



IBM Systems & Technology Group

Power Systems Update

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Agenda

Power Systems Processor Update

POWER6+

New Product Announcements

- Power 520
- Power 550
- Power Blades
- IO Drawers
- IO Adapters
- SSD

Virtualization

AIX / Linux

POWER6 Systems Technology Value...

Technology

- Roadmap
- Processor Instruction Retry
- Green Technology built in
- Common technology from blades to high-end

Performance

- Power Systems scalability from blades to high end systems
- Performance leadership in a variety of workloads
- Best Performance per core
- Memory and IO bandwidth

Virtualization

- Consolidate to higher levels
- Virtualize Processors, Memory, and I/O
- Dynamic movement of Partitions and Applications
- Reduce infrastructure costs

RAS

- Power Systems mainframe inspired RAS features
- Hot Add support / Concurrent Maintenance
- Alternate Process Recovery
- Operating Systems Availability Leadership













Processor Update



Power Processor History





POWER6+

POWER6+ Memory Keys:

- Adds 8 new memory keys
 - Helps prevent accidental memory over-writes that could cause critical applications to crash.

POWER6+ has 16 memory keys (8 Kernel, 7 User, 1 Hypervisor) while POWER6 has 8 (7 Kernel, 1 User)

Feature is unique to Power among UNIX, Linux, Windows, or IBM i systems

POWER6+ Systems:

- JS23 and JS43 Blades
- Power 520 @ 4.7 GHz
- Power 550 @ 5.0 GHz
- Power 560
- Power 570/16 @ 4.4 & 5.0 GHz
- Power 570/32 @ 4.2 GHz model

Customer Awareness:

- Clients can choose partition environments
- Compatibility mode option available.



POWER6 System Processor Options...





520+, JS23, & JS43



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Memory Channel Bandwidth Evolution







Power Systems



IBM Power Systems™

POWER6 Common Features

Processor technology Service Processor Virtualization





POWER6

Power







Power 520 Rack & Tower







Power 520 Rack & Tower					
Architecture	POWER61 or 2 Cores4.2 GHzPOWER6+2 or 4 Cores4.7 GHzL3 Cache:32MB per chip with 4.7 GHz				
DDR2 Memory	Up to 64GB (Buffered)				
Internal SAS Disks	6 DASD (3.5") Optional: 8 SFF DASD (10 or 15K) Optional SSD support				
Expansion	 PCle: 3 Slots PCI-X 266: 2 Slots GX Bus: 2 Slots Shared with PCle a slot 				
Integrated SAS / SATA	Yes Optional: RAID support				
Integrated Ports	3 USB, 2 Serial, 2 HMC Optional: SAS port				
Integrated Virtual Ethernet	 Dual Port 10/100/1000 Ethernet Optional: Quad 1Gbt or Dual 10Gbt 				
SATA Media Bays	1 Slim-line DVD 1 Half High Tape				
Remote IO Drawers	Yes / Max: 8 GX Bus connection: RIO2 / IB / IB2				
Dynamic LPAR	Up to 40 partitions				
Redundant Power	Optional				
Redundant Cooling	Yes				

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POWER6 520 Performance



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Power 550 Rack & Tower







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Power 550 Rack & Tower				
Architecture	2, 4, 6, or 8 Cores POWER6: 3.5 / 4.2 POWER6+: 5GHz L3 Cache: 32MB per chip			
DDR2 Memory	Up to 256GB (Buffered)			
Internal SAS Disks	6 DASD (3.5") Optional: 8 SFF DASD (10 or 15K) Optional SSD support			
Expansion	 PCle: 3 Slots PCI-X 266: 2 Slots GX Bus: 2 Slots Shared with PCle 2 slots 			
Integrated SAS / SATA	Yes Optional: RAID support			
Integrated Ports	3 USB, 2 Serial, 2 HMC Optional: SAS port			
Integrated Virtual Ethernet	 Dual Port 10/100/1000 Ethernet Optional: Quad 1Gbt or Dual 10Gbt 			
Media Bays	1 Slim-line DVD 1 Half High Tape			
Remote IO Drawers	Yes / Max: 8 GX Bus connection: RIO-2 / IB / IB2			
Dynamic LPAR	Up to 80 partitions			
NEBS / DC Power	Yes			
Redundant Power	Optional			
Redundant Cooling	Yes			



Power 550 Design



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Power 550 Performance



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Power 550 Leadership

Performance SPECint_rate2006



Source: SPECint_rate2006. For the latest SPEC benchmark results, visit http://www.spec.org

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Performance per Watt





Power Blade Announcement Overview...

IBM BladeCenter JS23 Blade

- Single Wide 4 core blade with two 4.2GHz P6 processors with L3 Cache
- ▶ 8 memory DIMM slots supports up to 64GB of on board memory
- Supports Scalability to 8-cores and 16 memory DIMMs

IBM BladeCenter JS43 Blade

- Double Wide 8 core blade with four 4.2GHz P6 processors with L3 Cache
- ▶ 16 memory DIMM slots supports up to 128GB of on board memory
- IBM BladeCenter S SAS RAID Controller Module
 - Supports JS blades with AIX, i and Linux
 - Integrates SAS switching and RAID controller function
 - SAS boot and shared storage in IBM BladeCenter S chassis

Virtual Tape support on JS blades with IBM i

Virtual tape support enables IBM i partitions to directly backup to PowerVM VIOS attached tape drive saving hardware costs and management time



POWER6+ JS23 Blade



JS23 Blade						
Architecture	4 core / 2 Socket @ 4.2 GHz					
L3 Cache	32MB per socket					
DDR2 Memory	4GB to 64GB (ChipKill)					
DASD / Bays	SAS or Solid State: 0 – 1					
Daughter Card Options	Two PCle					
Integrated Options	Dual Port 10/100/1000 Ethernet SAS Controller & USB					
Fiber Support	Yes (via Blade Center)					
Media Bays	1 Blade Center					
Redundant Power	Yes BladeCenter					
Redundant Cooling	Yes BladeCenter					
Service Processor	Yes					
Virtualization	PowerVM Standard Integrated Virtualization Manager					
Systems Management	IBM Director IBM EnergyScale™					
OS Support	AIX 5.3, 6.1, Linux and IBM i					
BC Chassis	BC-H, BC-S, and BC-HT					
Expansion	Yes					

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JS23 Layout





POWER6+ JS43 Blade



DASD / Bays	SAS or Solid State Disk: 0, 1, or 2		
Daughter Card Options	Four PCIe		
Integrated Ethernet	Dual Port 10/100/1000 Ethernet SAS Controller USB & KVM		
Fiber Support	Yes (via Blade center)		
Media Bays	1 Blade Center		
Redundant Power	Yes Blade Center		
Redundant Cooling	Yes Blade Center		
Service Processor	Yes		
Virtualization	PowerVM Standard Integrated Virtualization Manager		
OS Support	AIX 5.3, 6.1, Linux, and IBM i		

POWER6 JS43 Double Wide

XMP Interconnect

32MB per socket

Double wide

Architecture

DDR2 Memory

L3 Cache

8 core / 4 Socket @ 4.2 GHz

8GB to 128GB (ChipKill)

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for Business

LINU)



JS43 Packaging





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JS23/43 Expansion Cards

CIOv (Vertical) expansion cards:

- QLogic 8 Gb 2 Port Fibre Channel Expansion Card (CIOv)
- QLogic 4 Gb 2 Port Fibre Channel Expansion Card (CIOv)
- Emulex 8 Gb Fibre Channel Expansion Card (CIOv)
- SAS Connectivity Expansion Card (CIOv)

CFFh (Horizontal) expansion cards:

- QLogic Ethernet and 4 GB Fibre Channel Expansion Card (CFFh)
- QLogic 8Gb Fibre Channel Expansion Card (CFFh)
- 4X InfiniBand DDR Expansion Card (CFFh)
- Voltaire 4X InfiniBand DDR Expansion Card (CFFh)

One combination form factor vertical (CIOv) may be installed with a combination form factor horizontal (CFFh) expansion card and one SAS HDD.



IO Technology



New IO Options

12X IO Drawers

- PCIe Support
- DDR Support

SFF (Small Form Factor) DASD

Power 520, Power 550, and 12X IO (PCIe) IO Drawers

SSD (Solid State Drive) Technology

Blades, Power 520, Power 550, Power 570, EXP 12S SAS Drawer

New IO adapters

- PCI-X SAS Adapter
- PCIe SAS Adapter (Power 560 / Power 570 Split Backplane Option)
- PCIe 10 Gb Ethernet adapters
 - SR optic (#5769)
 - CX4 twinax copper (#5732) cabling
- PCIe 4-Port Async EIA-232 Adapter



Power 520/550 SAS Disk Bays/Slots



Must choose 3.5-inch or SFF bays
Even if empty of drives
Power 550 announced SFF in 2008, but did not GA until 2009.
Power 520 announced April 2009.
Power 520/550 SFF capability GA together.

Six 3.5-inch SAS disk bays **Eight SFF SAS disk bays**



Considerations	3.5-inch	SFF (2.5-inch)
Max number HDD in CEC	6	8
Split backplane option (AIX/Linux)	Y	Y
Max 10k rpm HDD capacity	N/A	146 GB
Max 15k rpm HDD capacity	428 GB 450 GB	69 GB 73 GB
SSD option	N	Y



PCIe 24" T24 Remote IO Drawer FC: #5803



Dimensions: 4U x 24" PCle Slots: 20 > 2.5 GB/sec (x8) SAS Drives: 26 (SFF Drives) > Adapter/s required Interconnect: InfiniBand 2 > Dual ports per controller > 9.1 GB/sec per port (Sustained)



Drawer Partition Modes:

- Single Partition: 26 Drives
- Dual Partition: 13 drives per partition
- Quad Partition: 7 / 6 / 6 / 7 Drives

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PCIe 19" T19 Remote IO Drawer FC: #5802



Dimensions: 4U x 19" PCIe Slots: 10 > 2.5 GB/sec (x8) SAS Drives: 18 (SFF Drives) > Adapter/s required Interconnect: InfiniBand 2 > Dual ports per controller > 12 GB/sec per port (Peak) > 9.51 GB/sec per port (Sustained)

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Drawer Partition Modes:

- Single Partition: 18 Drives
- Dual Partition: 9 drives per partition
- Quad Partition: 5 / 4 / 4 / 5 Drives



IO Link Bandwidth (Simplex)





Front and Back views 19 inch Drawer....





SAS Controllers



FC: #5904 / 5906 / 5908



FC: #5903

Double wide PCI-X SAS RAID adapter Replacement for SCSI 1.5GB write cache controller Write cache protection included 1.6GB read cache (like SCSI adapter) AIX & IBM i Support (Linux TBD) POWER6 520, 550, 560, 570, 595 POWER5 520, 525, 550, 570, 595 Max of 60 drives per controller Max of 8 SSD per controller

PCle x8, Dual-x4, 3Gb SAS RAID / Cache
Features:

Dual port adapter
Dual shared Active / Active
POWER 570 Split Backplane support

AIX 5.3, AIX 6.1; SLES10.2/11, RHEL5.2/6
IBM i not supported (Later Date)

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Networking Options

New Ethernet Adapters...

FC #5769 Short Range (SR) adapter uses multi-mode (850nm) optical fiber for up to 300 meters.

FC #5732 CX4 uses twinax copper for up to 15 meters.

Different from the AS/400 heritage twinax cabling

Feature #5769 & #5732 CX4 adapters provide Linux with additional function

- iSCSI hardware initiator support
- RDMA (Remote Direct Memory Access)

Current Adapter...

FC #5773 Long Range (LR) adapter uses single-mode (1310 nm) optical fiber for up to 10 km.



SSD Technology



HDD History (Seagate)

Product Availability	2002	2008	% Improvement
Generation	15K.3	15K.6	
Capacity (GB)	73	450	35%
Max Sustained DR (MB/sec)	75	171	15%
Read seek Time (ms) Random IOP	3.6	3.4	1%



Performance Comparisons

Data Access	Computer Terms
DRAM	80 nsec
SSD	
DASD	5 msec
Таре	20 sec



SSD Offering

Enterprise Grade Solid State Drive (SSD)

- Built in wear leveling
- Capacity: 69 GB
- Supported Environments:
 - Power 520 / 550
 - Power 560 / 570
 - Power 595 / 575
 - EXP 12S Storage Drawer
- SAS Interface (3 Gb)
 - 2.5 / 3.5 inch Inserts
 - Dual Options: AIX & Linux and IBM i
- Performance Throughput Sustained:
 - > 220MB/s Read
 - 122MB/s Write
- Random transactional operations (IOPS)
 - 28,000 IOPS

Average Access time:

20 – 120 microseconds

Power Consumption: ~ 1/2 15K HDD



2.5 inch (SFF) Insert



3.5 inch Insert

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SSD Performance





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Mixing SSD + HDD

It is typical for data bases to have a large percentage of data which is infrequently used ("Cold") and a small percentage of data which is frequently used ("Hot")



Hot data may be only 10-20% capacity, but represent 80-90% activity

SSD offers best price performance when focused on "Hot" data

HDD offers best storage cost, so focus it on "Cold" data sort of a hierarchal approach





Virtualization

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PowerVM Virtualization Architecture



Networks and Storage

Virtualization of P5 & P6 servers is accomplished using two layers of firmware:

- A thin core hypervisor that virtualizes processors, memory, and local networks
- One or more Virtual I/O Server partitions that virtualize I/O adapters and devices

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Customer Acceptance..

Significant leap in the uptake of virtualization in 2008

- PowerVM revenue grew 73% (Compared to 2007)
- ▶ 66+% on POWER6-based systems in 2008

High End Systems:

Adoption rate on the high end Power 595 server: 93%

Entry Systems:

- Adoption rate on the low-end Power 520 server: 53 %
- 11% in 2007

Reasons:

 Server consolidation, Provisioning ability, Floor space reduction, Infrastructure flexibility, Reduced costs



PowerVM Rollout





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Partition Pooling: Multiple Shared Processor Pools: POWER6 16 Core System P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P10 P11 P12 P13 **P14 P9** Α Α Α Α Α Α L Α Α Α i i В В X X X X X Μ n n Μ n X X 7 U U U X Χ X 2 (2) 4) 1) 3 2 2 1 (4) 3 2 19 0.5 0.25 1.5 0.75 0.5 0.25 0.5 0.25 0.25 0.5 0.5 0.25 V Poel: 2 V Pool: 0 V Pool: 3 V Poel·1 Max Cap: 10 Max Cao: 3 Max Cab: 2 Max Cal 4 Ent Cap:1 Ent Cap:2 Ent Cap: .5 Ent Cap: 3.25

13 res (Physical Shared Processor Pool)

Dedicated

2

Core



Core

POWER6 technology Ability to cap uncapped partitions Helps manage software costs Segment production / development / test / etc. Mobility of partitions is supported Maximum: 64 Pools

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vSCSI model

N-Port ID Virtualization



IBM.

Active Memory Sharing Overview

Active Memory Sharing intelligently flows memory from one partition to another for increased utilization and flexibility of memory usage

Memory virtualization enhancement for Power Systems

- Memory dynamically allocated based on partition's workload demands
- Contents of memory written to a paging device
- Improves memory utilization

Designed for partitions with "Variable Memory" requirements

- Low average memory requirements
- Active / Inactive environments
- Workloads that peak at different times across partitions

Available with PowerVM Enterprise Edition

- AIX 6.1, Linux, and IBM i 6.1 partitions that use VIOS and shared processors
- POWER6 processor-based systems
- Must use Shared Processor and have Virtual IO (VIOS managed) All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

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Dedicated vs Active Memory Sharing Environment





An example of Activity Memory Sharing

- Partition 1 started, memory removed from partition 3 until performance full speed
- Partition 3 workload idle but, memory not released by application
- Partition 2 and 4 workload performance protected



Performance dependencies:

- Level of activity in shared memory partitions
- Application memory behavior
- Amount of memory to be moved
- Paging device performance

Elapsed time (Minutes)



AIX



AIX 6 Features....

POWER6 Exploitation Software Reliability Availability Serviceability Enhancements to existing Virtualization Technologies **Workload Partitions** (Software based Virtualization) **Application Mobility** (Cross system Workload Mobility) 64 bit Kernel only Integrated Multilevel Security **Role Base Access Control** (Partial Root base) Encrypted File system CAPP EAL4+ and LSPP Security Certification Solution Performance Tuning AIX Kernel Hot-Patching Dynamic Tracing for AIX Fase of Use Portal base SMT, LPAR Simplication



AIX Release Plan

	2008	200	9 2	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
AIX 6.1 & EE GA 11/07	AIXAIX				AIX AIX	AIX AIX									
						EoM 0	4/13	EoS 04/	14		Eo	L 04/18			
AIX 5.3	AIX AIX														
GA 08/04				EoM (04/11	EoS 04/1	2		Eol	_ 04/16					
AIX 5.2															
GA10/02	EoM 04/0	08 E	oS 04/	/09		E	oL 04/13								
AIX 5.1 GA 05/01															
	EoS 04	/06 1		EoL	04/10										



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AIX / PowerVM updates for May 2009

AIX 6 Technology Level 3

Workload Partition SAN support

•Workload Partitions will be able to own SAN devices which will allow WPAR administrators to directly manage their own storage. This will provided the opportunity to reduce administrative effort and increase flexibility.

Probevue support for C++

•Extends the code development and debugging capabilities of the probevue dynamic tracing facility to applications written in C++

•IBM Systems Director Agent included on AIX Base installation media

•Installed by default starting with AIX 6 TL3 and AIX 5.3 TL10

Active Memory Sharing support

•New capability of PowerVM Enterprise



2008 – 2009 AIX Release Roadmap



HW Support Release Via Service Packs

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IBM Director



End-to-end Management Approach for Power Systems...



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Linux



Enhancing Linux Capabilities & Driving Linux Adoption

IBM Supports Linux as a Tier 1 OS IBM Contributes to the Community Over 600 IBM developers contributing • All IBM Systems, SW, and Middleware run on to 100+ Linux and Open Source projects and are certified for Linux • Develop closely with Red Hat and Novell Driving performance parity with IBM's own Developers sharing technical knowledge operating systems on http://planet-ltc.org Making contributions in security, RAS, scalability, performance, management Making Enable IBM Linux Better **Products** ามา Customer Expand Collaboration Linux reach **IBM Collaborates with Customers IBM Enables Linux for New Markets** Specialized and very detailed Working with groups such as the Linux Foundation to address new workloads knowledge of IBM Systems and Software The LTC works with customers on unique • Expanding and providing leadership in: Blue Cloud Computing proof of concept projects Scale Out File Systems (SOFS) •SOA / Web 2.0 / SaaS • Real Time Linux and Java Distributed computing and HPC

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Linux on POWER Apps



7,900+ applications* now available for Linux on POWER

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Summary

Power Systems Processor Update ▶ POWER6+ 560 / 570 New Product Announcements Power 520 4.7 GHz Power 550 5.0 GHz Power Blades JS23 / JS43 New IO Drawers T19 / &24 IO Adapters SAS SSD **69GB** Virtualization Active Memory Sharing AIX / Linux



Questions????

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Revised September 26, 2006

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IBM benchmark results can be found in the IBM Power Systems Performance Report at http://www.ibm.com/systems/p/hardware/system_perf.html.

All performance measurements were made with AIX or AIX 5L operating systems unless otherwise indicated to have used Linux. For new and upgraded systems, AIX Version 4.3, AIX 5L or AIX 6 were used. All other systems used previous versions of AIX. The SPEC CPU2006, SPEC2000, LINPACK, and Technical Computing benchmarks were compiled using IBM's high performance C, C++, and FORTRAN compilers for AIX 5L and Linux. For new and upgraded systems, the latest versions of these compilers were used: XL C Enterprise Edition V7.0 for AIX, XL C/C++ Enterprise Edition V7.0 for AIX, XL FORTRAN Enterprise Edition V9.1 for AIX, XL C/C++ Advanced Edition V7.0 for Linux, and XL FORTRAN Advanced Edition V9.1 for Linux. The SPEC CPU95 (retired in 2000) tests used preprocessors, KAP 3.2 for FORTRAN and KAP/C 1.4.2 from Kuck & Associates and VAST-2 v4.01X8 from Pacific-Sierra Research. The preprocessors were purchased separately from these vendors. Other software packages like IBM ESSL for AIX, MASS for AIX and Kazushige Goto's BLAS Library for Linux were also used in some benchmarks.

For a definition/explanation of each benchmark and the full list of detailed results, visit the Web site of the benchmark consortium or benchmark vendor.

TPC	http://www.tpc.org	
SPEC	http://www.spec.org	
LINPACK	http://www.netlib.org/benchmark/performance.pdf	
Pro/E	http://www.proe.com	
GPC	http://www.spec.org/gpc	
VolanoMark	http://www.volano.com	
STREAM	http://www.cs.virginia.edu/stream/	
SAP	http://www.sap.com/benchmark/	
Oracle Applications	http://www.oracle.com/apps_benchmark/	
PeopleSoft - To get informati	on on PeopleSoft benchmarks, contact PeopleSoft directly	
Siebel	http://www.siebel.com/crm/performance_benchmark/index.shtm	
Baan	http://www.ssaglobal.com	
Fluent	http://www.fluent.com/software/fluent/index.htm	
TOP500 Supercomputers	http://www.top500.org/	
Ideas International	http://www.ideasinternational.com/benchmark/bench.html	Revised March 12, 2009
Storage Performance Counc	il <u>http://www.storageperformance.org/results</u>	

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All performance measurements were made with AIX or AIX 5L operating systems unless otherwise indicated to have used Linux. For new and upgraded systems, AIX Version 4.3 or AIX 5L were used. All other systems used previous versions of AIX. The SPEC CPU2000, LINPACK, and Technical Computing benchmarks were compiled using IBM's high performance C, C++, and FORTRAN compilers for AIX 5L and Linux. For new and upgraded systems, the latest versions of these compilers were used: XL C Enterprise Edition V7.0 for AIX, XL C/C++ Enterprise Edition V7.0 for AIX, XL FORTRAN Enterprise Edition V9.1 for AIX, XL C/C++ Advanced Edition V7.0 for Linux, and XL FORTRAN Advanced Edition V9.1 for Linux. The SPEC CPU95 (retired in 2000) tests used preprocessors, KAP 3.2 for FORTRAN and KAP/C 1.4.2 from Kuck & Associates and VAST-2 v4.01X8 from Pacific-Sierra Research. The preprocessors were purchased separately from these vendors. Other software packages like IBM ESSL for AIX, MASS for AIX and Kazushige Goto's BLAS Library for Linux were also used in some benchmarks.

For a definition/explanation of each benchmark and the full list of detailed results, visit the Web site of the benchmark consortium or benchmark vendor.

SPEC	http://www.spec.org	
LINPACK	http://www.netlib.org/benchmark/performance.pdf	
Pro/E	http://www.proe.com	
GPC	http://www.spec.org/gpc	
STREAM	http://www.cs.virginia.edu/stream/	
Fluent	http://www.fluent.com/software/fluent/index.htm	
TOP500 Supercomputers	http://www.top500.org/	
AMBER	http://amber.scripps.edu/	
FLUENT	http://www.fluent.com/software/fluent/fl5bench/index.htm	
GAMESS	http://www.msg.chem.iastate.edu/gamess	
GAUSSIAN	http://www.gaussian.com	
ANSYS	http://www.ansys.com/services/hardware-support-db.htm	
	Click on the "Benchmarks" icon on the left hand side frame to expand. Click on "Benchmark F	Results in a Table" icon for benchmark results.
ABAQUS	http://www.simulia.com/support/v68/v68_performance.php	
ECLIPSE	http://www.sis.slb.com/content/software/simulation/index.asp?seg=geoquest&	
MM5	http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/mm5/	
MSC.NASTRAN	http://www.mscsoftware.com/support/prod%5Fsupport/nastran/performance/v04_sngl.cfm	
STAR-CD	www.cd-adapco.com/products/STAR-CD/performance/320/index/html	
NAMD	http://www.ks.uiuc.edu/Research/namd	
HMMER	http://hmmer.janelia.org/	
	http://powerdev.osuosl.org/project/hmmerAltivecGen2mod	Revised March 12, 2009

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Notes on performance estimates

rPerf for AIX

- rPerf (Relative Performance) is an estimate of commercial processing performance relative to other IBM UNIX systems. It is derived from an IBM analytical model which uses characteristics from IBM internal workloads, TPC and SPEC benchmarks. The rPerf model is not intended to represent any specific public benchmark results and should not be reasonably used in that way. The model simulates some of the system operations such as CPU, cache and memory. However, the model does not simulate disk or network I/O operations.
- rPerf estimates are calculated based on systems with the latest levels of AIX and other pertinent software at the time of system announcement. Actual performance will vary based on application and configuration specifics. The IBM eServer pSeries 640 is the baseline reference system and has a value of 1.0. Although rPerf may be used to approximate relative IBM UNIX commercial processing performance, actual system performance may vary and is dependent upon many factors including system hardware configuration and software design and configuration. Note that the rPerf methodology used for the POWER6 systems is identical to that used for the POWER5 systems. Variations in incremental system performance may be observed in commercial workloads due to changes in the underlying system architecture.
- All performance estimates are provided "AS IS" and no warranties or guarantees are expressed or implied by IBM. Buyers should consult other sources of information, including system benchmarks, and application sizing guides to evaluate the performance of a system they are considering buying. For additional information about rPerf, contact your local IBM office or IBM authorized reseller.

CPW for IBM i

Commercial Processing Workload (CPW) is a relative measure of performance of processors running the IBM i operating system. Performance in customer environments may vary. The value is based on maximum configurations. More performance information is available in the Performance Capabilities Reference at: www.ibm.com/systems/i/solutions/perfmgmt/resource.html

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