

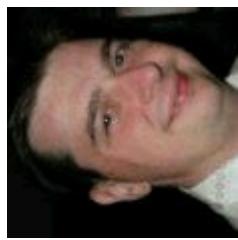


IBM ECM UK UserGroup 2008

Connecting the ECM Community

Technical Breakout

Speakers



- **Phil Lyons** **ECM Consultant**

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- **Giles Metcalf** **ECM System Architect**

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- **Stephen Orrell** **ECM Systems Architect**

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Topics

- **Global Company, Global Architecture**
- **High Availability, Supporting Mission Critical Applications**
- **Security, Keep it Secret, Keep it Safe**
- **Open Discussion**

Global Company, Global Architecture

■ Phil Lyons, ECM Services Consultant

- Overview of Challenges and Focus Areas
- Decentralised Implementation
 - Using new distributed architecture features of P8 4.0
- Real Life Example
 - Global Architecture Implemented by Large Financial Conglomerate
- Discussion

Global Company, Global Architecture

- **Key Challenges**

- Infrastructure
- Data Centres
- WAN Capability
- Satellite Offices
- Local Data Privacy Laws, Policies, Banking Regulations
- Distributed User Base
- Duplicated Requirements
- Duplicated and Distributed Implementation Streams
- Duplicated Costs
- IT Controllership
- Business Process Controllership
- Avoiding Silos

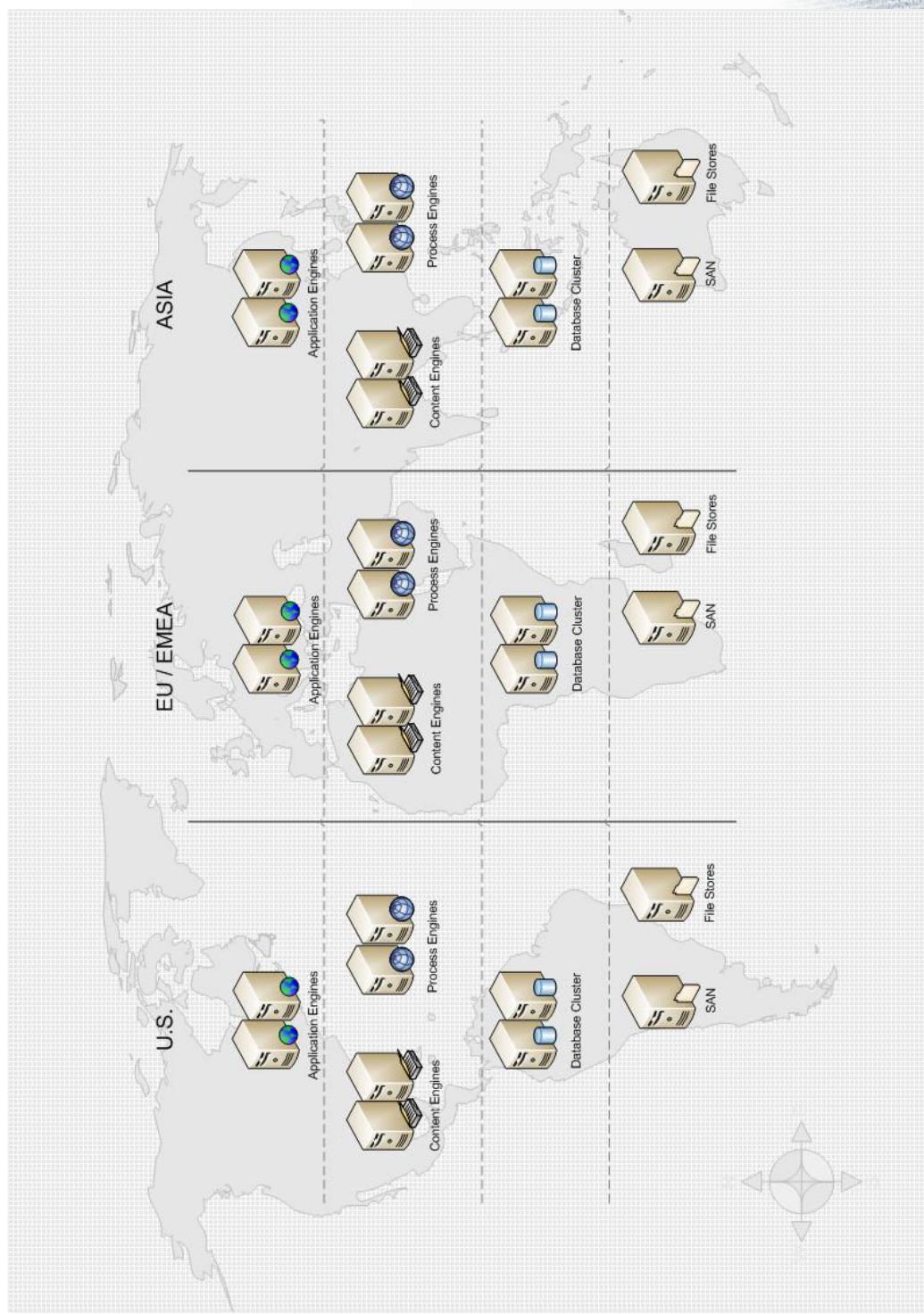


Global Company, Global Architecture

- **Areas of Focus**
 - Geographical Regions / Poles, US, EU & Asia
 - Infrastructure
 - Decentralised Implementation
 - Data Centre Requirements
 - WAN Capability
 - Data Privacy Requirements
 - Distributed Storage
 - Visibility as a Single Domain
 - Single Point of Access
 - User
 - Application Integration
 - Enterprise Search

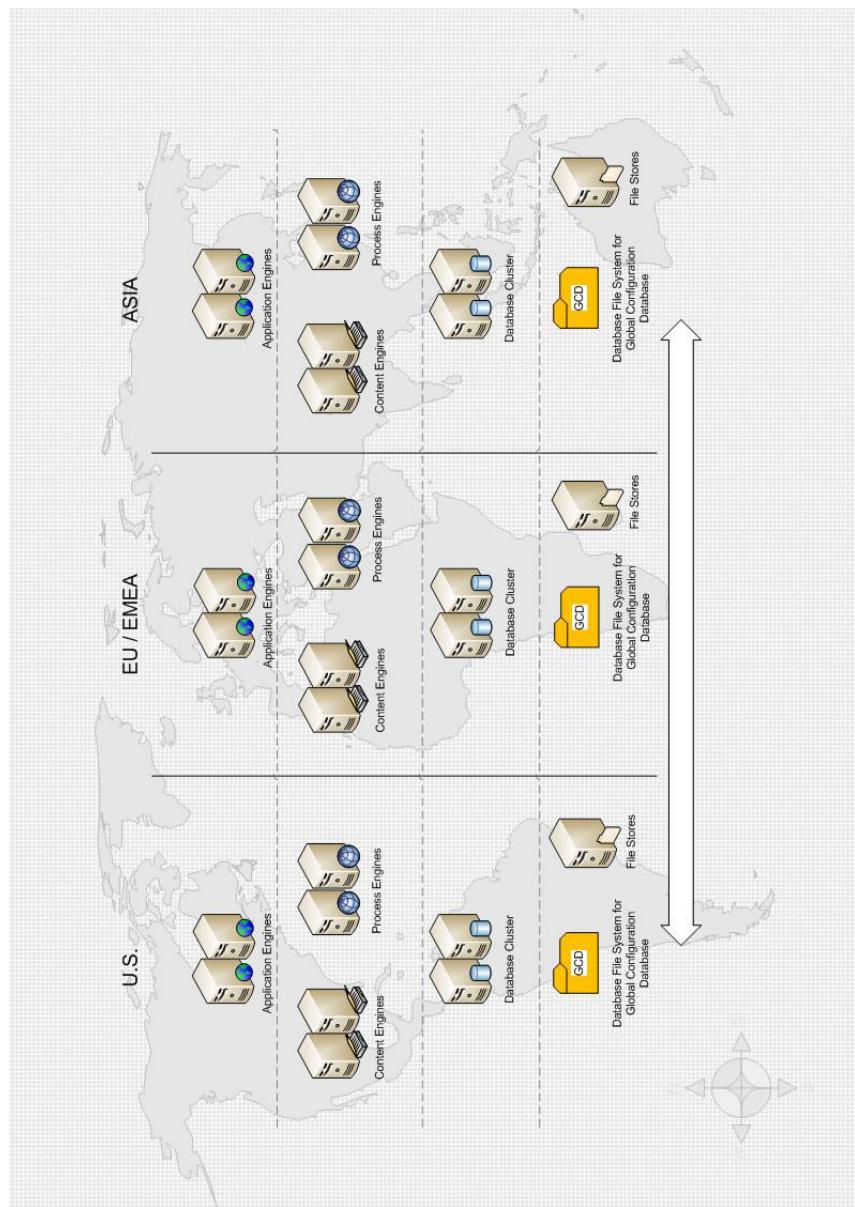


Decentralised Global Implementation



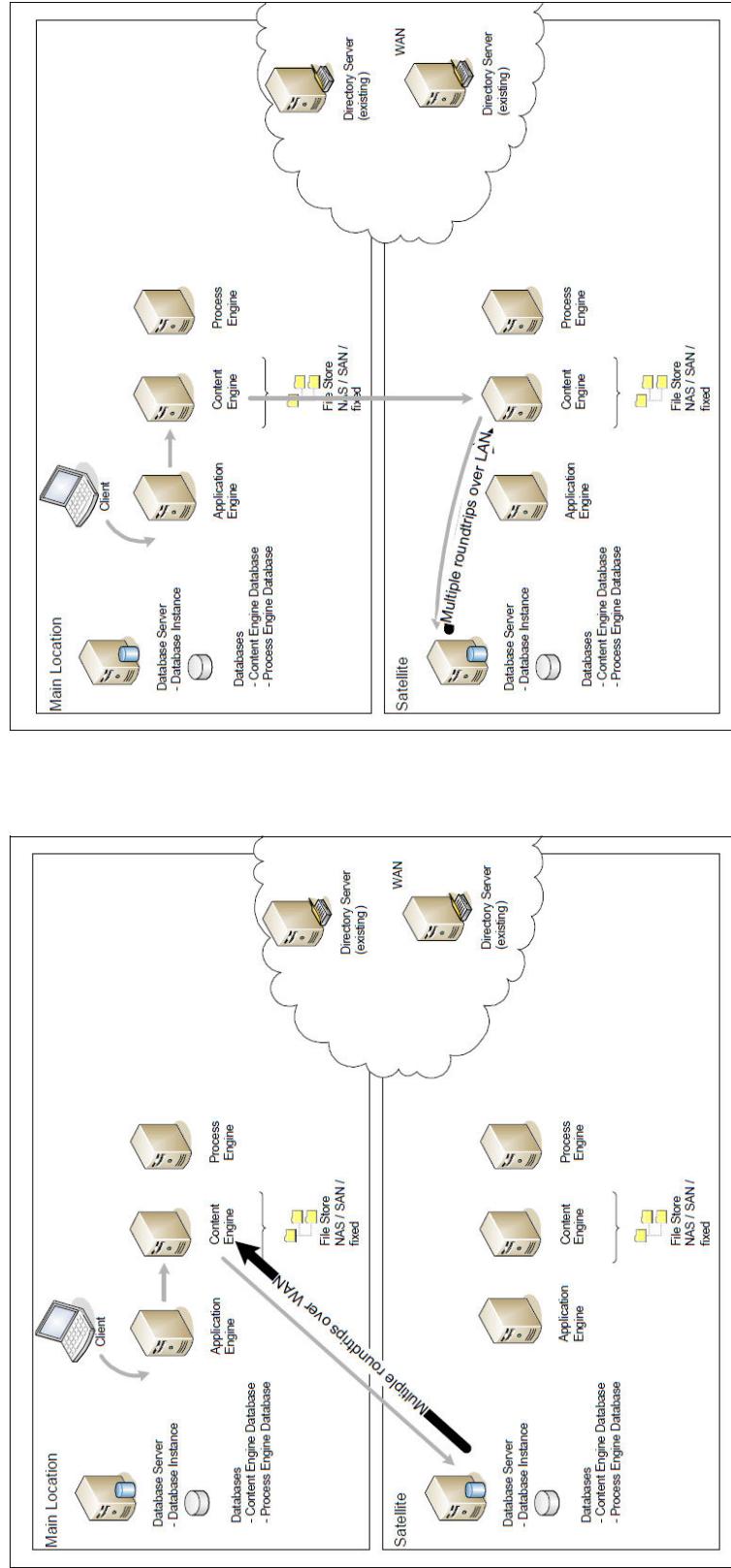
Single Domain?

- Use Upgrade Tool to Merge into a single P8 Domain
- Bi-Directional GCD Database Replication

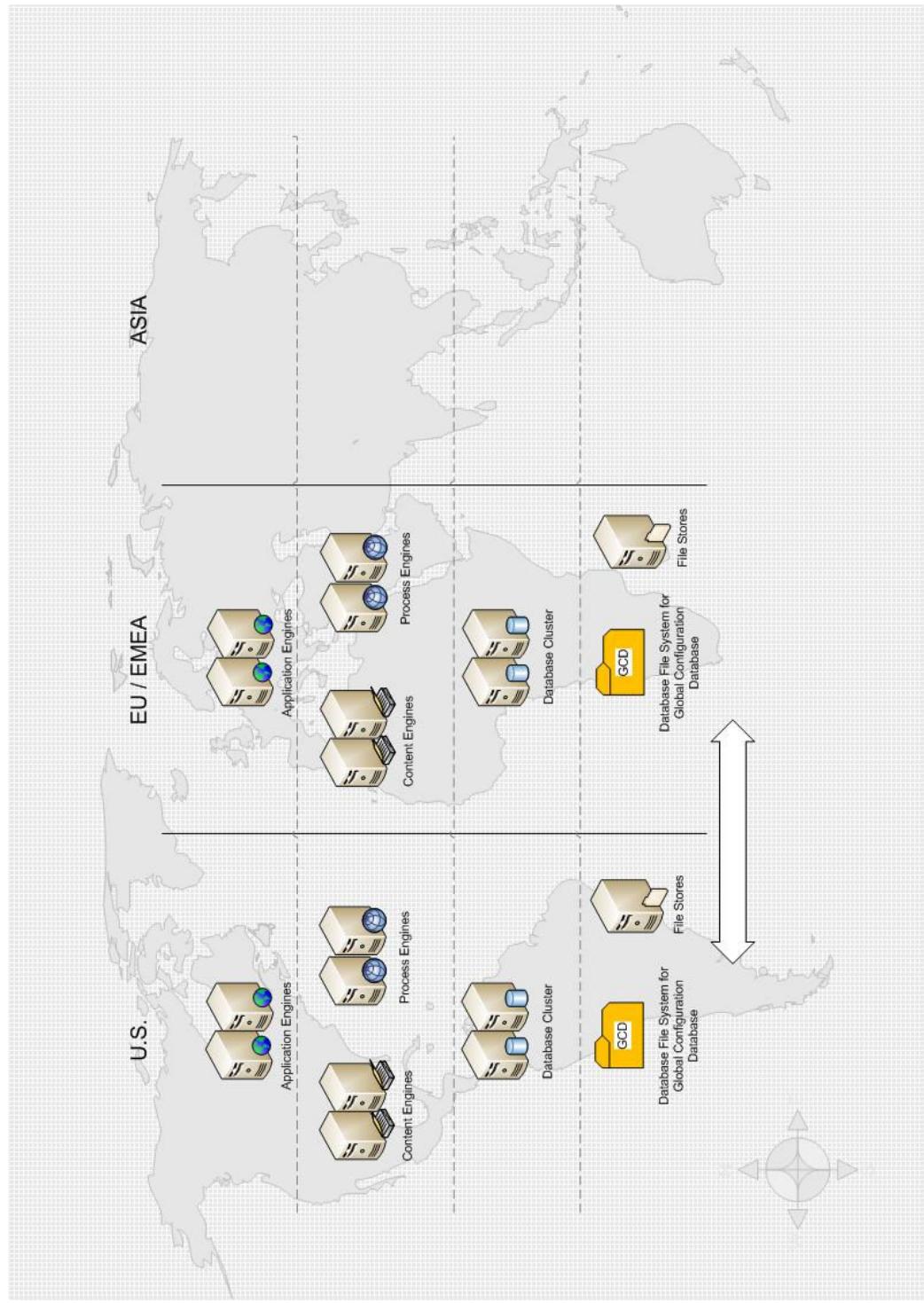


Request Forwarding

- When talking about distributed systems, the efficient use of the network bandwidth between the locations is essential. In this area, IBM FileNet P8 4.0 includes major benefits.



Real Life Example – Large Financial Conglomerate



Real Life Example - Objectives

- **Single Repository for all Documentation**
- **Support Enterprise Search**
 - Single Domain
- **Managed by Central CoE in the U.S.**
 - IT Controllership
 - Best Practice
 - Reusability
 - Simplification
 - Application Roadmap and Strategy
- **Central Point for Application Integration using WebSphere**
 - ECM Everywhere, enable Front Office and Back Office applications to provide Document Management Functionality at transactional level.

Discussion

- **Distributed Storage**
- **Centre Of Excellence**
- **Monitoring**
 - FileNet System Monitor
 - User Experience Monitoring Tools



High Availability, Supporting Mission Critical Applications

■ Giles Metcalf ECM Systems Architect

■ Comparison of High Availability Approaches

- Farm versus Cluster in P8 Published Supported HA Practices

■ Some Real World Examples

- P8 ECM High Availability best practices put into effect

■ Discussion

High Availability and Disaster Recovery are not equivalent!

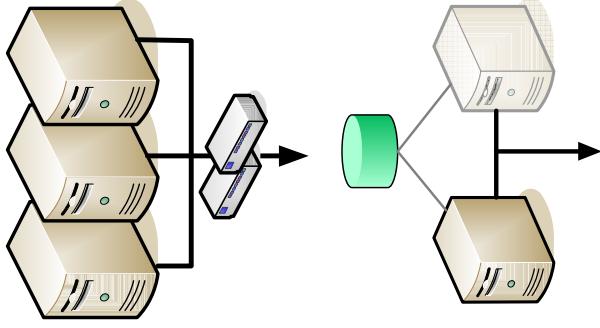
- **High Availability mitigates against minor system failures**
- **Disaster Recovery mitigates against extended loss of major systems**
- **High Availability systems are generally not geographically separated**
- **Disaster Recovery systems are always geographically separated**
- **High Availability failovers are instantaneous and transparent to users**
- **Disaster Recovery failovers may involve a time lag before service is restored**

A High Availability architecture does not remove the need for a good backup and DR policy!

Some options for High Availability architectures

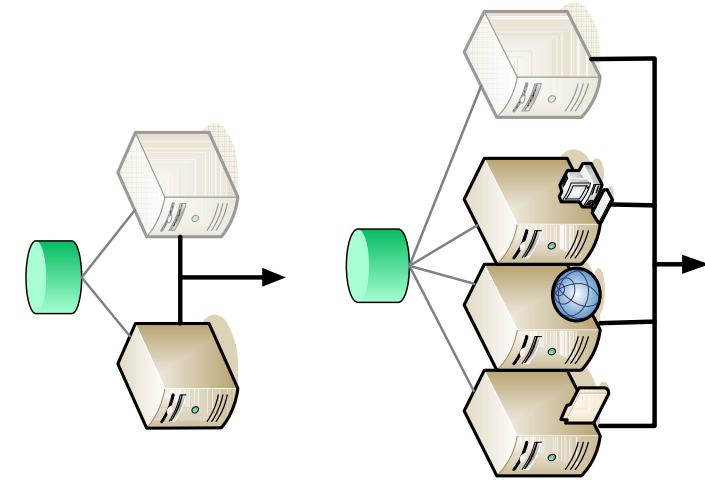
Server Farms

- Multiple equivalent systems and load balancers
- Best approach for application servers with minimal shared data
- Not optimal for data-centric servers (such as database servers)
- May show performance drop on failover unless adequately sized
- Requires load-balancing hardware or software
- Scalable



Asymmetric (Active-Passive) Server Clusters

- Equivalent systems and shared storage
- Best approach for data-centric servers with frequent updates
- Most expensive option for idle hardware
- No performance drop on failover
- Requires clustering software
- Less easily scalable



Asymmetric (N+1, N+M) Server Clusters

- Best for data-centric servers with frequent updates
- Multiple options for additional standby systems
- No performance drop on failover if N+1 or N+M architecture used
- Requires clustering software
- Can be scaled
- Multipurpose systems and shared storage

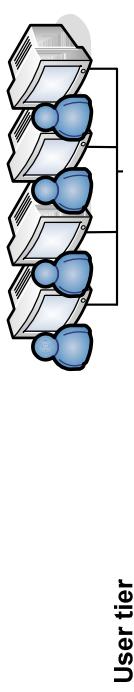
High-Availability Best Practice

- **Cluster Data Tier servers for high availability active - passive via symmetric, asymmetric or N+1 clusters type**
 - Exception: Oracle RAC can be deployed active - active
- **Farm P8 engine servers for high availability and scalability**
 - CE behind a hardware or software (e.g. WebSphere) load balancer
 - PE *must* be behind a hardware load balancer
 - AE behind a hardware or software (e.g. WebSphere) load balancer, using sticky sessions where P8 Workplace is utilised
 - Use shared disk between farmed AE instances to centralise Workplace configuration

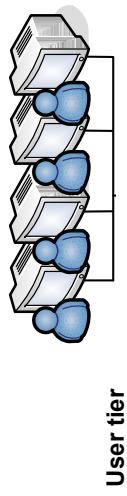
High-Availability Best Practice – Other Factors

- **Design Factors**
 - Applications running on the system must be designed with great care to avoid crashes or other failures.
 - Exception handling, both by administrators and application programs, must be well designed.
- **Deployment factors**
 - Comprehensive testing and staging of the system is paramount to avoiding production downtime.
 - Deployment of a new application into production must be planned and tested carefully to minimise complications.
- **Education factors**
 - System administrators need to be well-trained and dedicated full-time to their systems.
 - Thorough user training will help keep the system performing well, abuse can affect overall system performance.

Utility Company

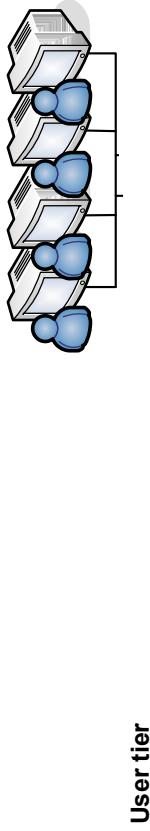


Central Government Department



User tier

Real-life Examples – High Street Bank



Discussion

Some topics that we may wish to consider:

- **Resilience versus cost**
 - Need to balance cost of high levels of resilience against business cost of outage
 - True Business cost of an outage
- **Farming versus clustering**
 - IBM recommends farming for P8 servers
 - Scalability



Introduction – Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems

Stephen Orrell ECM Systems Architect

- **Summary of published best practices**
 - Review prior to implementing any P8 ECM system
- **Introduction to the Document Repository Service project**
 - Large UK Government Department strategic ECM system
- **Detailed look at user authentication within the DRS**
 - Real world example of P8 ECM security best practices put into effect
- **Discussion**



Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems – Published Best Practices

■ **Access, integrity, privacy and verification**

- Understand which aspects of each are within the realm of P8 and which lie outside
- Fully understand the ACL and ACE model and how it is utilised in P8 ECM prior to doing any design work

■ **Provide a single source repository of record for authentication information**

- Security service and security service federation

■ **Develop an Enterprise wide standard for access security**

- Approved JAAS login modules for all J2EE applications



Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems – Published Best Practices (2)

- **Limit physical access to hardware hosting P8 ECM**
 - Authorised sysadmins only
- **Always encrypt network traffic across untrusted networks**
 - Consider requirements for encryption on internal networks
- **Isolate the security domain into its own silo during development and testing**
 - Utilise development to test principals and authentication mechanisms that are separate from the production systems

Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems - In Practice... Large UK Government department

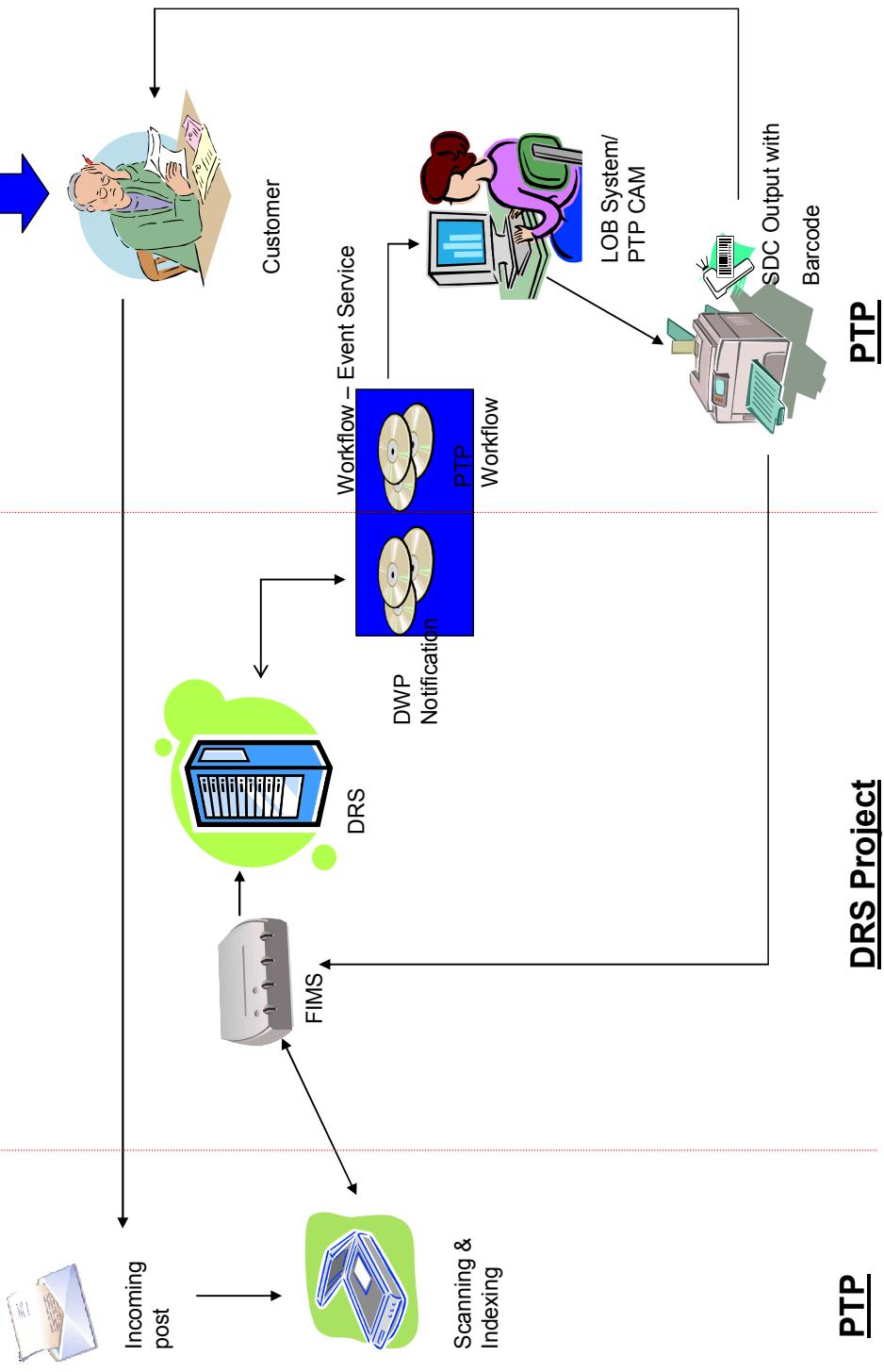
DRS project – The Challenges

- **DRS – Document Repository service**
 - Strategic initiative for Content Management
 - Content originates from multiple sources at high volumes
 - Accessed by multiple Business Units and Projects requiring content management services
- **First Business Unit**
 - 3,000 Siebel CRM users
 - Repository required for customer correspondence
 - ECM system must be ‘invisible’ to CRM users
 - DRS is strategic for the whole department



Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems - In Practice... Large UK Government department (2)

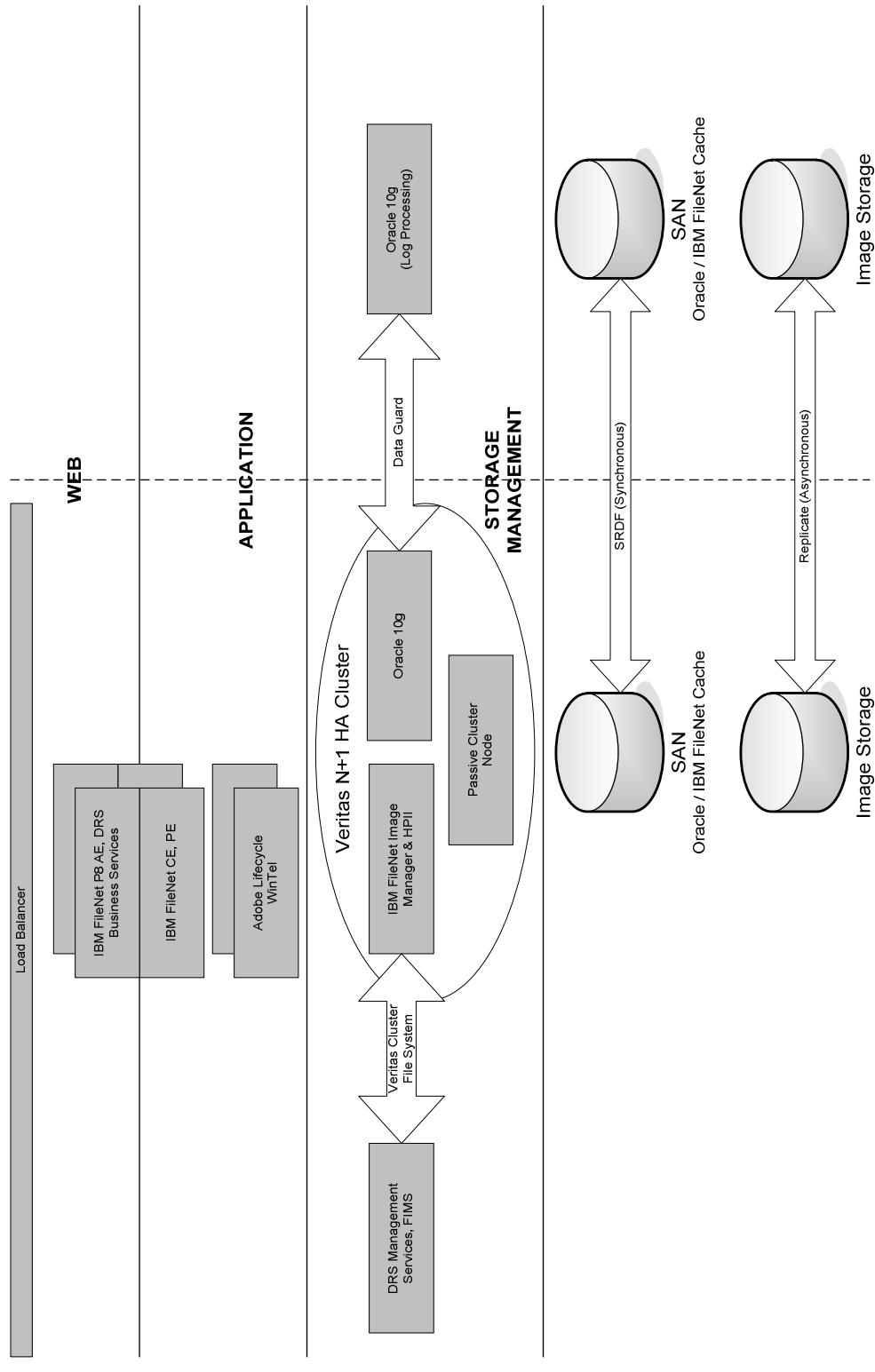
DRS - PTP High Level Solution





Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems - In Practice... Large UK Government department (3)

DRS Pilot Architecture... Active – Passive Production – DR, 24 hour recovery



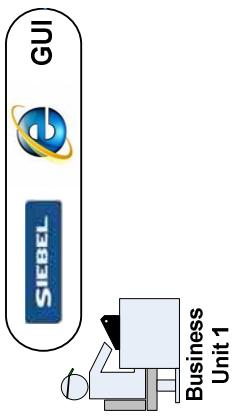


Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems - In Practice... Large UK Government department (4)

DRS Security Model

- **Single sign on**
 - Users log on via their line of business application
 - Desktop smart cards and PINs
- **Service Oriented Architecture**
 - Access to DRS content management only available via a published set of business web services
- **Design principles**
 - IBM FileNet out of the box components will be used wherever possible
- **Authorisation**
 - Document sensitivity
 - Separate business units accessing shared service
 - Takes place against corporate directory

Securing P8 Enterprise Content Management systems - In Practice... Large UK Government department (5)



Discussion

Topics we may wish to consider...

- **Single sign on for P8 based applications**
 - What is supported and what isn't
- **How to enforce security in an ECM shared service**
 - Different security models
- **Security in a Service Oriented Architecture**
 - Securing web service interfaces
- **Auditing system access**
 - Out of the box or custom audit
 - What additional auditing may be required



Open Discussion

- The Upgrade, Moving to P8 4.0
- Application Integration
- AOB?



Appendix

Topics

- P8 4.0 Architecture Changes
- Recommended Deployment Scenarios
- Upgrade Scenarios
- 3rd party Product Support

Changes in P8 4.0 Affecting HA/DR

- Content Engine Changes
- Process Engine Changes
- Platform support changes
 - Unix/Linux
 - File Stores → Unix file systems and NFS

Content Engine Changes: J2EE and Full Farming

- **CE App Server single J2EE deployment**
 - Simplifies installation and deployment
- **Farming CE Service**
 - Object Store Service, File Store Service, Cache Service become single CE Service
 - Includes CFS-IS
 - No requirement for File Store Service cluster
 - Simplifies HA configuration
- **Global Configuration Data (GCD) moved to database**
 - Simplifies DR configuration

Platform Changes: What About Unix and CE?

- Extended platform combinations
- NFS
- File Store architecture stays the same
 - Do not confuse “File Store”, File Store Service”, “File Server”, “File systems”

Process Engine Changes: Farming

- Farm nodes run in the native operating system
- Single Shared Database Instance
- No dependency between PE farm members
 - Exception is during workflow transfer
- Homogenous PE farm
 - Same platform and physical architecture
- External load balancer required

Comparing 3.5 and 4.0 HA/DR Capabilities

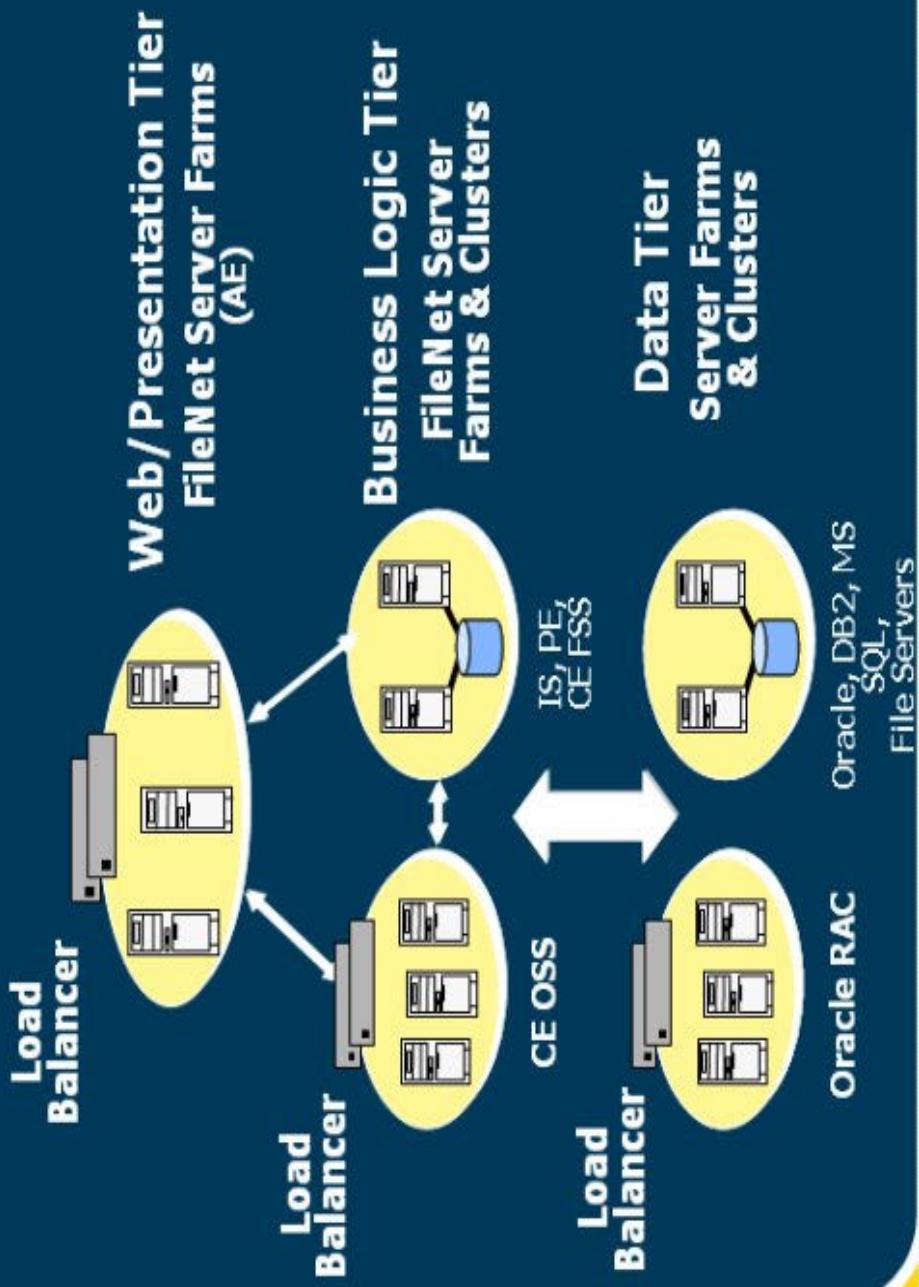
Component	P8 3.5	P8 4.0
Application Engine	Farmed	Farmed
Object Store Service	Farmed/clustered	CE service: farmed
File Store Service	Clustered	CE service: farmed
File Server	Clustered or NAS	Clustered or NAS
Cache	Not shared; not HA	CE service: farmed; see file server
CFS-IS	Clustered (if separate FSS)	CE service: farmed
Database Service	Clustered; Oracle RAC: farmed	Clustered; Oracle RAC: farmed
Process Engine	Clustered	Farmed/clustered
GCD	File system: clustered	Database
Image Services	Clustered	Clustered
Clustered: active/passive	Farmed: active/active/... active	

Farming and Load Balancing

Load balancing technology fronting...

	AE	CE	PE	CE/PE	RAC
Stateless	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Built-in
HW	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
SW	Yes*	Yes	Yes	Yes	Built-in
*	Reconnection required in case of failover				

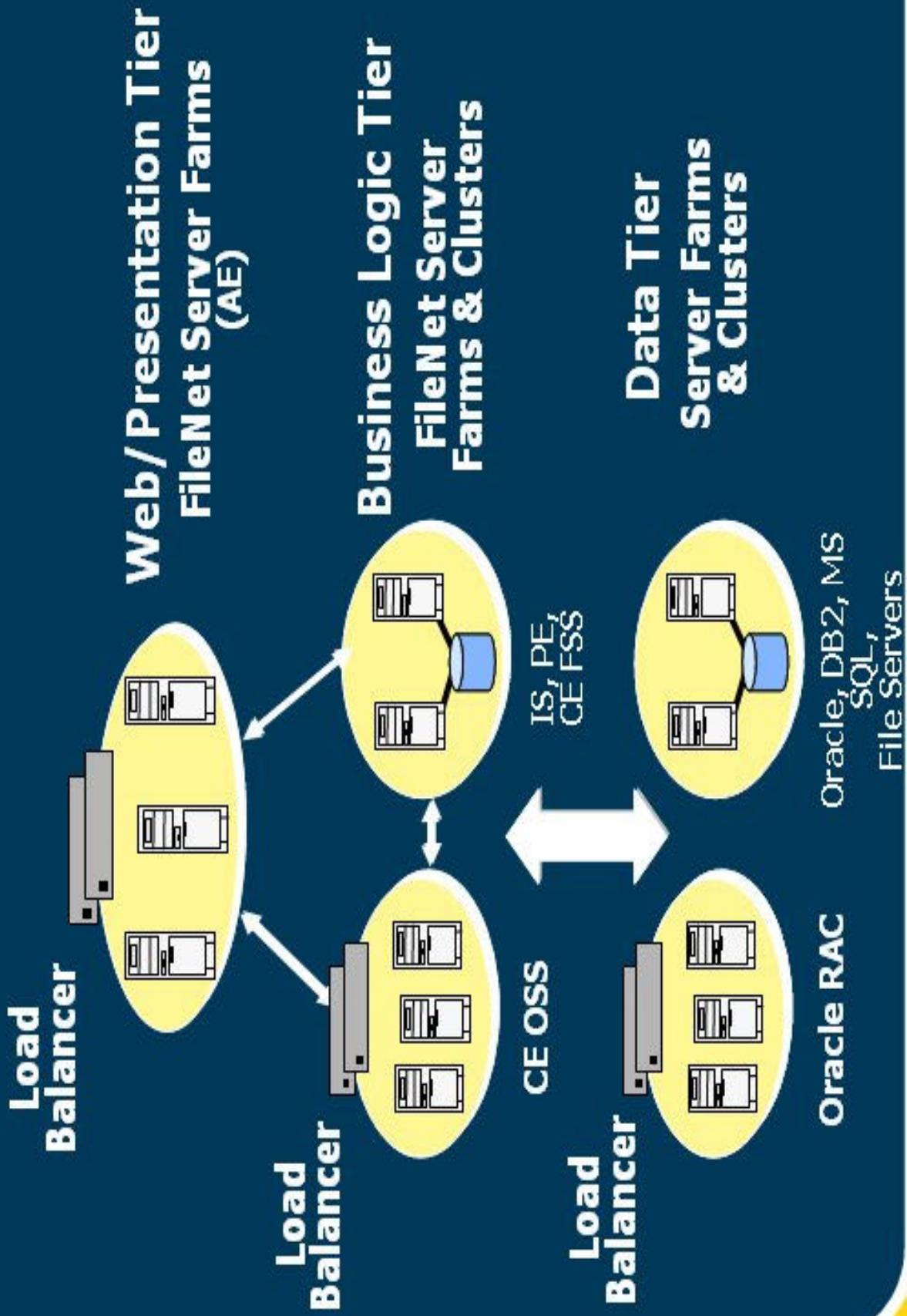
HADR Best Practices for FileNet P8 3.5



Component	P8 3.5	P8 4.0
Application Engine	Farmed	Farmed
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Process Engine	Clustered	Farmed/clustered
GCD	File system: clustered	Database
Image Services	Clustered	Clustered
Clustered: active/passive		Farmed: active/active/... active

- Why and where do we still need active/passive clustering?

- File Servers (if not NAS)
- Image Services
- Database Services
- Process Engine (optional)
- Process Analyzer (candidate for post qualified / SP1)



Production Site



Standby DR Site

Load Balancer

Web/Presentation Tier
FileNet Server Farms
(AE)

Load Balancer

Load Balancer

Business Logic Tier
FileNet Server Farms & Clusters

Load Balancer

CE, PE

IS

Load Balancer

Oracle RAC
DB2, Oracle,
MS SQL,
File Servers

Data Tier
Server Farms & Clusters

Load Balancer

Load Balancer

Load Balancer

Load Balancer

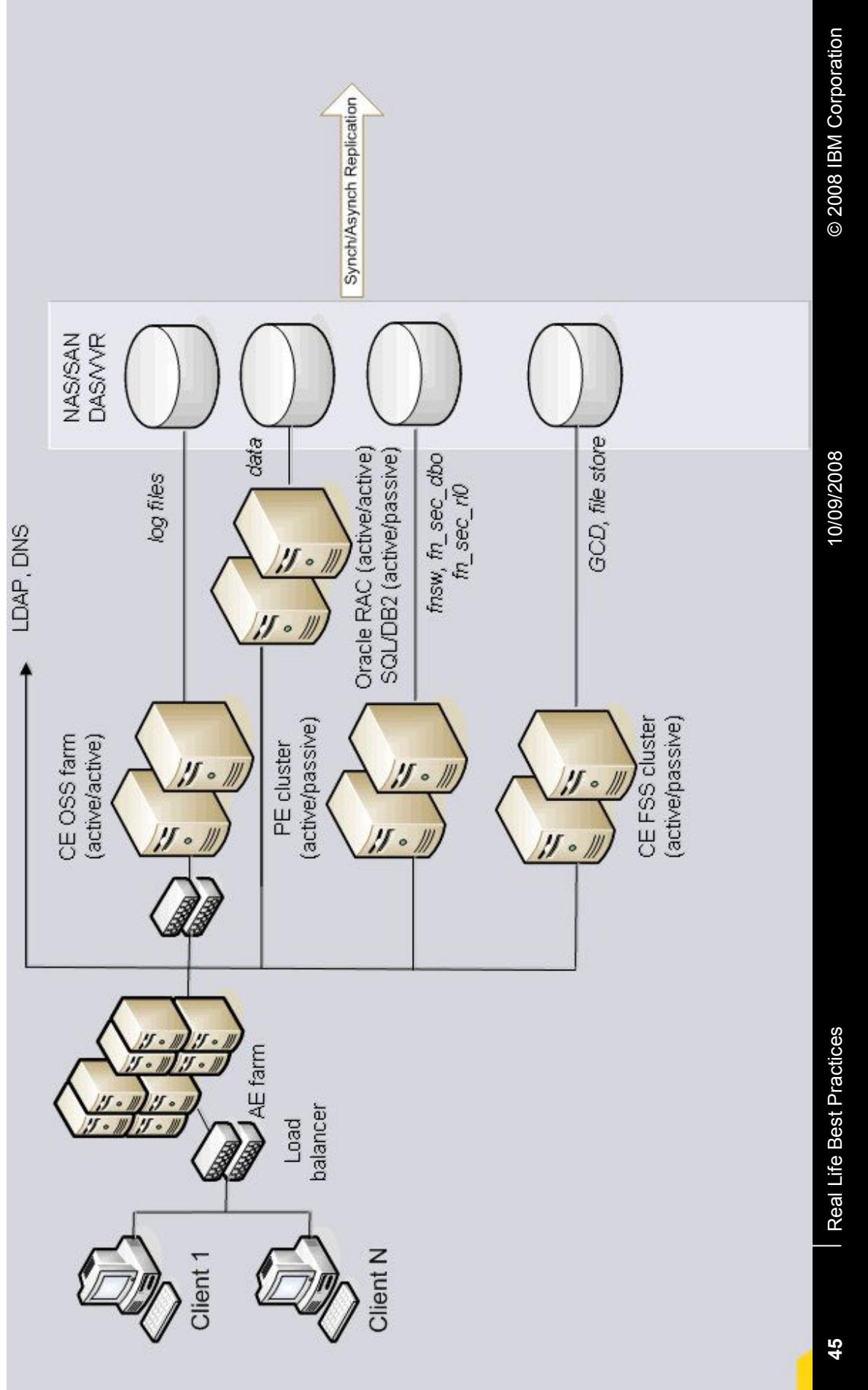
Load Balancer

Content/config Replication

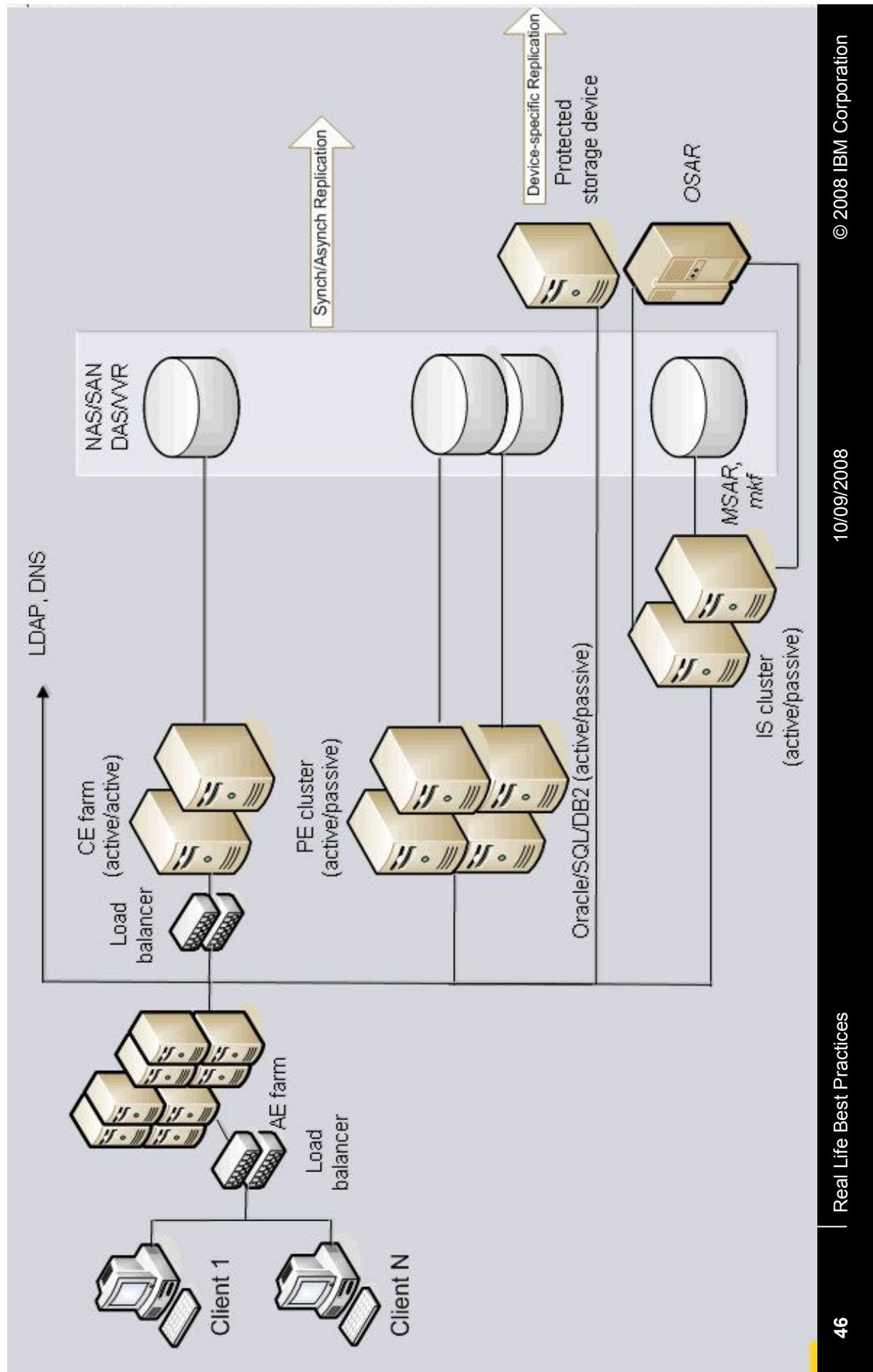
Data Replication

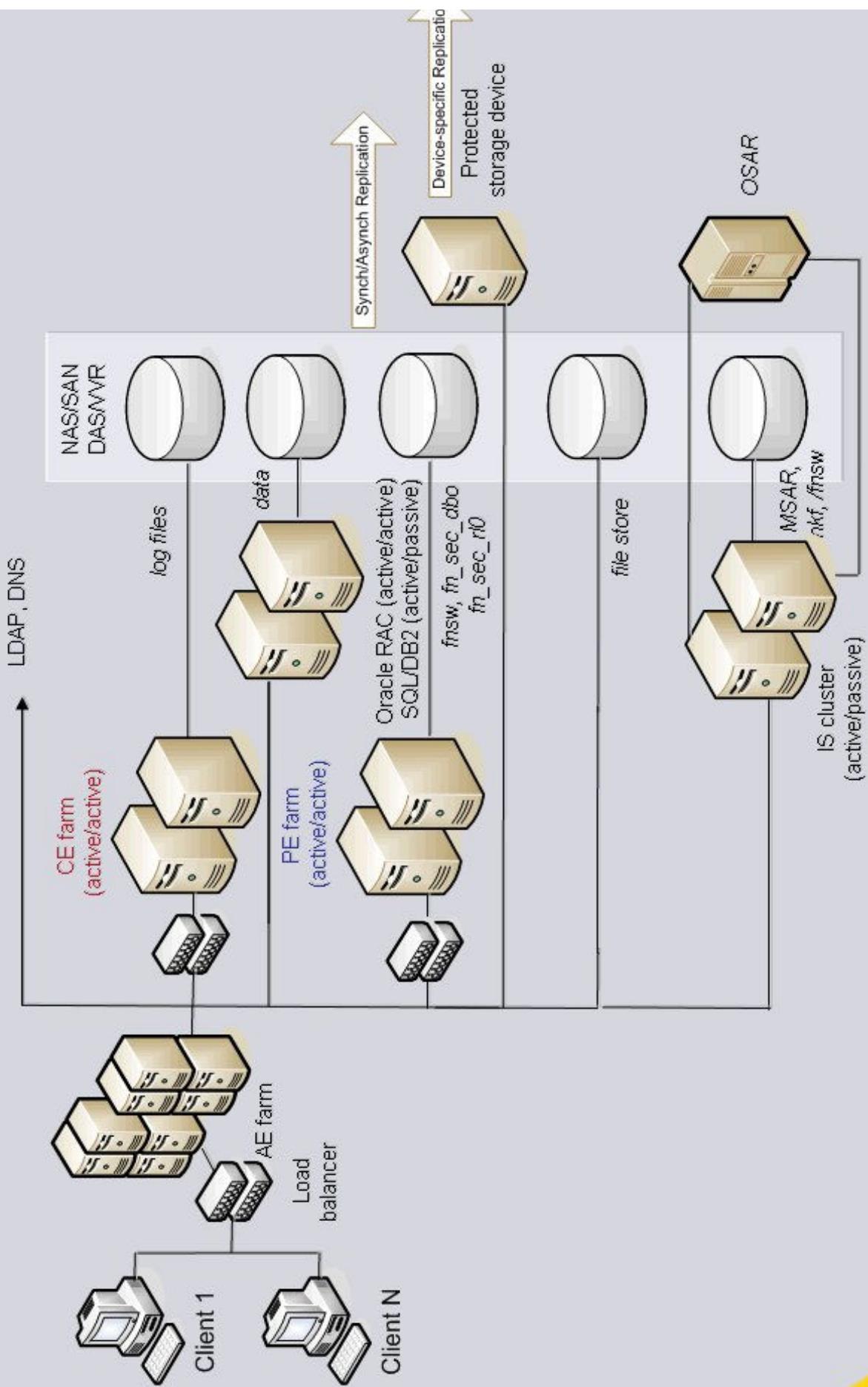
Real Life Best Practices

P8 3.5 HA System



P8 3.5 HA System - Before Upgrade



After

3rd Party Product Support for P8 4.0 GA

- Working on more flexible support policies for 3rd party products
- Load balancing
 - Cisco Local Director
 - WebLogic and WebSphere Load Balancing
- Clustering
 - Veritas Cluster Service (VCS) and custom agent certification for HP-UX, AIX, Solaris, Itanium for PE
 - VCS with database service on Oracle and SQL
 - Microsoft Cluster Service (MSCS) for PE
 - MSCS with database service on SQL server and Oracle
- DB farming
 - Oracle RAC 9i and 10g
- Replication
 - Veritas Volume Replicator (VVR)