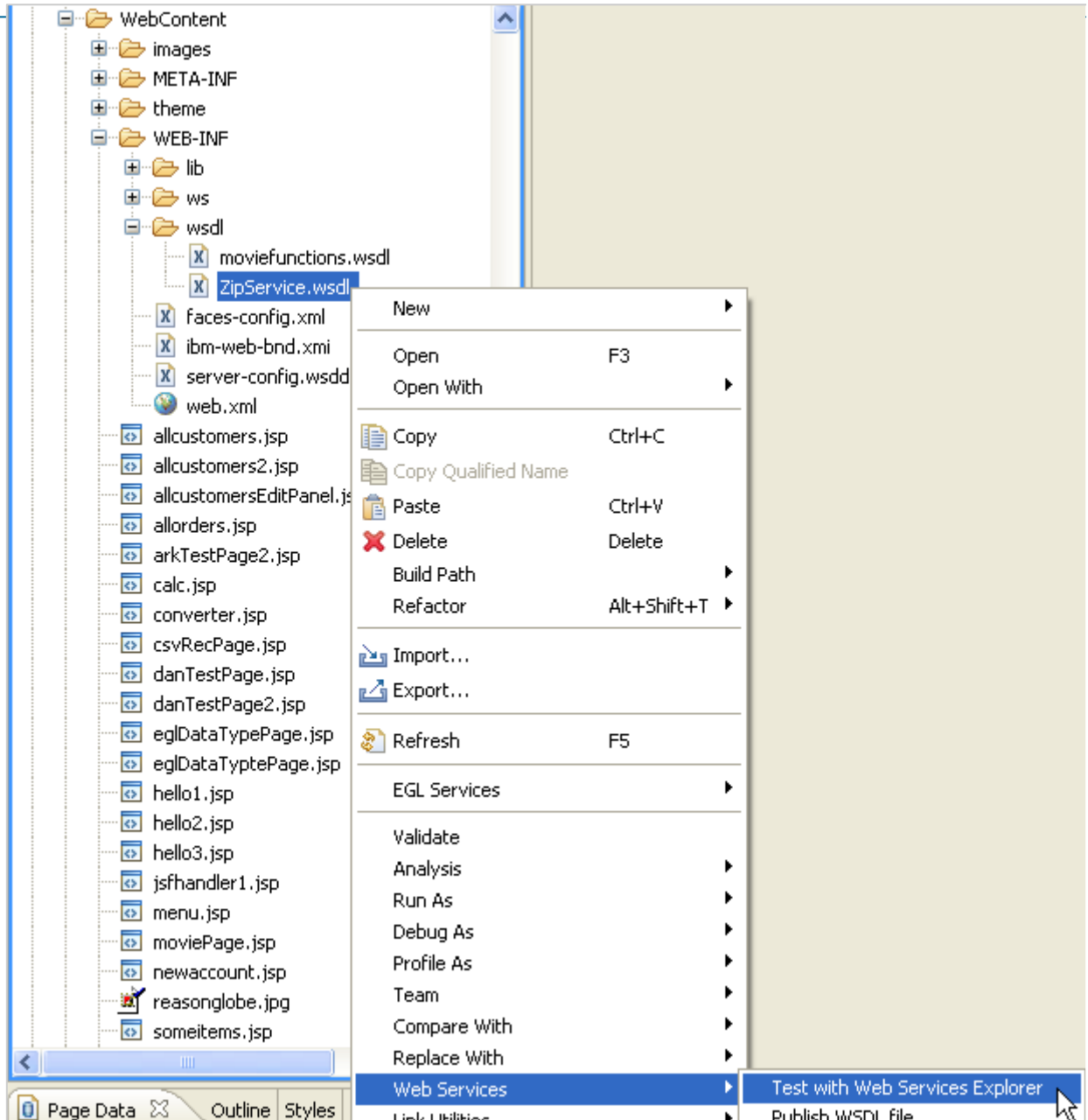
You can use this tool to test your Web Service functionality effectively, before embedding calls to it from your service client.

From Project Explorer – find:  
**ZipService.wsdl** you just generated under  
`\WebContent\WEB-INF\wsdl\`


▶▶ Right-click over  
**ZipService.wsdl**

- Select **Web Services**
  - ▶ **Test with Web Services Explorer**

**\*\*\*Notes** – please review if you do NOT see the Web Services option shown here



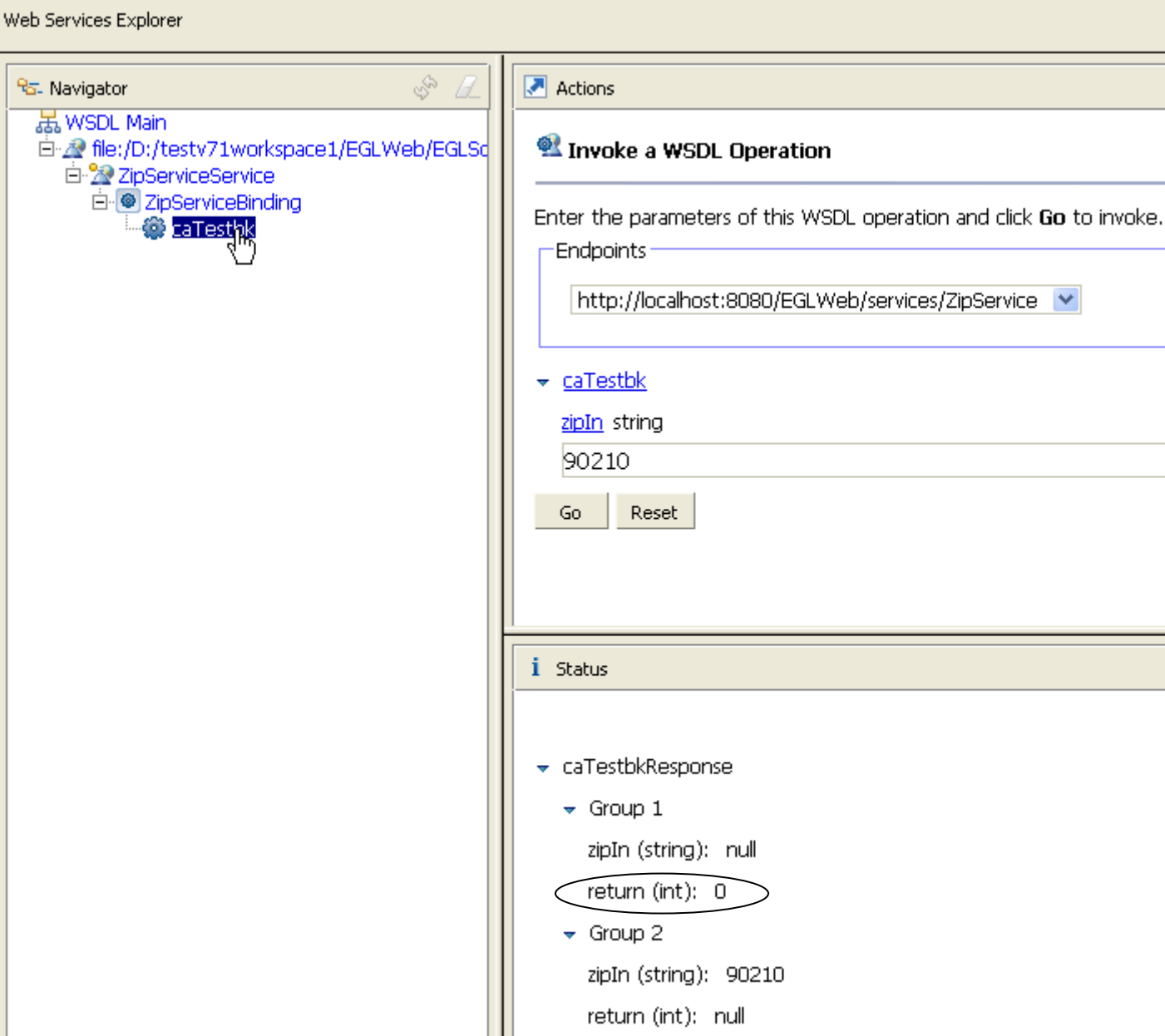
## ▶▶ 5. Test the Web Service – Interactively

 This opens the Web Services Explorer – and specifically, it opens your ZipService in the Navigator – and all of the services functions are exposed as Actions for you to test.

- ▶▶ **Click caTestbk**
- ▶▶ Enter a zipCode:
- ▶▶ **Click Go**
  - ▶▶ Note that **90210** returns: 0
  - ▶▶ Less than 90000 returns: -1

\*\*\* Your Application Server must be still be started \*\*\*

Close the Explorer



The screenshot shows the Web Services Explorer interface. The Navigator pane on the left displays a tree view with the following structure:


- WSDL Main
  - file:/D:/testv71/workspace1/EGLWeb/EGLSc...
    - ZipServiceService
      - ZipServiceBinding
        - caTestbk (highlighted with a mouse cursor)

The Actions pane on the right shows the 'Invoke a WSDL Operation' section. It includes a text input field for 'Endpoints' containing 'http://localhost:8080/EGLWeb/services/ZipService'. Below this, the 'caTestbk' action is expanded, showing a parameter 'zipIn' of type 'string' with the value '90210'. There are 'Go' and 'Reset' buttons. The Status pane at the bottom shows the response structure:

- caTestbkResponse
  - Group 1
    - zipIn (string): null
    - return (int): 0 (circled)
  - Group 2
    - zipIn (string): 90210
    - return (int): null

# Steps for Creating and Consuming Web Services – Client Project

---

 Review of the steps. By following the previous instructions you have created the Service Project, Service and deployed it as a Web Service.

1. Start Tomcat (see **\*\*\*Notes**)
2. Customize your project's Build File
3. Create and generate a Web Service
  - Code the service
  - Generate the service
4. Generate the WSDL for your Service
5. Test the WSDL Using Web Services Explorer

---

## 6. Consume the Web Service

(If using a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party WSDL...next workshop)

- Import or copy the WSDL to your Client/Project
- Add a WSDL entry in the services descriptor file for all Web Services

(If you've created an EGL Web Service...this workshop)

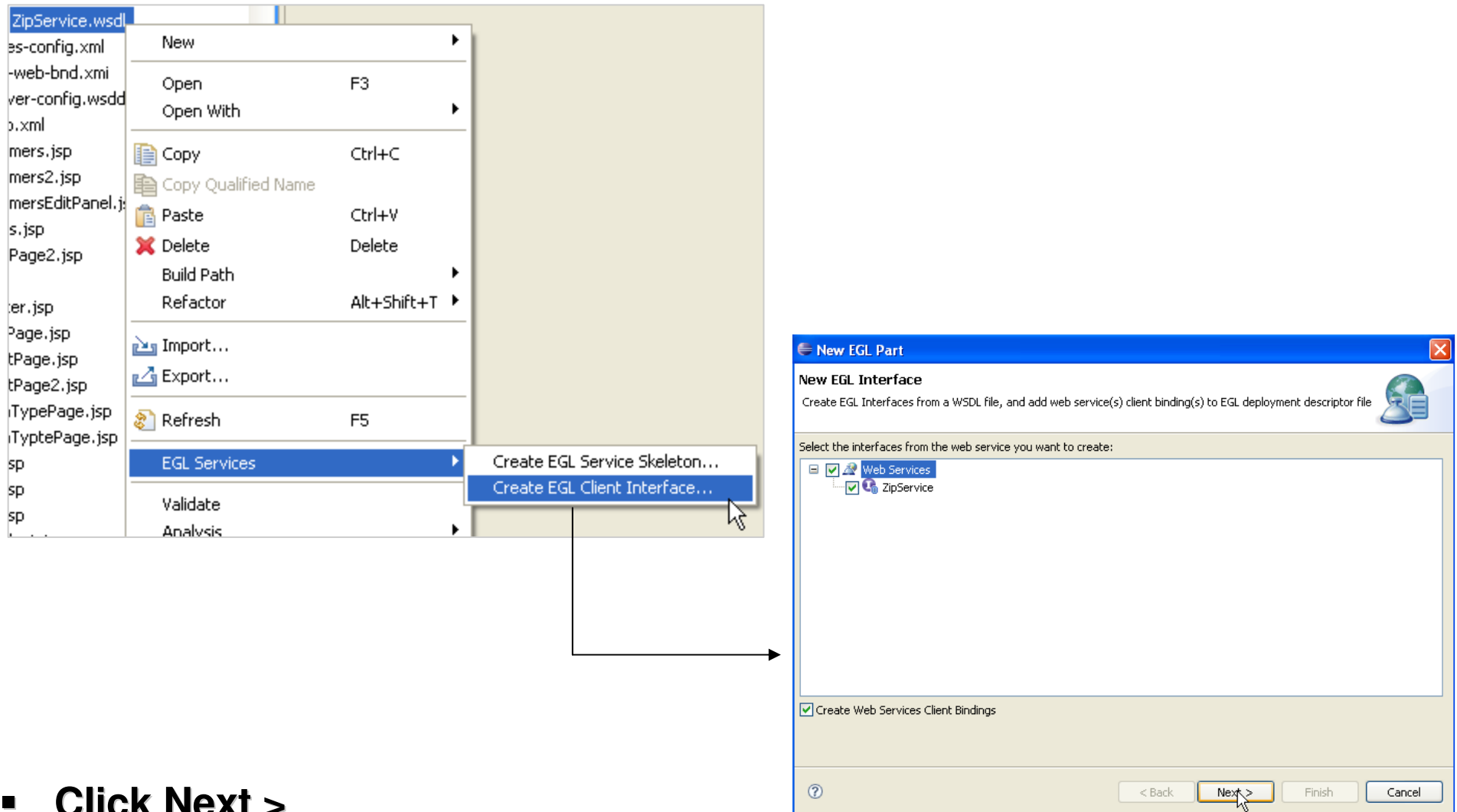
- Create an EGL Client Interface to the WSDL
- Generate the services descriptor file
- In the client process - code a variable of <serviceName> type
  - Add a Bindservice property with the appropriate bindkey
- Code the call to the ServiceVar.function – passing parameters

 Note – we are not using a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party **WSDL** in this workshop, so we begin with the step to create an EGL Client Interface to the WSDL

## ▶▶ 6. Create an EGL Client Interface to the WSDL

(from Project Explorer)

- **Right-click** over **ZipService.wsdl**
- Select: **EGL Services > Create EGL Client Interface...**



- **Click Next >**

## ▶▶ 6. Create an EGL Client Interface to the WSDL

From New EGL Interface

- Rename the EGL source file name: **IZipService**
- Rename the Interface name: **IZipService**

The screenshot shows the 'New EGL Part' dialog box with the 'New EGL Interface' tab selected. The 'Source folder' is 'EGLWeb\EGLSource', the 'Package' is 'services', and the 'EGL source file name' is 'IZipService'. Below these fields, a tree view shows 'ZipService' expanded, with 'Interface Name' set to 'IZipService' and 'Functions' including 'caTestbk' with a checked checkbox.

See **\*\*\*Notes**

The screenshot shows the 'New EGL Part' dialog box with the 'New EGL Web Client Binding' tab selected. The 'Source folder' is 'EGLWeb\EGLSource' and the 'EGL deployment descriptor file name' is 'EGLWeb'. A table lists the binding configuration:

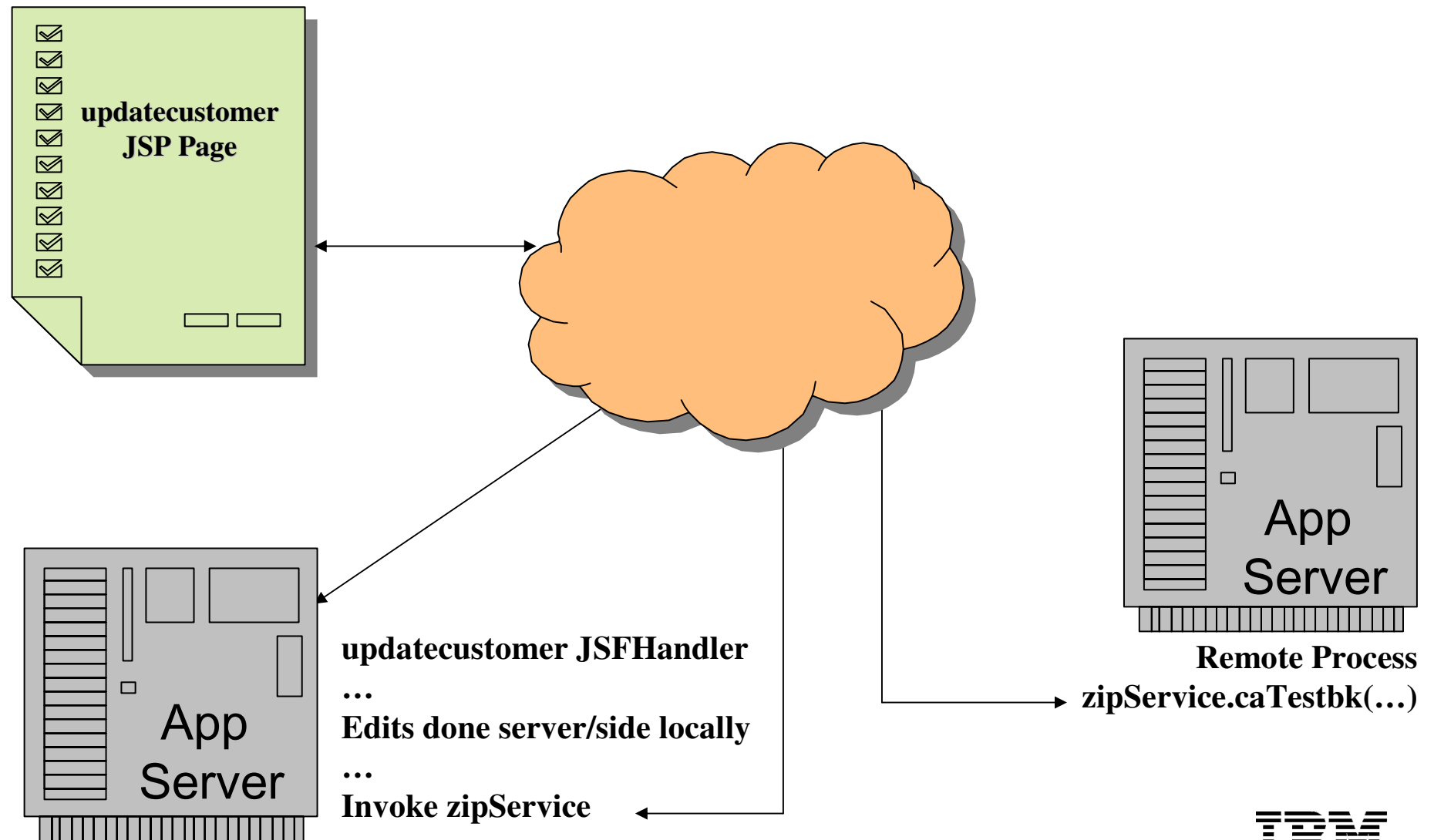
Port	Interface Name	Binding Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ZipService	services.IZipService	IZipService

At the bottom, there is an unchecked checkbox for 'Update all existing bindings' and navigation buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Finish' button.

- **Click Next** and then **Finish**

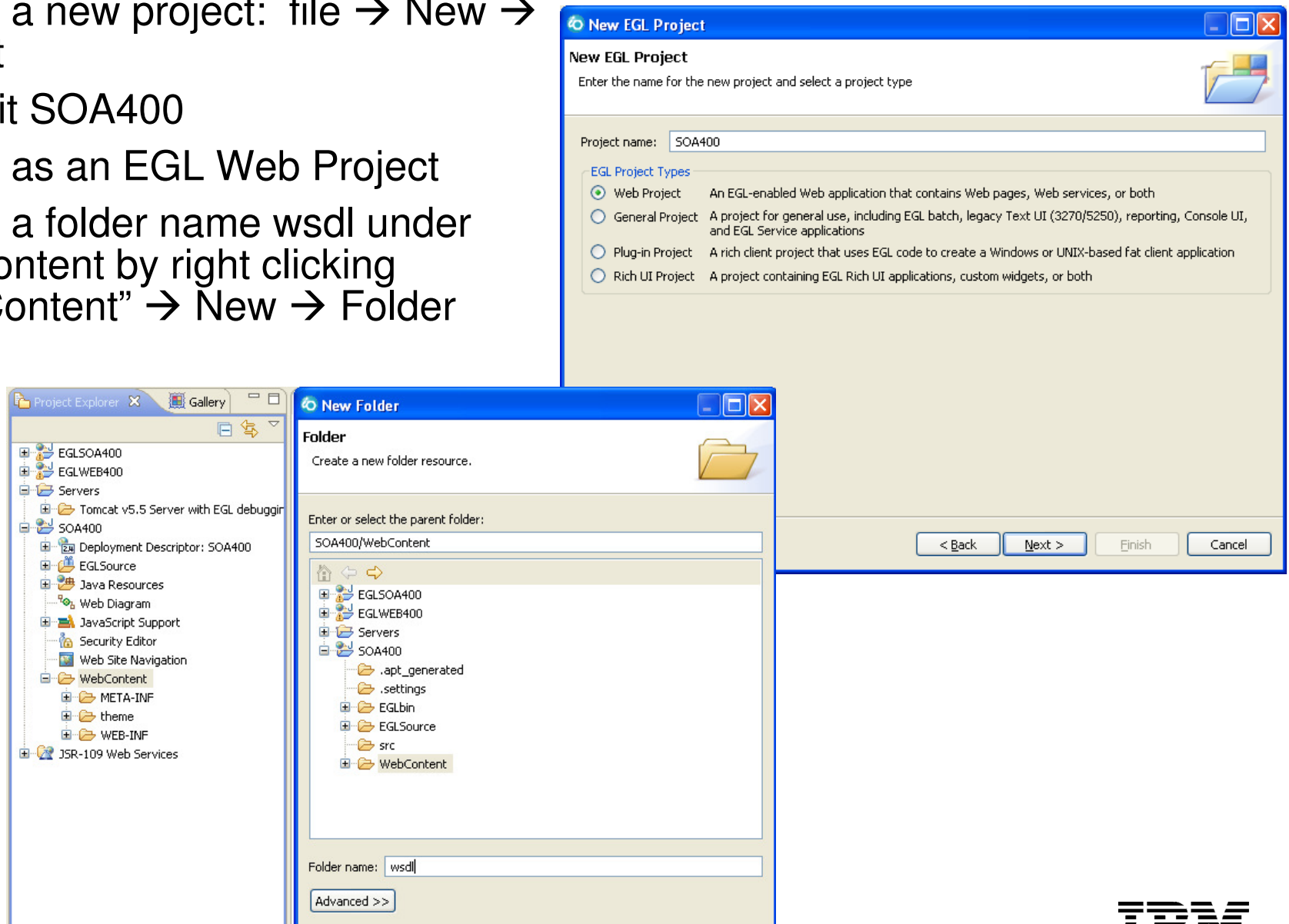
# Optional Workshop – Call the Web Service From a Web Page

Recall that you have an `updatecustomer` page that allows customers to update their state and zip code. We can invoke the `ZipService` as a Web Service, and test for California/Zips



## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

- Create a new project: file → New → Project
- Name it SOA400
- Create as an EGL Web Project
- Create a folder name wsdl under WebContent by right clicking “WebContent” → New → Folder



## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

- Create a AS400 Web Service to access database records
- Create a new service. If you do not have a service package set up, right click EGLSource → New → Package and name it “Services”
- Create a new service by Right click Service Package and →New → Service, name it “CustSvc400”.
- **Check “Create as Web (SOAP) service check box. (Very Important)**
- Enter the code below: (you can use copy/paste and ctrl-shift-O)

```
package services;

import iseriesdemosibmcom.StatusRec;
import iseriesdemosibmcom.access.CustomerLib;
import iseriesdemosibmcom.data.Customer;

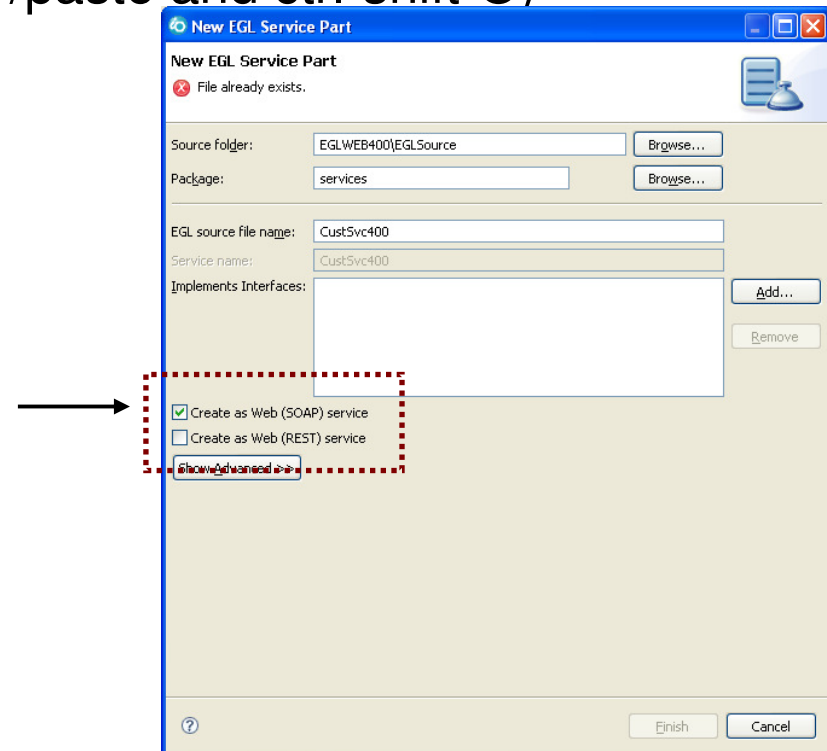
// service
service CustSvc400

// Variable Declarations
status400 StatusRec;

// Function Declarations
function GetCustomer(searchRecord Customer inout, status400 StatusRec)
CustomerLib.GetCustomer(searchRecord, status400);
end

function GetCustomerListAll(customerArray Customer[] out, status400 StatusRec);
CustomerLib.GetCustomerListAll(customerArray, status400);
end

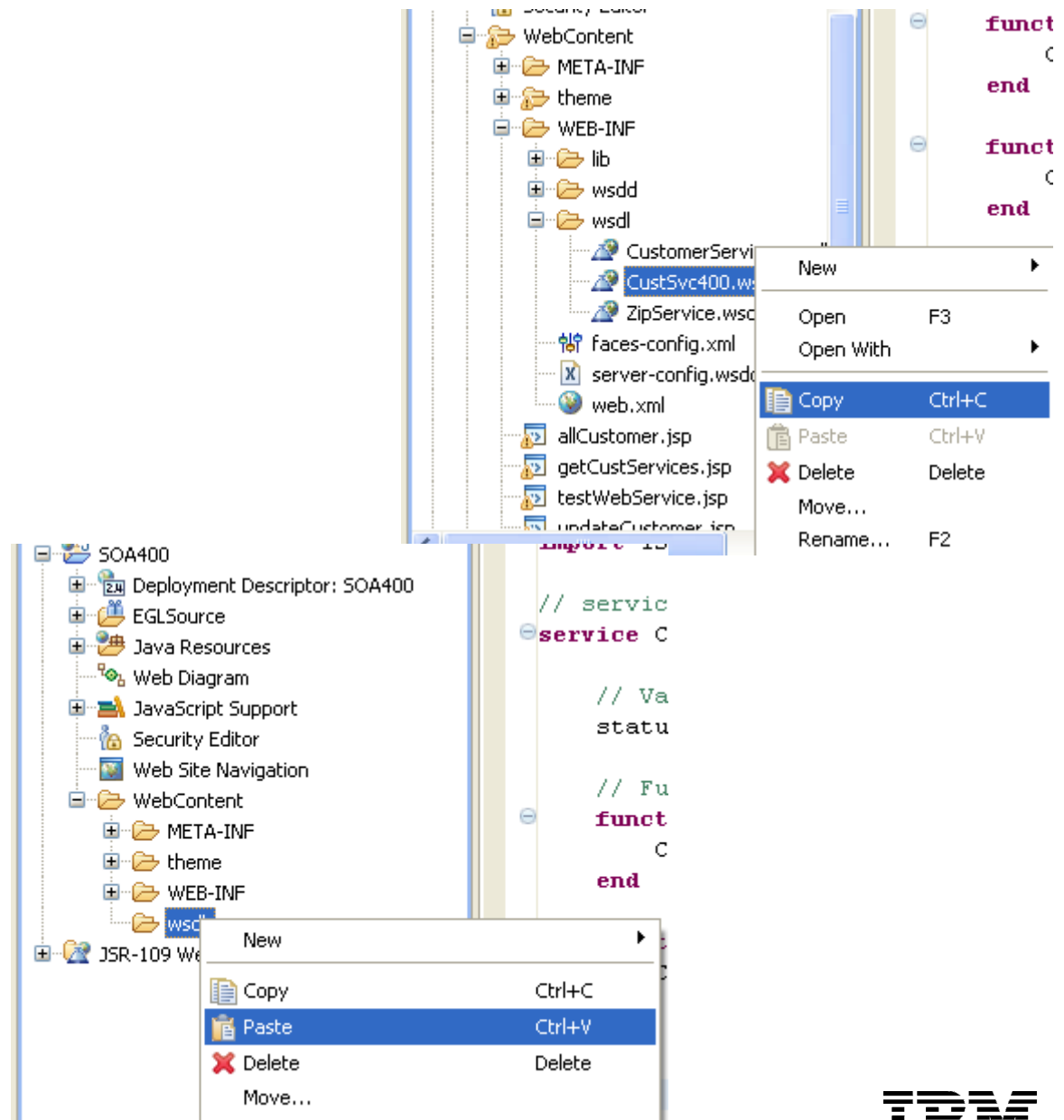
end
```





## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

- Generate your project by focus on the project name, right click and select “Generate”
- Find the generated CustSvc400.wsdl file in WebContent/wsdll folder, focus on it, right click and select “Copy”
- Paste the wsdl into SOA400/  
WebContent/wsdll folder



## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

Create a client interface for the wsdl in the new project

- **Go to the new project SOA400**, right click on CustSvc400.wsdl
- Select → EGL Services → Create EGL Client Interface
- Click “Next”

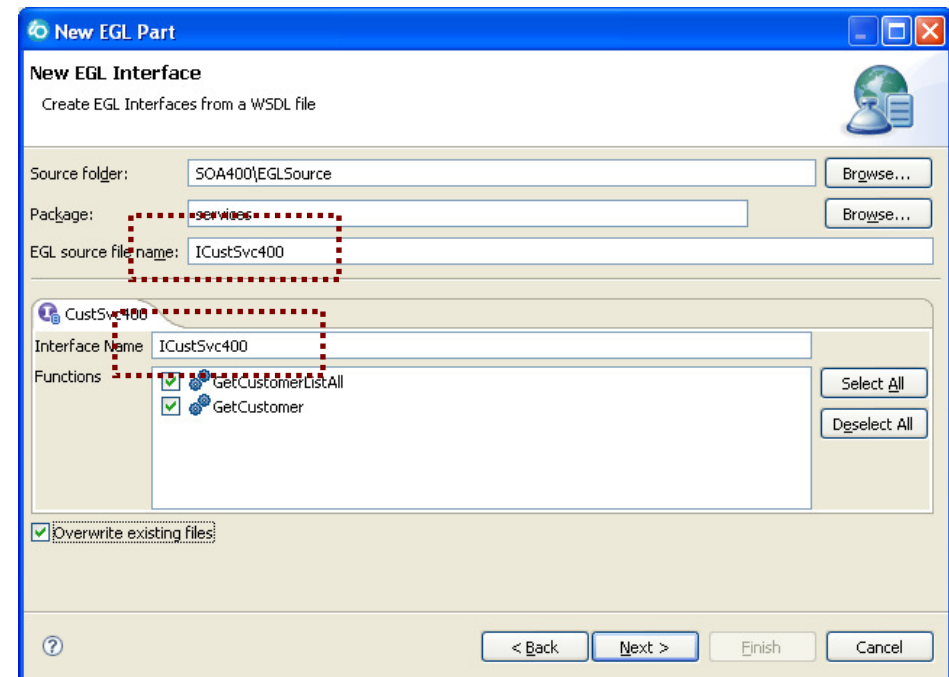
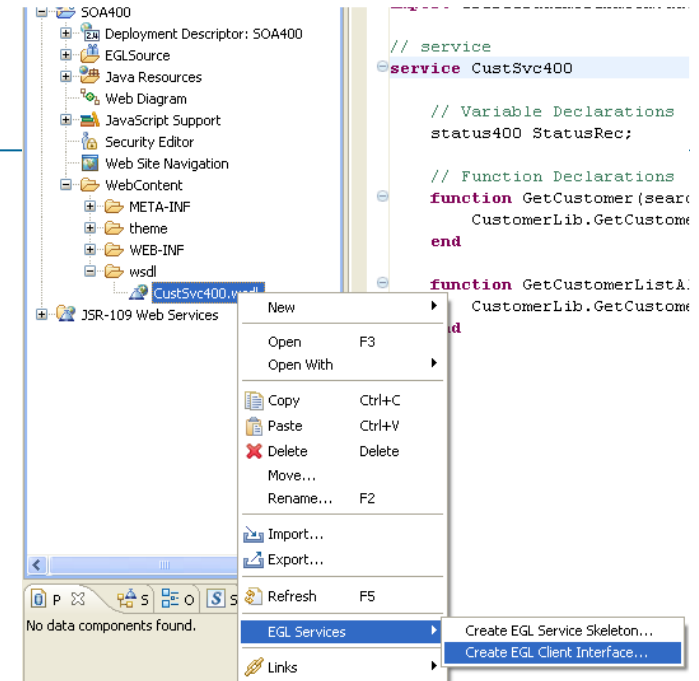
▶ Name both EGL Source File Name and Interface name as “ICustSvc400”

It is good practice to name the web interface as “I” + the Web Service name.

▶ Click Next

▶ Click Finish

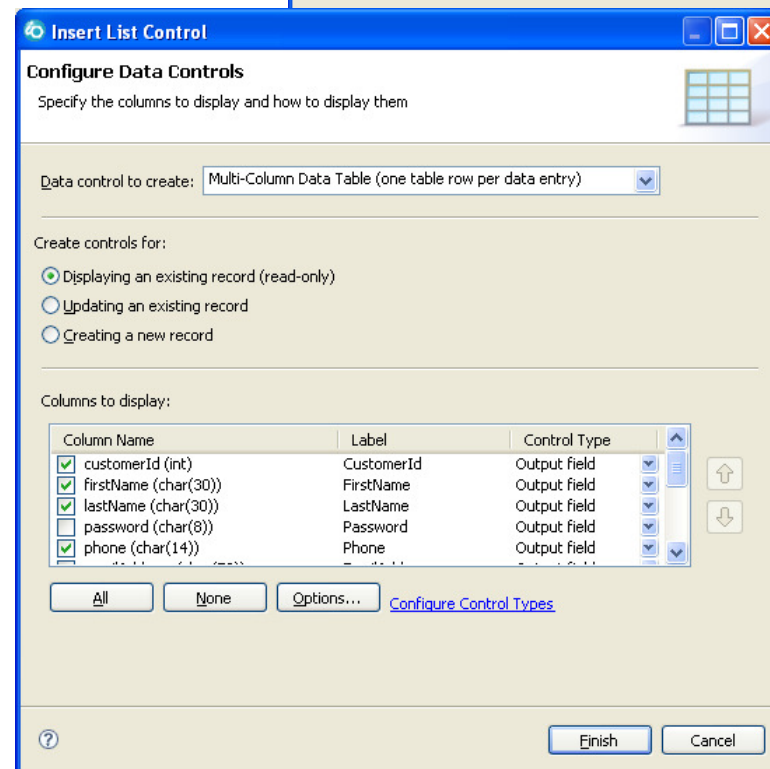
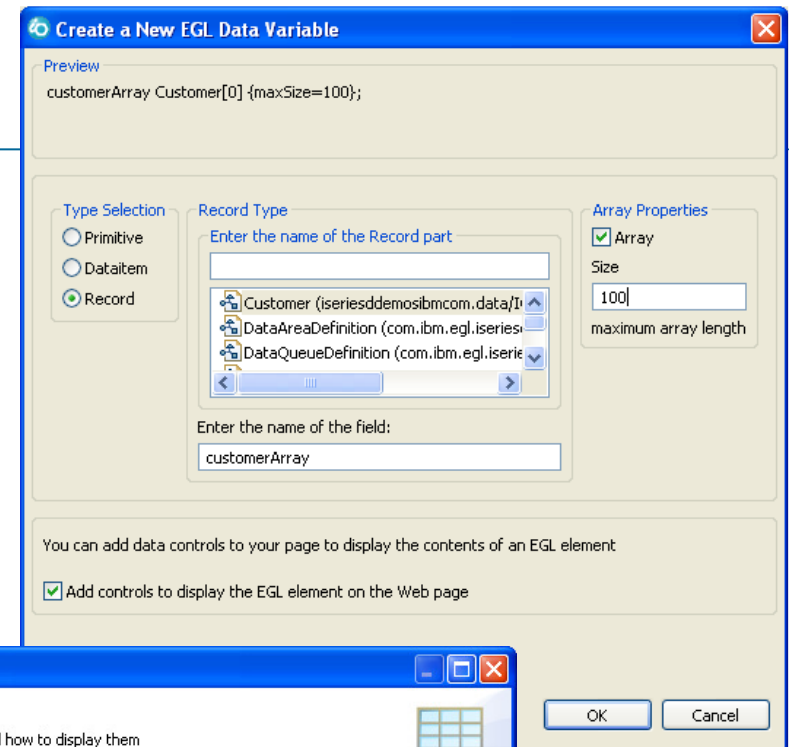
▶ Generate the SOA400 Project



## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

Let's consume the SOAP web service you just created

- In SOA400 project, create a new web page:
- SOA400/WebContent → right click → New → Web Page
- Name it "svcAllCust.jsp", select a template and click OK,
- Drag "New Variable" from Pallet to the page and select "Customer"
- Make it an Array.
- Check "Display Existing Record"
- Click "None"
- Select CustomerId, FirstName, LastName and Phone.
- Click Finish



## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

---

- Edit the Page Code
- Add the following lines of code

▶ USING CONTENT ASSIST! (please 😊)

```
status400 StatusRec;  
  
// Function Declarations  
function onConstruction()  
    iCustSvc400 ICustSvc400 {@bindService};  
    customerArray = iCustSvc400.GetCustomerListAll(status400);  
end
```

▶ Run the page

## ▶▶ Create and Consume a Database Service

- ▶ You just successfully created and consumed a database web service in minutes.
- ▶ This would normally take a skilled SOA developer at least two days to complete.

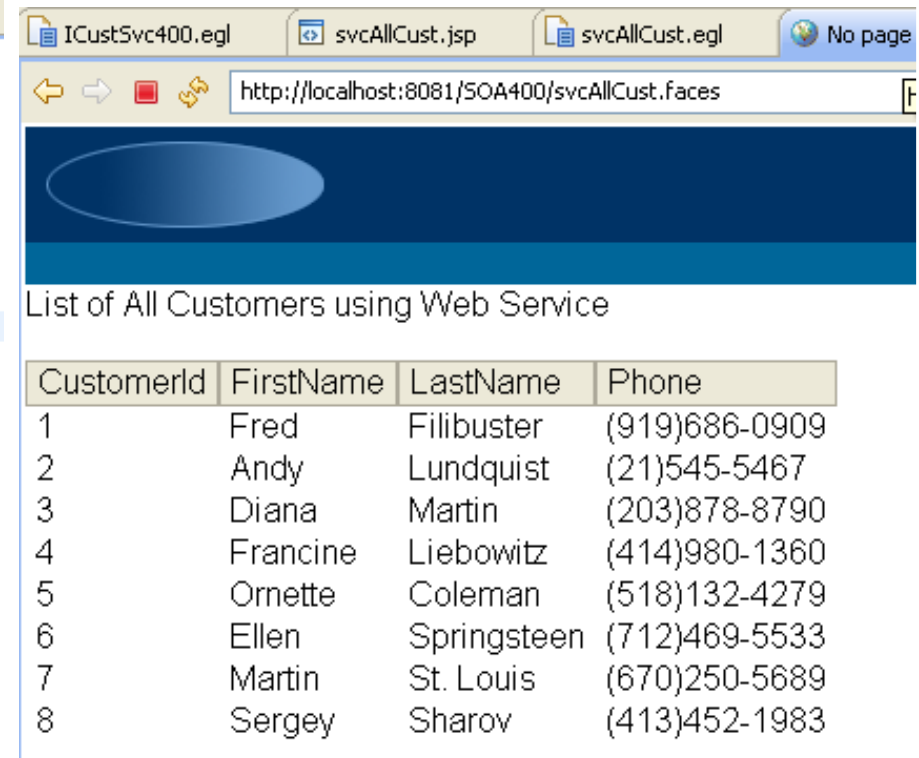
```
ICustSvc400.egl  svcAllCust.jsp  svcAllCust.egl  No page to display
package jsfhandlers;

import iseriesddemosibmcom.StatusRec;
import iseriesddemosibmcom.data.*;
import com.ibm.egl.jsf.*;
import services.ICustSvc400;

handler svcAllCust type JSFHandler
(
  onConstructionFunction = onConstruction,
  onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
  cancelOnPageTransition=yes,
  view = "svcAllCust.jsp",
  viewRootVar = viewRoot)

viewRoot UIViewRoot;
customerArray Customer[0] (maxSize=100);
status400 StatusRec;

// Function Declarations
function onConstruction()
  iCustSvc400 ICustSvc400 (@bindService);
  customerArray = iCustSvc400.GetCustomerListAll(status400);
end
function onPrerender()
end
end
```



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar containing `http://localhost:8081/SOA400/svcAllCust.faces`. The page displays a blue header with a white oval logo. Below the header, the text "List of All Customers using Web Service" is centered. Underneath, there is a table with four columns: CustomerId, FirstName, LastName, and Phone. The table contains eight rows of customer data.

CustomerId	FirstName	LastName	Phone
1	Fred	Filibuster	(919)686-0909
2	Andy	Lundquist	(21)545-5467
3	Diana	Martin	(203)878-8790
4	Francine	Liebowitz	(414)980-1360
5	Ornette	Coleman	(518)132-4279
6	Ellen	Springsteen	(712)469-5533
7	Martin	St. Louis	(670)250-5689
8	Sergey	Sharov	(413)452-1983

## Optional Topic – Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service

---

🕒 EGL/RBD also allows you to call external (3<sup>rd</sup> Party-Provided) Web Services. If time remains in your lab, try the following short workshop to see for yourself!

Here are the steps you follow (from 10,000 feet):

### Using a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party WSDL Steps:

1. Identify/Locate the **WSDL** file from which the interface will be created
2. Download this **WSDL** to your project
3. Create an **EGL Client Interface**
4. Create a calling (client) JSFHandler page

### It's really that easy! But a note of caution first:

- ▶ This next lab requires that you be running a live connection to the internet – free and clear of any corporate fire-walls, or it most likely will not execute. **(See \*\*\*Notes)** Notwithstanding, if you will be using 3<sup>rd</sup> Party services it's probably worth understanding the work-flow steps to implement with EGL.
- ▶ The web service used in the lab is a true 3<sup>rd</sup> Party service. As such it may not be running when you test it – as this is not under our control.



## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Find the Service

1. Identify the WSDL file from which the interface will be created – and download this WSDL to your project

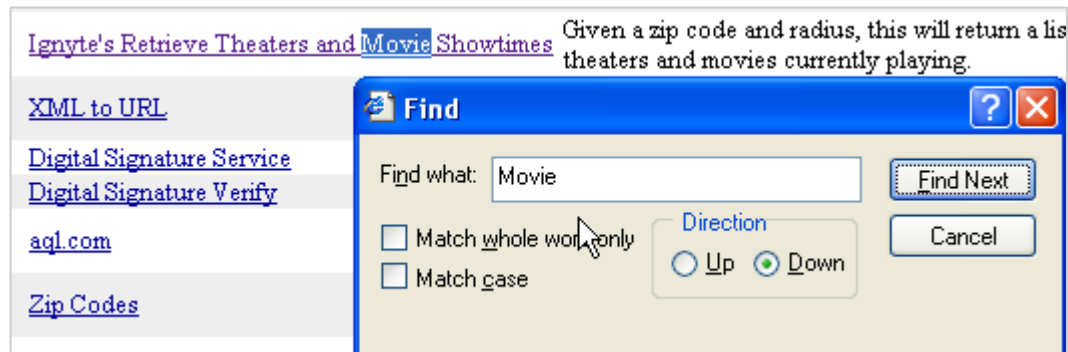
▶▶ From the Xmethods.net site  
▶▶ Click:  
View the FULL LIST

The screenshot shows the XMethods website interface. At the top, the address bar displays 'http://www.xmethods.net/'. The main header features the 'X METHODS' logo and navigation links: Home, Tools, Implementations, Manage, Register, Tutorials, and About. Below the header, there are three promotional sections: 'WSDL Web Services' (Rapidly develop SOA-based business solutions), 'Free SOA Testing Book' (40 page, step-by-step guide), and 'Oneway Services..your way' (Full Service 3rd party EDI provider). A row of three advertisements follows: CDYNE CORPORATION Postal Address Verification Web Service, ServiceObjects (VALIDATE YOUR WEB USERS IN REAL-TIME), and STRIKEIRON (Data as a Service). A purple banner reads 'Welcome to XMethods.' Below this, a paragraph states: 'Emerging web services standards such as SOAP, WSDL and UDDI will enable system-to-system integration that is easier than ever before. This site lists publicly available web services.' At the bottom, a 'Recent Listings' section contains a table with a link to 'View the FULL LIST' highlighted by a red box and a mouse cursor.

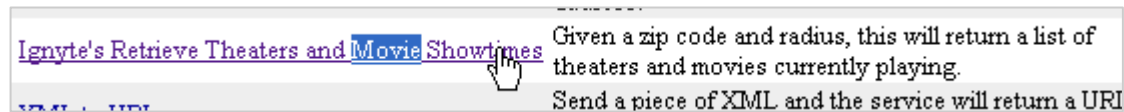
Publisher	Style	Service Name	Description
VOORSPRONG	DOC	<a href="#">Try It</a> <a href="#">ISBNTest</a>	This webservice validate an 10 c number
VOORSPRONG	DOC	<a href="#">Try It</a> <a href="#">ElevenTest</a>	Checksum ElfP Bank Account
aandreu	RPC	<a href="#">Try It</a> <a href="#">Salted SHA Hash Generator</a>	A SOAP servic hashes.

## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Select the WSDL

- ▶▶ From the Xmethods site full list, then scroll (or Ctrl/F find) the Ignyte Retrieve Theaters and Movie Showtimes service



- ▶▶ Click the link for the Web Service you wish to copy from the Xmethods site:





## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Save the WSDL

▶▶ Save the WSDL to your project's **\WebContent\WEB-INF\wsdl\** folder as: **moviefunctions.wsd** (note you will need to rename the extension in the project and probably Refresh (F5) the project directory you save into)

**X METHODS**    [Home](#) · [Interfaces](#) · [Tools](#) · [Implementations](#) · [Manage](#) · [Register](#)

### Ignyte's Retrieve Theaters and Movie Showtimes

[Try It](#)

<b>WSDL</b>	<a href="http://www.ignyte.com/webservices/ignyte_whatsshowing.webservice">http://www.ignyte.com/webservices/ignyte_whatsshowing.webservice</a>
<b>RPC Profile</b>	Open
<b>SOAP Binding</b>	Open in New Window
<b>Key</b>	Print Target

MovieInfo    DD6D1

File name:

Save as type:

Project Explorer

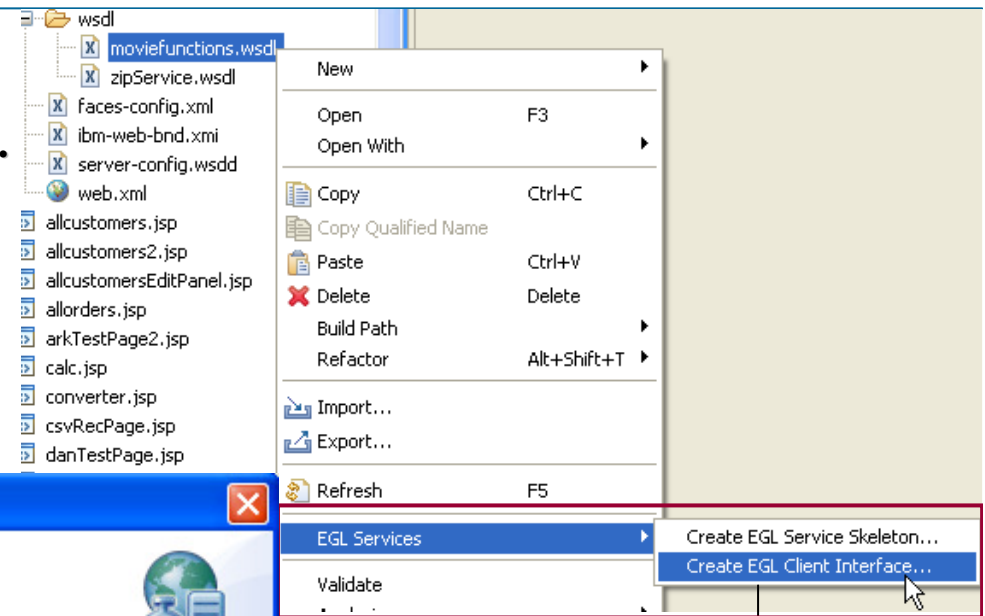
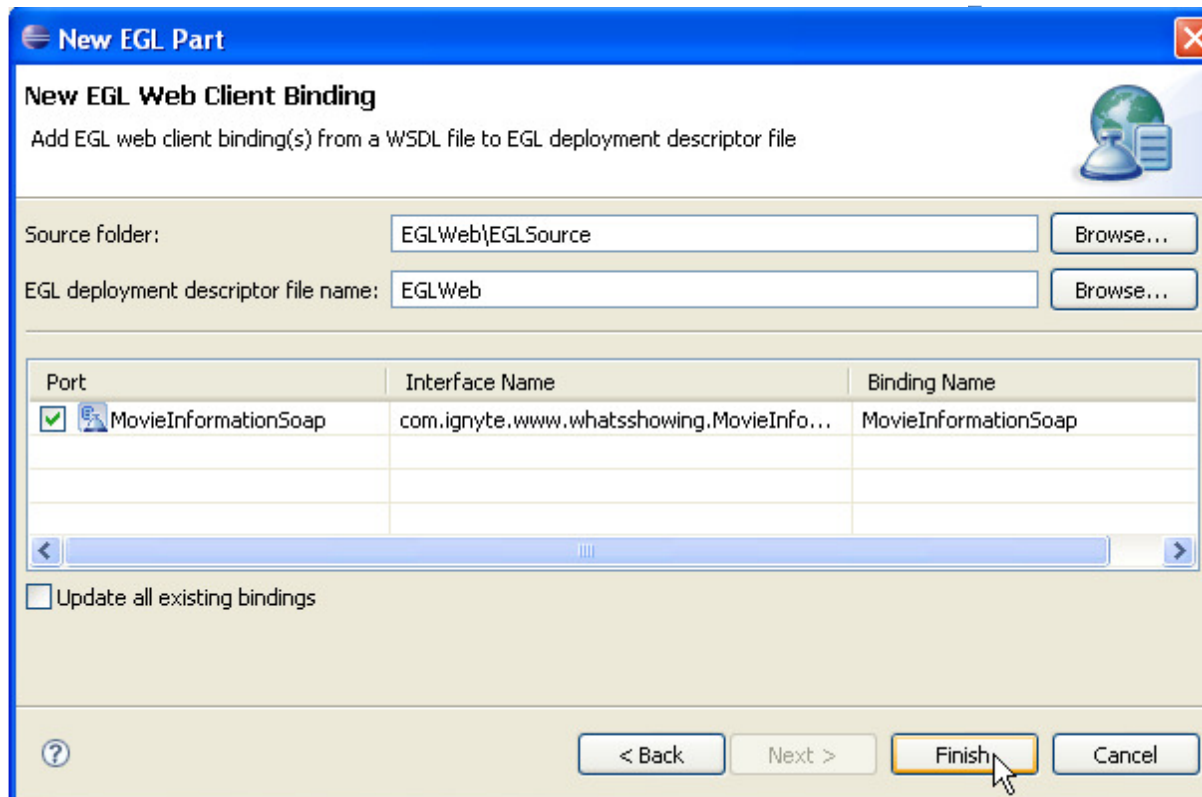
- build
- WebContent
  - images
  - META-INF
  - theme
  - WEB-INF
    - lib
    - ws
    - wsdl
      - moviefunctions.wsd
      - ZipService.wsd
      - faces-config.xml

## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Create the EGL Interface

- ▶▶ **Right click over moviefunctions.wsdl – select:**
  - **EGL Services > Create EGL Client Interface...**
  - **Click Next > two times**

From New EGL Web Client Binding

- Click **Finish**



## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – The EGL Interface

☞ This will create an EGL Interface to the 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – that you can now reference in (call from) client business logic.

```
moviefunctions.egl x
package com.ignite.www.whatsshowing;

record Theater()
    Name string?;
    Address string?;
    Movies Movie?[];
end

record Movie()
    Rating string?;
    Name string?;
    RunningTime string?;
    ShowTimes string?;
end

record UpcomingMovie()
    MovieName string?;
end

interface MovieInformationSoap{@xml {name="MovieInformationSoap", namespace="http

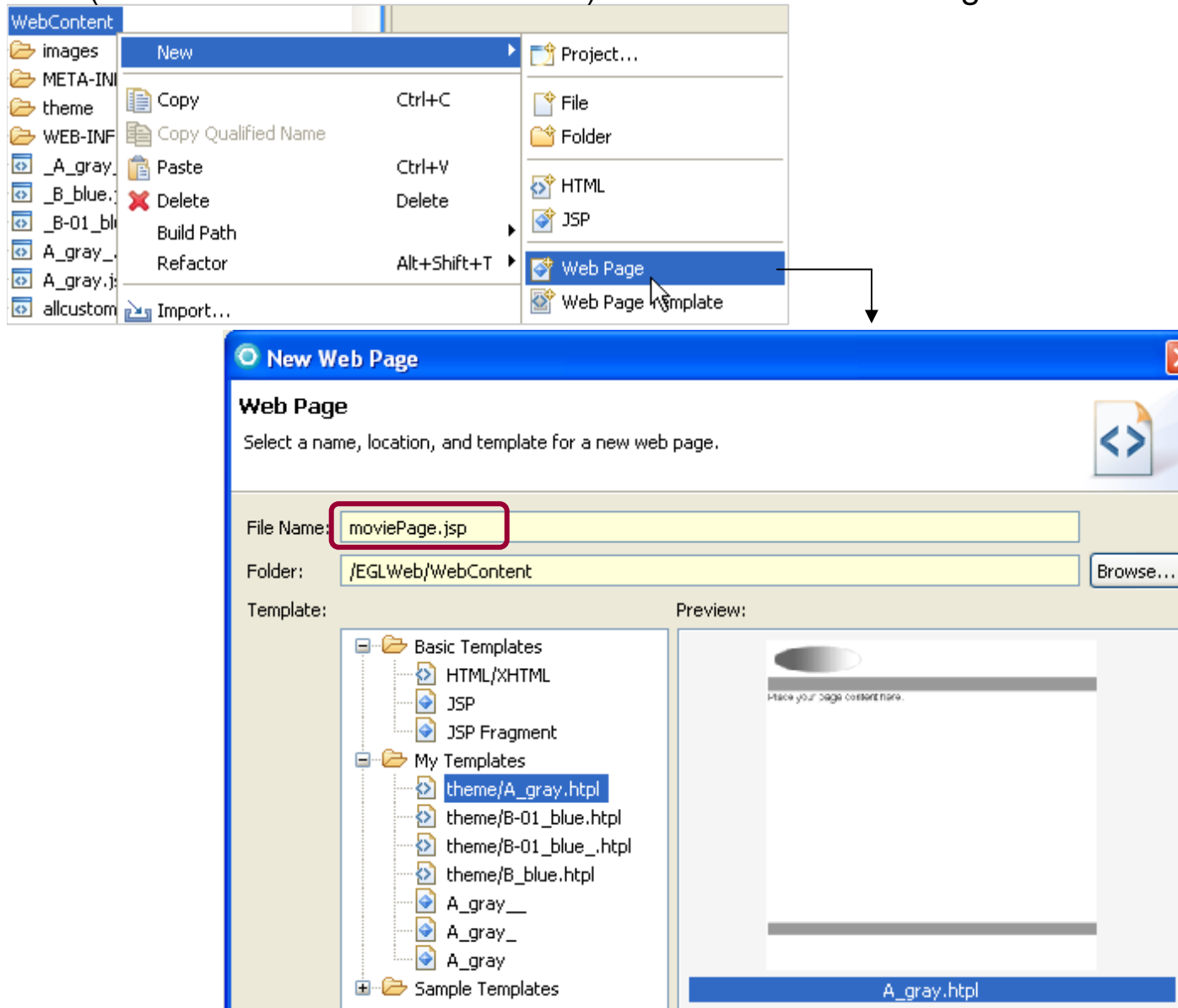
    function GetUpcomingMovies(month int in, year int in) returns(UpcomingMovie?[]
    function GetTheatersAndMovies(zipCode string? in, radius int in) returns(Theat
```

But first we need to generate all the new Java Classes for all these new project resources

▶▶ (From Project Explorer) **Generate your project** – note that you may receive Java Generation errors, which will clean themselves up when you create the page (next part of lab)

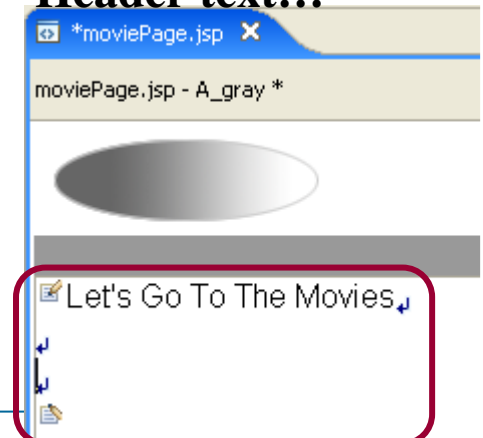
## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Create a New Web Page

▶▶ (From the **\WebContent\** folder) Create a new Web Page named: **moviePage.jsp**



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. At the top, the 'WebContent' folder is selected in the Project Explorer. The 'New' menu is open, and the 'Web Page' option is highlighted. Below this, the 'New Web Page' dialog box is displayed. The 'File Name' field contains 'moviePage.jsp', the 'Folder' is '/EGLWeb/WebContent', and the 'Template' list shows 'theme/A\_gray.html' selected. A preview of the template is shown on the right. The 'File Name' field is highlighted with a red box.

**Change the default Header text...**



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. The 'moviePage.jsp' file is open in the editor. The file content is 'Let's Go To The Movies'. The text is highlighted with a red box.

## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Edit the JSFHandler Code

- ▶▶ Edit the Page Code, (**moviePage.egl**) and using Content Assist create the following JSFHandler logic

Note – please either use **Content Assist** to create this logic, or copy/paste the completed code from the Notes section of this slide.

- ▶▶ **Press Ctrl/S** – and clean up any typos or syntax errors 😊

```
package jsfhandlers;

import com.ibm.egl.jsf.*;
import com.ignite.www.whatsshowing.MovieInformationSoap;
import com.ignite.www.whatsshowing.Theater;

handler moviePage type JSFHandler
{onConstructionFunction = onConstruction,
 onPrerenderFunction = onPrerender,
 view = "moviePage.jsp",
 viewRootVar = viewRoot}

viewRoot UIViewRoot;
theaters Theater?[0]; //array of Theater records
zipCode string; //where do you live?
radius int; //how far do you want to drive?

// Function Declarations
function onConstruction()
end

function findMovies()
movieInformationSoap MovieInformationSoap {@bindService};
theaters = movieInformationSoap.GetTheatersAndMovies(zipCode, radius);
end

function onPrerender()
end
end
```

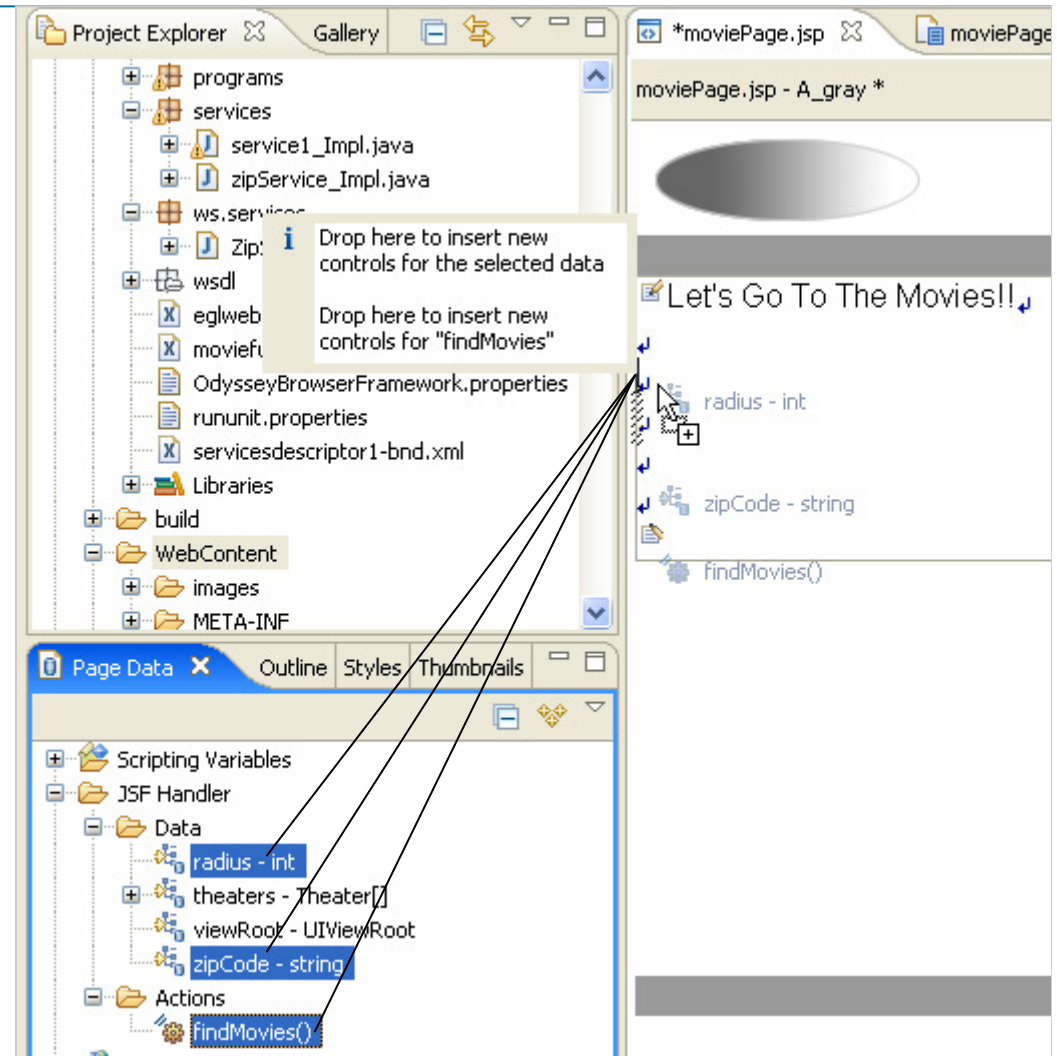
## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Edit the JSFHandler Code

From Page Designer

- ▶▶ **Press Ctrl/S** – to refresh/synchronize the tools

From Page Data

- ▶▶ Hold down the **Ctrl** key, and select:
  - radius - int**
  - zipCode - string**
  - findMovies ()**
- ▶▶ Drag and drop them onto the page
- ▶▶ Make the fields Input fields
  - ◎ **Updating an existing record**
- ▶▶ Delete any extraneous Submit Buttons created



# ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Edit the JSFHandler Code

From Page Data

- ▶▶ Select:
  - `theaters – Theater[]`
- ▶▶ Drag and drop the array onto the page
- ▶▶ Make all columns read-only
  - ⊙ Displaying an existing record
  
- ▶▶ Click the ellipsis next to **Multi-Column Data**
  
- ▶▶ Make the nested columns read-only
  - ⊙ Displaying an existing record
  
- ▶▶ Click Finish twice

## OPTIONAL

- ▶▶ With the table selected, feel free to change display properties:
  - ▶▶ **Outer table:**
    - ▶▶ **Border: 1**
  - ▶▶ **Inner table:**
    - ▶▶ **From Display options: delete columnClass1**

**Insert List Control**

**Configure Data Controls**  
Specify the columns to display and how to display them

Data control to create: Multi-Column Data Table (one table row per data entry)

Create controls for:

- Displaying an existing record (read-only)
- Updating an existing record
- Creating a new record

Columns to display:

Column Name	Label	Control Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Name (string)	Name	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Address (string)	Address	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Movies (Movie[])	Movies	Multi-Column Data

All None Options...

**Insert List Control**

**Configure Data Controls**  
Specify the columns to display and how to display them

Create controls for:

- Displaying an existing record (read-only)
- Updating an existing record
- Creating a new record

Columns to display:

Column Name	Label	Control Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rating (string)	Rating	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Name (string)	Name	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RunningTime (string)	RunningTime	Output field
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ShowTimes (string)	ShowTimes	Output field


All None Options...

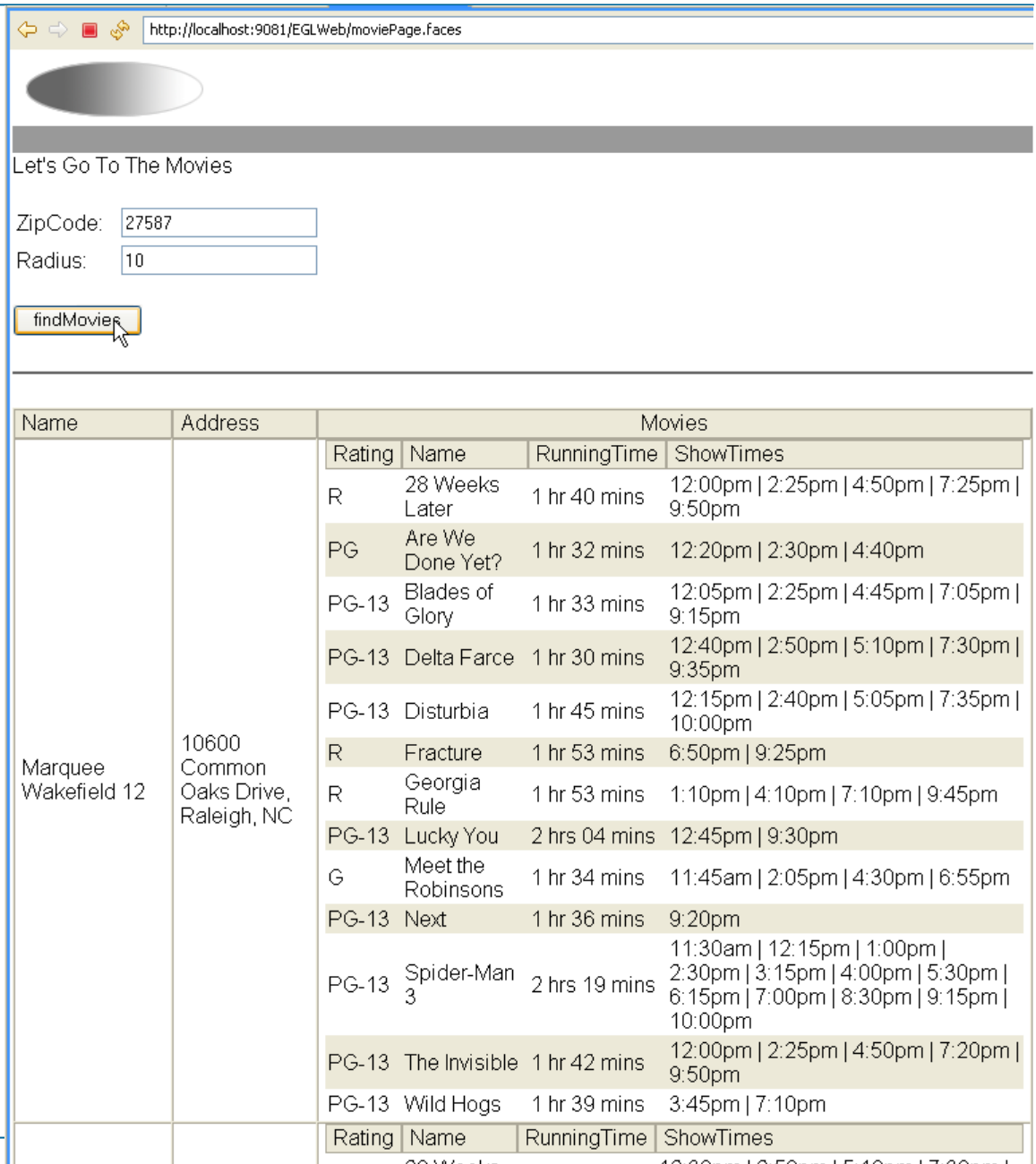
Finish Cancel

## ▶▶ Consuming a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Web Service – Edit the JSFHandler Code

### ▶▶ Run the page

- ▶▶ Enter a valid U.S. Postal Code (**ZipCode: 90210, 54903, etc**), and enter an integer number (**Radius**) which represents how far - in miles, you would be willing to travel to go to the movies.

 **Note that you must have a live, free and clear internet connection (sans Firewall) for this page to work.**



Name	Address	Movies			
		Rating	Name	RunningTime	ShowTimes
Marquee Wakefield 12	10600 Common Oaks Drive, Raleigh, NC	R	28 Weeks Later	1 hr 40 mins	12:00pm   2:25pm   4:50pm   7:25pm   9:50pm
		PG	Are We Done Yet?	1 hr 32 mins	12:20pm   2:30pm   4:40pm
		PG-13	Blades of Glory	1 hr 33 mins	12:05pm   2:25pm   4:45pm   7:05pm   9:15pm
		PG-13	Delta Farce	1 hr 30 mins	12:40pm   2:50pm   5:10pm   7:30pm   9:35pm
		PG-13	Disturbia	1 hr 45 mins	12:15pm   2:40pm   5:05pm   7:35pm   10:00pm
		R	Fracture	1 hr 53 mins	6:50pm   9:25pm
		R	Georgia Rule	1 hr 53 mins	1:10pm   4:10pm   7:10pm   9:45pm
		PG-13	Lucky You	2 hrs 04 mins	12:45pm   9:30pm
		G	Meet the Robinsons	1 hr 34 mins	11:45am   2:05pm   4:30pm   6:55pm
		PG-13	Next	1 hr 36 mins	9:20pm
		PG-13	Spider-Man 3	2 hrs 19 mins	11:30am   12:15pm   1:00pm   2:30pm   3:15pm   4:00pm   5:30pm   6:15pm   7:00pm   8:30pm   9:15pm   10:00pm
		PG-13	The Invisible	1 hr 42 mins	12:00pm   2:25pm   4:50pm   7:20pm   9:50pm
		PG-13	Wild Hogs	1 hr 39 mins	3:45pm   7:10pm
				Rating	Name



## ▶▶ OPTIONAL – Call Google Maps using the Cinema’s Address – 1 of 2

👁️ What if you wanted to allow users to click on a cinema address, and have that bring up a **GOOGLEMAP** of that address? Here are the steps (note that you may need help from your instructor on this).

- ▶▶ Copy/paste the code in this slide’s Notes, as a new function:
- ▶▶ **Ctrl/S** – save your code


```

theaters = movieInformationSoap.GetTheatersAndMovies(zipCode, radius);
end

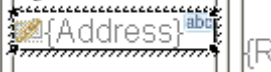

function getAddressMapFunc ()
tableEx1 UIData;
tableEx1 = viewRoot.findComponent("form1:tableEx1");
row int = tableEx1.getRowIndex() +1;
googlecity string = theaters[row].Address;
site string = "http://www.google.com/maps?hl=en&tab=wl&q="+googleCity;
forward to url site;
end
    
```

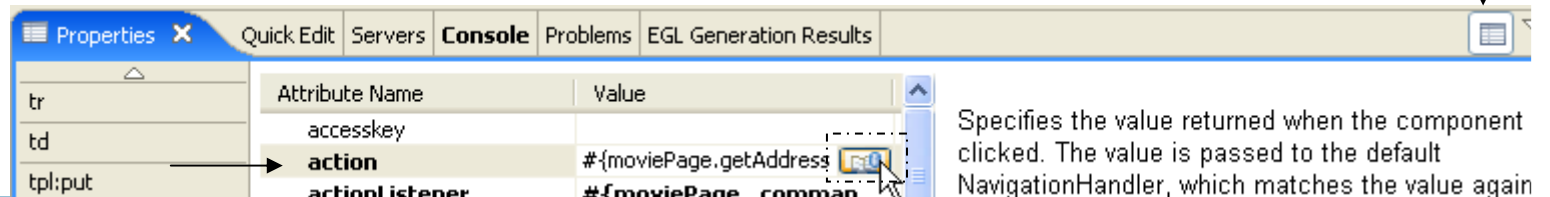
### ▶▶ From Page Designer

- ▶▶ From the Palette/Enhanced Faces Components – find: **Link – Command** 

 If it’s not on the Palette you will have to Customize the Palette in order to show this option. Please ask your instructor for assistance on this – or, from the EGL-JSF.PPT, read the slides starting with the slide titled: **Customizing the Palette**

### ▶▶ Assuming you have the Link-Command in your Palette

- ▶▶ **Select the Address field in the dataTable** 
- ▶▶ **Double-Click the Link Command**
- ▶▶ **From Properties click the All Attributes icon** 
- ▶▶ **From action, click the Browse icon and select: getAddressMapFunc()**



The screenshot shows the IDE's Properties window. The 'action' attribute is selected, and its value is '#moviePage.getAddressMapFunc()'. A tooltip for the 'Browse' icon is visible, stating: 'Specifies the value returned when the component clicked. The value is passed to the default NavigationHandler, which matches the value again'.

# ▶▶ OPTIONAL – Call Google Maps using the Cinema’s Address – 2 of 2

▶▶ Run the page. Find movies and click an Address



Let's Go To The Movies

ZipCode:

Radius:

Name	Address	Movies		
Marquee Wakefield 12	10600 Common Oaks Drive, Raleigh, NC	Rating	Name	Runni
		R	American Gangster	2 hrs mins
		PG	August Rush	1 hr 5 mins
		PG	Bee Movie	1 hr 3 mins
		PG-13	Dan in Real Life	1 hr 3 mins
		PG	Enchanted	1 hr 4 mins
		PG	Fred Claus	1 hr 5 mins

Google Maps

Search: 10600 Common Oaks Drive, Raleigh, NC

Search the map | Find businesses | Get directions

Search Results | My Maps

10600 Common Oaks Dr  
Raleigh, NC 27614

[Make this my default location](#)

# Summary

---

- EGL and RDi-SOA
  - Easy transition for RPG and COBOL developers
  - Best Web 2.0 tooling on the market today
  - Evolve RPG and COBOL assets into Web Applications
  - UI Enrichment opportunities abound
  - Low risk, Quick ROI
  - Flexible deployment targets
  - Highly productive and flexible language and environment
  - Migrate at your own rate and pace: interactive programs only, complete applications, or entire systems
- Next Steps
  - Run a pilot
  - Contact Your IBM Reps

## IBM EGL useful links

---

- Rational Developer for i for SOA Construction
  - ▶ <http://www-01.ibm.com/software/awdtools/developer/rdisoa/>
- RDi SOA – Trails and Installation
  - ▶ <http://www-949.ibm.com/software/rational/cafe/docs/DOC-3128>
- History of EGL
  - ▶ <http://www-949.ibm.com/software/rational/cafe/docs/DOC-3161>
- EGL Trial Download
  - ▶ <http://www-949.ibm.com/software/rational/cafe/docs/DOC-1384>
- RBD (Rational Business Developer)
  - ▶ <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/rational/products/rbde/>
  - ▶ <http://www-142.ibm.com/software/products/tw/zh/busdeveloper>